

No. 325, S.]

[Published May 22, 1907.]

CHAPTER 121.

AN ACT to repeal chapter 270 of the laws of 1899 and chapter 448 of the laws of 1901, relating to life insurance upon the stipulated premium plan.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Repeal. SECTION 1. Chapter 270 of the laws of 1899 and chapter 448 of the laws of 1901, are repealed.

Approved May 21, 1907.

(In effect July 1, 1907.)

No. 75, S.]

[Published May 23, 1907.]

CHAPTER 122.

AN ACT to create sections 926—22 to 926—30, inclusive, statutes, providing for the establishment and maintenance of trade schools in the state of Wisconsin.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There are added to the statutes nine new sections to read:

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Approved May 22, 1907.

(In effect July 1, 1907.)

or playground purposes and for the improvement of and maintaining of public parks and playgrounds in said park district.

(Ch. 585, 1907.)

Park and playground fund. SECTION 926—20. The said fund shall be kept by the city treasurer separate from other funds of the city, and shall be used only for the purpose of *procuring land for park and playground purposes and of improving and maintaining public parks and playgrounds in said park district, and shall be paid out by the treasurer only on order drawn on him by the proper city officers, to cover the expense of procuring land for public parks or playgrounds or to cover the expense of maintaining and improving said parks or playgrounds.*

(Ch. 585, 1907.)

Cities and school districts may maintain trade schools. SECTION 926—22. Any city in the state of Wisconsin or any school district having within its limits a city desiring to establish, conduct and maintain a school or schools for the purpose of giving practical instruction in the useful trades to persons having attained the age of sixteen years, as a part of the public school system of such city, is empowered to do so by complying with the provisions of sections 926—23 to 926—30, inclusive, statutes of 1898.

(Ch. 122, 1907.)

School boards to control. [SECTION] 926—23. Such trade school or schools shall be under the supervision and control of the school boards of the respective cities or school districts in which they may be located.

(Ch. 122, 1907.)

Power of board; enrollment. [SECTION] 926—24. The school board of every such city or school district is given full power and authority to establish, take over and maintain a trade school or schools, equip the same with proper machinery and tools, employ a competent instructor or instructors, and give practical instruction in one or more of the common trades. Such a trade school shall not be maintained, however, unless there be an average enrollment of at least thirty scholars.

(Ch. 122, 1907.)

Management of trade school. [SECTION] 926—25. Whenever any school board shall have established or taken over an established trade school, such school board may prepare the courses of study, employ instructors, purchase all machinery, tools and supplies, purchase or lease, suitable grounds or buildings for the use of such school and exercise the same authority over such school which it now has over the schools under its charge.

(Ch. 122, 1907.)

Advisory committee; appointment and authority. [SECTION] 926—26. Whenever any school board shall have established or taken over an already established trade school or schools it may appoint an advisory committee, to be known as the committee on trade schools, consisting of five citizens, not members of the school board, each of whom is experienced in one or more of the trades to be taught in the school or schools, to assist in the administration of the trade school or schools located in that city, which committee shall be appointed by the president of such school board with the approval of a majority of the board. Such committee shall have authority, subject to the approval and ratification of the school board, to prepare courses of study, employ or dismiss instructors, purchase machinery, tools and supplies, and purchase or rent suitable grounds or buildings for the use of such trade schools. When any such committee on trade schools is appointed two of its original members shall be appointed for the term of one year, another two for the term of two years, and the fifth member for a term of three years, and thereafter, each member of said committee shall be appointed for the term of two years. In case of any vacancy during the term of any member of said committee, said school board shall fill such vacancy by appointment for such unexpired term.

(Ch. 122, 1907.)

Incidental fees; sale of product. [SECTION] 926—27. Students attending any such trade school may be required to pay for all material consumed by them in their work in such school at cost prices or in lieu thereof the school board may establish a fixed sum to be paid by each student in each course which sum shall be sufficient to cover, as nearly as may be, the cost of the material to be consumed in such course; any manufactured articles made in such school may be disposed of at the discretion of the school board, and the proceeds shall be paid into the trade school fund.

(Ch. 122, 1907.)

Tax for trade school fund. [SECTION] 926—28. Whenever any such school board shall have decided to establish a trade school or schools, or to take over one already established, under the provisions of this act, a tax, not exceeding one-half of one mill on the total assessed valuation of such city shall be levied, upon the requisition of the school board, as other school taxes are levied in such city; the fund derived from such taxation shall be known as the trade school fund, shall be used in establishing and maintaining a trade school or trade schools in such city, shall not be diverted or used for any other purpose whatsoever, and may be disposed of and disbursed by the school board of such city in the same manner and pursuant to the same regulations governing the disposition and disbursement of regular school funds by such boards.

(Ch. 122, 1907.)

Temporary transfers from regular school funds. [SECTION] 926—29. Any school board desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act, may, before the trade school fund herein provided for becomes available, establish, take over, equip and maintain a trade school or schools out of the regular school funds which may be at the disposal of such school board, provided, however, that all moneys used for these purposes out of the regular school funds shall be refunded within three years from the trade school fund.

(Ch. 122, 1907.)

Vote for and against establishment; board to act in absence of petition for vote. [SECTION] 926—30. 1. When the school board of any city of the second, third or fourth class, or the school board of any school district having within its limits such a city, shall determine to establish, take over, conduct or maintain such trade school, it shall publish notice of its intention so to do with a copy of the resolution or order expressing such determination once each week for four successive weeks in a newspaper published in said school district and shall take no further steps in said matter until the expiration of thirty days from the date of the first publication.

2. If within such thirty days there shall be filed with the clerk of such city a petition signed by a number of electors of the school district equal to twenty per centum of the number of votes cast in said city at the last municipal election praying that the question of the establishment, taking over, conduct and

maintenance of such trade school shall be submitted to the vote of the electors of such school district, the city clerk shall at the earliest opportunity lay such petition before the common council. The common council shall thereupon at its next regular meeting by resolution or ordinance direct the city clerk to call a special election for the purpose of submitting such question to the electors of such city and school district.

3. Such election shall be noticed and conducted and canvassed in accordance with the provisions of section 943, statutes of 1898. All electors within the territory constituting such school district, qualified to vote at any election pertaining to school district matters shall be entitled to vote.

4. If any of said school districts shall be beyond the limits of such city, the city clerk shall immediately upon the passage of the resolution or ordinance by the city council ordering such election, transmit a copy thereof to the clerk of the town or towns of which such territory is constituted. The clerk or clerks of said towns shall thereupon cause a notice of such election to be given and such election to be held and canvassed as provided in section 943.

5. If a majority of the ballots cast in such school district shall be in favor of the establishment, taking over, conducting or maintenance of such trade school, then such board shall proceed as heretofore provided to establish, take over, conduct and maintain such trade school. But if a majority shall vote against such proposition to establish, take over, conduct and maintain a trade school, the board shall take no further steps towards such end.

6. If no petition to submit such proposition to establish, take over or maintain a trade school to the vote of the electors shall be filed with the city clerk within thirty days after the first publication of the notice of the determination of the school board to take such action, then such school board may proceed as hereinbefore provided without submitting such proposition to the electors of the district.

(Ch. 122, 1907.)

Special elections, city and village: procedure. SECTION 926—31. Whenever any question is to be submitted to the voters of any city or village the common council of such city or the village board of such village shall issue a call for such election in accordance with the law authorizing such submission. Unless otherwise provided by such law, notice of such election