in actions within the jurisdiction of a justice of the peace shall be issued out of such circuit court.

Section 2. • • Nothing in this act contained shall be held to affect the power of the aforesaid municipal court to hear and determine actions in which the title to land shall come in question. Any orders or judgments made or rendered by said municipal court pursuant to the jurisdiction conferred thereon by the terms of this act may be removed to and reviewed by the supreme court in the same manner that orders and judgments of circuit courts in like cases may be. Nothing herein contained shall be held to relate to any appeals or other proceedings regularly taken to or in the said • • circuit court prior to the passage and publication of this act.

Section 3. Change of the place of trial in any action over which the municipal court * * of Winnebago county jurisdiction may be had as in other cases, and in cases pending before the said municipal court the place of trial shall be changed to the circuit court if application be made therefor by either party in the manner as is now provided for obtaining a change of the place of trial from said municipal court by a person charged upon information of a criminal offense, * * but in no case, whether civil or criminal, where a change of the place of trial has been had from said municipal court to the circuit court shall any further change in the place of trial be allowed in the circuit court on account of the alleged prejudice of the judge thereof.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Aproved April 20, 1915.

No. 173, A.]

[Published April 21, 1915.

CHAPTER 38.

AN ACT to repeal section 1022—53 of the statutes, and to amend subsection 1 of section 1022—58 of the statutes, relating to the registration of vital statistics.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 1022—53 of the statutes is repealed.

Section 2. Subsection 1 of section 1022—58 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 1022—58. 1. Each physician, midwife, minister, or priest, court commissioner, judge of a court of record, justice of the peace or other persons acting as informant and filing with the local registrar, certificates of birth, deaths,

and marriages • • completely and legibly made out in ink, shall be entitled to receive the sum of twenty-five cents for each birth, death, and marriage • • • so recorded, to be paid by the treasurer of the county upon certification by the state registrar.

Section 3. All acts or parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved April 20, 1915.

No. 177, A.]

[Published April 21, 1915.

CHAPTER 39.

AN ACT to amend subsection 1 of section 1454 of the statutes, relating to cemeteries.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subsection 1 of section 1454 of the statutes is amended to read: (Section 1454.) 1. No person, association or corporation shall lay out or establish any cemetery grounds or use any lot or grounds for burial purposes (except such as are now in use for such purposes) within the limits of any recorded plat of any city or village, or of any recorded addition thereto, when such cemetery, lot, or grounds shall be within one mile of any lot or block therein on which any building may then be erected; and no person, association or corporation shall lay out or establish any cemetery grounds or use any grounds for burial purposes except such as are now in use for such purposes without the limits of such plat or addition thereto and within two hundred rods of any inhabited dwelling standing on any lot or block in such city or village or addition thereto, without first obtaining the consent of the municipal authorities thereof; nor within fifteen rods of any habitable dwelling, public building, watering place, or schoolhouse, nor within two hundred rods of the institutions for the deaf and dumb, for the blind, the hospitals for the insane, the industrial school for boys, the home for the feeble-minded, the state public school, or the state reformatory, without the consent of the state board of control; provided, that an existing cemetery in a village may be extended toward or beyond either of the two nearest village limits upon first obtaining the consent of the village board and of the owners of any dwelling or other building within fifteen rods of such addition; and provided further, that an existing cemetery in any city of