Fishway. Section 5. So long as the method of utilizing the power generated by such dam is by undershot wheel, and a sluice-way under said wheel is continuously kept open sufficient for the passage of fish, no other fish-way need be maintained in said dam.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 21, 1907.

No. 426, A.]

[Published June 24, 1907.

CHAPTER 334.

AN ACT to repeal section 1492f, statutes of 1898, and to create sections 1492e—1 to 1492e—19, inclusive, statutes of 1898, relating to the state board of veterinarian examiners and to the practice of veterinary medicine and surgery.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 1492f, statutes of 1898, is repealed.

SECTION 2. There are added to the statutes of 1898, nineteen new sections to read:

Approved June 21, 1907.

(In effect July 1, 1907.)

state veterinarian, or his assistant, or any member of the state live stock sanitary board.

7. The owner of slaughtered animals shall receive no compensation for the same, unless said sanitary board is satisfied that the infected premises have been disinfected in such manner as to prevent the further spread of the disease.

(Ch. 273, 1907.)

Veterinary examiners: board created. Section 1492e—
1. A board of veterinary examiners, to consist of three persons, is hereby created to carry out the provisions of this act.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Membership. Section 1492e—2. Said board shall be appointed by the governor and shall consist of practicing veterinarians of the state, at least two of which shall be veterinarian graduates.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Term and oath. Section 1492e—3. Each member of the board shall serve for a term of two years and until his successor is appointed and qualified, except in the case of the first board, whose members shall serve one, two and three years respectively and shall take the oath provided for public officers.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Vacancies. Section 1492e—4. Vacancies in such board shall be filled by the governor for the unexpired portion of the term.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Officers. Section 1492e—5. The officers of the board shall consist of a president and secretary who shall be chosen from the members thereof.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Meetings, quorum, minutes. Section 1492e—6. One meeting of the board shall be held in the month of June each year at such a place as shall be fixed. Other meetings may be called by the board as they may determine. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum. The secretary's record of the proceedings of the board shall be open for public inspection.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Practitioners hitherto: license and fee. Section 1492e—7. Every person who was engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine and surgery in this state prior to the passage of this act may continue such practice without examination by furnishing proof of the fact that he was registered as a veterinary physician and surgeon in the county veterinary register and upon the payment of three dollars for his first license, and annually thereafter causing his name and residence to be registered by the board who shall keep a book for that purpose.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Re-registration. County clerks' lisits. Section 1492e—8. A fee of one dollar annually shall be charged for such re-registration. All persons licensed by the board shall annually register in like manner. A certified list of all persons registered from each county shall be furnished the clerk thereof by the board and the names on such list shall be registered by said clerk in a book kept for that purpose.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Re-examination and fee. Section 1492e—9. Each registration shall expire on the first April following its entry. Any person who had secured a license under this act, who may discontinue for a time, may appear before the board and be re-examined. A fee of five dollars shall be charged for such re-examination.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Examinations. Section 1492e—10. Any person who may desire a license to practice veterinary medicine and surgery in this state may appear before the said board of veterinary examiners at any regular meeting and be examined in reference to his skill and knowledge in veterinary medicine and surgery.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Licenses. Section 1492e—11. If such examination shall prove satisfactory to said board the board shall issue to such person a license to practice veterinary medicine and surgery in this state in accordance with the provisions of this act.

(Ch. 334, 1907,)

Signatures on license. Section 1492e—12. All licenses shall be signed by the members of the board and attested by the president and secretary.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

License prima facie evidence. Section 1492e—13. Every license shall be prima facie evidence of the rights of the licensee to practice veterinary medicine and surgery in this state in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Penalty for practice without license. Section 1492e—14. Any person who shall practice veterinary medicine or surgery or any branch thereof in this state without being annually registered or without license herein provided shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars or more than one hundred dollars or less than thirty days or more than ninety days in the county jail or both, for each and every offense. A violation of this act shall constitute a separate offense as to each patient treated.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Practice defined. Section 1492e—15. A person shall be deemed to be engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine and surgery who shall ask or receive directly or indirectly any pay, or compensation for the treatment of any domestic animals, also menagerie animals or any person who shall advertise or hold himself out to the public as a veterinary physician, surgeon or specialist or who shall use the title of "doctor" or who shall append to his name the letters V. S., M. D., D. V. S., or M. D. V.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Students exempt, when. Section 1492e—16. But nothing in this act contained shall be construed so as to prevent a bona fide student in regular attendance at any veterinary college in this state from practicing veterinary medicine and surgery under the direct supervision of one of his teachers in the regular infirmary of such college.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Fees: examination and registration. Section 1492e—17. Said board may charge each person applying for a license to practice veterinary medicine and surgery in this state who is not registered as a veterinary prior to the passage of this act whether such applicant passes such examination or not a fee of five dollars which in no case is returnable and shall charge for each annual registration a fee of one dollar.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Finances; bond of secretary. Section 1492e—18. From the funds so received all proper and reasonable expenses of the board and each of its members incurred in carrying out, maintaining and enforcing the provisions of this chapter may be paid. No part of such expenses shall be paid out of the state treasury. Any excess of receipts over disbursements shall be held by the board for future expenses of the board and its members. The secretary of the board shall have charge of the funds and shall be required to give bond in such terms as the board may see fit.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Castration. Section 1492e—19. This act shall not apply to persons engaged in the business of castrating domestic animals.

(Ch. 334, 1907.)

Repeal. Section 1492f, statutes of 1898, is repealed. (Ch. 334, 1907.)

Extermination of San Jose scale, etc.: inspector's access to premises. Section 1494—1. The director of the agricultural experiment station of the University of Wisconsin is hereby authorized to inspect through his agent, any nursery or any fruit or garden plantation, or any unplanted or heeled-in nursery stock in this state, that he has reason to suspect is infected with San Jose scale or other injurious insects or fungus diseases, and for this purpose his agent shall have free access to and egress from any field, garden, packing ground, building, cellar or other place where the duties of carrying out the provisions of this act shall call him, and any person attempting to hinder such inspection by misrepresentation or otherwise, shall be liable to the payment of a penalty or forfeiture as hereinafter provided.

(Ch. 529, 1907.)

Insects or diseases found—inspector's notice—no shipments. Section 1494—2. In case the agent of the said director shall find present on any nursery premises, or packing ground, or in any cellar or building used for the storage of nursery stock, or on any fruit or garden plantation any of the aforesaid San Jose scale or other injurious insects and fungus