State of Misconsin



1997 Assembly Bill 830

Date of enactment: **April 20, 1998** Date of publication*: **May 4, 1998**

1997 WISCONSIN ACT 145

AN ACT *to repeal* 224.70, 224.71 (1r) (b) and 224.72 (5) (b) 2.; *to renumber and amend* 224.71 (1r) (a), 224.71 (2), 224.72 (4) (intro.), 224.72 (4) (a), 224.72 (4) (b), 224.72 (4) (c) and 224.72 (5) (b) 1.; *to amend* subchapter II (title) of chapter 224 [precedes 224.70], 224.71 (3) (a) 3., 224.72 (ittle), 224.72 (1m), 224.72 (2) (intro.), 224.72 (2) (b), 224.72 (3), 224.72 (5) (a), 224.73, 224.74 (ittle), 224.74 (2) (a), 224.74 (2) (b), 224.75 (ittle), 224.75 (1) (title), 224.75 (1) (a), 224.75 (1) (b) (intro.), 224.75 (1) (c) (intro.), 224.75 (2), 224.75 (3), 224.75 (4), 224.75 (5), 224.76, 224.77 (title), 224.77 (1) (b) (intro.), 224.77 (1) (c) (intro.), 224.77 (1) (f), 224.77 (1) (h), 224.77 (1) (i), 224.77 (2), 224.71 (3), 224.77 (4), 224.77 (5) (a), 224.78, 224.80 (2) (intro.), 224.74 (1); and *to create* 224.71 (1b), 224.71 (1c), 224.71 (3) (b) 6., 224.71 (5), 224.72 (4) (a) 1. a. to d., 224.72 (4) (a) 3., 224.77 (6) of the statutes; **relating to:** registration requirements for loan originators, mortgage bankers and mortgage brokers, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, granting rule–making authority and providing a penalty.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subchapter II (title) of chapter 224 [precedes 224.70] of the statutes is amended to read:

CHAPTER 224

SUBCHAPTER II MORTGAGE BANKERS, LOAN ORIGINATORS AND LOAN SOLICITORS <u>MORTGAGE BROKERS</u>

SECTION 2. 224.70 of the statutes is repealed. SECTION 3. 224.71 (1b) of the statutes is created to read:

224.71 (1b) "Bona fide office" of a mortgage banker or mortgage broker means an office that meets all of the following conditions:

(a) Is located in this state.

- (b) Has regular hours of operation.
- (c) Is accessible to the public.
- (d) Serves as an office for the transaction of business.

(e) Is staffed by an individual registered under this subchapter who is an employe of the mortgage banker or mortgage broker and is not shared with another business.

(f) Is separate from the offices of other entities.

(g) Contains the books and records of the mortgage banker or mortgage broker, or copies of the books and records, unless the mortgage banker or mortgage broker has agreed to furnish copies of its books and records, as soon as practicable, upon the request of the division.

SECTION 4. 224.71 (1c) of the statutes is created to read:

224.71 (1c) "Division" means the division of banking.

^{*} Section 991.11, WISCONSIN STATUTES 1995–96: Effective date of acts. "Every act and every portion of an act enacted by the legislature over the governor's partial veto which does not expressly prescribe the time when it takes effect shall take effect on the day after its date of publication as designated" by the secretary of state [the date of publication may not be more than 10 working days after the date of enactment].

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SECTION 5. 224.71 (1r) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 224.71 (1r) and amended to read:

224.71 (**1r**) "Loan originator" means a person who is not excluded by par. (b) and who, on behalf of a mort-gage banker or mortgage broker, finds a loan or negotiates a land contract, loan or commitment for a loan.

SECTION 6. 224.71 (1r) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27, is repealed.

SECTION 7. 224.71 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27, is renumbered 224.71 (4), and 224.71 (4) (a) and (b) (intro.), as renumbered, are amended to read:

224.71 (4) (a) "Loan solicitor" "Mortgage broker" means a person who is not excluded by par. (b) and who, on behalf of a loan applicant or an investor and for commission, money or other thing of value, finds a loan or negotiates a land contract, loan or commitment for a loan <u>or engages in table funding</u>.

(b) (intro.) "Loan solicitor" "Mortgage broker" does not include any of the following:

SECTION 8. 224.71 (3) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

224.71 (3) (a) 3. Services loans or land contracts or provides escrow services, for another person and for commission, money or other thing of value.

SECTION 9. 224.71 (3) (b) 6. of the statutes is created to read:

224.71 (3) (b) 6. A person who originates, sells, or services loans only with the person's own funds for the person's own investment and the person has originated, sold or serviced no more than 4 loans during the previous 12 months.

SECTION 10. 224.71 (5) of the statutes is created to read:

224.71 (5) "Table funding" means a transaction in which a person conducts a loan closing in the person's name with funds provided by a 3rd party and the person assigns the loan to the 3rd party within 24 hours of the loan closing.

SECTION 11. 224.72 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.72 (title) Registration of mortgage bankers, loan originators and loan solicitors mortgage brokers.

SECTION 12. 224.72 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.72 (1m) REGISTRATION REQUIRED. A person may not act as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker, use the title "mortgage banker", "loan originator" or "loan solicitor" "mortgage broker", or advertise or otherwise portray himself or herself as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker, unless the person has been issued a certificate of registration from the department division.

SECTION 13. 224.72 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

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224.72 (2) APPLYING FOR REGISTRATION. (intro.) A person desiring to act as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker shall apply for a certificate of registration to the department division on forms prescribed by the department division and shall pay the fee specified in rules promulgated under sub. (8) (a). An application shall satisfy all of the following:

SECTION 14. 224.72 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.72 (2) (b) *Identity of partner, member or officer.* If the applicant is a partnership, limited liability company or corporation, the application shall identify each partner, member or officer who will use the title "mortgage banker", "loan originator" or "loan solicitor" <u>"mortgage broker"</u>.

SECTION 15. 224.72 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.72 (3) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT FOR LOAN ORIGINATOR APPLICANT. In addition to the requirements of sub. (2), an applicant for registration as a loan originator shall include in the application the name of the mortgage banker or mortgage broker who will employ the loan originator.

SECTION 16. 224.72 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 224.72 (4) (a) (intro.) and amended to read:

224.72 (4) (a) (title) <u>With a bona fide office.</u> (intro.) In addition to the requirements of sub. (2), an applicant for registration as a mortgage banker <u>who maintains a</u> <u>bona fide office</u> shall do <u>at least</u> one of the following:

SECTION 17. 224.72 (4) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 224.72 (4) (a) 1. (intro.) and amended to read:

224.72 (4) (a) 1. 'Approval by federal agency.' (intro.) Submit evidence which shows, to the department's <u>division's</u> satisfaction, that the federal department of housing and urban development has <u>one or more of the</u> <u>following have</u> approved the applicant as a mortgagee-:

SECTION 18. 224.72 (4) (a) 1. a. to d. of the statutes are created to read:

224.72 (4) (a) 1. a. The federal department of housing and urban development.

b. The Federal National Mortgage Association.

c. The Government National Mortgage Association.

d. The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.

SECTION 19. 224.72 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

224.72 (4) (a) 3. 'Other bond or guarantee.' File a personal bond or 3rd-party guarantee in the amount of \$25,000 in a form acceptable to the division and secured by one of the following forms of security:

a. A certificate of deposit.

b. A debt security acceptable to the division.

c. An irrevocable bank letter of credit issued by a financial institution that is authorized to do business in this state or that is federally chartered.

SECTION 20. 224.72 (4) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 224.72 (4) (a) 2. and amended to read:

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224.72 (4) (a) 2. 'File a bond.' File with the department a division a commercial surety bond which is in the amount of \$25,000, is furnished issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state and is approved by the department, secures the applicant's faithful performance of all duties and obligations of a mortgage banker, is payable to the division for the benefit of persons to whom the mortgage banker provided services as a mortgage banker, is issued on a form that is acceptable to the division and provides that the bond may not be terminated without at least 30 days' written notice to the division.

SECTION 21. 224.72 (4) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 224.72 (4) (a) 4. and amended to read:

224.72 (4) (a) 4. 'Minimum net worth.' Submit evidence that establishes, to the department's division's satisfaction, a minimum net worth of \$25,000 and a warehouse line of credit of not less than \$250,000 or a minimum net worth of \$100,000. Evidence of net worth shall include the submission of a balance sheet that is accompanied by a written statement by an independent certified public accountant attesting that he or she has reviewed the balance sheet in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

SECTION 22. 224.72 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

224.72 (4) (d) *Without a bona fide office*. In addition to the requirements of sub. (2), an applicant for registration as a mortgage banker who does not maintain a bona fide office shall do all of the following:

1. 'File a bond.' File with the division a commercial surety bond that is in the amount of \$300,000, is issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state, secures the applicant's faithful performance of all duties and obligations of a mortgage banker, is payable to the division for the benefit of persons to whom the mortgage banker provided services as a mortgage banker, is issued on a form that is acceptable to the division and provides that the bond may not be terminated without at least 30 days' written notice to the division.

2. 'Minimum net worth.' Submit evidence that establishes, to the division's satisfaction, a minimum net worth of \$250,000. Evidence of net worth shall include the submission of a balance sheet that is accompanied by a written statement by an independent certified public accountant attesting that he or she has reviewed the balance sheet in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

SECTION 23. 224.72 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:

224.72 (**4m**) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT FOR MORT-GAGE BROKER APPLICANT. (a) *With a bona fide office*. In addition to the requirements of sub. (2), an applicant for registration as a mortgage broker who maintains a bona fide office shall do at least one of the following: 1. 'File a bond.' File with the division a commercial surety bond that is in the amount of \$10,000, is issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state,

a survey company authorized to do business in this state, secures the applicant's faithful performance of all duties and obligations of a mortgage broker, is payable to the division for the benefit of persons to whom the mortgage broker provided services as a mortgage broker, is issued on a form that is acceptable to the division and provides that the bond may not be terminated without at least 30 days' written notice to the division.

2. 'Other bond or guarantee.' File a personal bond or 3rd-party guarantee in the amount of \$10,000 in a form acceptable to the division and secured by one of the following forms of security:

a. A certificate of deposit.

b. A debt security acceptable to the division.

c. An irrevocable bank letter of credit issued by a financial institution that is authorized to do business in this state or that is federally chartered.

3. 'Minimum net worth.' Submit evidence that establishes, to the division's satisfaction, a minimum net worth of \$100,000. Evidence of net worth shall include the submission of a balance sheet that is accompanied by a written statement by an independent certified public accountant attesting that he or she has reviewed the balance sheet in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(b) *Without a bona fide office.* In addition to the requirements of sub. (2), an applicant for registration as a mortgage broker who does not maintain a bona fide office shall do all of the following:

1. 'File a bond.' File with the division a commercial surety bond that is in the amount of \$120,000, is issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state, secures the applicant's faithful performance of all duties and obligations of a mortgage broker, is payable to the division for the benefit of persons to whom the mortgage broker provided services as a mortgage broker, is issued on a form that is acceptable to the division and provides that the bond may not be terminated without at least 30 days' written notice to the division.

2. 'Minimum net worth.' Submit evidence that establishes, to the division's satisfaction, a minimum net worth of \$250,000. Evidence of net worth shall include the submission of a balance sheet that is accompanied by a written statement by an independent certified public accountant attesting that he or she has reviewed the balance sheet in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

SECTION 24. 224.72 (4n) of the statutes is created to read:

224.72 (4n) SECURITY HELD BY THE DIVISION; RE-LEASE. The division or its agent shall hold security filed under subs. (4) (a) 3. and (4m) (a) 2. The security shall -4-

remain in effect, and the division may not release it, until all of the following conditions are met:

(a) A period of 180 days has elapsed since at least one of the following:

1. The date on which the mortgage banker or mortgage broker gives notice to the division that the mortgage banker or mortgage broker is no longer acting as a mortgage banker or mortgage broker.

2. The date on which the mortgage banker's or mortgage broker's registration expires or is revoked.

(b) The division determines that the mortgage banker or mortgage broker is no longer in business.

(c) The division determines that all claims of persons to whom the mortgage banker or mortgage broker provided services as a mortgage banker or mortgage broker have been satisfied.

SECTION 25. 224.72 (4r) of the statutes is created to read:

224.72 (4r) INSUFFICIENT SECURITY; DIVISION ORDER; SUSPENSION OF REGISTRATION. If the division finds that the surety bond, security or insurance policy filed by a mort-gage banker or mortgage broker has been cancelled without the required notice to the division, the division may summarily suspend the mortgage banker's or mortgage broker's registration.

SECTION 26. 224.72 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.72 (5) (a) (title) *Loan originator and loan solicitor*. Upon receiving a properly completed application for registration as a loan originator or loan solicitor and the fee specified in <u>rules promulgated under</u> sub. (8) (a), the department shall <u>division may</u> issue to the applicant a certificate of registration as a loan originator or loan solicitor.

SECTION 27. 224.72 (5) (b) 1. of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Acts 27 and 35, is renumbered 224.72 (5) (b) and amended to read:

224.72 (5) (b) (title) *Mortgage banker <u>and mortgage</u> <u>broker</u>. Upon receiving a properly completed application for registration as a mortgage banker <u>or a mortgage broker</u>, the fee specified in <u>rules promulgated under</u> sub. (8) (b) and satisfactory evidence of compliance with sub<u>subs</u>. (4) <u>and (4m)</u>, the department shall <u>division may</u> issue to the applicant a temporary certificate of registration as a mortgage banker. A temporary certificate of registration is valid for 6 months after the date of issuance or <u>mortgage broker</u>.*

SECTION 28. 224.72(5)(b) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 29. 224.72 (7) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27, is repealed and recreated to read:

224.72 (7) RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION. (a) A loan originator, mortgage broker or mortgage banker shall renew a certificate of registration by submitting to the division a renewal application and the renewal fee specified

in rules promulgated under sub. (8) on or before the renewal date specified in rules promulgated under sub. (8).

(b) An applicant for renewal of a certificate of registration as a mortgage banker shall, as part of the application, do the following:

1. For a mortgage banker who maintains a bona fide office, refile a bond that satisfies sub. (4) (a) 2. or 3. or resubmit evidence that satisfies sub. (4) (a) 1. or 4.

2. For a mortgage banker who does not maintain a bona fide office, refile a bond that satisfies sub. (4) (d) 1. and resubmit evidence that satisfies sub. (4) (d) 2.

(c) An applicant for renewal of a certificate of registration as a mortgage broker shall, as part of the application, do the following:

1. For a mortgage broker who maintains a bona fide office, refile a bond that satisfies sub. (4m) (a) 1. or 2. or resubmit evidence that satisfies sub. (4m) (a) 3.

2. For a mortgage broker who does not maintain a bona fide office, refile a bond that satisfies sub. (4m) (b) 1. and resubmit evidence that satisfies sub. (4m) (b) 2.

SECTION 30. 224.72 (8) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

224.72 (8) REGISTRATION PERIOD; FEES. The division shall promulgate rules establishing the registration period and the registration fees for loan originators, mortgage bankers and mortgage brokers.

SECTION 31. 224.73 of the statutes is amended to read:

224.73 (title) Relationship between loan originator and <u>either a mortgage banker or a mortgage broker</u>. (1) RESPONSIBILITY FOR LOAN ORIGINATOR. A mortgage banker <u>or a mortgage broker</u> is responsible for, and shall supervise the acts of, a loan originator who registers under s. 224.72 (3) as an employe of the mortgage banker or <u>mortgage broker</u>. A mortgage banker or mortgage broker is also responsible for, and shall supervise the acts of, a loan originator or any other person who otherwise acts on behalf of the mortgage banker <u>or the mortgage broker</u>.

(2) RESTRICTION ON LOAN ORIGINATOR. If the department division suspends or revokes a mortgage banker's or a mortgage broker's certificate of registration, a loan originator may not act on behalf of that mortgage banker or mortgage broker during the period of suspension or revocation.

(3) TRANSFER BY LOAN ORIGINATOR. A registered loan originator may at any time apply, on forms prescribed and provided by the department division, to transfer employment to another registered mortgage banker or mortgage broker. The fee for transfer is specified under s. 224.72 (8) (d) and is payable when the loan originator files the application division shall promulgate rules establishing a fee for a transfer application under this subsection.

SECTION 32. 224.74 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.74 (title) Department's <u>Division's</u> review of the operations of a loan solicitor, loan originator, <u>mortgage broker</u> or mortgage banker.

SECTION 33. 224.74 (1) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

224.74 (1) ANNUAL REPORTS; AUDITS. (a) Annual report. Except as provided in par. (b), each year, on a date specified by the division and in a form required by the division, a mortgage banker or mortgage broker shall submit to the division an annual report relating to the mortgage banker's or mortgage broker's operations during its most recently completed fiscal year.

(b) Audit requirement. Each year, no later than 6 months following the end of its most recently completed fiscal year, a mortgage banker or mortgage broker that qualified for registration under s. 224.72 (4) (a) 4. or (d) or (4m) (a) 3. or (b), shall submit a copy of an audit of the mortgage banker's or mortgage broker's operations during that fiscal year. An audit under this paragraph shall be conducted by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The financial statements in the audit report shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(c) Audits requested by the division. The division may request that a mortgage banker or mortgage broker obtain an audit of the mortgage banker's or mortgage broker's operations if the division has reason to believe that the mortgage banker or mortgage broker may not have sufficient financial resources to meet its obligations to its clients or investors or to other persons directly affected by the activities conducted by the mortgage banker or mortgage broker under the certificate of registration granted by the division. If the division requests an audit under this paragraph, the mortgage banker or mortgage broker shall have the audit completed no later than 90 days after the date of the division's request. The mortgage banker or mortgage broker shall submit the audit report to the division no later than 5 days after the date on which the audit is completed. An audit under this paragraph shall be conducted by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The financial statements in the audit report shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

SECTION 34. 224.74 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.74 (2) (a) Conduct of examination and preparation of report. The department division may at any time, on its own motion or upon complaint, examine the books of account, records, condition and affairs of a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker registered under this subchapter. The department division shall prepare a report of each examination conducted under this section. As part of the examination or preparation of the report, the department division may examine under oath any of the members, officers, directors, agents, employes or customers of the mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker. The department division may require a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker who is examined under this paragraph to pay to the department division a reasonable fee for the costs of conducting the examination. If the department requires a fee under this paragraph, the department shall establish the amount of

SECTION 35. 224.74 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

the fee by rule.

224.74 (2) (b) *Confidentiality.* Examination reports and correspondence regarding the reports are confidential, except that the secretary <u>division</u> may release examination reports and correspondence in connection with a disciplinary proceeding conducted by the department <u>division</u>, a liquidation proceeding or a criminal investigation or proceeding.

SECTION 36. 224.75 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.75 (title) Record-keeping requirements for mortgage bankers and loan solicitors mortgage brokers.

SECTION 37. 224.75 (1) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.75 (1) (title) REQUIRED RECORDS; LOAN <u>APPLICA-</u> <u>TION OR SERVICING</u> DOCUMENTS.

SECTION 38. 224.75(1)(a) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.75 (1) (a) *Fee record system*. A mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker shall establish and maintain a record system which shows all fees which a mortgage banker or mortgage broker charged a mortgage loan applicant and or a mortgagor. The record shall show the application or disposition of those fees.

SECTION 39. 224.75 (1) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.75 (1) (b) *Loan application record system*. (intro.) A mortgage banker or *loan solicitor* <u>mortgage broker</u> shall establish and maintain a record system containing all of the following information for each mortgage loan application:

SECTION 40. 224.75 (1) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.75 (1) (c) Loan application documents. (intro.) A mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker shall maintain for each mortgage loan application all of the following documents, if used by the mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker in connection with the mortgage loan application file:

SECTION 41. 224.75 (1) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

224.75 (1) (d) Loan servicing records and documents. A mortgage banker shall maintain for each mort-

gage loan serviced by the mortgage banker a copy of or a record of all correspondence relating to the loan.

SECTION 42. 224.75 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.75 (2) PERIOD OF RECORD RETENTION. A mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker shall keep for at least 25 months copies of all deposit receipts, canceled checks, trust account records, the records which a mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker maintains under sub. (1) (c) or (d) and other relevant documents or correspondence received or prepared by the mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker in connection with a loan or loan application. The retention period begins on the date the loan is closed or, if the loan is not closed, the date of loan application. If the loan is serviced by a mortgage banker, the retention period commences on the date that the loan is paid in full. The mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker shall make the records available for inspection and copying by the department division. If the records are not kept within this state, the mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker shall, upon request of the department division, promptly send exact and complete copies of requested records to the department division.

SECTION 43. 224.75 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.75 (3) CONTENTS OF CREDIT AND APPRAISAL RE-PORTS. (a) *Credit report.* If a mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker charges a loan applicant a separate fee for a credit report, the credit report shall consist, at a minimum, of a written statement indicating the name of the credit reporting agency which investigated the credit history of the applicant.

(b) Appraisal report. If a mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker charges a loan applicant a separate fee for an appraisal report, the appraisal report shall consist, at a minimum, of a written statement indicating the appraiser's opinion of the value of the property appraised for mortgage loan purposes, the basis for that opinion and the name of the person who conducted the appraisal. If requested by a loan applicant, a mortgage banker or mortgage broker shall provide the loan applicant with a copy of any written appraisal report held by the mortgage banker or mortgage broker, if the loan applicant paid a fee for the report and the report relates to residential real estate that the loan applicant owns or has agreed to purchase.

SECTION 44. 224.75 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.75 (4) RESPONSIBILITY FOR FORMS. A mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker is responsible for the preparation and correctness of all entries on forms, documents and records which are under the mortgage banker's or loan solicitor's mortgage broker's control and which are not dependent on information provided by the loan applicant or a 3rd party.

SECTION 45. 224.75 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.75 (5) ACCOUNTING PRACTICES. A mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker shall maintain its books and records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

SECTION 46. 224.76 of the statutes is amended to read:

224.76 (title) Mortgage banker, loan originator and loan solicitor mortgage broker trust accounts. A mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker shall deposit in one or more trust accounts all funds other than nonrefundable fees which it receives on behalf of any person, pending disbursement of the funds in accordance with instructions from the person on whose behalf the funds are deposited. A mortgage banker or loan solicitor may mortgage broker shall maintain trust accounts in a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association or credit union which is authorized to do business in this state or which is federally chartered whose accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration. The mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker shall notify the department division of the location of its trust accounts and shall authorize the department to examine and audit any trust account as the department considers it necessary.

SECTION 47. 224.77 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (title) Discipline of mortgage bankers, loan originators and loan solicitors mortgage brokers.

SECTION 48. 224.77 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (1) PROHIBITED CONDUCT. (intro.) The department division may deny an application submitted to it under s. 224.72, or may revoke, suspend or limit the certificate of registration of a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker, or may reprimand a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker, if it finds that the mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker did any of the following:

SECTION 49. 224.77 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77(1)(a) Made a material misstatement in an application for registration, or in information furnished to the <u>department division</u>.

SECTION 50. 224.77 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (1) (e) Acted for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge and consent of all parties on whose behalf the mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker is acting.

SECTION 51. 224.77 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

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224.77 (1) (f) Accepted a commission, money or other thing of value for performing an act as a loan originator unless the payment is from a mortgage banker or mort-gage broker who is registered under s. 224.72 (3) as employing the loan originator.

SECTION 52. 224.77 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (1) (h) Failed, within a reasonable time, to account for or remit any moneys coming into the mortgage banker's, loan originator's or loan solicitor's mortgage broker's possession which belong to another person.

SECTION 53. 224.77 (1) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (1) (i) Demonstrated a lack of competency to act as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker in a way which safeguards the interests of the public.

SECTION 54. 224.77 (1) (k) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (1) (k) Violated any provision of this subchapter, ch. 138 or any federal or state statute, rule or regulation which relates to practice as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker.

SECTION 55. 224.77 (1) (L) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (1) (L) Engaged in conduct which violates a standard of professional behavior which, through professional experience, has become established for mortgage bankers, loan originators or loan solicitors mortgage brokers.

SECTION 56. 224.77 (1) (o) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (1) (o) In the course of practice as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker, except in relation to housing designed to meet the needs of elderly individuals, treated a person unequally solely because of sex, race, color, handicap, sexual orientation, as defined in s. 111.32 (13m), religion, national origin, age or ancestry, the person's lawful source of income, or the sex or marital status of the person maintaining a household.

SECTION 57. 224.77 (1) (r) of the statutes is created to read:

224.77 (1) (r) Failed to notify the division that the mortgage banker's or mortgage broker's net worth fell below the minimum amount required under s. 224.72 (4) (a) 4. or (d) 2. or (4m) (a) 3. or (b) 2., if the mortgage banker or mortgage broker had qualified for registration under s. 224.72 (4) (a) 4. or (d) or (4m) (a) 3. or (b).

SECTION 58. 224.77 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

224.77 (**1m**) ADMINISTRATIVE FORFEITURE AND HEAR-ING RIGHTS. (a) The division may assess against a person who is registered under this chapter a forfeiture of not more than 1,000 for each violation enumerated under sub. (1) (a) to (o) or (r).

(b) A person may contest an assessment of forfeiture under par. (a) by sending, within 10 days after receipt of notice of the assessment under par. (a), a written request for hearing under s. 227.44 to the division of hearings and appeals created under s. 15.103 (1). The administrator of the division of hearings and appeals may designate a hearing examiner to preside over the case and recommend a decision to the administrator under s. 227.46. The decision of the administrator of the division of hearings and appeals shall be the final administrative decision. The division of hearings and appeals shall commence the hearing within 30 days after receipt of the request for hearing and shall issue a final decision within 15 days after the close of the hearing. Proceedings before the division of hearings and appeals are governed by ch. 227. In any petition for judicial review of a decision by the division of hearings and appeals, the party, other than the petitioner, who was in the proceeding before the division of hearings and appeals shall be the named respondent.

(c) All forfeitures shall be paid to the division of banking within 10 days after receipt of notice of assessment or, if the forfeiture is contested under par. (b), within 10 days after receipt of the final decision after exhaustion of administrative review. The division of banking shall remit all forfeitures paid to the state treasurer for deposit in the school fund.

(d) The attorney general may bring an action in the name of the state to collect any forfeiture imposed under this subsection if the forfeiture has not been paid following the exhaustion of all administrative and judicial reviews. The only issue to be contested in any such action shall be whether the forfeiture has been paid.

SECTION 59. 224.77 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (2) CONDUCT OF OFFICERS, DIRECTORS AND OTHERS. The department division may revoke, suspend or limit a certificate of registration issued under this subchapter or reprimand a mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker registered under this subchapter, if a director, officer, trustee, partner or member of the mortgage banker or loan solicitor mortgage broker or a person who has a financial interest in or is in any way connected with the operation of the mortgage banker's or loan solicitor's mortgage broker's business is guilty of an act or omission which would be cause for refusing to issue a certificate of registration to that individual.

SECTION 60. 224.77 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (3) (title) ORDERS OF THE DEPARTMENT <u>DIVI-</u> <u>SION</u>. (a) Orders to prevent or correct actions. The department <u>division</u> may issue general and special orders necessary to prevent or correct actions by a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor <u>mortgage broker</u> that constitute cause under this section for revoking, suspending or limiting a certificate of registration. - 8 -

(b) *Types of special orders*. Special orders may direct a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker to cease and desist from engaging in a particular activity or may direct the mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker to refund or remit to a loan applicant or borrower amounts that the mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker got from actions which constitute cause under this section for revoking, suspending or limiting a certificate of registration.

(c) *Judicial review*. Orders of the department division are subject to review as provided in ch. 227.

SECTION 61. 224.77 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:

224.77 (**3m**) HEARING RIGHTS FOR REGISTRATION DE-NIAL, REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION. A person whose certificate of registration has been denied, revoked or suspended under this section may request a hearing under s. 227.44 within 30 days after the date of denial, revocation or suspension of the certificate of registration. The division may appoint a hearing examiner under s. 227.46 to conduct the hearing.

SECTION 62. 224.77 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (4) PERIOD OF DISCIPLINARY ACTION; INELIGI-BILITY FOR REGISTRATION. (a) *Period*. Except as provided in par. (b), the department division shall determine in each case the period that a revocation, suspension or limitation of a certificate of registration is effective.

(b) *Ineligibility.* 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., if the department division denies or revokes a certificate of registration under sub. (1), the person is not eligible for a certificate of registration until the expiration of a period which may not exceed 2 years after the effective date of the revocation determined in each case by the division.

2. If the department division revokes a certificate of registration under sub. (1) (p) or (q), the person is not eligible for a certificate of registration until 5 years after the effective date of the revocation.

SECTION 63. 224.77 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.77 (5) (a) *Mandatory revocation or suspension*. Notwithstanding sub. (1) (intro.) and (4), if the department division finds that a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker has violated sub. (1) (p) or (q), the department division shall:

1. For the first offense, suspend the registration of the mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker for not less than 90 days.

2. For the 2nd offense, revoke the registration of the mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker.

SECTION 64. 224.77 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

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224.77 (6) VOLUNTARY SURRENDER. A mortgage banker, loan originator or mortgage broker may voluntarily surrender a registration to the division, but the division may refuse to accept the surrender if the division has received allegations of unprofessional conduct against the mortgage banker, loan originator or mortgage broker. The division may negotiate stipulations in consideration for accepting the surrender of registration.

SECTION 65. 224.78 of the statutes is amended to read:

224.78 Fee splitting. A mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker may not pay a person who is not registered under this subchapter a commission, money or other thing of value for performing an act as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker.

SECTION 66. 224.80 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

224.80 (2) PRIVATE CAUSE OF ACTION. (intro.) A person who is aggrieved by an act which is committed by a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker and which is described in s. 224.77 (1) may recover all of the following in a private action:

SECTION 67. 224.81 of the statutes is amended to read:

224.81 Limitation on actions for commissions and other compensation. A person who is engaged in the business or acting in the capacity of a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker in this state may not bring or maintain an action in this state to collect a commission, money or other thing of value for performing an act as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker without alleging and proving that the person was registered under this subchapter as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage banker, loan originator and proving that the person was registered under this subchapter as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker when the alleged cause of action arose.

SECTION 68. 224.82 of the statutes is amended to read:

224.82 Compensation presumed. In a prosecution arising from a violation of this subchapter, proof that a person acted as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker is sufficient, unless rebutted, to establish that compensation was received by, or promised to, that person.

SECTION 69. 422.501 (2) (b) 8. of the statutes is amended to read:

422.501 (2) (b) 8. A person registered as a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker under s. 224.72 if the person is acting within the course and scope of that registration.

SECTION 70. 708.10 (1) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 35, is amended to read:

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708.10 (1) (c) "Lender" means all lenders identified under s. 706.11 (1), loan solicitors mortgage brokers, as defined under s. 224.71 (2) (4), and savings and loan associations organized under ch. 215, except that "lender" does not include any federal, state or local unit of government or any agency, political subdivision or instrumentality of such a unit of government.

SECTION 71. 943.62 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:

943.62 (**2m**) This section does not apply to a savings and loan association, credit union, bank, savings bank, or a mortgage banker, loan originator or loan solicitor mortgage broker registered under s. 224.72.

SECTION 72. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) EMERGENCY RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY. Using the procedure under section 227.24 of the statutes, the division of banking shall promulgate rules required under sections 224.72 (8) and 224.73 (3) of the statutes, as affected by this act, for the period before permanent rules become effective, but not to exceed the period authorized under section s. 227.24 (1) (c) and (2) of the statutes. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a) and (2) (b) of the statutes, the division need not provide evidence of the necessity of preservation of the public peace, health, safety or welfare in promulgating rules under this subsection.

SECTION 73. Initial applicability.

(1) REGISTRATION OF PERSONS WHO ENGAGE IN TABLE FUNDING. The treatment of section 224.71 (2) (with respect to engaging in table funding) and (5) of the statutes first applies to table funding that occurs on the effective date of this subsection.

(2) OTHER REGISTRATION PROVISIONS. The treatment of sections 224.70, 224.71 (1b), (1c), (1r) (a) and (b), (2) (except with respect to engaging in table funding) and (3) (a) 3. and (b) 6., 224.72 (title), (1m), (2) (intro.) and (b), (3), (4) (intro.), (b), (c) and (d), (4m), (4n), (4r), (5) (a), (b) 1. and 2., (7), (8), 224.73, 224.74 (title), (1), (2) (a) and (b), 224.75 (title), (1) (title), (a), (b) (intro.), (c) (intro.) and (d), (2), (3), (4) and (5), 224.76, 224.77 (title), (1) (intro.), (a), (e), (f), (h), (i), (k), (L), (o) and (r), (1m), (2), (3), (3m), (4), (5) (a) and (6), 224.78, 224.80 (2) (intro.), 224.81, 224.82, 422.501 (2) (b) 8., 708.10 (1) (c) and 943.62 (2m) and subchapter II (title) of chapter 224 of the statutes, the renumbering and amendment of section 224.72 (4) (a) of the statutes and the creation of section 224.72 (4) (a) 1. a. to d. and 3. of the statutes first apply with respect to initial or renewal applications for a registration period after January 1, 1999.