being out of the enclosure or immediate care of its owner or keeper, and may kill any dog before its return to the enclosure or immediate care of its owner or keeper which shall be found killing, wounding or worrying any horses, cattle, sheep, lambs or other domestic animals.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 20, 1903.

No. 380, A.]

[Published May 21, 1903.

CHAPTER 329.

AN ACT to amend chapter 188 of the laws of 1901, relating to encouraging attendance upon free high schools by residents of towns and villages having no free high schools, and prescribing the conditions entitling persons to attend.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

When non-residents may be admitted to free high schools. SECTION 1. Chapter 188 of the laws of 1901 is hereby amended, so that said chapter when so amended shall read as Section 1. The free high school board of any free follows: high school district organized under the laws of this state, shall admit to the high school under its control, whenever the facilities for seating and instruction will warrant, any person of school age prepared to enter such school, who may reside in any town or incorporated village, but not within any free high school district, and who shall have completed the course of study in the school district in which he resides, or one equivalent thereto. Persons so admitted shall be entitled to the same privileges and be subject to the same rules and regulations as pupils of the school who are residents of the free high school district

Tuition fee, statement of. SECTION 2. Whenever persons, not residing in any free high school district and having completed the course of study in the school district in which he resides, or one equivalent thereto, as herein provided, enter any free high school, the free high school board of that district shall be entitled and is hereby authorized to charge a tuition fee for such pupils not to exceed fifty cents per week. On or before the first day of July in each year, the secretary of the free high school board shall make a sworn statement to the clerk of the city, town or village from which any person may have been admitted to said free high school. Said statement shall set forth the residence, name, age and date of entrance to such school, the number of months' attendance during the preceding school year of each person so admitted from such city, town or village; this statement shall show the amount of tuition which, under the provisions of this act, the district is entitled to receive for each person reported as having been a member of the school from such city, town or village, and the aggregate sum for tuition for all persons so admitted from each city, town or village, which statement shall be filed as a claim against the town, city or village where such person resides, and allowed as other claims are allowed.

Evidence of completion of course of study, what is sufficient. Section 3. The usual diploma issued by any school or school district organized under the laws of the state, shall be sufficient evidence of the completion of the course of study hereinbefore mentioned, and it shall be the duty of the state superintendent, in all cases where a course of study is not already prescribed, to prescribe a course of study and designate what shall constitute a completion thereof under this act. A duplicate of such diploma, or a copy thereof duly certified as such, by any of the persons signing the original, shall be delivered upon request to the person named therein, and shall be filed by him with the secretary of the free high school board of the free high school district, upon his admission to its high school. A certificate from the county superintendent of the completion of such course, or that the diploma hereinbefore referred to, has been properly issued to the person named therein, shall have the same effect as such diploma, as evidence of the completion of All duplicate diplomas, or certified copies the course of study. thereof, or certificates of county superintendents so filed, shall be attached to the sworn statement of such secretary hereinbefore provided for.

How tuition collected in villages. SECTION 4. The village elerk shall enter upon the tax roll of the village for the ensuing year such sums as may be due for tuition on account of resi-

526

dents of the village who have attended such free high school or schools, and the amounts so entered shall be collected when and as other taxes are collected, and shall be paid when so collected, to the treasurer of the free high school district or districts, where such persons have attended the free high school or schools.

How collected in towns. SECTION 5. The clerk of any town not having within its territory a free high school district, shall enter upon the tax roll of the town for the ensuing year such sums as may be due for tuition on account of residents of the town who have attended such free high school or schools, and the amounts so entered shall be collected when and as other taxes are collected, and shall be paid when so collected, to the treasurer of the free high school district where such persons have attended the free high school or schools.

How collected in portion of town or city not in district. SEC-TION 6. The clerk of any town or city, a portion of which constitutes or forms a part of a free high school district, shall enter upon the tax roll for thatpart of the town or city, not within a free high school district, such sums as may be due for tuition on account of residents of that portion of the town or city, that have attended such free high school or schools, and the amounts so entered shall be collected when, and as other taxes are collected, and shall be paid when so collected, to the treasurer of the free high school district or districts where such persons have attended the free high school or schools.

Conflicting laws repealed. SECTION 7. All acts or parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

SECTION 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of July, 1903, after its passage and publication.

Approved May 20, 1903.