

No. 661, A.]

[Published July 21, 1915.

**CHAPTER 413.**

AN ACT to repeal subsections 17, 62 and 63 of section 170, sections 237h, 237i, 237j, 237k, 237l, 1456, 1457, 1458, 1458a, 1458b, 1458e, 1492aa, 1492ab; subsections 1 and 2 of section 1492 and subsection 1 of section 1494f and sections 1494—1, 1494—1a, 1494—2 to 1494—5, inclusive, 1494—5a, 1494—6, 1494—6a, 1494—7, 1494—7a, 1494—7b, 1494—8 to 1494—10, inclusive, 1494—10l to 1494—10n, inclusive, and 1494—10q of the statutes, abolishing the state board of agriculture, the state board of immigration, the board of veterinary examiners, the state live stock sanitary board, the state inspector of apiaries, the state orchard and nursery inspector and the office of state veterinarian as now established; to amend section 1494—10w of the statutes, relating to the fees charged for the analysis of insecticides and fungicides; and to create subsection 17 of section 170 and sections 1456, 1457, 1458, 1458—1, 1458—2, 1458—3, 1458—4 and 1492ab and sections 1494—1 to 1494—10, inclusive, and 1494—10a to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes, creating a department of agriculture, a state live stock sanitary board, the office of state entomologist, a state fair advisory board, and prescribing their powers and duties, and making an appropriation.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Subsections 17, 62 and 63 of section 170 and sections 237h, 237i, 237j, 237k, 237l, 1456, 1457, 1458, 1458a, 1458b, 1458e, 1492aa, 1492ab; subsections 1 and 2 of section 1492 and subsection 1 of section 1494f and sections 1494—1, 1494—1a, 1494—2 to 1494—5, inclusive, 1494—5a, 1494—6, 1494—6a, 1494—7, 1494—7a, 1494—7b, 1494—8 to 1494—10, inclusive, 1494—10l to 1494—10n, inclusive, and 1494—10q of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 2. Section 1494—10w of the statutes is amended to read: Section 1494—10w. A fee not to exceed five dollars may be collected for the examination or analysis of each sample of insecticide or fungicide submitted by any manufacturer, wholesaler, jobber or dealer. Such fees shall be paid into the \* \* \* state treasury *and are hereby appropriated to the department of agriculture for the purposes set forth in sections 1494—10a to 1494—10w, inclusive, of the statutes.*

SECTION 3. There is added to section 170 of the statutes a new subsection to be numbered 17, and to the statutes eight new sections to read: Section 1456. A department of agricul-

ture is hereby created. Said department shall be under the control and supervision of a commissioner of agriculture, who shall be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate. The person appointed commissioner of agriculture shall be known to possess a practical knowledge of and to be experienced in the agricultural industry.

Section 1457. The term of the commissioner of agriculture first appointed under section 1456 shall be deemed to expire on the first Monday in February, 1919; the term of each commissioner thereafter appointed shall be four years and shall be deemed to expire on the first Monday of February, and each commissioner appointed shall hold office until his successor is appointed and qualified. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made by the governor for the unexpired portion of the term, but any such appointment shall be in full force until acted upon by the senate.

Section 1458. 1. The governor may at any time remove the commissioner of agriculture for inefficiency, neglect of duty or malfeasance in office. Before such removal he shall give such commissioner a copy of the charges made against him, and fix a time when he can be heard in his own defense, which shall not be less than ten days thereafter, and such hearing shall be open to the public. If such commissioner shall be removed the governor shall file in the office of the secretary of state a complete statement of all charges made against him, and his findings thereon, with the record of the proceedings.

2. The said commissioner shall maintain his residence at the city of Madison, and shall devote his entire time to the performance of his duties, and shall not hold any other public position or office, or serve on or under any committee of any political party.

3. Before entering upon the duties of his office said commissioner shall take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office, and shall in addition thereto swear or affirm that he holds no other public position or office, nor any position under any political party or committee, and such oath or affirmation shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

Section 1458—1. The said department of agriculture shall maintain its office at the state capitol, and the superintendent of public property is directed to provide suitable rooms for that purpose. The commissioner of agriculture is authorized to purchase for said department all necessary and permanent property and consumable materials, supplies and services not furnished by the superintendent of public property; to procure printed forms and notices, and make a biennial report to the

governor, and to issue special publications pertaining to the work of the department, subject to the provisions of law relating to public printing. The said commissioner may hold meetings at other places than the capitol, whenever in his judgment the interests of the state will be best served by so doing.

Section 1458—2. Upon the passage and publication of this act the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint a state fair advisory board to consist of eleven members, three of whom shall be appointed for a term ending the first Monday of February, 1917, four for a term ending the first Monday of February, 1918, and four for a term ending the first Monday of February, 1919; one such member shall be appointed from each congressional district. All subsequent appointments of said board shall be for a term of four years from the first Monday of February of the year in which such appointment is made, except appointments to fill vacancies, which shall be made by the governor for the unexpired term only. It shall be the duty of the department of agriculture to cooperate and advise with said board on all matters relating to the conducting of the state fair, and it is hereby made the duty of said board to advise and assist said department of agriculture in promoting the state fair in all of its departments. The decision of the department of agriculture upon all matters connected with the said state fair shall be final. Members of the said advisory board shall be reimbursed their actual and necessary expenses incurred under the provisions of this section but shall serve without compensation, except when assisting in the conduct of the state fair, under the direction of the department of agriculture, they shall receive a per diem of five dollars, said per diem and expenses to be paid out of the proper appropriation to the department of agriculture upon the certificate of the commissioner of agriculture.

(Section 170) 17. (1) The commissioner of agriculture shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars and shall be reimbursed his actual and necessary traveling expenses incurred in the conduct of his official business.

(2) The commissioner of agriculture shall appoint such agents, deputies, engineers, veterinarians, entomologists, accountants, inspectors, clerks, stenographers, and other employes as he may deem necessary, prescribe their duties and designate their respective titles, and fix their salaries or compensation. But each of the appointees and employes of the state board of agriculture, of the state board of immigration, of the board of veterinary examiners, of the state live stock sanitary board, of the state inspector of apiaries and of the state veterinarian, shall

within ninety days be removed from the position which he holds at the time this act becomes effective, unless the commissioner of agriculture shall determine that the services of such appointee or employe are necessary to maintain the efficiency of his department. Any increase made at any time in the number of employes or in the compensation paid, which shall be decided upon by the commissioner of agriculture, shall be made subject to the approval of the governor.

(3) All such employes shall receive their actual and necessary traveling expenses incurred in the discharge of their official duties, but no claim for any such expenses shall be audited unless the same is fully itemized and verified by the oath of such employe that such expenses were actually incurred in the performance of his official duties.

(4) All salaries, compensations, and expenses authorized by this section shall be charged to the proper appropriation to the department of agriculture.

Section 1458—3. It shall be the duty of the department of agriculture and it shall have power, jurisdiction and authority:

(1) To promote the interests of agriculture, dairying, horticulture, manufactures, and the domestic arts.

(2) To control all state fairs and state fairgrounds, and to make such rules, by-laws and regulations in relation to the management of the business of such department and state fairs, and the offering of premiums thereat, as it shall from time to time determine, subject to the provisions of section 1458—2 of the statutes.

(3) To collect from the several counties in this state information concerning the extent, condition and prices of farm crops; the number, conditions of health and value of farm animals, prevailing conditions of weather, and such other information as it may deem of practical value to the agricultural interests of the state, and to publish monthly statements of such reports, for free distribution among the farmers and other interested parties of the state.

(4) To appoint three veterinary examiners who shall, subject to the direction and control of said department, examine into the qualifications of persons desiring to practice veterinary medicine and surgery, and to license such persons who shall pass a satisfactory examination, in the manner provided by law.

(5) To cause to be collected and printed in such form as may be best calculated to attract to the state desirable immigrants seeking homes, and capital seeking profitable investment, information relating to the advantages and opportunities offered by this state to the farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer, the

home seeker, and the summer visitor. The publications of said board shall be made in form of circulars, folders and pamphlets, with or without maps or illustrations, and shall contain in succinct language, easily comprehended by the general public, statements relating to the soil, climate, water, products, markets, transportation facilities, summer resorts, location of undeveloped lands and the relative value and cost of these lands compared with those of other localities; to cause to be translated and printed in such foreign language or languages as may be selected any or all of the circulars, folders or pamphlets provided for in this section, if the department in its discretion shall deem advisable; to cause to be inserted in newspapers, magazines and farm papers, appropriate notices, and to maintain permanent exhibits in populous centers if the department shall determine that the best interests of the state will be advanced thereby.

(6) To furnish such number as it shall fix of copies of the several publications printed under its direction to county and city advancement associations, immigrant societies or bodies of citizens organized to promote immigration and the development and enrichment of the state when application is made therefor; to furnish other persons and corporations such number of copies of publications as may be requested at the actual cost of printing.

(7) In order to facilitate the collection of accurate information relating to the resources of the state, the heads of the several departments of the state government, the faculty of the state university and the several state institutions are hereby directed to furnish to the department of agriculture such information as may be at their command when requested to do so by said department.

(8) To inspect apiaries as provided by law, furnish information to owners and caretakers with respect to the eradication and prevention of disease injurious to honeybees in their egg, larval, pupal, or adult stages, and to enforce the law relating to apiaries, and to the care, shipment or sale of bees and honey.

(9) To act in advisory capacity as to the manner of the expenditure and accounting therefor, of state moneys appropriated to county agricultural societies, intercounty fair associations, and other agricultural associations holding fairs, the Wisconsin Horticultural Society, the Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Association, the Wisconsin Cranberry Growers' Association, Wisconsin Live Stock Breeders' Association, each incorporated poultry association receiving state aid under provisions of section 1459m, Wisconsin State Dairymen's Association, the

Southern Wisconsin Dairymen and Cheese Makers' Association, Wisconsin Potato Growers' Association, and other similar societies and associations receiving state aid.

Section 1458—4. Except as otherwise provided in this act, all duties, liabilities, authority, powers and privileges imposed or conferred by law upon the state board of agriculture, the secretary of the state board of agriculture, the state veterinarian, the inspector of apiaries, the state orchard and nursery inspector, the person administering or enforcing the provisions of sections 1494—10o to 1494—10w, inclusive, of the statutes, relating to the inspection of insecticides and fungicides and the state board of veterinary examiners, their subordinates and employes, are conferred and imposed upon the department of agriculture, and all provisions of statutes relating to said board or officers, shall apply to and be deemed to relate to the department of agriculture provided for by this act so far as the said laws are applicable.

Section 1492ab. 1. There is created a state live stock sanitary board to consist of five members, three ex officio, namely, the commissioner of agriculture, the bacteriologist of the state agricultural college and the state veterinarian, and two members to be appointed by the commissioner of agriculture for two-year terms, except that of the two members first so appointed one shall hold for one year and the other for two years. Vacancies in the office of an appointive member shall be filled by the commissioner of agriculture for the unexpired term.

2. The commissioner of agriculture shall be chairman of the said board.

3. The said board shall maintain offices with the department of agriculture, and all clerical work and assistance necessary for said board shall be performed by the clerical force of the department of agriculture.

4. A regular annual meeting of the board shall be held at the city of Madison on the first Monday of February, or upon the day following should said day be a holiday, and other meetings shall be held at the city of Madison, or elsewhere in the state, upon call of the commissioner of agriculture.

5. Each member of the live stock sanitary board shall be reimbursed his actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties, and such expenses shall be paid out of the appropriate appropriation to said board.

6. It shall be the duty of the state live stock sanitary board to protect the health of domestic animals of the state; to determine and employ the most efficient and practical means for the prevention, suppression, control or eradication of dangerous, con-

tagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals, and for these purposes it is hereby authorized to establish, maintain, enforce and regulate such quarantine and other measures relating to the movement and care of animals and their products, the disinfection of suspected localities and articles, and the disposition of animals, as it may deem necessary, and to adopt from time to time all such regulations as may be necessary and proper for carrying out the duties imposed upon said department by law; provided, however, in the case of solely contagious diseases, only suspected or diseased animals shall be quarantined, and in case of bovine tuberculosis or actinomycosis, the owner shall be granted the option of retaining the animals in quarantine under such restrictions as the department may prescribe, or of shipping them under the auspices and direction of the department to some abattoir designated by it for immediate slaughter under United States government inspection. In case of the slaughter of animals under the provisions of this section the owner shall receive the net proceeds of the sale thereof, and shall have no further claim against the state on account of such slaughter.

7. The state live stock sanitary board hereby created shall in all respects succeed to and stand in lieu of the state live stock sanitary board abolished by this act, and all duties, liabilities, authority, powers and privileges imposed or conferred by law upon such board so abolished and all provisions of law relating to and applying to said board, shall relate and apply to the live stock sanitary board hereby created, so far as said laws are applicable.

SECTION 4. There are added to the statutes nineteen new sections to be numbered and to read: Section 1494—1. The following terms as used in sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes, shall be construed as follows:

(a) When construing and enforcing the provisions of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, the act, omission, or failure of any officer, agent, servant or other individual acting for or employed by any person within the scope of his employment or office, shall in every case be also deemed to be the act, omission or failure of such person as well as that of the individual himself.

(b) The terms "insect" and "plant diseases" shall be construed to include any stage or stages of development of the aforesaid insects or plant diseases.

(c) The term "nursery stock" shall include all field-grown florist stock, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, grafts, scions, buds, fruit-pits and other seeds of fruit and ornamental trees and shrubs, and other plants and plant products for propagation,

except field, vegetable, and flower seeds, bedding plants, and other herbaceous plants, bulbs and roots.

(d) The term "nursery" shall be construed to mean any grounds or premises on or in which nursery stock is propagated and grown for sale, or any grounds or premises on or in which nursery stock is being fumigated, treated, packed, or stored.

(e) The term "nurseryman" shall mean the person who owns, leases, manages or is in charge of a nursery.

(f) The term "dealer" shall be construed to apply to any person not a grower of nursery stock who buys nursery stock for the purpose of reselling and reshipping, independently of any control of a nursery.

(g) The term "agent" shall be construed as applying to any person selling nursery stock under the partial or full control of a nurseryman, or of a dealer or other agent. This term shall also apply to any person engaged with a nurseryman, dealer or agent in handling nursery stock on a cooperative basis.

Section 1494—2. 1. There is hereby created the office of state entomologist. It shall be the duty of the state entomologist to enforce the laws relating to the inspection of nurseries and orchards; the inspection of insecticides and fungicides; and he shall publish an annual report describing the various phases of the inspection work, and suggestions as to the methods of control of insects which are of economic importance to the state.

2. The state entomologist shall be furnished with a suitable office in the state capitol, and with such supplies and equipment and printing as may be necessary.

Section 1494—3. The department of agriculture shall appoint some person qualified by scientific training and practical experience to be state entomologist, hereinafter called the inspector, who shall strictly enforce the provisions of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes, under the direction and control of the department. The inspector shall attend the annual convention of the American association of official horticultural inspectors to aid him in maintaining a high standard of inspection and quarantine service for the state.

Section 1494—4. The inspector shall file with the department a bond with security to be approved by the department in the sum of one thousand dollars conditioned on faithful performance of his duty. Any person, suffering loss occasioned by reason of an act or omission of the inspector which is deemed to be unjustifiable, may maintain an action upon said bond against the inspector and sureties thereon for such loss not to exceed the amount of said bond.



Section 1494—5. The department is hereby authorized to appoint on the recommendation of the inspector deputies who shall strictly enforce the provisions of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes, under the direction of the department and they are hereby endowed with the same police power as the state inspector, and shall be furnished with official badges or other insignia of authority, which shall be carried while on duty.

Section 1494—6. The department shall have the power to prescribe, modify and enforce such reasonable rules, regulations and orders as may be needed to carry out the provisions of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes.

Section 1494—7. The inspector or his deputies shall at least once each year inspect all nurseries and other places in which nursery stock is kept for sale in the state. For this purpose such state inspector or his deputies shall have free access, within reasonable hours, to any field, orchard, garden, packing ground, building, cellar, freight or express office, warehouse, car, vessel, or other place, which it may be necessary or desirable for him to enter in carrying out the provisions of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes. It shall be unlawful to deny such access to the inspector or his deputies or to hinder, thwart, or defeat such inspection by misrepresentation or concealment of facts or conditions, or otherwise.

Section 1494—8. The inspector or his deputies shall have the authority to inspect any orchard, fruit or garden plantation, park, cemetery, private premises, public place, and any place which might become infested or infected with dangerous or harmful insects or plant diseases. He shall also have the authority to inspect or re-inspect at any time or place any nursery stock shipped in or into the state and to treat it as hereinafter provided.

Section 1494—9. The inspector with the approval of the department is hereby empowered to prohibit and prevent the removal or shipment or transportation of plant material and any other material from any private or public property, or property owned or controlled by the state or any area of the state which in his judgment contains dangerously infested or infected nursery stock or plant or other material of any kind for such periods and under such conditions as in his judgment seems necessary in order to prevent the further spread of the infestation or infection, giving such notice thereof as may be prescribed by the department; and during the existence of such order no person shall remove or ship from such area any such material whatsoever, except by special permission or direction of the inspector.

Section 1494—10. It shall be unlawful for any person in this state to knowingly permit any dangerous insect or plant disease to exist in or on his premises. It shall also be unlawful to sell or offer for sale any stock infested or infected with such insect or disease.

Section 1494—10a. In case the inspector or his deputy shall find present on any nursery or dealer's premises or any packing ground or in any cellar or building used for storage or sale of nursery stock, any injurious insect or plant diseases, he shall notify in writing to that effect the owner or person having charge of the premises, and shall withhold his certificate, hereinafter provided for, until the premises are freed from such injurious insect or plant disease, as hereinafter provided. It shall be unlawful for any person after receiving such notice to ship or deliver or cause to be shipped or delivered any nursery stock from such aforesaid premises.

Section 1494—10b. 1. If the inspector or his deputy shall find, on examination, any nursery, orchard, small fruit plantation, park, cemetery or any private or public premises infested with injurious insects or plant diseases, he shall notify the owner or person having charge of such premises to that effect, and the owner or person having charge of the premises shall, within ten days after such notice, cause the removal and destruction of such trees, plants, shrubs or other plant material if they are incapable of successful treatment; otherwise, such owner shall cause them to be treated as the inspector may direct. No damage shall be awarded to the owner for the loss of infested or infected trees, plants, shrubs or other material under the provisions of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes.

2. In case the owner or person in charge of such premises shall refuse or neglect to carry out the orders of the inspector within ten days after receiving written notice, the inspector may proceed to treat or destroy the infested or infected plants or plant material. The expense thereof shall be assessed, collected and enforced against the premises, upon which such expense was incurred, as taxes are assessed, collected and enforced. The amount of such expense when collected shall be paid to and become a part of the fund used to enforce the provisions of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes.

Section 1494—10c. 1. Persons desiring to sell or ship nursery stock shall make application in writing before July first of each year, to the state nursery inspector for inspection of their stock. Persons failing to comply with this section shall be liable for extra charges to cover traveling expenses of the inspector.

2. Every person receiving directly or indirectly any nursery stock from foreign countries shall notify the inspector of the arrival of such shipment, the contents thereof and the name of the consignor; and shall hold such shipment unopened until duly inspected or released by the inspector. In case any infested or infected stock is discovered in such shipment, the shipment shall be subject to the provisions of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes.

Section 1494—10d. 1. The inspector shall cause to be issued to owners of any nursery in the state after the stock has been officially inspected, as hereinbefore provided, and found to be apparently free from injurious insects or plant diseases, a certificate stating that such inspection has been had as required by law and the number of acres or fraction thereof inspected. Said certificates shall be valid not to exceed one year from October first.

2. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, to offer for sale or to remove or ship from a nursery or other premises, any nursery stock unless such stock has been officially inspected and a certificate or permit has been granted by the inspector, as hereinbefore provided.

Section 1494—10e. 1. All dealers as defined in subdivision (f) of section 1494—1 of the statutes, located either within or without the state, engaged in selling nursery stock in this state, or soliciting orders for nursery stock within this state, shall secure a dealer's certificate by furnishing a sworn affidavit that he will buy and sell only stock which has been duly inspected and certified by an official state inspector; and that he will maintain with the inspector a list of all sources from which he secures his stock.

2. Nurserymen, dealers or other persons residing or doing business outside the state desiring to solicit orders for nursery stock in the state shall, upon filing a certified copy of their original state certificate with the inspector of this state, be entitled to a certificate permitting such persons to solicit orders for nursery stock in this state.

3. All agents as defined in subdivision (g) of section 1494—1 of the statutes, selling nursery stock, or soliciting orders for nursery stock, for any nurseryman or dealer located within the state or outside the state, shall be required to secure and carry an agent's certificate bearing a copy of the certificate held by the principal. Said agent's certificate shall be issued only by the Wisconsin inspector to agents authorized by their principal or upon request of their principal. Names and addresses of such agents shall not be divulged by the inspector or by the board.

4. The inspector shall at any time have the power to revoke any certificate for sufficient cause, including any violation of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes, or non-conformity with any rule or regulation promulgated under said sections.

Sections 1494—10f. 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to wilfully misrepresent to any person the grade, character, variety, or quality of stock in a nursery, or of stock offered for sale by any nurseryman, dealer, or agent, or to make a false declaration of acreage or to cause any concealment of stock from inspection.

2. Every person selling nursery stock in the state shall, upon request of the inspector, furnish said inspector with copies of his order forms, contracts and agreements with his customers, which are furnished for the use of agents or customers or both.

Section 1494—10g. 1. Every person who shall engage in the selling and shipping of nursery stock in the state shall attach on the outside of each package, box, bale, or carload lot so shipped or otherwise delivered, a tag or poster on which shall appear an exact copy of his valid certificate. The use of tags or posters bearing an invalid or altered certificate and the misuse of any valid certificate tag is hereby prohibited.

2. It shall be unlawful for any person to accept for shipment any nursery stock without a valid certificate plainly affixed on the outside of the package, bale, box or car containing the same, showing that the contents have been duly inspected by an official state or federal inspector. In case any nursery stock is shipped in this state, or into this state from another state, country or province, without the aforesaid valid certificate plainly affixed, the fact must be promptly reported to the state nursery inspector by the person carrying the same, stating the consignor and the consignee and the nature of the shipment.

Section 1494—10h. 1. Any person affected by any order of the inspector may appeal therefrom to the department within five days of the service of such order upon him, setting forth in writing specifically and in full detail the order on which a hearing is desired, and every reason why such order is deemed to be unreasonable.

2. On receipt of such appeal the department shall with reasonable promptness order a hearing thereon and consider and determine the matters in question. Notice of the time and place of hearing shall be given to the petitioner and to such other persons as the department may direct. Such appeal shall not suspend the operation of the order appealed from unless so ordered

by said department. All hearings of the department shall be open to the public.

3. Deputy inspectors shall receive not to exceed five dollars per diem and in addition thereto their actual and necessary traveling expenses while actually engaged in the discharge of their duties.

Section 1494—10i. 1. Any person violating any provision of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes, or any rule or regulation promulgated under the authority of said sections, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined by a sum of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for each offense.

2. It shall be the duty of each district attorney to whom the state inspector or his deputy shall present satisfactory evidence of violation of any provision of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, of the statutes, to prosecute without delay each such violation in the proper court.

SECTION 5. There is annually appropriated, beginning July 1, 1915, forty thousand dollars, payable from any moneys in the general fund not otherwise appropriated, to the department of agriculture for administration purposes in carrying out the powers, duties and functions conferred by law upon said department.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication, but all boards and bodies whose functions and duties are transferred to the department of agriculture shall continue to administer their respective departments until the commissioner of agriculture is appointed and qualifies, and the state live stock sanitary board herein abolished shall continue in existence until the state live stock sanitary board herein created opens its first meeting.

Approved July 19, 1915.

No. 92, S.]

[Published July 22, 1915.

## CHAPTER 414.

AN ACT to repeal sections 94—20, 94—21, 94—22, 94—23, 94—24, 94—25, 94—26 and 94—27 of the statutes relating to election pamphlet.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

Section 1. Sections 94—20, 94—21, 94—22, 94—23, 94—24, 94—25, 94—26 and 94—27 of the statutes are hereby repealed.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved July 19, 1915.