school days shall be counted although no school be taught; but school taught on a legal school * * holiday shall not be counted for two school days. * * * The first day of January, the thirtieth of May, the fourth day of July, all days declared to be holidays by proclamation of the president of the United States or the governor of this state, and the twenty-fifth day of December are legal holidays for schools. Not to exceed five Saturdays may be legally counted in any school year when school is actually taught with the consent of the school board or the board of education. The board may give to any teacher employed, without deduction from his wages, the whole or any part of any time spent by him in attending the sessions of any institute held in the county embracing any part of the district, in attending a school board convention, or in attending the meeting of any teachers' association, upon such teacher furnishing to the clerk, to be filed by him, a certificate of regular attendance on such institute, school board convention, or teachers' association, signed by the person conducting the institute or convention or by the secretary of the association. All Saturdays regularly taught as other school days at any time during the school year ending June 30th, 1919, shall be counted with other school days as regulary taught and report made accordingly and all acts of school boards in paying out or having paid out school funds for such days taught are hereby legalized.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 4, 1919.

No. 491, A.]

[Published June 7, 1919.

CHAPTER 284. ·

AN ACT to renumber section 925—52i to be subsection 1 of said section and to create subsection 2 of section 925—52i of the statutes, relating to the police pension fund.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 925—52i of the statutes is renumbered subsection 1 of said section.

SECTION 2. A new subsection is added to section 925—52i of the statutes to read: (Section 925—52i) 2. The council of any city of the second or third class may, during any year in which retail liquor licenses are not granted in any such city, appropriate to the police pension fund thereof the same amount of money that such fund received from the proceeds of liquor

licenses during the year in which such licenses were last granted in said city.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 4, 1919.

No. 493, A.]

[Published June 7, 1919.

CHAPTER 285.

AN ACT to create section 925—46t of the statutes, relating to printing of council proceedings of certain cities.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. A new section is added to the statutes to read: Section 925—46t. In any city of the second, third, or fourth class, the official proceedings of regular and special meetings of the city council shall be published, in some newspaper printed in said city, in such manner as the city council shall direct.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 4, 1919.

No. 520, A.]

[Published June 7, 1919.

CHAPTER 286.

AN ACT to create subsection (23) of section 2982 of the statutes, relating to property exempt from execution.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. A new subsection is added to section 2982 of the statutes to read: (Section 2982) (23) All liberty bonds, thrift stamps, war savings stamps and victory notes, or either or any thereof, held by any person, to the value of two hundred dollars in the aggregate.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 4, 1919.