

CHAPTER 151.

[Published April 6, 1872.]

AN ACT to provide for the collection of judgments against incorporated villages.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Whenever an exemplified copy of any final judgment, whether the same be for damages or costs, or both, shall be rendered by any court of this state against any incorporated village in this state, whether incorporated under the general laws of this state or by private and local laws, together with an affidavit of the party in whose favor such judgment shall be rendered, his assigns or attorney, stating that said judgment has not been reversed, appealed from or removed to any other court, or paid or satisfied in whole or in part, shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the village against which such judgment may have been rendered, it shall be the duty of such village clerk with whom such exemplified copy of judgment and affidavit have been filed as aforesaid, to proceed to assess the amount thereof with interest from the date of such judgment, to the time when the warrant for the collection thereof will expire, upon the taxable property of said village, placing the same in the next village tax roll, in a separate column; or shall require the amount thereof, including interest as aforesaid, to be put into the tax roll in which the taxes of such village are put for collection, and to be collected in the same manner and at the same time with the other taxes of such village, and to be paid over to the party entitled to the same.

SECTION 2. This act shall apply to the village of New London, incorporated by chapter 485 of the private and local laws of 1870, and to all other incorporated villages, the charters of which contain no provisions for the collection of judgments against said villages.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 25, 1872.