

DEPT. OF INDUSTRY, LABOR & HUMAN RELATIONS 255  
Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning

(3) **CONTAMINANTS.** If the provisions of this section do not provide sufficient ventilation to meet the standards for threshold limit values covered in Wis. Adm. Code Ch. Ind 1000-2000—Wis. Safety and Health Code, the additional exhaust requirements with an equivalent volume of outside air shall be provided to satisfy the requirements found in Ch. Ind 1000-2000.

**History:** Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76.

**Ind 64.63 Garages.** (1) **SCOPE.** This classification includes all buildings, or parts of buildings, where motor-driven vehicles are stored.

(2) **VENTILATION.** The air movement, supply and distribution shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of section Ind 64.05, Table 1. Live storage areas shall be provided with exhaust air drawn from a height not more than 18 inches above the floor unless the following requirements are satisfied:

(a) The floor is located at or above grade.

(b) A permanent open-wall area of at least 30% of the total wall area is provided. The openings shall be distributed to permit circulation of air throughout the storage area.

**Note # 1:** A live storage area is any area used for storage of fire trucks, tractors, automobiles, trucks, and similar self-propelled vehicles which are driven in and out of the storage area under their own power; it does not include areas where vehicles and equipment are stored for seasonal periods, or areas where vehicles are displayed without batteries and where the gasoline tanks of the vehicles are empty and free of fumes.

**Note #2:** The department will permit the use of a mechanical exhaust system in conjunction with openings in the exterior walls to provide the ventilation required by Table 1.

(3) **CONTAMINANTS.** If the provisions of this section do not provide sufficient ventilation to meet the standards for threshold limit values covered in Wis. Adm. Code Ch. Ind 1000-2000—Wis. Safety and Health Code, the additional exhaust requirements with an equivalent volume of outside air shall be provided to satisfy the requirements found in Ch. Ind 1000-2000.

**History:** Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76.

**Ind 64.64 Automobile showrooms.** (1) **SCOPE.** This classification includes all showrooms with offices and occupancies adjacent to repair or live storage areas.

**Note:** A live storage area is any area used for storage of fire trucks, tractors, automobiles, trucks, and similar self-propelled vehicles which are driven in and out of the storage area under their own power; it does not include areas where vehicles and equipment are stored for seasonal periods, or areas where vehicles are displayed without batteries and where the gasoline tanks of the vehicles are empty and free of fumes.

(2) **VENTILATION.** The air movement, supply and distribution shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of section Ind 64.05, Table 1.

(a) *Separate ventilating system.* A separate ventilating system shall be provided for showrooms or offices where such occupancies are adjacent to repair or live storage areas.

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**Note:** Ventilation is not required if an openable area is provided to conform with the requirements of section Ind 64.07.

(b) *Recirculation.* Air shall not be recirculated from any repair, live storage or service area unless the total volume of air in circulation is in excess of the ventilation required. Excess air may be recirculated.

(c) *Contaminants.* If the provisions of this section do not provide sufficient ventilation to meet the standards for threshold limit values covered in Wis. Adm. Code Ch. Ind 1000-2000—Wis. Safety and Health Code, the additional exhaust requirements with an equivalent volume of outside air shall be provided to satisfy the requirements found in Ch. Ind 1000-2000.

**History:** Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76.

**Ind 64.65 General sanitation and service areas.** (1) **SCOPE.** This classification shall include toilet rooms, locker rooms, shower rooms and janitor closets.

**Note #1:** A janitor closet is a service closet with one or more plumbing fixtures.

**Note #2:** For exhaust ventilation requirements in hospital service areas, see section Ind 64.57.

**Note #3:** For exhaust ventilation requirements in places of employment, see section Ind 64.54.

**Note #4:** The use of wall registers within 6 inches of the floor, baseboard registers, and floor registers is prohibited in these areas. (See section Ind 52.57, Note.)

(2) **EXHAUST VENTILATING SYSTEMS.** Exhaust ventilating systems serving this class of occupancy shall not be used for any other service.

(3) **VENTILATION.** The air movement, supply and distribution shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of section Ind 64.05, Table 1.

(a) *Exhaust ventilation.* Exhaust ventilation shall be provided for all areas of this class unless otherwise exempted. The volume of air exhausted shall be provided at a rate of not less than 2 cubic feet per minute per square foot of floor area, or 60 cubic feet per minute per fixture (water closets and urinals). Mechanical exhaust ventilation shall be installed in toilet rooms having more than one fixture (water closets and urinals). The effectiveness of the exhaust shall be greater than the supply.

(b) *Natural ventilation.* Mechanical exhaust ventilation is not required from toilet rooms having one water closet or one urinal, or from janitor closets having one service sink or receptor, provided the room has an outside window of at least 4 square feet with at least 2 square feet that is openable.

1. **Exception.** Mechanical exhaust ventilation may be omitted from toilet rooms or bathrooms having one water closet or urinal, or from janitor closets having one service sink or receptor, where an approved ductless air circulating and treatment device is provided.

**Note:** The department will accept ductless air circulating and treatment devices conforming to standard C-10 as adopted by the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF).

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(c) *Locker, shower and toilet room ventilation.* Adjoining locker, shower and toilet rooms shall be exhausted at the rate of 2 cubic feet per minute per square foot of area, based on the floor area of the largest space. The rooms shall be provided with tempered makeup air supplied directly from the outside or transferred from other areas of the building in accordance with the requirements of section Ind 64.18. A negative pressure relationship shall be maintained in the shower and toilet rooms with respect to the locker room.

**History:** Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76; am. (1), cr. (3) (c) and r. (4), Register, December, 1976, No. 252, eff. 1-1-77; cr. (3) (b) 1, Register, December, 1977, No. 264, eff. 1-1-78.

**Ind 64.66 Natatoriums.** (1) **POOL VENTILATION.** In natatoriums, a volume of tempered outside air supply and exhaust shall be provided at the rate of at least 2 cubic feet per minute per square foot of pool surface. The volume of tempered outside air and exhaust may be reduced to a minimum of one cubic foot per minute per square foot of pool surface provided humidity controls are used to limit the relative humidity to 60%.

(2) **AIR MOVEMENT.** The air movement in a natatorium shall be not less than 6 air changes per hour unless mechanical cooling is provided to satisfy the heat gain requirement for the space.

**History:** Cr. Register, December, 1976, No. 252, eff. 1-1-77.

**Ind 64.67 Kitchens** (1) **SCOPE.** This classification includes all areas where food is prepared (except in domestic science educational facilities from grades kindergarten through 12, and single unit apartments in hotels, motels and apartment buildings).

(2) **EXHAUST VENTILATION SYSTEMS.** Exhaust ventilation systems serving this occupancy shall not be used for any other service.

(a) *Required exhaust ventilation.* Mechanical exhaust ventilation shall be provided at a rate not less than 2 cubic feet per minute per square foot of floor area for every occupied area within the scope of this section.

(b) *Required exhaust hood.* Exhaust hoods shall be required where frying and/or broiling is done (includes deep-fat frying and surface frying), and where cooking is a regular commercial operation (includes ranges, griddles, fryers, broilers and similar grease-producing equipment).

(3) **REPLACEMENT AIR.** Adequate replacement air shall be provided to equal the air being exhausted by all exhaust systems.

(4) **RECIRCULATION OF AIR.** Recirculation of air as described under subsection Ind 64.15 (4) is prohibited during occupied periods.

(5) **EXHAUST HOOD REQUIREMENTS.** (a) *Size of hood.* The horizontal inside dimensions for canopy hoods shall be sized to effectively capture grease vapors, but in no case shall these dimensions be less than the overall horizontal dimensions of the grease-producing equipment. The horizontal inside dimensions for noncanopy, prefabricated backshelf hoods may be less than the overall horizontal dimensions of the grease-producing equipment.

(b) *Exhaust rates.* The kitchen exhaust hood shall be provided with a capture velocity to effectively capture the grease vapors and may be designed through engineering analysis or the empirical design formulas stated below:

1. *Canopy hood.* Hood open on all 4 sides:  $Q = 150 A$  (area).

2. *Wall hood.* Hood open on 3 sides or less:  $Q = 100 A$  (area).

3. *Slotted-type hood.*  $V = 350$  feet per minute through the slot opening. The slot shall be at least 3 inches in width.

4. *Noncanopy hood.* The minimum volume of exhaust air for noncanopy type hoods (prefabricated backshelf) shall be not less than  $Q = 300 L$  (length).

**Note:**  $Q$  equals the exhaust air in cubic feet per minute;  $A$  equals the area of the hood over the grease-producing equipment in square feet;  $V$  equals the velocity in feet per minute; and  $L$  equals the total length in feet of the cooking appliance(s) being ventilated, and measured parallel to the front edge of the appliance(s).

(c) *Materials.* Hoods shall be constructed and supported by steel not less than .0478 inch U.S. standard gage (No. 18 manufacturers standard gage) or stainless steel not less than .0359 inch U.S. standard gage (No. 20 manufacturers standard gage) or other materials of equivalent strength, fire and corrosion resistance.

**Note:** The department will permit hoods constructed of aluminum, the thickness of which is not less than .050 inch.

(d) *Seams.* All seams and joints shall be liquid-tight.

(e) *Grease-removal devices.* Approved grease extractors, grease filters or other grease-removal devices shall be provided.

(f) *Exposed hood surfaces.* Hood surfaces and exposed exhaust ducts within 18 inches of combustible material shall be protected in accordance with the requirements of section Ind 64.67 (6) (f).

(g) *Concealed hood surfaces.* Hood surfaces that are concealed by or recessed into adjoining construction shall be protected in accordance with the requirements of section Ind 64.67 (6) (f).

(h) *Double-wall hoods utilizing outdoor air.* When hoods are connected to ducts supplying outside air, performance data shall be submitted.

**Note:** Double-wall hoods provided with a supply of outdoor air conserve energy.

(6) EXHAUST DUCTS FROM HOODS. (a) *Design.* All ducts shall lead, as directly as possible, to the exterior of the building without forming dips or traps which collect residues. Ducts exposed to the exterior shall be protected with a suitable weatherproof coating.

**Note:** Temperatures in excess of 2000° F may be experienced within ducts in the event of fire. A means of expansion of long ducts should be considered.

(b) *Materials.* Ducts shall be constructed of and supported by steel not lighter than .0598 inch U.S. standard gage (No. 16 manufacturers standard gage) or stainless steel not lighter than .0478 inch U.S. standard gage (No. 18 manufacturers standard gage) or other materials of equivalent strength, fire and corrosion resistance.

(c) *Seams and joints.* All seams and joints shall be liquid-tight.

(d) *Clean-out openings.* Accessible clean-out openings at the sides of ducts shall be provided at each change of direction of the duct for inspection and servicing.

(e) *Interior ducts.* Ducts shall not pass through required fire walls or partitions.

(f) *Concealed exhaust ducts.* 1. Horizontal ducts. Horizontal concealed ducts connected to hoods that pass through any other area of the building, including suspended ceilings, shall be protected with insulating material to withstand a flue temperature of not less than 1000° F. The temperature of the exposed surface of the insulating material shall not exceed 250° F.

**Note:** The department will accept the use of masonry chimneys or manufactured chimneys which are tested and approved for use at a flue gas temperature of not less than 1000° F, or insulating materials for fire endurance systems listed in the Fire Resistance Index published by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.

2. Vertical ducts. Vertical concealed ducts that pass through any other area of the building, including suspended ceilings, in one- and 2-story buildings, shall be protected with insulating material as specified in 1. above, or shall be located in 2-hour noncombustible fire-resistive enclosures. In buildings of 3 or more stories, vertical ducts shall be located in 2-hour noncombustible fire-resistive enclosures.

(g) *Exposed exhaust ducts.* Exposed exhaust ducts connected to hoods or canopies shall be located not less than 18 inches from combustible material unless the duct is protected in accordance with the requirements of (f) above.

(h) *Air discharge.* The air discharge shall be directed away from the roof or combustible materials.

(i) *Dampers.* Fire dampers shall not be installed in kitchen exhaust duct systems unless the assembly includes an approved extinguishing system designed to operate with a fire damper in the closed position.

**History:** Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76; renum. from 64.66, r. and recr. (5) (a) to (d), renum. (5) (e) to (i) to be (5) (d) to (h), am. (6) (b), Register, December, 1976, No. 252, eff. 1-1-77; am. (5) (f) and (g), Register, December, 1977, No. 264, eff. 1-1-78.

**Ind 64.68 Seasonal occupancies.** When approved in writing by the department, heating requirements may be waived (but not ventilation required by section Ind 64.05, Table 1) during the period of June 1 through September 15 for the following or similar occupancies: drive-in eating places, club houses, outdoor toilets, camp lodge buildings, canning factories, and migrant labor camps (also see chapter Ind 49—Migrant Labor Camps).

**History:** Cr. Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1-1-76; renum. from 64.67, Register, December, 1976, No. 252, eff. 1-1-77.