

reside, in double the amount of the value of the property, and it is found that a removal of the property will not conflict with the terms of limitation attending the right or title by which the ward owns or holds the same, then any guardian may demand or sue for, and remove any such property to the place of residence of himself and ward.

SECT. 2. That when such non resident guardian shall present an exemplified copy under the seal of the proper court in the state of his residence, of all the entries on record in relation to his appointment, giving bond, &c., and authenticated as required by the act of Congress aforesaid, the county court of the proper county in this state may make suitable orders, discharging any resident guardian, executor or administrator, and authorizing the delivery and passing over of such property to such non-resident guardian, and also requiring receipts to be passed and filed, if deemed advisable; *Provided*, That in all cases, thirty days' notice shall be given to the resident guardian, executor or administrator of the intended application for the order of removal, and the court may reject the application, and refuse such order whenever it is satisfied it is for the interest of the ward that such removal shall not take place.

SECT. 3. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved March 31, 1856.

CHAPTER 76.

Published May 14.

An Act in relation to Booms on the Wisconsin River.

The People of the State of Wisconsin represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. All booms which now are or which may hereafter be erected or constructed on the Wisconsin river, in this state, shall be constructed with a draw or passageway so as to be readily opened, to admit the free passage of all logs, timber and other property through the same at some convenient and proper place in said boom.

To comply
with certain
rules.

Proviso.

Booms to be
constructed
with a draw.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of any person owning, occupying or using any boom on said river whenever any logs, timber, or other property not his or her own, shall pass into such boom, to open such draw or passage way and permit the same to pass out, without unnecessary delay, and if any such persons so owning, occupying or using any such boom shall refuse to open the same, or shall neglect for the space of twenty-four hours, after having been requested so to do, to open said boom and admit any such logs, timber or other property to pass out, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment, in the county jail, for a term not less than ten days nor more than three months, or by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and shall stand committed to jail, until such fine and all costs are paid.

To pass logs,
&c. through
same.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of November next.

Approved March 31, 1856.

CHAPTER 77.

Published in Extra, April 16.

An Act concerning bail in cases of murder.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That no officer other than a judge of the supreme court, or judge of the circuit court, or judge of the county court, shall hereafter be authorized to admit to bail any person charged with the crime of murder.

Who shall
admit to bail,

SEC. 2. The amount of penalty of the recognizance or bail bond shall be in such sum as in the opinion of the officer taking the same will secure the appearance of the accused for trial. The recognizance shall be signed by the accused and at least two sureties, who shall severally swear that they each own and possess unincumbered real estate, within this state, not exempt from sale on execution, to at least double in value the amount of the recog-

Bail bond, &c.