

3. *Every corporation or association in existence at the time of the passage of this act, which is affected by any provision hereof, shall have until July 1, 1922, to comply with such provision; and any such corporation or association, which is required by any provisions of sections 1786e—1 to 1786e—17, inclusive, to file an amendment to its articles of incorporation, shall have until said date to file such an amendment. Neither the secretary of state nor the register of deeds shall charge any fee for filing such an amendment.*

4. *Any person who violates subsection 1 of this section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment; and any corporation which violates said subsection shall have its right to do business in this state revoked in a proceeding brought in any circuit court by the attorney-general.*

5. *Any association organized under sections 1786e—1 to 1786e—17, inclusive, which shall violate any provision of said sections or of the general corporation law applicable to such association shall have its right to do business in this state revoked in a proceeding brought in any circuit court by the attorney-general; and any foreign corporation admitted to business in this state upon the conditions specified in this section, which shall commit a breach of any such condition after its admission to business in this state, shall have its license to do business in this state revoked in a proceeding brought in any circuit court by the attorney-general.*

6. *The department of markets shall, upon request, assist the attorney-general in the enforcement of this section.*

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved July 6, 1921.

No. 560, A.]

[Published July 12, 1921.

CHAPTER 491.

AN ACT to amend subsection (2) of section 20.60, subsection 3 and paragraph (6) of subsection 10 of section 1492b and subsection 5r of section 1492ab, and to create paragraph (9) of subsection 10 of section 1492b of the statutes, relating to compensation for slaughter of diseased animals.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subsection (2) of section 20.60, subsection 3 and paragraph (6) of subsection 10 of section 1492b and subsection 5r of section 1492ab of the statutes are amended to read: (20.60) (2) On July 1, 1919, not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars, and on July 1, 1920, not to exceed two hundred twenty-five thousand dollars, for payment of indemnities to the owners of diseased animals condemned and slaughtered by order of the live stock sanitary board, subject to the conditions prescribed in section * * * 1492b. * * *

(Section 1492b) 3. In making the appraisal of diseased animals, the appraisers shall determine their value in the condition in which they are found at the time of the appraisal; but the appraised value of no single animal shall exceed the actual market value thereof at the time of such appraisal. The appraisers shall immediately make a verified report to the justices of the peace, giving the number of animals appraised, and the amount each animal was valued at. *All such claims shall be subject to the conditions prescribed in section 1492b. For each animal condemned and ordered slaughtered the department of agriculture may on behalf of the state, in case the salvage is remitted to the state, authorize the payment to the owner of a sum equal to the amount received for the salvage of the animal after the freight and cost of handling is deducted plus one-half of the difference between the net amount of salvage and the amount at which the animal is appraised. In no case shall the payment made additional to the net salvage exceed ninety dollars for a registered, pure-bred animal and forty dollars for a non-registered animal. When in the opinion of the state veterinarian, an animal is of sufficient value for breeding purposes to make it profitable to place it in quarantine on the premises leased or owned by the state, the owner may receive as salvage a sum equal to the live weight price on the day of appraisal plus the indemnity payment as provided in this section. In making the appraisal of horses found diseased with glanders, equine pernicious anaemia or dourine, the owner shall receive one-half of the appraised value which in no case shall exceed one hundred and fifty dollars. The department of agriculture shall dispose of reacting animals in a manner most advantageous to the state, and may pay a sum not to exceed the total amount received during the year as payment for handling reactors for care, pasturage, feeding of such animals, and for renting and handling farm lands to be used for that*

purpose. The department may also allow the owner to ship the cattle under such regulations as it may prescribe to abattoirs operated under federal meat inspection. The net salvage obtained by the owner when submitted to the department on blanks and under regulations prescribed by it shall be used as a basis of payment as prescribed in this section, but in such instances no payment shall be made as salvage. The live stock sanitary board of the department of agriculture may co-operate and arrange with county boards, municipalities, and the United States department of agriculture in the eradication of tuberculosis so that each may pay and contribute such a part of the cost of eradication or indemnity as may be satisfactory to the live stock sanitary board. County boards are authorized to appropriate funds for such purposes, but such funds shall be expended under the direction of the live stock sanitary board.

When in the opinion of the commissioner of agriculture, it is advisable to slaughter animals for demonstration purposes, the owner shall receive from the state the agreed live weight price of the animals plus one-half of the difference between the net amount of the salvage and the amount at which the animal was appraised, not to exceed ninety dollars for a registered pure-bred animal or forty dollars for a non-registered animal.

(10) (6) When the animal slaughtered shall have been brought into the state within one year prior to such slaughter, * * * and has not passed successfully a tuberculin test during that period prior to the one in which the reaction took place and after the test conducted at the time when the animal was brought into the state.

(Section 1492ab) 5r. Any person, firm, or corporation, who shall * * * bring into this state, or transport or remove from one part of the state to another, or receive in charge, or exhibit at any fair, any animal afflicted with or that has been exposed to any contagious or infectious disease, except as authorized by the rules, regulations, or orders of the department of agriculture, commissioner of agriculture, or state live stock sanitary board; or who, knowing or having reason to suspect that there is any such animal upon his premises or upon any premises of which he has control, shall fail to report such fact as required by law, or who shall attempt to conceal the existence of such disease upon such premises, or who shall permit such animal to run at large or come in contact with other animals susceptible to such disease; or

who shall violate any provision of this section or any rule, regulation or order issued pursuant thereto by the department of agriculture, commissioner of agriculture, or state live stock sanitary board, shall be liable to any person injured thereby for the damages by him sustained, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and the criminal penalty herein prescribed shall be cumulative for each animal involved in such violation.

SECTION 2. A new paragraph is added to subsection 10 of section 1492b to read: (Section 1492b) (10) (9) Where the owner has received indemnity as a result of a former inspection and has thereafter introduced into his herd any bovine animal which has not passed a tuberculin test approved by the state department of agriculture.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved July 5, 1921.

No. 588, A.]

[Published July 12, 1921.]

CHAPTER 492.

AN ACT to amend subsection (1) of section 20.21 of the statutes, relating to the state superintendent, and making an appropriation.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subsection (1) of section 20.21 of the statutes is amended to read: (20.21) (1) Annually, beginning July 1, * * * 1921, * * * *one hundred ten thousand* * * * dollars, for the execution of his functions. Of this there is allotted:

(a) To the state superintendent an annual salary of five thousand dollars.

(b) Not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars to carry out the provisions of subsection (8) of 14.57.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon July 1, 1921.

Approved July 5, 1921.