the municipality and, in cities under the commission form of government, one of said commissioners, shall be an additional member of said board. Not more than one member of the council or county, village or town board shall at any one time be a member of the library board. No compensation shall be paid to the members of any municipal library board for their services as such but they may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in performing duties outside the municipality if so authorized by the board.

Approved May 27, 1943.

No. 544, A.]

[Published May 29, 1943.

## CHAPTER 228.

AN ACT to amend 252.15 (1) of the statutes, relating to the powers and duties of court commissioners.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

252.15 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

252.15 (1) Every court commissioner may issue subpoenas for witnesses and attachments and other process to compel their attendance, administer oaths, take depositions and testimony in civil actions when authorized by law or by rule or order of any court having jurisdiction of such actions, and return and report such depositions and testimony; take and certify the acknowledgments of deeds and other instruments in writing, state accounts between parties referred to him by order of court, determine upon the amount and sufficiency of bail, allow writs of habeas corpus, certiorari and ne exeat, alternative writs of mandamus and grant injunctional orders excepting in the class of cases mentioned in 举 \* \* section 133.07 (2); may exercise within his county, or at his office located in a city or village within an adjoining county as hereinafter provided, the powers conferred by section 269.29, and perform such other duties as may be required of him by the circuit court, or as are necessary and proper for the full exercise of the powers hereby granted: and shall also have power concurrent with but not exceeding that of a judge of the circuit court at chambers to punish as for contempt for disobedience of any lawful order made by himself in supple-

## LAWS OF WISCONSIN—CH. 228

mentary and other proceedings and matters properly and lawfully instituted or pending before him; subject, however, to review in all cases by the circuit court as provided by law and the rules and practices of the court, except when such powers shall be exercised in an action pending in another court of record of the county for which said court commissioner shall have been appointed and acting and in such case the review shall be by the court in which the action is pending; provided, however, that in any county constituting an entire judicial circuit, whenever any party is charged with contempt for disobedience of any order or direction made by a court commissioner in supplementary proceedings, such court commissioner shall order such party to appear in the court in which the judgment was entered upon which such order or direction was based, and there show cause why such party should not be punished for such alleged contempt; provided, further, that such order citing the party who is charged with contempt, to appear before the court, shall be served by the sheriff. He shall keep a record of all proceedings before him and at the expiration of his term of office shall deposit such record and all papers remaining on file with him in the office of the clerk of the circuit court. Every court commissioner residing in a city or village which is situated partly in one county and partly in an adjoining county, who shall reside in that part of the city or village situated in one of such counties and maintain an office for the transaction of business in that part of the city or village located in such adjoining county, may in actions and proceedings pending in a court in the county of his residence make orders, administer oaths, take depositions, conduct examination and supplementary proceedings, and exercise all other powers and perform all other duties conferred upon him by law at his office in that part of the city or village located in such county adjoining the county in which he resides, and may issue subpoends, orders, attachments and other process to compel the attendance of parties and witnesses at his office, and may set any hearing or other proceeding which may properly come before him for hearing either at such residence or such office. Every court commissioner residing in any county in this state in which the county court has civil jurisdiction, shall have the same powers in any civil action in such county court as he would have if such action were pending in the circuit court for such county.

Approved May 27, 1943.