

fection by *Puccinis graminis*, commonly called black stem rust of grain, but not including Japanese barberry, *B. thunbergii*, which does not propagate the rust.

(4) The penalties provided in section 1494—10i and all other applicable provisions of sections 1494—1 to 1494—10i, inclusive, shall govern and apply to the enforcement of this section.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 15, 1919.

No. 284, S.]

[Published May 19, 1919.

## CHAPTER 190.

AN ACT to amend section 2546f of the statutes, relating to stenographic reporter for grand juries.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 2546f of the statutes is amended to read: Section 2546f. Every grand jury shall have the power in addition to the appointment of one of their own number to be their clerk, as now provided by law, when ordered by the judge ordering such grand jury, to employ a competent stenographic reporter to attend all their sessions and to take down in shorthand a complete report of all proceedings had before them, and such stenographic notes shall, as soon as convenient, be transcribed into long hand by such reporter and deposited with the attorney-general or with the district attorney of the county or both as the grand jury may direct. Before assuming the duties herein prescribed such reporter shall make and file an oath faithfully to report and transcribe all the proceedings before such grand jury and to keep inviolate the secrecy required by law to be kept relative to such proceedings. He shall be paid out of the county treasury of the county in which the service is rendered such sum as shall be audited and allowed by the court ordering said grand jury, not to exceed \* \* \* ten dollars per day for each day actually engaged before the grand jury as such stenographic reporter, and for transcribing his notes the fees \* \* \* prescribed by law for similar services in courts of record. Such stenographic reporter may at his own expense employ the assistance of a competent typewriter operator in transcribing his notes of the testimony and proceedings of said grand jury, but before entering upon his duties hereunder such typewriter operator shall be required to make and file an oath similar to that required

of such reporter. The accounts of such stenographic reporter shall be approved by the presiding judge of the court ordering said grand jury.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 15, 1919.

No. 298, S.]

[Published May 19, 1919.

## CHAPTER 191.

AN ACT to repeal subsection (3) of section 41.16 and to create a new subsection of said section to be numbered (3), relating to the rate of tax levied for vocational education, and to amend subsection (3) of section 926—11 of the statutes, relating to bond issuance under special charter.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Subsection (3) of section 41.16 of the statutes is hereby repealed.

SECTION 2. A new subsection is added to section 41.16 of the statutes to read: (41.16) (3) The rate of tax levied for the purposes of sections 41.13 to 41.21, inclusive, in any town, village or city shall not in any one year exceed three-fourths mill for the maintenance of all schools created under said sections. Whenever the local board of industrial education in any city of the first class shall deem it necessary to erect new buildings, or to make additions to old buildings, or to purchase sites for such schools or additions to old sites, and a natatorium or natatoria in connection therewith, whenever directed by a resolution of the common council to erect a natatorium or natatoria as a part of such building or buildings, said board may, by a majority vote of the members thereof, send a communication to the common council of such city, stating the amount of funds needed for any of said purposes, or any two or more of said purposes combined, requesting said common council to issue vocational school bonds for any of said purposes, or any two or more of said purposes combined, and thereafter said common council may, in its discretion, cause said vocational school bonds to be issued for any of said purposes or any two or more of said purposes combined, in the same manner as other bonds are issued in such city, except that such bonds need not be submitted to a vote of the people unless the petition of the voters authorized in subsection 7 of section 943 of the statutes shall be filed as therein provided. Whenever said bonds are issued for any two of said purposes