No. 722, A.]

[Published May 21, 1913.

CHAPTER 289.

AN ACT authorizing cities of the first class to purchase, contract for, lease, acquire and operate plants or equipment necessary for securing, manufacturing or selling ice to themselves or any person, firm or corporation.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. All cities of the first class, whether operating under a general or special charter, are authorized and empowered to enter into any contract whatsoever which may enable them to purchase, contract, lease or acquire any plant or equipment necessary for the purpose of securing, manufacturing or selling ice, and to supply ice to themselves or any person, firm or corporation residing or doing business in such cities or to the county in which such city is located, it being the intent of this act that such cities shall have full power to finance said plant as they deem most expedient and not inconsistent with the constitution, and to bid on or make any contract to enable them to successfully operate said activity.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 20, 1913.

No. 254, A.]

[Published May 21, 1913.

CHAPTER 290.

AN ACT to amend section 3720 of the statutes, relating to hearing of garnishee actions.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 3720 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 3720. 1. The service of the garnishee summons shall be deemed the commencement of an action against such garnishee; and upon the return of the constable that such summons has been duly served the justice shall enter an action in his docket in which the plaintiff in the original action shall be plaintiff and the garnishee defendant.

2. At any time after service of the garnishee process upon the garnishee defendant, the defendant in the principal action may file with the justice a request in writing, for an immediate trial of the garnishee action. Upon the filing of such request it shall be the duty of such justice to issue an order at once, requiring the plaintiff and garnishee defendant to appear before him at a

time therein mentioned, not to exceed three days from date of such order, to hear and determine the garnishee action. Said order shall be served upon said parties in the manner provided by law for the original garnishee summons at least forty-eight hours before such hearing. Upon return of said process showing such service, the justice may proceed to hear and determine such action with the same force and effect as though it were the return day of the principal action, but may, in his discretion, where justice requires it, continue the matter to such time as may be necessary but not beyond the time of return in the principal action. Any further adjournment shall be subject to the same provisions as a second adjournment in civil cases before a justice of the peace.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 17, 1913.

No. 346, S.]

[Published May 24, 1913.

CHAPTER 291.

AN ACT to amend subsections 2, 12, 14, and 15 of section 1989m and to create subdivision (c) of subsection 13 of section 1989m of the statutes, relating to the life fund, and authorizing disbursements therefrom.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subsections 2, 12, 14, and 15 of section 1989m of the statutes are amended to read: (Section 1989m) 2. The state treasurer shall be ex officio treasurer and custodian of the life fund, and all other matters in relation thereto shall be under the supervision of the commissioner of insurance. Each shall give such bond therefor as may be required and approved by the governor and secretary of state, which shall be filed with his official bond. Subject to the * * general direction of the commissioner of insurance as to the amount to be invested, and the kind and maturity of the securities, and to the approval of the secretary of state, attorney-general, state treasurer and commissioner of insurance acting as a board, the state treasurer shall cause the moneys in the life fund to be invested and reinvested in the securities authorized in section 1951, and in like manner may sell and dispose of such securities as may be necessary in the management of such fund.

(Section 1989m)—12. The losses and other payments required to be made out of the life fund, including deposits for premiums upon applications which shall be rejected, shall be audited by the