Chapter Phar 1

AUTHORITY AND DEFINITIONS

Phar 1.01 Authority

Phar 1.02 Definitions

Note: Chapter Phar 1 as it existed on January 31, 1983 was repealed and a new chapter Phar 1 was created effective February 1, 1983.

Phar 1.01 Authority. Rules in chs. Phar 1 to 14 are adopted under authority of ss. 15.08 (5), 161.31, 227.11, Stats., and ch. 450, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2-1-83; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9-1-91.

Phar 1.02 Definitions. As used in chs. Phar 1 to 14:

(1) "Board" means the pharmacy examining board.

Note: The board office is located at 1400 East Washington Avenue, Madison, Wisconsin 53702, telephone (608) 266-8794.

- (2) "Community pharmacy" means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an outpatient basis.
 - (3) "DEA" means the drug enforcement administration.
- (4) "Institutional pharmacy" means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an inpatient basis.
- (4m) "Long term care facility" means a facility for the developmentally disabled or other nursing home.
 - (5) "LTCF" means a long term care facility.
- (6) "Managing pharmacist" means a pharmacist designated by the pharmacy owner to have responsibility for and direct control of pharmaceutical operations in a pharmacy.
- (7) "NABPLEX" means the national association of boards of pharmacy licensing examination.

- (8) "Pharmacist" means a person licensed by the board under ch. 450, Stats.
- (9) "Pharmacist-in-charge" means a pharmacist who is physically present in the licensed facility and responsible for the routine operation of a pharmacy for the period of time specified by the managing pharmacist.
- (10) "Pharmacy" means any place of practice licensed by the board under s. 450.06, Stats.
- (11) "Pharmacy owner" means a person or entity to whom a pharmacy permit is issued.
- (12) "Practice of pharmacy" has the meaning under s. 450.01 (16), Stats.
 - (13) "PRN" means renew as needed.
- (14) "Professional service area" means the area of a pharmacy in which prescriptions are compounded or dispensed, hypodermic needles, syringes, poisons and schedule V controlled substances as listed in s. 161.22, Stats., and ch. CSB 2, Wis. Adm. Code, are available, or where patients are consulted.
- (15) "Terminal illness" means an incurable condition caused by injury or illness that reasonable medical judgment finds would cause death.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2-1-83; am. (intro.), renum. (2) to (9) to be (6) to (12) and (14) and am. (8), (10) and (12), cr. (2) to (5) and (13), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9-1-91; cr. (4m) and (15), Register, September, 1994, No. 465, eff. 10-1-94.