STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

NY RADU. Oct Reg Chapter H 6 No. 226

BARBERS, BARBER SHOPS AND SCHOOLS TEACHING BARBERING

H 6.01	Sanitation	H 6.06	Care of instruments
H 6.02	Practice		Care of combs and brushes
	Use restrictions		Prohibited articles
H 6.04	Toilets		Treatment prohibited
H 6.05	Plumbing	H 6.10	Personal cleanliness

History: Chapter H 6, Barber Shops and Schools Teaching Barbering, consisting of H 6.01 and H 6.02, and Chapter H 7, Barber Schools, con-sisting of H 7.01, H 7.02, H 7.03 and H 7.04, (1-2-56) were repealed, Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.01 Sanitation. All barber shops and schools teaching barbering shall at all times be kept in a clean and sanitary condition. This shall include the floors, walls and ceilings, all furniture, equipment, utensils and instruments. The room shall be well lighted and well ventilated.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.02 Practice. No person shall practice barbering in any place other than a barber shop, excepting for sick and infirm persons in homes and hospitals.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.03 Use restrictions. New barber shops or barber shops acquired through transfer of ownership shall have any connecting doors to another commercial place of business rendered unusable. No barber shop shall be used as a sleeping or living room.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.04 Toilets. It shall be the responsibility of the barber shop manager to provide toilet facilities for the patrons and employees of the barber shop which are in compliance with the state plumbing code and which are maintained in a clean and sanitary condition. When public toilet facilities which meet these standards are conveniently located to the barber shop and are open to the patrons and employees of the shop, this requirement shall be considered to have been complied with.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.05 Plumbing. All plumbing shall comply with the state plumbing code.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.06 Care of instruments. Clippers, scissors, razors and tweezers shall at all times be kept clean and sanitary by one of the following methods:

(1) Immersion in a 70% solution of alcohol and drying with clean tissue.

(2) Washing in hot water with soap or a detergent and drying with clean tissue.

Register, February, 1963, No. 86

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(3) Immersion in oil maintained at a temperature of 212° Fahrenheit followed by drying with clean tissue.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.07 Combs and brushes. Combs and brushes shall at all times be kept clean and sanitary by washing in hot water with soap or a detergent after each time that they are used.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.08 Prohibited articles. No barber shall use in practicing barbering any styptic pencil, sponge, finger bowl, lump alum or powder puff. Possession of any of the foregoing in the barber shop in a used condition is prima facie evidence that these items are being used in the practice of barbering.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.09 Treatment prohibited. No barber or employee of a barber shop shall treat any disease of the skin. No barber shall shave or cut the hair of any person suffering from a skin or scalp disease in which the skin to be shaved or the scalp contains pustular lesions or open sores unless the person presents a written statement from a licensed physician that the disease is not communicable.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

H 6.10 Personal cleanliness. Every barber shall be clean both as to person and dress, shall thoroughly wash his hands with soap and water immediately before serving a patron, and shall refrain from the use of tobacco while serving a patron.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1957, No. 19, eff. 8-1-57.

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