by highways, the boundary shall be the center line of the highway except as otherwise provided.
(1) Migratory game birds and waterfowl.

| Kind of animal | Locality | Open season (both dates inclusive) | Daily bag limit | Possession limit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) Canuasback and redhead duck | The following lakes including a strip of land 100 yards wide adjacent to the shorelines thereof: Lakes Winneconne and Butte des Morts in Winnebago county including the connecting waters thereof, Lake Poygan in Winnebago and Waushara counties, and all that part of the state lying west of the Burlington Northern railway and extending southerly from Prescott in Pierce county to the Wisconsin-Illinois line (Mississippi river). | No open season | None | None |

Note: Migratory bird rules, including seasons, limits, hours and areas where authorized, are established by emergency rule procedure in September of each year. The emergency rules will be published in their entirety in the official state newspaper and published in summary form in the current year migratory bird regulation pamphlet. Copies of the emergency rules may be obtained by contacting: State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Bureau of Wildlife Management, P.O. Box 7921, Madison, Wisconsin 53707.
(h) The daily bag limit on Canada geese statewide is not more than that permitted in any one zone within the state and no person may possess or transport more than the daily bag limit or aggregate daily limit, whichever applies, or migratory game birds, tagged or not tagged, at or between the place where taken and either the person's personal abode or temporary or transient place of lodging; or a commercial preservation facility.
(i) The following described area is established as the Horicon Intensive Management Zone:

All that part of the counties of Dodge and Fond du Lac enclosed by a line beginning at the junction of state highway 26 , with the east-west center line of sections $9,10,11$ and 12 in township 12 north, range 15 east, thence eastward along said center line and continuing eastward along the east-west center of sections $7,8,9$ and 10 in township 12 north, range 16 east to its junction with county highway TW, thence north and east on said highway TW to its junction with county highway Y, thence northerly on said highway Y to its junction with county highway YY, thence northerly on said highway YY to its junction with county highway Y, thence northerly on said highway Y to its junction with county highway B, thence southwesterly on said highway B to its junction with

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county highway D, thence westerly on said highway D to its junction with highway AS, thence westerly on said highway AS to its junction with U.S. highway 151, thence southwesterly on said highway 151 to its junction with the C.M.St.P. and Pacific railroad, thence southerly along said C.M.St.P \& Pacific railroad to its junction with state highway 26, thence north on said highway 26 to its junction with the east-west centerline of sections $9,10,11$ and 12 in township 12 north, range 15 east, which is the point of beginning.
(j) The following described area is established as the Horicon zone: All that part of the counties of Fond du Lac, Green Lake, Washington and Dodge enclosed by a line beginning at the intersection of state highway 175 and state highway 23 in Fond du Lac county, then southerly on state highway 175 to its intersection with state highway 33, then westerly on state highway 33 to the city of Beaver Dam, then northerly on state highway 33 to its intersection with county highway A, then northerly on county highway A to its intersection with county highway $S$, then easterly on county highway $S$ and continuing easterly on county highway AS to its intersection with county highway E, then northerly on county highway E to its intersection with state highway 23, then easterly on state highway 23 to the point of beginning.
(k) The following described area is established as the Central zone:

All that part of Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Green Lake, Marquette, Columbia and Dodge counties enclosed by a line beginning in Winnebago county at the intersection of state highway 21 and U.S. highway 45, then southerly on U.S. highway 45 to its intersection with state highway 175, then southerly on state highway 175 to its intersection with state highway 23, then westerly on state highway 23 to its intersection with county highway E , then southerly on county highway E to its intersec.tion with county highway AS, then westerly on county highway AS and continuing westerly on county highway $S$ to its intersection with county highway A, then southerly on county highway A to its intersection with state highway 33, then southeasterly on state highway 33 to its intersection with U.S. highway 151, then southwesterly on U.S. highway 151 to its intersection with state highway 73, then northerly on state highway 73 to its intersection with state highway 33 , then westerly on state highway 33 to its intersection with state highway 22 , then northerly on state highway 22 to its intersection with state highway 23 , then northeasterly on state highway 23 to its intersection with state highway 49 , then northerly on state highway 49 to its intersection with state highway 116, then easterly on state highway 116 to state highway 21, then easterly on state highway 21 to the point of beginning.
(l) Horicon and Central zone restrictions. 1. Canada goose permit and tag requirement. It is unlawful to hunt Canada geese without being in possession of a Canada goose hunting permit, Canada goose tags and valid state hunting license.
2. Permit application procedures. Application forms supplied by the department shall be completed and submitted by the applicant. Applications must be received by the department no later than September 30 of each year.
a. It shall be unlawful for any person to submit more than one application per year or an application containing false information.
b. In the Horicon zone, applicants may indicate preference for one of 2 time periods:

1) October $1-31$
2) November 1 - December 9
c. If 2 or more persons wish to hunt together, each must fill out an application form and submit them together in one envelope clearly marked "group application" on the outside. A group application will be considered one application.
3. Permit and tag issuance procedures. a. Permits and tags are not transferable or replaceable and shall not be reused, altered or defaced.
b. If applications for permits received prior to September 10 exceed the number of permits available, successful applicants will be randomly selected and priority given to persons who applied for a permit but were unsuccessful the previous year pursuant to s. 29.174, Stats.
c. If applications for permits received prior to September 10 are less than the number of permits available, permits will be issued on a firstcome, first-served basis.
d. Applications for permits received after September 10 will be issued on a first-come, first-served basis, if permits are still available.
e. If applications for permits are still less than the number of permits available, at least one permit per applicant shall be issued and a random selection of applicants will be made for the remaining permits.
f. Unsuccessful applications will be retained by the department and notice will be mailed to such applicant in advance of the following year's seáson. The notice will establish application priority for issuance of permits and tags for that season.
4. Permits issued. a. Horicon zone-29,000. b. East Central zone22,300.
5. Tagging requirements. When a Canada goose is killed and before it is carried by hand or transported in any manner the hunter shall:
a. Completely attach the paper tag, utilizing its own adhesive, to the neck of the goose.
b. Validate the permit by tearing or cutting out notches on the tag designating the month, day and time of kill. Failure to follow the validation procedure in this manner invalidates the permit.
6. Transportation restrictions. The hunter shall:
a. Transport the goose in a motor vehicle in such a manner that the tag attached to the goose cannot be handled or manipulated by any occupant of the vehicle.
b. Keep the tag attached to the goose until it reaches the personal abode of the person taking it.
7. Reporting requirements. Permit holders may be required to provide the department a goose hunting report. Such report forms will be mailed only to certain hunters. The selected hunter shall be required to complete the report and mail such report within 24 hours of receipt.
(m) The following described area is established as the Burnett county zone:

All that part of Burnett county lying northerly and westerly of a line begimning at the junction with state highway 70 with the west boundary of said county, thence easterly along said highway to its junction with county highway N , thence northerly along said highway to its junction with county highway D, thence northerly along said highway and continuing northerly along a town road to the south line of section 16 , township 39 north, range 17 west, town of Lincoln, thence westerly along a town road to the southwest corner of said section, thence northerly along a town road on the west line of said section and continuing northerly along the west line of section 9 , township 39 north, range 17 west to the west bank of the Clam river, thence westerly along the west bank of said river to its intersection with the west boundary of said county.
(n) The following described area is established as the Brown county zone: All that part of Brown county lying north of state highway 29.
(o) The following described area is established as the New Auburn zone: All those parts of Chippewa, Barron and Rusk counties enclosed by a line beginning at the intersection of state highway 40 and state highway 64 in Chippewa county, thence westerly on said highway 64 to its intersection with U.S. highway 53 , thence northerly on said highway 53 to its intersection with county highway D in Barron county, thence easterly on said highway D to its intersection with state highway 40 in Rusk county, thence southerly on said highway 40 to the point of beginning.
(p) The following described area is established as the Rock Prairie zone: All those part of Rock and Walworth counties enclosed by a line beginning at the intersection of interstate 90 and the Illinois state line in Rock county, thence northerly on said interstate 90 to its intersection with county highway $A$, thence easterly on said highway A to the intersection with U.S. highway 12 , thence southerly on said highway 12 to its intersection with state highway 50, thence southwesterly on said highway 50 to its intersection with state highway 120 , thence southerly on said highway 120 to its intersection with the Illinois state line, thence westerly to the point of beginning.
(q) No person shall hunt migratory waterfowl or coot in open water, except as provided in NR 10.12, Wis. Adm. Code, in the waters of the Mississippi river lying westerly of the Burlington Northern railway wherein it borders on Vernon county during the period beginning October 15 and continuing through the end of the waterfowl season.
to (e), (g), (l) and (o), Register, June, 1976, No. 246, eff. 7-1-76; am. (3) (c) 2, 3, 6, 7 and 8 and r. and recr. (4) (c) and (d), Register, November, 1976, No. 251, eff. 12-1-76; r. and recr. (1), (3) (e) 6 and 8, Register, January, 1977, No. 253, eff. 2-1-77; am. (2) (a) 2, (3) (e) 1 a, (4) (a) 3 and (4) (b), r. (2) (c) 2, and recr. (2) (d) 2, Register, May, 1977, No. 257, eff. 6-1. 77; am. (3) (e) 1. a., 2., 7., (4) (c) and (d) ; r. (3) (e) 6. b.; cr. (3) (e) 9. and r. and recr. (3) (e) 8.; Register, October, 1977, No. 262, eff. 11-1-77; r. and recr. (1) (b) to (e), (g), (j) and (k), renum. (1) (1) to (p) to be (1) (m) to (q), cr. (1) (1), Register, February, 1978, No. 266, eff. 3-1-78; am. (1) (m) and (q), (2) (a) 1, (3) (d) and (f), r. and recr. (2) (e) 1, Register, May, 1978, No. 269, eff. 6-1-78; r. and recr. (4) (d) and (e), Register, August, 1978, No. 272, eff. 9-1-78; r. and recr. (3) (e) 9. and (4) (c), Register, October, 1978, No. 274, eff. 11-1-78; r. and recr. (1) (b), (g) and (1) and am. (4) (a) 3., Register, December, 1978, No. 276, eff. 1-179; r. and recr. (2) (b) and (3) (a), Register, March, 1979, No. 279. eff. 4-1-79; r. and recr. (2) (e) $1 .$, (3) (e) (intro.) and (4) (d) 1. and am. (3) (e) 1., Register, August, 1979, No. 284, eff. 9-1-79; am. (3) (c) 2., (3) (e) 3. and (4) (d) 4., r. and recr. (3) (e) 6.,7. and 9. e., (4) (c), (4) (d) 1. and 3., Register, September, 1979, No. 285, eff. 10-1-79; r. (1) (b) to (g), (1) (l) 3.b. intro. and 3.c., r. and recr. (1) (j), (k), (1) intro. 1., 2. and 8., (2) (a) 1. and (3) (b), am. (1) (1) 5. and 6. b, renum. (1) (1) 3. b. 1) to 5) to be (1) (i) 3. b. to f., Register, April, 1980, No. 292, eff. 5-1-80; r. and recr. (3) (e) 9.a. to d., Register, August, 1980, No. 296, eff. 9-1-80; r. and recr. (3) (d), (3) (e) 9. e. and (4) (c), a. (3) (h); am. (4) (d) 2, b. and 3. b., renum. (4) (d) 2. c. to be 2. d. and cr. (4) (d) 2. c., Register, October, 1980, No. 298, eff. 11-1-80.

Note: For a complete history of NR 10.01 see history of NR 10.01 as it appeared in Register, November, 1973, No. 215.

NR 10.02 Protected wild animals. (1) Canada lynx, timber wolf, badger, moose, elk, marten, fisher, wolverine and flying squirrel.
(2) Endangered or threatened species listed in chapter NR 27, Wis. Adm. Code
(3) White deer (monocolored).
(4) Woodchuck except as provided in s. 29.24, Stats.
(5) Prairie chicken, Canada spruce grouse (spruce hen), mourning doves, swans, cranes, bitterns, plovers, kingfishers, cormorants, herons, sandpipers and grebes.
(6) Eagles, hawks, falcons, and owls except as provided in chapter NR 18, Wis. Adm. Code.
(7) Hen pheasants except as expressly provided in this chapter.
(8) Any other wild bird not specified in this chapter.

[^0]NR 10.03 Birds causing depredation. (1) Application. The following named birds have been determined by the department to be birds committing depredation or about to commit depredation at all times to and upon ornamental or shade trees, agricultural crops, livestock or wildlife, and when concentrated in large numbers that they many constitute a health hazard or other nuisance:
(a) Red-winged blackbirds.
(b) Grackles.
(c) Crows.
(d) Cowbirds.

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(2) Permits. Such birds may be taken at all times without need for either a federal or state permit.
(3) Inspection of premises. Any person taking such birds shall at all reasonable times, including during actual operation, permit any federal or state game law enforcement officer, free and unrestricted access on the premises over which such operations have been or are being conducted, and shall furnish promptly to such officer whatever information may be required about said operation.
(4) Disposition. Birds killed pursuant to this subsection and their plumage shall not be sold or offered for sale.

[^1]NR 10.04 Unprotected wild animals. (1) Opossum, skunk and weasel.
(2) Starlings, English sparrows, coturnix quail and chukar partridge.
(3) Any other wild animal not specified in this chapter.

[^2]NR 10.05 Highways. (1) While hunting it shall be unlawful except by permittees under s. 29.09 (9), Stats., to discharge any firearm or bow and arrow from or across any public road surfaced with concrete or blacktop or to hunt within 50 feet from the centerline of such roads or to the existing fence, whichever distance is shorter. Public roads are defined as those roads shown on the current official county highway map.
(2) It shall be unlawful to hunt waterfowl or coot from any public roads or railroads including the respective rights-of-way along or within the area described as the Horicon zone in s. NR 10.01 (l) (j).

[^3]NR 10.06 Hunting hours. (1) All hunting hours, when specified in this chapter, mean Central Standard Time, and the daily opening (a.m.) and closing (p.m.) hours listed shall apply to the entire state.
(2) (a) General hunting hour zones are established as follows:

## Zone

A - all that part of the state lying east of $88^{\circ}-00^{\prime}$ longitude.
B-all that part of the state lying between $88^{\circ}-00^{\prime}$ and $89^{\circ}-00^{\prime}$ long.
C-all that part of the state lying between $89^{\circ}-00^{\prime}$ and $90^{\circ}-00^{\prime}$ long.
D-all that part of the state lying between $90^{\circ}-00^{\prime}$ and $91^{\circ}-00^{\prime}$ long.
(g) Decoy use. By the use or aid of decoys which are: placed beyond 200 feet from the blind or cover in which the hunter is located. In addition, it is unlawful to:
a. Place in the water prior to one hour before opening hunting time.
b. Leave in the water unattended.
c. Leave in the water more than 20 minutes after the close of hunting time.
(h) Baiting. 1. By the use or aid of salt or shelled or shucked or unshucked corn, wheat or other grains or other feed or means of feeding similarly used to lure, attract or entice such birds to, on, or over the area where hunters are attempting to take them.
2. This subsection shall not be construed to apply to propagating, scientific or other operations in accordance with the terms of lawfully issued state and federal permits, or to the taking of birds over salt blocks, properly shocked corn, standing crops (including aquatics), grains found scattered solely as a result of normal agricultural practices, flooded standing crops or flooded harvested crop lands, or to the feeding of migratory game birds at any time not in connection with hunting.
(2) Possession. No person shall possess any live or crippled migratory game bird reduced to possession by means of hunting. Such bird shall be immediately killed and become a part of the daily bag limit.
(3) Open water restrictions. No person shall hunt waterfowl or coot in open water from any blind which may include any boat, canoe, raft, contrivance or similar device except:
(a) Blinds in any of the waters of the Mississippi river, the St. Croix river, and Lake St. Croix, and their bays, bayous and sloughs wherein they border on the counties of Buffalo, Crawford, La Crosse, Pepin, Pierce, St. Croix, Trempealeau and Vernon and in any of the inland lakes of these counties, provided such blinds are set, placed or located not more than 100 feet from any shoreline. Such blinds shall, in all instances, be securely anchored to the place or spot where they are to be used and shall be removed from such location at the conclusion of hunting hours each day.
(b) Blinds in any of the waters of Big Green Lake in Green Lake county and the outlying waters of Lake Superior and Lake Michigan including Green Bay under the jurisdiction of the state of Wisconsin beyond 500 feet of any shoreline of said lakes and beyond 500 feet of any natural growth of vegetation rooted to the bottom and extending above the water surface of such height as to offer whole or partial concealment for the hunter.
(c) Blinds in any waters of the Mississippi river, wherein they border Grant county and Lake Pepin wherein they border Pepin, Pierce and Buffalo counties. Such blinds shall, in all instances, be securely anchored to the place or spot they are to be used, and shall be removed from such location at the conclusion of the hunting hours each day.
(d) Blinds in Calumet, Fond du Lac and Winnebago counties. In any of the waters of Lake Winnebago wherein they border Calumet, Fond du Lac and Winnebago counties it shall be lawful for any person to use blinds that are set, placed or located more than:

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1. 1500 feet from any shoreline, including islands, for the purpose of taking, catching, killing and shooting at migratory game birds during the season prescribed in section NR 10.01 (1) (b) 1.
2. 500 feet from any shoreline, including islands, for the purpose of taking, catching, killing and shooting at scaup ducks during the season prescribed in section NR 10.01 (1) (b) 2.
3. Such blinds may include any boat, canoe, raft or similar device which shall in all instances be securely anchored to the place or spot where they are to be used, and shall be removed from such location at the conclusion of the hunting hours each day.
(4) Horicon intensive zone restrictions. (a) 1. It shall be unlawful to hunt waterfowl except from a blind during the open season for Canada geese within the area described in section NR 10.01 (1) (i).
4. No more than 2 hunters shall occupy any blind at one time nor shall any person hunt waterfowl from à blind placed within 200 yards of any other blind occupied by one or more waterfowl hunters or within 100 yards of the boundary of the property on which such blind is located.
5. It is unlawful for any person or persons to hunt from or to permit any other person or persons to hunt from any blind situated on any $20-$ acre parcel of land, or residuary parcel thereof of less than 20 acres and more than 10 acres, owned, leased, occupied, or controlled by said person, while any other person or persons, whether with or without permission, are hunting from any other blind situated on the same 20 -acre parcel of land or on the same residuary parcel thereof. However, the owner, occupant or lessee of a tract of land which is too small to meet the foregoing spacing requirements and which was partitioned by an instrument executed and recorded before January 1, 1961, may place one blind on such tract at the approximate center thereof.
6. No blind shall be placed within 75 yards of the boundary of the Horicon national wildlife refuge.
7. Retrieving downed birds shall be permitted outside blinds.
8. For the purpose of this subsection, "blind" means any framed enclosure or pit not more than 15 feet in its greatest dimension and camouflaged to provide concealment to hunters within.
(5) Guns and ammunition restrictions. No person shall hunt any migratory bird:
(a) With any shotgun of a larger bore than a no. 10 gauge.
(b) With any automatic-loading or hand-operated repeating shotgun capable of holding more than 3 shells the magazine of which has not been cut off or plugged with a one-piece filler incapable of removal without disassembling the gun so as to reduce the capacity of said gun to not more than 3 shells at one time in the magazine and chamber combined.
(c) By any means other than a shotgun fired from the shoulder or a bow and arrow, or by falconry.
(d) Non-toxic shot requirements. 1. While hunting waterfowl and coot within any area described in part 2 of this subsection, it shall be unlawful to:
a. Take, catch, kill or pursue such game birds with any 12 gauge shotshells loaded with any metal other than steel shot.
b. Possess any 12 gauge shotshell loaded with any metal other than steel shot.
9. Non-toxic shot zones. a. Mississippi river. In that portion of the state lying west of the Burlington Northern railroad in Buffalo, Trempealeau, La Crosse, Vernon, Crawford, Grant, Pierce and Pepin counties.
b. Eastern Wisconsin. 1) On all waters in the counties of Calumet, Columbia, Dane, Dodge, Fond du Lac, Green Lake, Jefferson, Kenosha, Manitowoc, Marquette, Milwaukee, Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Sheboygan, Walworth, Waukesha, Winnebago, Washington, Waupaca and Waushara, all of the Wisconsin river in Juneau and Adams counties, and those portions of Oconto and Marinette counties east of U.S. highway 41, and that portion of Brown county lying northwest of Fox river and east of U.S. highway 141, and the Brown county islands in Green Bay and within a 150 -yard zone of land adjacent to the margins of these waters.
2) The waters referred to above include lakes, ponds, marshes, swamps, rivers, streams and seasonally flooded areas of all types.
3) All county boundary waters and lakes partially within a steel shot zone are totally included.
4) Exception: Drainage ditches and temporary sheet water more than 150 yards from the water areas described above and the open water of Lake Michigan are excluded from the non-toxic shot requirements.
c. State wildlife areas. Within the zones described in subd. b., steel shot is required for hunting waterfowl anywhere on state-owned wildlife areas or on waters within the boundaries of such areas and on the following state-owned wildlife areas which are not within zones described in subd. b.: Mead wildlife area in Marathon, Wood and Portage counties, Wood County wildlife area and Sandhill wildlife area in Wood county, Meadow Valley wildlife area in Juneau county.
[^4]NR 10.13 Fur-bearing animals. (1) Prohibited methods. No person shall:

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(a) Hunting. Hunt any mink, muskrat, beaver, or otter with the aid of any spear, gun or dog.
(b) Trapping. 1. Traps. Set out or place traps, whether set or sprung, during the closed season.
2. Bait or scent. Set out or place any bait or scent for attracting furbearing animals during the closed season.
3. Trap limit. Set, place or operate more than 75 traps of any kind for the purposes of capturing furbearing animals.
4. Water sets. Take, capture or kill, or attempt to take, capture, or kill any furbearing animals at any time by means of water sets except during that period when and in those areas where there is an open season for trapping muskrat, beaver, or otter.
5. Trap placement. Set any trap or traps at any time within 50 feet of any beaver house or beaver dam except during the regular or special season for beaver, when it shall be lawful to set traps for beaver not less than 15 feet from any beaver house or beaver dam.
(2) Molesting. While hunting or trapping, no person shall:
(a) Raccoon. Molest any raccoon den or den trees.
(b) Mink. Molest any mink den.
(c) Muskrat and beaver. Molest any muskrat house, muskrat feeding house, beaver house or beaver dam.
(3) Trapping hours. (a) Legal time period. The trapping hours shall be from 6:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. (CST).
(b) Illegal time period. It shall be unlawful for any person to set or reset any trap or traps or attend any trapline from 7:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. (CST).
(c) Special checking period. All dry land sets shall be checked and animals therein removed at least once each day.

[^5]NR 10.14 Trapping, prohibited methods. (2) It shall be unlawful for any person to set, place, or operate any trap other than a steel-jawed trap or live traps for the purpose of taking, capturing, or killing fur-bearing animals. Such live traps shall be constructed so that not more than one animal can be taken or captured in any single trap setting.
(3) No person shall construct or place on the ice of any of the waters of this state any artificial house or den for the purpose of taking, catching, or killing any fur-bearing animals, or place or set therein any trap or traps of any kind which might take, catch, or kill fur-bearing animals.
(4) It shall be unlawful for any person to set, place, or operate except as a waterset any killer type trap of the conibear type that is larger than $7^{\prime \prime} \times 7^{\prime \prime}$.


[^0]:    History: 1-2-56; am. (2), Register, August, 1956, No. 8, eff. 9-1-56; am. (1), Register, August, 1957, No. 20, eff. 9-1-57; am. (1) and (2), Register, August, 1958, No. 32, eff. 9.1-58; am. (1) emerg. eff. 9-20-58; am. (1), Register, August, 1959, No.44, eff. 9-1-59; am. (2), cr. (3), Register, September, 1965, No. 117, eff. 10-1-65; am. (2), Register, March, 1966, No. 123, eff. 4-1-66; am. (1), Register, August, 1967, No. 140, eff. 9-1-67; renum. to be NR 10.02 ; am. (2), Register, June, 1970, No. 174, eff. 7-1-70; am. (1), Register, September, 1972, No. 201, eff. 10-1-72; r. (3), Register, December, 1977, No. 264, eff. 1-1-78; r. and recr. Register, Au gust, 1979, No. 284, eff. 9-1-79.

[^1]:    History: 1-2-56; am. Register, August, 1956, No. 8, eff. 9-1-56; am. Register, August, 1966, No. 128, eff. $9-1-66$; r. and recr., Register, August, 1967, No. 140 , eff. $9-1-67$; renum. to be NR 10.03; r. (1), Register, June, 1970, No. 174, eff. 7-1-70; r. and recr. Register, August, 1979, No. 284, eff. 9-1-79.

[^2]:    History: 1-2-56; am. (1) Register, August, 1957, No. 20, eff. 9-1-57; am. (2), Register, August, 1958, No. 32, eff. 9-1-58; renum. to be NR 10.04; am. (1) and (2), Register, June, 1970, No. 174, eff. 7-1-70; am. (1), Register, August, 1972, No. 200, eff. 9-1-72; r. and recr. Register, November, 1976, No. 251, eff. 12-1-76; r. and recr. Register, August, 1979, No. 284, eff. 9-1-79; am. (1), Register, October, 1980, No. 298, eff. 11-1-80.

[^3]:    History: 1-2-56; am, (1) and (2), Register, August, 1956, No. 8, eff. 9-1-56; am. (1) and (2), Register, August, 1957, No. 20, eff. 9-1-57; r. (1) and (2) and recr. (1), Register, August, 1958, No. 32, eff. 9-1-58; cr. (2), Register, September, 1960, No. 57, eff. 10-1-60; cr. (3), Register, August, 1963, No. 92, eff, 9-1-63; r. and recr. (2), Register, September, 1966, No. 129, eff. 10-1-66; emerg. am. (2), eff. 9-1-67; emerg. am. (2), eff. 9-30-68; emerg. am. (2), eff. 8-30-69; am. (2), Register, November, 1969, No. 167, eff. 12-1-69; renum. to be NR 10.05; cr. (4) and (5), Register, June, 1970, No. 174, eff. 7-1-70; emerg. am. (2), eff. 9-19-73; emerg. am. (2), eff. 9-24-75; am. (2), Register, May, 1976, No. 245, eff. 6-1-76; r. and recr. (1) am. (2) and r. (3), (4) and (5), Register, May, 1977, No. 257, eff. 6-1-77; am. (2), Register, February, 1978, No. 266, eff. 3-1-78; am. (1), Register, September, 1979, No. 285, eff. 10-1-79.

[^4]:    History: 1-2-56; am. (2) (c), (3) (a), (4), (5) (c), Register, August, 1956, No. 8, eff. 9-1. 56; am. (1) (e) and (2) (c) and r. (5) (b), Register, August, 1958, No. 32, eff. 9-1-58; am. (1) (b) ; r. and recr. (1) (d); cr. (1) (f) and (g) ; am. (5) (a), Register, September, 1960, No. 57, eff. 10-1-60; r. and recr. (1) (f), Register, August, 1961, No. 68. eff. 9-1-61; r. and recr. (1) (f), Register, September, 1963, No. 93, eff. 10-1-63; r. (5) (c) Register, August, 1965, No. 116 , eff. 9-1-65; am. (5) (a), Register, September, 1965, No. 117, eff. 10-1-65; am. (1) (f), Register, September, 1966, No. 129, eff. 10-1-66; am. (2) (b) ; cr. (2) (d), (e) and (f), Register, August, 1967, No. 140, eff. 9-1-67; emer. am. (1) (f), eff. 9-1-67; am. (2) (b) and (e), Register, August, 1968, No. 152, eff. 9-1-68; emerg. am. (1) (f), eff. 9-30-68; emerg. am. (2) (c), eff. 10-11-68, emerg. am. (1) (f) and (2) (c), eff. 8-30-69; am. (1) (f) and (2) (c), Register, November, 1969, No. 167, eff. 12-1-69; renum, to be NR 10.12, Register, June, 1970, No. 174, eff. 7.170; am. (2) (d) and (e), and r. (f), Register September 1970, No. 177, eff. 10-1-70; am. (2) (b), Register, September, 1971, No. 189, eff. 10-1-71; emerg. am. (i) (f) eff. 10-10-72; emerg. am. (2) (a), eff. 9-24-75; am. (2) (a), Register, June, 1976, No. 246, eff. 7-1-76; am. (2), Register, January, 1977, No. 253, eff. 2-1-77; am. (5), Register, December, 1977, No. 264, eff. 1-1-78; r. (2) (a), r. and recr. (2) (c), and cr. (5) (b), Register, February, 1978, No. 266, eff. 3-1-78; r. and recr. (i) to (4) and (5) (a), cr. (5) (intro.), renum. (5) (b) to be (5) (d), Register, May, 1978, No. 269, eff. 6-1-78; r. and recr. (3) (d) and (5) (d) 2., Register, December, 1978, No. 276, eff. 1-1-79; r. and recr. (1) (g), Register, August, 1979, No. 284, eff. 9-1-79; r. and recr. (3) (b), Register, April, 1980, No, 292, eff. 5-1-80.

[^5]:    History: 1-2-56; am. (1), Register, August, 1962, No. 80, eff. 9-1-62; r. and recr. (1) and (3), Register, August, 1964, No. 104, eff. 9-1-64; r. and recr. (3), Register, August, 1966, No. 128, eff. 9-1-66; renum. to be NR10.13; am. (3), Register, June, 1970, No. 174, eff. 7-1-70; am. (1), Register, July, 1971, No. 187, eff. 8-1-71; ama. (3), Register, August, 1975, No. 236, eff. 9-1-75; emerg. am. (1), eff. 4-3-76; r. and recr. Register, September, 1979, No. 285, eff. 10-1-79; r. and recr. (1) (b) 5., Register, October, 1980, No. 298, eff. 11-1-80.

