

No. 196, A.]

[Published July 12, 1911.]

**CHAPTER 636.**

AN ACT to amend sections 1022—5 and 1022—16, to repeal section 1022—17, to amend subsection 1, of section 1022—57, and section 1406 of the statutes, relating to vital statistics, and to the state board of health and vital statistics and to create sections 1408m—1 to 1408m—7, inclusive, of the statutes, providing for a sanitary inspector, repealing laws appropriating money to the state board of health and vital statistics and making an appropriation therefor.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

**SECTION 1.** Sections 1022—5 and 1022—16 of the statutes are amended to read: Section 1022—5. Suitable apartments shall be provided in the capitol by the superintendent of public property for the state board of health and vital statistics which shall be properly equipped with fire proof vaults for the safe preservation of all the official records, *and the superintendent of public property shall furnish the said board with all necessary office furniture. The superintendent of public property shall also furnish the said board with all necessary office supplies, stationery, books, postage and other material, and such office supplies, stationery, books, postage and other material furnished shall be charged against the annual appropriation to said state board of health and vital statistics.*

Section 1022—16. \* \* \* *The local registrar or his deputy, in each city, incorporated village, and township shall serve as sub-registrar for every other local registrar in the state for the purpose of receiving death certificates and issuing burial permits. The sub-registrar shall sign his name with the date on which the certificate of death was filed with him, in the space beneath the place for the signature of the local registrar, and forward the certificate at once to the registrar of the district where the death occurred. All sub-registrars who sign certificates of death and forward them at once to the proper local registrar, shall receive a fee of ten cents for each certificate, to be paid by the treasurer of the county, upon the certification of the state registrar. If any certificate of death is incomplete or unsatisfactory, it shall be the duty of the sub-registrar to withhold issuing the burial or removal permit to the undertaker, until the necessary information is obtained, or a satisfactory record furnished. Each sub-registrar shall be liable to the same penalty for neglect of duty as the local registrar.*

SECTION 2. Section 1022—17 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 3. Subsection 1, of section 1022—57, and section 1406 of the statutes, are amended to read: (Section 1022—57)

1. For each complete certificate of each birth, death, marriage or accident forwarded to the state registrar, together with the copy thereof transmitted to the register of deeds in accordance with the provisions of this act, including the copy retained in cities and villages, the local registrar shall be paid the sum of  
\* \* \* *twenty cents.*

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 152.)

Section 1406. A member of the board shall be chosen president thereof, and his term of office shall be fixed and determined by said board, and his duties shall be such as may be prescribed by the by-laws of said board, or by the statutes of the state. The board shall also elect a secretary either from their own number or otherwise, who shall hold his office subject to removal at discretion by a vote of five members *of the board* at a regular meeting, and while in office he shall be a member of the board. The secretary shall receive an annual salary to be fixed by the board, and he and each other member shall be reimbursed his traveling expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of official duties. The members of said board, other than the secretary, shall be paid a compensation of ten dollars per day, *and expenses*, when actually and necessarily engaged outside of the city or town in which such members respectively reside, on the performance of their official duties, other than attendance upon the regular meetings of the board. Such compensation to be paid on the certificate of the president and secretary of such board, but the compensation so to be paid to such members of the board other than the secretary shall not in any one year exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars. All printing required by the board in the performance of its duties shall be performed by the state printer upon the order of the president and secretary of said board, *and the cost thereof shall be charged against the appropriation to said board.* \* \* \*

SECTION 4. There are added to the statutes seven new sections to read: Section 1408m—1. In addition to the officials and appointees provided for by sections 1404, 1406 and 1022—4 of the statutes, the state board of health is hereby empowered to provide for and establish in connection with the present public health organization, a state sanitary inspector.

Section 1408m—2. It shall be the duty of the sanitary inspector to assist in promoting the work of the state board of health in such manner as the board may direct, to the end that

the laws and rules adopted by said board for the preservation of the public health may be strictly enforced in the various parts of the state. The inspector shall have the same right of inspection in regard to all matters affecting the public health as has been, or may be, conferred upon the state, or local boards of health.

Section 1408m—3. The sanitary inspector shall, under the direction of the board and with full authority to act for the board, make thorough and complete investigations of nuisances, sources of sickness, infectious or contagious diseases, water supplies, and sewerage disposal systems, the sanitary condition of public buildings, jails, schoolhouses, school grounds, hotels and such other work as is found necessary to improve the general sanitary and hygienic conditions. The inspector shall make special investigations concerning the prevalence of tuberculosis in any locality. He shall assist the state board of health in enforcing the laws and rules adopted by the board for the prevention, control and reporting of tuberculosis.

Section 1408m—4. The inspector shall immediately after the completion of an investigation, report in writing to the secretary of the state board of health, a complete account of the essential facts disclosed by the investigation, together with the recommendations made and the work done to better safeguard the public health.

Section 1408m—5. The sanitary inspector shall be a medical practitioner in good standing, holding a Wisconsin license, and must possess such other qualifications as the state board of health may determine are necessary in order to successfully carry on the work.

Section 1408m—6. The compensation of the inspector appointed under the provisions of this act shall be fixed by the state board of health. All actual expenses incurred by the inspector in the discharge of his official duties shall be paid from the fund herein provided upon verified and itemized accounts to be audited and paid as the expenses of other state officers and employes are audited and paid.

(Am. 1911, c. 664, s. 152.)

Section 1408m—7. There is annually appropriated to the state board of health and vital statistics, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of twenty thousand six hundred dollars, or such part thereof as may be necessary, said appropriation to be in lieu of all other appropriations now provided for by law for said board, and all other laws or parts of laws appropriating money to the state board of health and vital statistics, in so far as the same appropriate money to the said board, are repealed.

**SECTION 5.** This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved July 11, 1911.

No. 56, A.]

[Published July 12, 1911.

## CHAPTER 637.

**AN ACT** to repeal section 1492d—1; to amend sections 1492a, 1492aa, 1492b, 1492c, 1492d, 1492e and 1494—72; to create sections 1492b—1 to 1492b—9, inclusive, of the statutes, and section 1492ef of the statutes, relating to the live stock sanitary board and its duties; to the tuberculin testing of cattle; to the condemning and slaughtering and appraising of diseased animals, and to the disposition thereof and compensation therefor; to the appointment of appraisers; to the sale of diseased animals; to the inspection of slaughtered animals; to the purchase, sale and use of tuberculin, and to the appropriation for clerical assistance in the office of the live stock sanitary board, providing a penalty and making an appropriation therefor.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

**SECTION 1.** Section 1492d—1 of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 2.** Section 1492a, 1492aa and 1492b of the statutes are amended to read: Section 1492a. 1. The various town, village and city boards of health shall take cognizance of the existence of contagious and infectious diseases among animals, report all cases thereof coming under their observation in their respective localities to the state veterinarian and co-operate with him to prevent their spread; any such board, or the health officer thereof, may order that any animal affected or suspected of being affected, with any such disease or which has been exposed thereto, shall be quarantined, and the removal thereof from any premises where it may be ordered to be kept shall be forbidden. If any such board shall be unable to determine the nature of any disease prevailing among animals they may request the state veterinarian to investigate the same. Said veterinarian may quarantine premises upon which is a domestic animal afflicted with a contagious or infectious disease, or that is suspected to be so afflicted, or that has been exposed to such disease, and forbid the removal of any such animal or any animal susceptible to such disease therefrom by serving a written order upon the occupant or owner of such premises, and by posting a copy of such order at the usual entrance thereto; and if any such disease shall become epidemic in any locality he shall immediately notify the governor, who may thereupon issue a proclamation quar-