

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE

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The issuance of a policy shall not be made contingent on the acceptance by the applicant of unwanted or excessively broad coverages.

(c) Single interest coverage may be issued only when double interest coverage is not obtainable. The applicant must be given the opportunity to procure his own insurance, and if he can procure same within 25 days there shall be no charge for the single interest coverage.

(6) **POLICY FORMS.** The purchaser must be furnished with a complete policy form clearly setting forth the nature and extent of all coverages and premiums charged therefor.

(7) **RATING STATEMENT.** No policy written on the basis of a sub-standard risk rate schedule shall be issued unless it contains a statement printed in bold-faced type, preferably in a contrasting color, reading substantially as follows: This policy has been rated in accordance with a special rating schedule filed with the commissioner of insurance providing for higher premium charges than those generally applicable for average risks. If the coverage or premium is not satisfactory, you may secure your own insurance.

History: Cr. Register, March, 1960, No. 51, eff. 4-1-60; emerg. am. (1), eff. 6-22-76; am. (1), Register, September, 1976, No. 249, eff. 10-1-76.

Ins 3.23 Franchise accident and sickness insurance. (1) **FRANCHISE GROUP HEADQUARTERS.** A franchise group described in s. 600.03 (34m) (d), Stats., need not have its headquarters or other executive offices domiciled in Wisconsin.

(2) **ACCOUNTING.** All premiums paid in connection with franchise accident and sickness insurance on Wisconsin residents shall be reported for annual statement purposes as Wisconsin business and shall be subject to the applicable Wisconsin premium tax.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1964, No. 101, eff. 6-1-64; emerg. am. (1) eff. 6-22-76; am. (1), Register, September, 1976, No. 249, eff. 10-1-76.

Ins 3.25 Credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance. (1) **PURPOSE.** The purpose of this rule is to assist in the maintenance of a fair and equitable credit insurance market and to protect the interest of debtors and the public in this state by providing a system of rate, policy form, and operating standards for the transaction of credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance. This rule interprets and implements, including but not limited to the following Wisconsin Statutes: ss. 623.06, 601.01 (3) (b) and (c), 601.42, 625.11, 625.12, 625.34, 631.20, 632.44 (3) and 632.60.

(2) **SCOPE.** (a) This rule shall apply to the transaction of credit life insurance defined in s. Ins 6.75 (1) (a) 1. and 632.44, Stats., and to the transaction of credit accident and sickness insurance as defined in s. Ins 6.75 (1) (c) 1. or (2) (c) 1.

(b) This rule shall be the basis for review of all policy forms, certificates of insurance, notices of proposed insurance, applications for insurance, endorsements and riders and the schedules of premium rates pertaining thereto submitted for filing after the effective date of this rule.

(c) This rule shall not apply to an individual or group life insurance policy or an individual or group accident and sickness insurance policy

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which insures only debtors whose indebtedness to a creditor is for a term in excess of 5 years.

(3) **FORMS OF CREDIT LIFE INSURANCE AND CREDIT ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.** Credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance shall be issued only in the following forms:

(a) Individual policies of life insurance issued to debtors on the nonrenewable, nonconvertible term plan;

(b) Individual policies of accident and sickness insurance issued to debtors on a term plan or disability benefit provisions in individual policies of credit life insurance;

(c) Group policies of life insurance issued to creditors providing insurance upon the lives of debtors on the term plan;

(d) Group policies of accident and sickness insurance issued to creditors on a term plan insuring debtors or disability benefit provisions in group credit life insurance policies to provide such coverage.

(4) (a) The amount of credit life insurance on the life of any debtor shall at no time exceed the amount owed by him which is repayable in installments to the creditor. The amount of insurance on the life of any debtor shall at no time exceed the amount of the unpaid indebtedness.

(b) The total amount of periodic indemnity payable by credit accident and sickness insurance in the event of disability, as defined in the policy, shall not exceed the aggregate of the periodic schedule of unpaid installments of indebtedness, and the amount of each periodic indemnity shall not exceed the original total amount of periodic indemnity divided by the number of periodic installments.

(5) **TERM OF CREDIT LIFE INSURANCE AND CREDIT ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.** The term of any credit life insurance or credit accident and sickness insurance shall, subject to acceptance by the insurer, commence on the date when the debtor becomes obligated to the creditor, except that, where a group policy provides coverage with respect to existing obligations, the insurance on a debtor with respect to such indebtedness shall commence on the effective date of the policy. Where evidence of insurability is required and such evidence is furnished more than 30 days after the date when the debtor becomes obligated to the creditor, the term of the insurance may commence on the date on which the insurance company determines the evidence to be satisfactory, and in such event there shall be an appropriate refund or adjustment of any charge to the debtor for insurance. The term of such insurance shall not extend more than 15 days beyond the scheduled maturity date of indebtedness except when extended without additional cost to the debtor or as an incident to a deferral, refinancing or consolidation agreement. If the indebtedness is discharged due to renewal or refinancing prior to the scheduled maturity date, the insurance in force shall be terminated before any new insurance may be issued in connection with the renewed or refinanced indebtedness. In any renewal or refinancing of the indebtedness the effective date of the coverage as respects any policy provision shall be deemed to be the first date on which the debtor became insured under the policy covering the indebtedness which was renewed or refinanced, but this does not apply to an amount of indebtedness, exclusive of refinancing charges, in excess of the original indebtedness outstanding at the time of refinancing.

ing. In all cases of termination prior to scheduled maturity, a refund shall be paid or credited as provided in sub. (8).

(6) PROVISIONS OF POLICIES AND CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE; DISCLOSURE TO DEBTORS. (a) All credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance shall be evidenced by an individual policy, or in the case of group insurance by a certificate of insurance, which individual policy or group certificate of insurance shall be delivered to the debtor.

(b) Each individual policy or group certificate of credit life insurance and/or credit accident and sickness insurance shall, in addition to other requirements of law set forth:

1. The name and home office address of the insurer,
2. The name or names of the debtor or in the case of a certificate under a group policy, the identity by name or otherwise of the debtor,
3. The premium or amount of payment, if any, by the debtor separately for credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance,
4. A description of the coverage including the amount and term thereof, and any exceptions, limitations and restrictions,
5. A provision that the benefits shall be paid to the creditor to reduce or extinguish the unpaid indebtedness and, wherever the amount of insurance may exceed the unpaid indebtedness, that any such excess shall be payable to a beneficiary, other than the creditor, named by the debtor or to his estate, and
6. A provision that the insurance on any debtor will be cancelled and refund made if his indebtedness is terminated through prepayment or otherwise.

(c) The individual policy or group certificate of insurance shall be delivered to the insured debtor at the time the indebtedness is incurred except as hereinafter provided.

(d) If the individual policy or group certificate of insurance is not delivered to the debtor at the time the indebtedness is incurred, a copy of the application for such policy or a notice of proposed insurance shall;

1. Be delivered to the debtor at the time such indebtedness is incurred,
2. Be signed by the debtor,
3. Set forth the name and home office address of the insurer,
4. Set forth the name or names of the debtor,
5. Set forth the premium or amount of payment by the debtor, if any, separately for credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance, and
6. Set forth the amount, term and a brief description of the coverage provided including all exclusions and exceptions.

(dm) The copy of the application for, or notice of proposed insurance, shall also refer exclusively to insurance coverage, and shall be separate and apart from the loan, sale or other credit statement of account, instrument or agreement, unless the information required by this subsection is prominently set forth therein. Upon acceptance of the insurance by the

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insurer and within 30 days of the date upon which the indebtedness is incurred, the insurer shall cause the individual policy or group certificates of insurance to be delivered to the debtor. The application or notice of proposed insurance shall state that upon acceptance by the insurer, the insurance shall become effective as provided in sub. (5).

(e) If the named insurer does not accept the risk, then and in such event the debtor shall receive a policy or certificate of insurance setting forth the name and home office address of the substituted insurer, if any, and the information required by par. (b), and if the amount of premium is less than that set forth in the notice of proposed insurance an appropriate refund shall be made.

(f) If a contract of insurance provides for a limitation of the amount of coverage related to insurance provided by other contracts in force on the debtor, such limitation shall be explained to the debtor at the time the indebtedness is incurred and shall be acknowledged in writing by him in an instrument separate from the individual policy or group certificate. Alternatively, the individual policy or group certificate shall include a brief description or separate statement referring to the limitation of amount of coverage. The brief description or separate statement, if used to meet the foregoing requirement, shall be printed on the first page of the individual policy or group certificate in type more prominent than that used in the text of the policy or certificate and shall clearly indicate the limitation.

(g) If a contract of insurance provides for a limitation of coverage related to the age of the debtor, such limitation shall be explained to the debtor at the time the indebtedness is incurred and shall be acknowledged in writing by him in an instrument separate from the individual policy or group certificate. Alternatively, the individual policy or group certificate shall include a brief description or separate statement referring to the age limitation. The brief description or separate statement, if used to meet the foregoing requirement, shall be printed on the first page of the individual policy or group certificate in type more prominent than that used in the text of the policy or certificate and shall clearly indicate the limitation.

(h) Conspicuous notice of the debtor's right to return the policy, certificate of insurance or notice of proposed insurance within 10 days of incurring the indebtedness and to receive a refund of any premium paid if he is not satisfied with the insurance for any reason, as required by s. 424.203 (4), Stats., shall be furnished with or in the policy, certificate or notice of proposed insurance.

(i) Charges or premiums for credit life insurance or credit accident and sickness insurance may only be collected from debtors if the disclosure and authorization requirements of s. 422.202 (1) (b), Stats., are met. If 2 debtors are to be insured for credit life insurance each must receive the disclosure information and each must request credit life insurance coverage.

(7) FILING OF POLICY FORMS. (a) All policy forms, certificates of insurance, notices of proposed insurance, applications for insurance, endorsements and riders to be delivered or issued for delivery in this state and the schedules of premium rates pertaining thereto shall be filed with the commissioner. In the case of credit transactions covered under a group policy issued in another state or jurisdiction, the insurer shall file for ap-

proval only the group certificate and notice of proposed insurance to be used in this state, and the premium rates to be used in connection with such certificate and notice.

(b) The commissioner shall within 30 days after the filing of any such policy, certificate of insurance, notice of proposed insurance, application for insurance, endorsement or rider, disapprove any such form if the benefits provided therein are not reasonable in relation to the premium charge, or if it contains provisions which are unjust, unfair, inequitable, misleading, deceptive or encourage misrepresentation of the coverage, or are contrary to any law or of any administrative rule.

(c) If the commissioner notifies the insurer that the form is disapproved, it may not issue or use such form. Such notice shall specify the reason for the disapproval and state that a hearing will be granted within 20 days after request in writing by the insurer. No such policy, certificate of insurance, notice of proposed insurance, nor any application, endorsement or rider, shall be issued or used until the expiration of 30 days after it has been so filed, unless the commissioner shall give his prior written approval thereto.

(d) The commissioner may, at any time after a hearing held not less than 20 days after written notice to the insurer, withdraw his approval of any such form on any ground set forth in par. (b). The written notice of such hearing shall state the reason for the proposed withdrawal.

(e) The insurer may not issue such forms or use them after the effective date of such withdrawal.

(8) PREMIUMS AND REFUNDS. (a) Any insurer may revise its schedules of premium rates from time to time, and shall file such revised schedules with the commissioner. No insurer shall issue any credit life insurance policy or credit accident and sickness insurance policy for which the premium rate differs from that determined by the schedules of such insurer as then on file.

(b) The amount charged to a debtor for any credit life or credit accident and sickness insurance shall not exceed the premiums charged by the insurer, as computed at the time the charge to the debtor is determined.

(c) If a creditor requires a debtor to make any payment for credit life insurance or credit accident and sickness insurance and an individual policy or group certificate of insurance is not issued, the creditor shall immediately give written notice to such debtor and shall promptly make an appropriate credit to the account.

(d) A creditor may not remit and an insurer may not collect on a monthly outstanding balance basis if the insurance charge or premium is included as part of the outstanding indebtedness. This means that where the creditor adds identifiable insurance charges or premiums for credit insurance to the total amount of indebtedness, and any direct or indirect finance, carrying, credit or service charge is made to the debtor in connection with such insurance charge, the creditor must remit and the insurer shall collect on a single premium basis only.

(e) Dividends on participating individual policies of credit insurance shall be payable to the individual insureds. Payment of such dividends may be deferred until such time as the policy is terminated.

(f) Each individual policy, or group certificate shall provide that in the event of termination of the insurance prior to the scheduled maturity date of the indebtedness, any refund of an amount paid by the debtor for insurance shall be paid or credited promptly to the person entitled thereto; provided, however, that the premium schedule may prescribe a minimum refund of \$1 and no refund of a lesser amount need be made. The sum of the refunds due on all credit life insurance or credit accident and sickness insurance policies being terminated in connection with the indebtedness and all other credits due to the customer under chs. 421 to 428, Stats., shall be used to determine if a refund is due.

(g) Schedules for computing refunds in event of cancellation of credit insurance prior to the scheduled maturity date of the indebtedness must meet the following minimum requirements:

1. The refund of premium, in the case of credit insurance for which premiums are payable other than by a single premium, and in the case of level term credit life insurance, shall be equal to the pro-rata unearned gross premium. In the case of credit insurance paid by a single premium the refund shall be equal to the amount computed by the "sum of digits" formula commonly known as the "Rule of 78".

2. The refund of the amount charged the debtor for insurance, in the case of credit insurance for which said amount is charged other than in single sum, and in the case of level term credit life insurance, shall be equal to the pro-rata unearned gross amount charged or to be charged. In the case of credit insurance for which the whole amount is charged in a single sum the refund shall be equal to the amount computed by the "sum of digits" formula commonly known as the "Rule of 78".

3. Refunds shall be based upon the number of full months prepaid from the maturity date of the policy, counting a fractional month of 16 days or more as a full month.

4. Upon termination of indebtedness repayable in a single sum prior to the scheduled maturity date, the refund shall be computed from the date of termination to the maturity date. If less than 15 days of a loan month has been earned, no charge may be made for that loan month, but if 15 days or more, a full month may be charged.

(h) If an insured indebtedness is transferred to another creditor any group credit life insurance or group credit accident and sickness insurance issued on that indebtedness may be continued, but the creditor policyholder must advise the insurer of each transfer within 30 days of its effective date.

(9) CLAIMS AND AUDIT PROCEDURES. (a) All claims shall be promptly reported to the insurer or its designated claim representative, and the insurer shall maintain adequate claim files. All claims shall be settled as soon as possible and in accordance with the terms of the insurance contract.

(b) All claims shall be paid either by draft drawn upon the insurer or by check of the insurer to the order of the claimant to whom payment of the claim is due pursuant to the policy provisions, or upon direction of such claimant to one specified.

(c) No plan or arrangement shall be used whereby any person, firm or corporation other than the insurer or its designated claim representative

shall be authorized to settle or adjust claims. The creditor shall not be designated as claim representative for the insurer in adjusting claims; provided, that a group policyholder may, by arrangement with the group insurer, draw drafts or checks in payment of claims due to the group policyholder subject to audit and review by the insurer. However, nothing herein shall be construed to relieve the insurer of the responsibility for proper settlement, adjustment and payment of all claims in accordance with the terms of the insurance contract and this ruling.

(d) The insurer must make a good faith examination of each credit insurance account in the first year of the account and annually thereafter. The examination shall be made to assure that the creditor is conducting the insurance program in compliance with the credit insurance policy provisions, the insurer's administrative instructions furnished the creditor to implement the insurance program, and with the applicable credit insurance law and regulation of Wisconsin. The examination must include verification of the accuracy of the computation of premium payments, insurance charges made to debtors, and claim payments reported to the insurer by the creditor. The insurer will maintain records of examinations for 2 years, and such records will be subject to call and review by the commissioner.

(10) CHOICE OF INSURER. When credit life insurance or credit accident and sickness insurance is required as additional security for any indebtedness, the debtor shall, upon request to the creditor, have the option of furnishing the required amount of insurance through existing policies of insurance owned or controlled by him or of procuring and furnishing the required coverage through any insurer authorized to transact an insurance business within this state.

(11) CREDIT INSURANCE PREMIUM RATE FILINGS. (a) Every credit insurer shall file with the commissioner every premium rate schedule applicable to credit insurance in this state, together with the premium, loss, and expense experience on which the insurer bases the proposed premium rate, at least 30 days before the proposed effective date.

(b) In the absence of credible mortality or morbidity experience, the benefits provided under a credit insurance form shall be deemed not to be unreasonable in relation to the premium rate charged if the premium rates filed do not exceed the prima facie premium rate standards set forth in subs. (12) and (13) and if the forms provide benefits which are no more restrictive than the coverage standards enumerated.

(c) Nothing herein shall preclude an insurer from requesting approval of the commissioner for premium rates higher or lower than the prima facie rate standards on the basis of the mortality or morbidity rate actually experienced or anticipated.

(d) If an insurer proposes to provide coverage which is different from coverage described in subs. (12) and (13), the insurer must demonstrate to the commissioner's satisfaction that the premium rate schedule applicable for the coverage will produce loss ratios at least as great as those contemplated in the premium rate standards set forth or can reasonably be expected to produce such loss ratios.

(e) Where no debtor is paying an identifiable charge for any part of the premium for credit insurance the rates shall be such reasonable rates as are approved by the commissioner.

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(12) PRIMA FACIE CREDIT LIFE INSURANCE PREMIUM RATE STANDARDS.

(a) The basic permissible loss ratio for credit life insurance shall be not less than 50%.

(b) The rate standard for premiums payable on the basis of monthly outstanding balance is \$0.616 per \$1,000 of insurance. The rates applicable to other methods of payment shall be actuarially equivalent.

(c) The rate standard for premiums payable on single premium decreasing term credit life insurance shall be computed according to the following formula:

$$P_n = \frac{(n) 0.40}{12}$$

Where P_n = Single premium rate per \$100 of initial insured indebtedness repayable in n equal monthly instalments

n = Original repayment period, in months

(d) The rate standard for premiums payable on single premium level term credit life insurance shall be computed according to the following formula:

$$P_n = \frac{(n) 0.616}{10}$$

Where P_n = Single premium rate per \$100 of level insured indebtedness repayable in n months

n = Original term of level indebtedness in months

(e) The rate standards for credit life insurance providing coverage on 2 lives with respect to a single indebtedness shall be 150% of the rate standard provided in pars. (b), (c), and (d), above.

(f) As an alternative to pars. (b), (c), or (d) above, where age data applicable to the insured debtors is available, rate standards may be based on such data, under a plan approved by the commissioner.

(g) The rate standards set forth herein shall be applicable for a plan of death benefits with or without requirements for evidence of insurability which contains:

1. No exclusions other than suicide within one year of the incurral of the indebtedness, and

2. No age restrictions, or only age restrictions making ineligible for coverage:

a. Debtors less than age 18 at the time the indebtedness is incurred, or

b. Debtors age 65 or over at the time the indebtedness is incurred, or

c. Debtors who will have attained age 66 or over on the maturity date of the indebtedness.

(h) The rate standards set forth in this subsection shall not be applicable for a plan of death benefits wherein the amount of credit life insurance on the life of any debtor at any time exceeds \$10,000, or for which the term of the indebtedness insured exceeds 5 years.

(13) PRIMA FACIE MAXIMUM CREDIT ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE PREMIUM RATE STANDARDS. (a) If premiums are payable in one sum (single premium) for coverage for the entire duration of indebtedness, the premium rate standards for \$100 of initial amount of insured indebtedness repayable in equal monthly instalments are shown below. Premium rate standards for other benefit plans and for indebtedness repayable in instalments other than as shown shall be actuarially consistent with the indicated rate standards, but no individual policy of credit accident and sickness insurance or group policy of credit accident and sickness insurance shall be delivered or issued for delivery if the benefits are payable after a waiting period of less than 14 days, regardless of whether the payment of benefits are retroactive to the first day of disability.

Original Number of Equal Monthly Instalments	Non-Retroactive Elimination Period	
	14 days	30 Days
6	\$1.39	\$.69
12	1.95	1.18
18	2.27	1.50
24	2.52	1.69
30	2.74	1.82
36	2.93	1.93
42	3.10	2.03
48	3.26	2.12
54	3.41	2.21
60	3.55	2.29
Basic permissible loss ratio	59%	52%

Original Number of Equal Monthly Instalments	Retroactive Waiting Period	
	14 Days	30 Days
6	\$1.74	\$1.19
12	2.23	1.68
18	2.56	1.89
24	2.81	2.04
30	3.02	2.17
36	3.21	2.29
42	3.39	2.39
48	3.55	2.48
54	3.70	2.57
60	3.84	2.65
Basic permissible loss ratio	60%	57%

(b) The rate standards applicable for premiums payable on the basis of monthly outstanding balances shall be computed under the formula described in subd. 1 except as provided in subd. 2:

1. For credit accident and sickness insurance benefit plans issued on an individual or a group basis the premiums payable shall be computed as follows:

$$p_n = \frac{20 P_n}{n + 1}$$

Where n = *Original* repayment period, in months

p_n = The Monthly Outstanding Balance Premium Rate per \$1,000 for an indebtedness repayable in equal monthly instalments with an *original* repayment period of n months

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P_n = The Single Premium Rate per \$100 initial insured indebtedness with an *original* repayment period of n months, from par. (a).

The outstanding balance premium rate for an indebtedness with a given original repayment period is applicable to the outstanding balance of this indebtedness at each month during the period, regardless of the remaining repayment period.

2. For credit accident and sickness insurance benefit plans issued on a group basis, a composite monthly outstanding balance premium rate schedule may be used in lieu of the rate procedure described in subd. 1 for each benefit plan, to apply to all outstanding balances each month under such plan, irrespective of the type or duration of loan making up such outstanding balances. Such composite monthly outstanding balance premium rate schedule will be approved for use only if the actuarial consistency of such composite rate with the prima facie maximum credit accident and sickness insurance premium rate standards and basic permissible loss ratios in par. (a) is established, and the reasons for this use in lieu of the rate standard in subd. 1 are documented.

3. The rate deviation procedure outlined in sub. (14) shall be applied separately to any business written under subd. 2 above, and the insurer shall maintain all pertinent data on such business separately.

(c) The rate standards set forth herein shall be applicable for a plan of benefits which contains:

1. No provision excluding or denying a claim for disability resulting from pre-existing conditions except for those conditions which manifested themselves to the insured debtor by requiring medical diagnosis or treatment or would have caused a reasonably prudent person to have sought the medical diagnosis or treatment, within 6 months preceding the effective date of the debtor's coverage and which caused loss within the 6 months following the effective date of coverage; provided, however, that disability commencing thereafter resulting from such condition shall be covered.

2. No other provision which excludes or restricts liability in the event of disability caused in a certain specified manner except that it may contain provisions excluding or restricting coverage in the event of pregnancy, intentionally self-inflicted injuries, foreign travel or residence, flight in non-scheduled aircraft, war or military service.

3. No age restrictions, or only age restrictions making ineligible for coverage:

- a. Debtors less than age 18 at the time the indebtedness is incurred, or
- b. Debtors age 65 or over at the time the indebtedness is incurred, or
- c. Debtors who will have attained age 66 or over on the maturity date of the indebtedness.

4. Provision for a daily benefit equal in amount to the initial indebtedness divided by the number of days in the period during which the indebtedness is scheduled to be repaid in equal monthly instalments.

5. Provides for benefits to be payable in the event of disability resulting from bodily injury or sickness, which disability commences while the

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debtor is insured hereunder and prevents the insured debtor from engaging in any gainful occupation for which he is reasonably qualified by reason of education, training or experience, except that during the initial 12 months of disability the inability of the insured to engage in his own occupation shall be the only test.

Note: This is not intended to preclude calculation of the daily benefit based on a 30 day month.

(d) The rate standards set forth in this subsection shall not apply for a plan of benefits wherein the aggregate of the periodic schedule of unpaid installments of indebtedness payable by credit accident and sickness insurance exceeds \$10,000 or for which the term of the indebtedness insured exceeds 5 years.

(14) DEVIATION PROCEDURE AND CASE RATE DETERMINATION. (a) For cases of less than \$50,000 earned premiums (prima facie basis) the case rates shall be the prima facie rates. For cases of \$50,000 or greater earned premiums (prima facie basis) the actual case ratio shall be calculated as (actual ratio of claims incurred to premiums earned) divided by the basic permissible loss ratio shown in sub. (12) or (13). If the actual case ratio is within the acceptance range shown in the following credibility table, the case rates will be the prima facie rates. If the actual case ratio is outside the acceptance range, the adjusted case ratio will be calculated by adjusting the actual case ratio toward 100% by addition or subtraction of the "adjustment constant", also shown in the credibility table.

CREDIBILITY TABLE
Earned Premium (Prima Facie Basis)

Size Group	Small Loans or Credit Unions	Banks or Sales Finance	Acceptance Range	Adjustment Constant
CREDIT LIFE				
I	50,000-125,000	50,000- 200,000	0.80-1.20	0.15
II	125,000-300,000	200,000- 500,000	0.85-1.15	0.10
III	300,000-650,000	500,000-1,000,000	0.85-1.15	0.05
IV	650,000 or over	1,000,000 or over	0.90-1.10	0.00
CREDIT ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS				
I	50,000- 75,000	50,000- 100,000	0.80-1.20	0.15
II	75,000-125,000	100,000- 175,000	0.85-1.15	0.10
III	125,000-250,000	175,000- 350,000	0.85-1.15	0.05
IV	250,000 or over	350,000 or over	0.90-1.10	0.00

(b) If the adjusted case ratio exceeds 1.00, the case rate is the product of deviation factor f , and the prima facie rate shown in sub. (12) or (13), where

$$f = \frac{[(\text{Adjusted case ratio} - 1) \times 1.25 \times \text{Basic Permissible Loss Ratio}] + 1}{1}$$

(c) If the adjusted case ratio for credit accident and sickness insurance is less than 1.00, but greater than the limits specified in the following table, the case rates are the product of the deviation factor g , and the prima facie rates in sub. (13), where

$$g = 1 - [(1 - \text{adjusted case ratio}) \times 1.25 \times \text{Basic Permissible Loss Ratio}]$$

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<i>Plan of Benefit</i>	<i>Limit</i>
14 days Retroactive Elimination Period -----	.55
14 days Non-Retroactive Elimination Period -----	.59
30 days Retroactive Elimination Period -----	.67
30 days Non-Retroactive Elimination Period -----	.89

$$\text{Limit} = \frac{.5 (1-1.25 \times \text{Basic Permissible Loss Ratio})}{\text{Basic Permissible Loss Ratio} (1-.5 \times 1.25)}$$

(Rounded down)

(d) If the adjusted case ratio for credit accident and sickness insurance is less than 1.00, and less than or equal to the limit specified in the above table, the case rates are the product of the deviation factor h, and the prima facie rate in sub. (13) where

$$h = (\text{Adjusted Case Ratio} \times \text{Basic Permissible Loss Ratio} \times 2)$$

(e) If the adjusted case ratio for credit life insurance is less than 1.00, the case rate is the product of the deviation factor h and the prima facie rate in subsection (12) where

$$h = (\text{Adjusted Case Ratio})$$

(f) If the case rate determined by the above procedures is within 5¢ of the existing single premium rate per \$100 per year, the existing rate will be the case rate.

(g) The case rate as determined shall continue for a period equal to the experience period on which it was based. Where the case rate applies to a group of accounts, the rate will continue to apply to every account which was grouped for determination of the rate and to only those accounts. The insurer shall annually determine and submit for filing under sub. (8) (a) the applicable case rate calculated as prescribed herein.

(h) As used in this rule the following words mean:

1. Account—The aggregate credit life or credit accident and sickness coverage for a single plan of benefits and class of business written through a single creditor by the insurer, whether coverage is written on a group or individual policy basis.

2. Class of business—Means any of the following:

- a. Credit unions
- b. Commercial and savings banks
- c. Other cash loans (small loans, industrial bank loans, etc.)
- d. Other sales finance (discount transactions, etc.)

3. Experience year—A 12-month period ending on the policy anniversary or renewal date or on a calendar year-end. Experience for a given account or permitted combinations of accounts shall be reported consistently from year to year.

4. Case—a. An account, if the earned premium for the account based upon the prima facie premium rates promulgated in sub. (12) or (13) during the most recent 3 experience years has been \$50,000 or more. If the rates applicable to the account are not at the prima facie level or at a uniform percentage of the prima facie rates, the amount of premium

which would have been earned at the prima facie rates shall be approximated by a reasonable method filed with the experience report.

b. A combination of all the insurer's accounts of the same plan of benefits and class of business, excluding all accounts which meet the criterion for inclusion under a. immediately preceding.

5. Experience period—The last 3 experience years unless a lower number of full years produces an earned premium in size group IV as shown in the credibility table.

(j) In determining the case ratios in this subsection for application of the deviation formula, the following rules shall be applied:

1. If the coverage for a single creditor which qualifies for separate consideration under case definition a. above has been in force with the insurer for less than the experience period, the claim experience of the creditor while covered by any prior insurer shall be included to the extent necessary in determining the appropriate case ratios.

2. The case ratios shall be based wholly or partially on the experience of the insurer on the case within the state, or a group of states or on the total United States experience, so long as the insurer reports and files consistently for that case thereafter. An account which qualifies for separate treatment as a case but which provides coverage on a multi-state basis, may be considered in its entirety if the insurer so chooses excluding experience used for deviation purposes in any state, states or group of states.

(15) ACCOUNTING AND UNDERWRITING EXPERIENCE. Each insurer shall maintain records of premiums, losses and expenses of Wisconsin business separately for credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance on a calendar year basis or on a policy year basis. Such underwriting experience shall be maintained for each form of policy, creditor, and class of creditor. This information shall be subject to call annually by the commissioner.

(16) FINANCIAL STATEMENT MINIMUM RESERVES. (a) Each insurer shall show, as a liability in any financial statement or report required under s. 601.42, Stats., its policy or unearned premium reserve in an amount not less than as computed in pars. (b), (c) and (d). If a credit insurance policy provides any combination of life insurance benefits, disability benefits and accident and sickness insurance benefits, a reserve must be established separately for the life insurance benefits, for the disability benefits and for the accident and sickness insurance benefits.

(b) The reserve for individual credit life insurance policies shall be not less than 130% of the Commissioner's 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table at 3½% annual interest.

(c) The reserve for group credit life insurance policies shall be not less than 130% of the Commissioner's 1960 Standard Group Mortality Table at 3½% annual interest.

(d) The reserve for credit accident and sickness insurance policies and for disability benefits in credit life insurance policies shall be not less than the greater of 130% of the Commissioner's 1964 Disability Table at 3½% annual interest or the pro rata unearned premium reserve.

Ins 3

(17) **SUBMISSION OF POLICY FORMS AND RATE SCHEDULES IN USE.** Each insurer subject to this rule shall file with the commissioner on or before October 1, 1972, a listing of all policy forms, certificates of insurance, notices of proposed insurance, applications for insurance, endorsements and riders and the schedules of premium rates pertaining thereto which have been heretofore approved and which the insurer intends to issue or use in Wisconsin after the effective date of this rule.

(18) **PENALTY.** Violations of this rule shall subject the insurer or agent to s. 601.64, Stats.

Note: It is the intent of this rule that it shall apply prospectively to the review for approval of policy and other forms of credit life and credit accident and sickness insurance and to the rates applicable to such forms that are submitted for filing after the effective date. Individual hearings will be held to consider whether credit life and credit accident and sickness insurance contract forms and rate levels presently in use provide benefits that are reasonable in relation to premium charges.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1972, No. 200, eff. 9-1-72; cr. (2) (c), (6) (h) and (8) (h); am. (4) (b), (5), (8) (f), (12), (13) (a), (14) (e), and r. (17) (a), Register, February, 1973, No. 206, eff. 3-1-73; am. (4), (5), (6) (a) 6, (6) (h), (8) (f), (12) (g) 2, (13) (c) 3, (14) (c) and (d) and cr. (6) (i) and (13) (c) 5, Register, April, 1975, No. 232, eff. 5-1-75; am. (13) (b), Register, June, 1975, No. 234, eff. 7-1-75; emerg. am. (1) and (2), eff. 6-22-76; am. (1) and (2), Register, September, 1976, No. 249, eff. 10-1-76; am. (4) and (11) (d), cr. (12) (h) and (13) (d), Register, March, 1977, No. 255, eff. 4-1-77; am. (1), (2) and (14) (c), Register, March, 1979, No. 279, eff. 4-1-79; am. (12) (b) to (e), Register, September, 1981, No. 309, eff. 10-1-81; r. (19) under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 16, Stats., Register, December, 1984, No. 348; reprinted to correct printing errors in (13) (b), (14) (c) and (f), Register, June, 1986, No. 366.

Ins 3.26 Unfair trade practices in credit life and credit accident and sickness insurance. (1) **PURPOSE.** The purpose of this rule is to assist in the maintenance of a fair and equitable credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance market. This rule interprets, including but not limited to, the following Wisconsin Statutes: 601.04; 601.01 (3) (a), (b), (c), (g) and (h); 601.41 (1), (2) and (3) and ch. 628.

(2) **SCOPE.** This rule shall apply to the transaction of credit life insurance as defined in s. Ins 6.75 (1) (a) 1. and 632.44 (3), Stats., and the transaction of credit accident and sickness insurance as defined in s. Ins 6.75 (1) (c) 1. or (2) (c) 1.

(3) **UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES DEFINED.** The following acts, whether done directly or indirectly, in consideration of or in connection with a policy issued or proposed to be issued are defined to be prohibited unfair trade practices in the transaction of insurance described in sub. (2) above:

(a) The offer or grant by an insurer of any special favor or advantage, or any valuable consideration or inducement not set out in the insurance contract. The payment of agents' commissions, reported annually in Schedule 24S, shall not be a violation of this paragraph but the acts cited in pars. (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) may not in any way be construed as agents' commissions.

(b) The offer to deposit or the deposit with a bank or other financial institution, money or securities of the insurer or of any affiliate of the insurer with the design or intent that the deposit offset or take the place of a deposit of money or securities which otherwise would be required of the creditor by such bank or financial institution as a compensating balance or offsetting deposit for a loan or other advancement.

(c) The deposit with a bank or other financial institution of money or securities without interest or at a lesser rate of interest than is currently