CHAPTER 104.

[Published March 13, 1873.]

AN ACT to amend section one of chapter eighty five of the general laws of 1867, relating to elections and the return and canvass of votes.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Amended manner of making canvass of votes.

Shall make separate statements.

SECTION 1. Section one of chapter eighty-five of the general laws of 1867 is hereby amended so as to read as follows: On the Tuesday next succeeding the election, or as soon after the election as all the returns are received, not later than the Tuesday above mentioned, the clerk of the board of supervisors shall take to his assistance two associate canvassers, who may be selected from the following named officers of the county, viz.: the justices of the peace, the board of supervisors, the county judge and register of deeds, who, together with said clerk, shall constitute a board of county canvassers, and shall proceed to open said returns and make an estimate and statement of the votes as follows: they shall make a separate statement, written and [out] in words at length, containing the whole number of votes given in such county for officers of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, attorney general, state superintendent, state prison commissioner, and representative in congress; the names of the persons to whom such votes were given, and the number of votes given to each; another similar statement of the votes given for electors of president and vice president; another of the votes given for senator, when the county alone does not constitute a senate district; another of the votes given for member of assembly, when the county alone does not constitute an assembly district; another of the votes given for county officers, and another of the votes given for senators and members of the assembly when the county constitutes one or more senate or assembly districts. specifying the number of votes for each person for senator and member of assembly in each such district respectively: provided, that nothing in this act contained shall be construed to repeal or modify any part of chapter eighty five of the general laws of 1867, as amended by chapter nineteen of the general laws of 1868.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication. Approved March 11, 1878.

CHAPTER 105.

[Published March 13, 1873.]

AN ACT to amend section one and section eight, and repeal sectien ten of chapter sixty-six of the general laws of 1870, en-titled "an act to provide for the government and manage-ment of the Industrial School for Boys."

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section one of said chapter sixty-six Amendedshall be amended so as to read as follows: "The Wis- shall be a place consin Iudustrial School for Boys, at Waukesha, shall and instruction. be the place of confinement and instruction of all male children between the ages of ten and sixteen years, who shall be legally committed to the said Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, as vagrants, or on the conviction of any criminal offense, or for incorrigible or vicious conduct, by any court having competent authority to make said commitment."

SECTION 2. Section eight of said chapter sixty-six Amendedshall be amended so as to read as follows : "The courts the courts and magistrates. and several magistrates in any county in this state may, in their discretion, sentence to the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, any such male child who may be convicted before them as a vagrant, or of any petit larceny or misdemeanor, and the several courts may, in their discretion, send to the said Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, any such male child who may be convicted before them of any offense which under the existing laws would be punishable by imprisonment in the state prison, and the said several courts may, in their discretion, commit to the said Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, any male child within the ages specified in section one of this act, upon complaints and due proof made to said court or magistrate by the parents or guardian of such child, that by reason of incorrigible or vicious conduct, such child is beyond the control and power of such parents or guardian, and that a due regard for the morals and welfare of such