Chapter SPS 376

FACTORIES, OFFICE AND MERCANTILE BUILDINGS

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Note: Chapter Ind 161 was renumbered chapter ILHR 76 under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 1., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; chapter ILHR 76 was renumbered chapter Comm 76 under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 1., Stats., and corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, May, 1998, No. 509. Chapter Comm 76 was renumbered chapter SPS 376 under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 1., Stats., Register December 2011 No. 672.

SPS 376.001 Scope. Under this classification are included all factories and workshops (including all places where manual labor is employed), office buildings, telegraph and telephone offices, mercantile establishments where commodities are bought or sold, taverns, warehouses, railroad stations, exhibition buildings, and places where not more than 100 persons assemble for recreation, entertainment, worship or dining purposes.

History: 1–2–56; renum., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74.

SPS 376.01 Exits. (1) MINIMUM NUMBER. Every building and every story thereof in this classification shall have at least 2 exits. In large buildings, or where a large number of persons are employed, or where there is an especially hazardous condition, additional exits shall be provided as directed, so as to afford safe egress for all the occupants.

(2) Type. The exits herein required shall be either stairways or fire escapes or horizontal exits (see s. SPS 375.12). But in every non–fire–resistive building more than 2 stories in height, at least one exit shall be a fire escape or a horizontal exit, unless the building is equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system, or unless there are at least 2 stairways enclosed with not less than one–hour–fire–resistive partitions and fire–resistive doors. (ss. SPS 375.08, 375.09)

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; **correction in (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7.**, **Stats.**, **Register December 2011 No. 672.**

SPS 376.02 Fire escapes. Fire escapes shall be stairway fire escapes as described in ss. SPS 375.13 to 375.23. On buildings which accommodate more than 50 persons above the second story, such fire escape shall be a "B" type fire escape. Existing stairway fire escapes will be accepted if strongly and properly

built and in good condition. Fire ladders will not be accepted as exits.

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register December 2011** No. 672.

SPS 376.03 Stairways. (1) Every stairway in buildings more than 3 stories in height shall be enclosed with not less than one-hour fire-resistive partitions and fire-resistive doors. (ss. SPS 375.08, 375.09)

- (1m) Monumental stairs leading from the street floor to the second floor or to a basement used for commercial purposes need not be enclosed provided they are effectively cut off at the second floor and basement by fire—resistive partitions, as specified above.
- **(2)** Outside stairways heretofore constructed on buildings not more than 2 stories in height will be accepted if properly constructed and in good condition.
- (3) Existing inside stairways at a steeper angle than 45° with the horizontal, or less than 3 feet in width, will not be accepted as exits
- (4) All stairways and steps of more than 3 risers shall have at least one handrail. Stairways and steps which are 5 feet or more in width, or which are open on both sides, shall have a handrail on each side. Rails shall be not less than 2 feet 6 inches vertically above nose of treads or 3 feet above platform.

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; correction in (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register December 2011 No. 672.

SPS 376.04 Total width of stairways. (1) In a building not provided with horizontal exits, the total width of stairways (if enclosed) and stairway fire escapes shall not be less than the following:

In fire–resistive or mill buildings:

-	Fire–Resistive Sprinklered	Fire–Resistive Not Sprinklered	Mill Sprinklered	Mill Not Sprinklered				
	30	50	40	60	in. per 100 persons on 2nd floor			
plus	15	25	20	30	in. per 100 persons on 3rd floor			
plus	12	20	16	24	in. per 100 persons on 4th floor			
plus	9	15	12	18	in. per 100 persons on 5th floor			
plus	6	10	8	12	in. per 100 persons on 6th floor			
plus	3	5	4	6	in. per 100 persons on 7th floor			
plus	0	0	0	0	in. per 100 persons on 8th floor and above			
	but in no case shall such total width be less than							
	30	50	40	60	in. per 100 persons on any one floor			

- (3) This table is based on the assumption that in buildings over 3 stories in height the inside stairways will be enclosed with not less than one-hour fire-resistive partitions and fire-resistive doors (ss. SPS 375.08 to 375.09) and that the fire escapes are located as required by s. SPS 375.13.
- (4) If horizontal exits are provided for any floor, the number of persons accommodated on such floor may be increased at the rate of 100 persons for each 40 inches width of such exits, pro-

vided such increase shall not exceed 100% of the number of persons accommodated by the stairways and fire escapes.

Note: To facilitate calculations under this order in buildings where the same number of persons are to be accommodated on each floor, the following table shows the number of persons who may be accommodated for each foot in width of enclosed stairways and protected fire escapes, or for each 2 feet in width of unenclosed stairways and unprotected fire escapes:

Frame and ordinary buildings, 20 persons total, above first story, if not sprinklered; 30 if sprinklered.

(5) Fire-resistive and mill buildings:

Height of Building	Fire-Resistive Sprinklered	Fire–Resistive Not Sprinklered	Mill Sprinklered	Mill Not Sprinklered	
2 stories	40	24	30	20	Persons on each floor
3 stories	27	16	20	13	Persons on each floor
4 stories	21	13	16	11	Persons on each floor
5 stories	18	11	14	9	Persons on each floor
6 stories	17	10	13	8	Persons on each floor
More than 6 stories	16	10	12	8	Persons on each floor

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; correction in (3) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register December 2011 No. 672.

- SPS 376.05 Capacity of buildings. (1) In calculating the aggregate width of exits, the capacity of buildings shall be established as follows:
- **(2)** In wholesale mercantile establishments and warehouses, by the maximum number of persons employed therein plus an equal number of customers.
- (3) In retail establishments, the capacity shall be determined by allowing one person per 100 square feet of gross floor area, excluding elevators and stairways, and no greater number of persons shall be permitted therein.
- **(4)** In cafes, restaurants and taverns the capacity shall be based on 10 square feet of net floor area per person.
- **(5)** In factory and office buildings, the capacity shall be determined by allowing one person per 75 square feet of net floor area in each occupied space.

History: 1–2–56; renum., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74.

- **SPS 376.06 Exit doors. (1)** Every door which serves as the exit from a stairway shall be not more than 20 feet distant from the stairway unless the passageway from the stairway to the door is enclosed with not less than one–hour fire–resistive partitions and fire–resistive doors (ss. SPS 375.08 to 375.09). Every such door, and also every door which serves as an exit for more than 25 persons shall be a standard exit door as described in s. SPS 375.24.
- **(2)** Exit lights and signs bearing the word EXIT or OUT in plain letters at least 5 inches in height shall be provided over every exit doorway from each floor except the principal entrance on the first floor. Exit lights and signs shall be installed as required by s. SPS 375.24.

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; correction in (1), (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register December 2011 No. 672.

SPS 376.07 Passageways. Every public passageway or aisle leading to or from a stairway, fire escape, or exit door shall be kept clear and unobstructed at all times. Where loose chairs or seats would be liable to cause confusion or obstruction, such chairs or seats must be fastened.

History: 1–2–56; renum., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74.

SPS 376.08 Lighting. (1) All passageways and stairways shall have lights at the head and foot of each flight of stairs, and at the intersections of all corridors and passageways. Where fire escapes are required, such fire escapes shall be lighted whenever

the stairways are required to be lighted. For exit lights and signs, see ss. SPS 375.24 and 376.06.

(2) All gas jets or gas lights in factories or workshops where combustible material is used, shall be properly enclosed by globes or wire cages, or otherwise properly guarded. See also s. SPS 375.35.

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; correction in (1), (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register December 2011 No. 672.

- SPS 376.09 Standpipes and extinguishers. (1) For exterior standpipes, see s. SPS 375.22.
- **(2)** First aid standpipes (s. SPS 375.26) or fire extinguishers (s. SPS 375.27), in such number as may be required by the department, or by the local fire department shall be provided in all buildings where flammable material or any other hazardous condition is present, unless an approved automatic sprinkler system is provided.

Note: The term "flammable" is applied to objects which are not only combustible (i.e., can be burned) but which will burn readily or rapidly.

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; correction in (1), (2) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register December 2011 No. 672.

- SPS 376.10 Automatic sprinklers. (1) A complete automatic sprinkler system (s. SPS 375.28) shall be provided in every building of this classification (except office buildings not used for mercantile purposes) where more than 50 persons are employed or accommodated above the third story, except as provided below.
- (2) In every such building where more than 50 persons are accommodated above the second story, an automatic sprinkler system shall be provided in the basement and sub-basements, except where there is no city water supply.
- (3) An office building in which one or more of the lower floors is used for mercantile purposes, shall be classed as a mercantile building, except that no sprinklers will be required in such portions of the building as are used for offices only.
- **(4)** No sprinklers will be required in a building of fire-resistive construction whose contents are not readily combustible.

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; correction in (1) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register December 2011 No. 672.

SPS 376.11 Fire alarm. A fire alarm system complying with s. SPS 375.29 shall be provided in every factory or workshop where more than 10 persons are employed above the second story, except buildings which are provided with a complete automatic

sprinkler system, and except fire-resistive buildings whose contents are practically incombustible.

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474; **correction made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., Register December 2011 No. 672.**

- **SPS 376.12 Floor loads. (1)** Floors shall not be loaded beyond the safe load which corresponds to the unit stresses specified in ss. Ind 53.07, 53.22, 53.24, and 53.28, 1956.
- **(2)** In every factory, workshop, warehouse, or other building where material is piled, notices of a permanent character shall be painted or otherwise prominently displayed, stating the live load in pounds per square foot which the floor is designed to carry. Such notices shall be placed in full view on each floor.
- (3) Where floors are always used for the storage of some particular material, the walls shall be marked to the height to which the material shall be piled without exceeding the safe load.

Note: For sanitation requirements applying to places of employment, see ch. Ind 54, 1956.

History: 1–2–56; renum., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74; corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 4., and 7., Stats., Register, June, 1995, No. 474.

- **SPS 376.13 Heating plants. (1)** Any new installation or replacement of a heating boiler, furnace or power boiler together with the breeching and fuel room in buildings of this classification shall be enclosed in a separate room having a 2–hour fire–resistive floor. The walls and ceiling shall be of one–hour fire–resistive construction or better. All openings shall be protected with self closing fire–resistive doors.
- (2) Space heaters, suspended furnaces and suspended direct fired unit heaters fired with various fuels may be used without an enclosure where approved by the department. Where suspended furnaces and direct—fired unit heaters are used without an enclosure, all such units shall be located at least 7 feet above the floor.

History: 1–2–56; renum. and am., Register, September, 1974, No. 225, eff. 10–1–74