

escape, or shall resist any officer or person while engaged in * * * *holding or conveying* any such prisoner through this state shall be liable to the same penalties as now provided by the laws of this state against persons aiding prisoners to escape or resisting officers of this state.

SECTION 2. A new section of the statutes is created to read: Section 4853a. The officers of all other states, territories or countries are given the right to hold and convey all persons in their custody and charged with crime in their states into and through the state of Wisconsin. It shall be a sufficient answer to a writ of habeas corpus sued out in this state by any such person in custody of an officer of such other state that the officer holds such person in custody by authority of a warrant or a commitment of such other state, a copy of which warrant or commitment shall be attached to the answer of such officer. This act does not apply to the officers of any state, territory or country whose laws do not give officers of Wisconsin the right to convey and to hold in custody persons who are charged with crime in Wisconsin while within the borders of such other state, territory or country.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 3, 1917.

No. 286, S.]

[Published May 8, 1917.

CHAPTER 164

AN ACT to repeal section 4438a of the statutes and to create section 4438a of the statutes, relating to the giving of checks, or drafts, on any bank or other depository, wherein the person so giving such checks or drafts, shall not have sufficient funds or credit for the payment of same, and providing a penalty.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 4438a of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 2. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 4438a. 1. Any person who, with intent to defraud, shall make or draw, or utter or deliver, any checks, drafts, or order, for the payment of money, upon any bank or other depository, knowing at the time of such making, drawing, uttering or delivering, that the maker, or drawer, has not sufficient funds in, or credit with, such bank or other depository, for the payment of such check, draft, or order, in full, upon its presentation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and punishable by im-

prisonment for not more than one year, or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or both fine and imprisonment.

2. As against the maker or drawer thereof, the making, drawing, uttering or delivering of a check, draft or order, payment of which is refused by the drawee, shall be prima facie evidence of intent to defraud and of knowledge of insufficient funds in, or credit with, such bank or other depository, provided such maker or drawer shall not have paid the drawee thereof the amount due thereon, together with all costs and protest fees, within five days after receiving notice that such check, draft or order has not been paid by the drawee.

3. The word "credit" as used herein, shall be construed to mean an arrangement or understanding with the bank or depository, for the payment of such check, draft or order.

SECTION 3. This act takes effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 3, 1917.

No. 313, S.]

[Published May 8, 1917.]

CHAPTER 165

AN ACT to amend section 432 of the statutes, relating to school district boards and the manner of calling meetings of such boards.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 432 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 432. The director, treasurer and clerk shall constitute the district board. *In all joint school districts containing a city of the fourth class, or an incorporated village, said district board shall meet on the day following each annual district meeting at the hour of eight o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the place where the preceding annual meeting was held, and by resolution fix the time and place for holding stated and regular meetings of the board during the ensuing year. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and all business transacted pertaining to the district at any such regular meeting shall be lawful, but special meetings of the board may be called by any two members thereof by serving on the other member a written notice of the time and place of such meeting at least twenty-four hours before such meeting is to take place. No act authorized to be done by the board shall be valid unless voted at its meeting and no formal notice of a special meeting shall be required where all members are present and consent to consider matters relating to the district. In*