

drinks in any quantity whatever in any town, village or city wherein a majority of the votes cast at such election shall have been against license, shall *be guilty of a misdemeanor and* be punished by a fine of not less than * * * *one hundred* dollars nor more than * * * *two hundred* dollars, besides the ~~costs~~; or in lieu of such fine by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed * * * *one year* nor less than three months. And in case of punishment by fine unless the fine and costs be paid forthwith, be committed to the county jail until they are paid, or until discharged by due course of law; and in case of a second or subsequent conviction of the same person during any year the punishment shall be by both fine and imprisonment.

2. And in any such town, village or city, the existence or the issue of any permit or special tax stamp from the United States government, authorizing or permitting any person to engage in the occupation of selling distilled, spirituous or fermented liquors at the time and place of any alleged violation of the excise law, shall be accepted as prima facie evidence that such person is vending, selling, dealing or trafficking in or, for the purpose of evading the laws of this state, giving away spirituous, malt, ardent or intoxicating liquors or drinks contrary to the result of the election provided for in the two preceding sections.

3. Nothing in this or the two next preceding sections shall be construed as affecting the sale of such liquors for medicinal mechanical or scientific purposes only by registered pharmacists as provided in section 1548a.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 16, 1909.

No. 305. S.]

[Published June 19, 1909.

CHAPTER 483.

AN ACT to amend subsection 3 of section 11—28, section 33, and subsections 15 and 16 of section 38 of the statutes, relating to certification of non-partisan nominees and delegates, to national conventions, and the order in which their names shall appear upon the ballot.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subsection 3 of section 11—28 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 11—28. 3. The names of all

candidates shall be arranged * * * according to surname under the appropriate title and under the proper party designation upon the party ticket, and rotated in accordance with the provisions of section 33 of the statutes, as amended by this act.

SECTION 2. Section 33 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 33. 1. Not less than fourteen nor more than twenty days before an election to fill any public office, the secretary of state shall * * * transmit to each county clerk a certified list containing the name and postoffice address of each person for whom non-partisan nomination papers, or nomination papers for delegates to national conventions, have been filed in his office and entitled to be voted for at such election, together with a designation of the office for which he is a candidate, and the party or principles he represents.

2. * * * In case of new nomination papers filed as * * * provided * * * in section 34 of the statutes, they shall be transmitted as provided in subsection 1 of this section.

3. In certifying the names of candidates for the office of justice of the supreme court, judge of the circuit court, state superintendent, and delegates to national party conventions, the secretary of state shall designate the order in which the names of candidates shall be printed upon the official ballot in each assembly district.

4. For the purpose of determining the order in which the names of candidates for justice of the supreme court, state superintendent, and delegates-at-large to national party conventions shall be placed upon the official ballot, the secretary of state shall number the assembly districts consecutively from one to one hundred in the order of their population according to the last preceding census, beginning with the district having the largest population which shall be numbered one.

5. In determining the order in which the names of candidates for circuit judge and district delegates to national conventions shall be placed upon the ballot, the secretary of state shall number the assembly districts or parts of a district within the judicial circuit or congressional district consecutively from one upwards, in the order of their population according to the last preceding census, beginning with the district having the largest population, which shall be numbered one.

6. The secretary of state shall arrange the surnames of the candidates for each office alphabetically for the first assembly district; thereafter for each succeeding district the name ap-

pearing first for each office in the last preceding district shall be placed last.

SECTION 3. Subsections 15 and 16 of section 38 of the statutes are amended to read: Section 38. 15. No party designation * * * shall be placed upon the ballots for any school or judicial officer, *except where party nominations have been made. The names of non-partisan candidates for the same office shall be placed in the same column.*

16. (a) Ballots for judicial, *school*, and city elections shall be printed upon the quality of white print paper hereinbefore specified, and shall be of sufficient size to afford space for all the tickets for several candidates in columns therein.

(b) Party candidates shall be arranged thereon as above provided for ballots at general elections, and the names of persons nominated by nomination papers, and not included in the regular convention or primary tickets shall be placed as is provided for independent nominations on the ballots at general elections *unless otherwise provided in this act.* Such ballots shall have similar matter printed on the back and outside as other official ballots are required to have.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 16, 1909.

No. 581, S.]

[Published June 19, 1909.

CHAPTER 484.

AN ACT to create section 320a of the statutes, relating to the printing and indexing of the session laws.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section to read: Section 320a. The session laws for the session of 1909 and thereafter shall be arranged and printed as follows:

1. a. The sections of all statutes at the session of 1909 and such of the session of 1907 as remain unchanged, other than such as are of local or temporary nature, shall be included and arranged numerically in the first part of the volume, preceded by a brief statement of the contents and the rule of the legislature with reference to numbering of sections of the statutes.

b. The number of the first section appearing on a page shall be printed in the upper outer corner of such page and the