## Chapter NR 102

## WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR WISCONSIN SURFACE WATERS

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History: Chapter NR 102 as it existed on September 30, 1973 was repealed and a new chapter NR 102 was created, effective October 1, 1973. Corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, August, 1997, No. 500.

- NR 102.01 Purpose. (1) The purpose of this chapter is to establish, in conjunction with chs. NR 103 to 105, water quality standards for surface waters of the state pursuant to s. 281.15 (2) (b), Stats. This chapter describes the designated use categories for such waters and the water quality criteria necessary to support these uses. This chapter and chs. NR 103 to 105 constitute the water quality standards for the surface waters of Wisconsin.
- (2) Water quality standards shall protect the public interest, which includes the protection of public health and welfare and the present and prospective uses of all waters of the state for public and private water supplies, propagation of fish and other aquatic life and wild and domestic animals, domestic and recreational purposes, and agricultural, commercial, industrial, and other legitimate uses. In all cases where the potential uses are in conflict, water quality standards shall protect the general public interest.
- (3) Water quality standards serve as a basis for developing and implementing control strategies to achieve legislative policies and goals. Water quality standards are the basis for deriving water quality based effluent limitations. Water quality standards also serve as a basis for decisions in other regulatory, permitting or funding activities that impact water quality.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89.

NR 102.02 Applicability. The provisions of this chapter are applicable to surface waters of Wisconsin.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89.

- NR 102.03 Definitions. (1) "Mixing zone" means a region in which a discharge of different characteristics than the receiving water is in transit and progressively diluted from the source to the receiving system.
- (2) "Natural conditions" means the normal daily and seasonal variations in climatic and atmospheric conditions, and the existing physical and chemical characteristics of a water or the course in which it flows.
- (3) "Natural temperature" means the normal existing temperature of a surface water including daily and seasonal changes outside the zone of influence of any artificial inputs.
- (4) "Resource management" means the application of control techniques to enhance or preserve a surface water in accordance with statutory provisions and in the general public interest.
- (5) "Sanitary survey" means a thorough investigation and evaluation of a surface water including bacteriological sampling to determine the extent and cause of any bacterial contamination.
- (6) "Surface waters" means all natural and artificial named and unnamed lakes and all naturally flowing streams within the boundaries of the state, but not including cooling lakes, farm ponds and facilities constructed for the treatment of wastewaters (the term waters as used in this chapter means surface waters).
- (7) "Unauthorized concentrations of substances" means pollutants or other chemicals introduced into surface waters without

prior permit or knowledge of the department, but not including accidental or unintentional spills.

- (8) "Best practicable control technology" means that level of treatment established by the department under s. 283.13 (2) (a), Stats., for categories and classes of point sources to be achieved by not later than July 1, 1977.
- (9) "Best available control technology" means that level of treatment established by the department under s. 283.13 (2) (b) 1., Stats., for categories and classes of point sources to be achieved by not later than July 1, 1983.
- (10) Class I and Class II trout waters are as defined in s. NR 1.02 (7).

History: Cr. Register, September, 1973, No. 213, eff. 10-1-73; r. (1), renum. from NR 102.01, Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89; cr. (10), Register, May, 1993, No. 449, eff. 6-1-93.

- NR 102.04 Categories of standards. (1) GENERAL. To preserve and enhance the quality of waters, standards are established to govern water management decisions. Practices attributable to municipal, industrial, commercial, domestic, agricultural, land development or other activities shall be controlled so that all waters including the mixing zone and the effluent channel meet the following conditions at all times and under all flow conditions:
- (a) Substances that will cause objectionable deposits on the shore or in the bed of a body of water, shall not be present in such amounts as to interfere with public rights in waters of the state.
- (b) Floating or submerged debris, oil, scum or other material shall not be present in such amounts as to interfere with public rights in waters of the state.
- (c) Materials producing color, odor, taste or unsightliness shall not be present in such amounts as to interfere with public rights in waters of the state.
- (d) Substances in concentrations or combinations which are toxic or harmful to humans shall not be present in amounts found to be of public health significance, nor shall substances be present in amounts which are acutely harmful to animal, plant or aquatic life.
- (2) REVISED STANDARDS. It should be recognized that these standards will be revised as new information or advancing technology indicate that revisions are in the public interest. Water used for hydropower and commercial shipping depends mainly on quantity, depth and elevation; consequently, no specific quality standards for these uses have been prepared.
- (3) FISH AND OTHER AQUATIC LIFE USES. The department shall classify all surface waters into one of the fish and other aquatic life subcategories described in this subsection. Only those use subcategories identified in pars. (a) to (c) shall be considered suitable for the protection and propagation of a balanced fish and other aquatic life community as provided in the federal water pollution control act amendments of 1972, P.L. 92–500; 33 USC 1251 et seq.
- (a) Cold water communities. This subcategory includes surface waters capable of supporting a community of cold water fish and other aquatic life, or serving as a spawning area for cold water

fish species. This subcategory includes, but is not restricted to, surface waters identified as trout water by the department of natural resources (Wisconsin Trout Streams, publication 6-3600 (80)).

- (b) Warm water sport fish communities. This subcategory includes surface waters capable of supporting a community of warm water sport fish or serving as a spawning area for warm water sport fish.
- (c) Warm water forage fish communities. This subcategory includes surface waters capable of supporting an abundant diverse community of forage fish and other aquatic life.
- (d) Limited forage fish communities. (Intermediate surface waters). This subcategory includes surface waters of limited capacity and naturally poor water quality or habitat. These surface waters are capable of supporting only a limited community of forage fish and other aquatic life.
- (e) Limited aquatic life. (Marginal surface waters). This subcategory includes surface waters of severely limited capacity and naturally poor water quality or habitat. These surface waters are capable of supporting only a limited community of aquatic life.
- (4) STANDARDS FOR FISH AND AQUATIC LIFE. Except for natural conditions, all waters classified for fish and aquatic life shall meet the following criteria:
- (a) Dissolved oxygen. Except as provided in par. (e) and s. NR 104.02 (3), the dissolved oxygen content in surface waters may not be lowered to less than 5 mg/L at any time.
- (b) Temperature. 1. There shall be no temperature changes that may adversely affect aquatic life.
- 2. Natural daily and seasonal temperature fluctuations shall be maintained.
- 3. The maximum temperature rise at the edge of the mixing zone above the existing natural temperature shall not exceed 5° F for streams and 3° F for lakes.
  - 4. The temperature shall not exceed 89°F for warm water fish.
- (c) pH. The pH shall be within the range of 6.0 to 9.0, with no change greater than 0.5 units outside the estimated natural seasonal maximum and minimum.
- (d) Other substances. Unauthorized concentrations of substances are not permitted that alone or in combination with other materials present are toxic to fish or other aquatic life. Surface waters shall meet the acute and chronic criteria as set forth in or developed pursuant to ss. NR 105.05 and 105.06. Surface waters shall meet the criteria which correspond to the appropriate fish and aquatic life subcategory for the surface water, except as provided in s. NR 104.02 (3).
- (e) Temperature and dissolved oxygen for cold waters. Streams classified as trout waters by the department of natural resources (Wisconsin Trout Streams, publication 6–3600 (80)) or as great lakes or cold water communities may not be altered from natural background temperature and dissolved oxygen levels to such an extent that trout populations are adversely affected.
- There shall be no significant artificial increases in temperature where natural trout reproduction is to be protected.
- 2. Dissolved oxygen in classified trout streams shall not be artificially lowered to less than 6.0 mg/L at any time, nor shall the dissolved oxygen be lowered to less 7.0 mg/L during the spawning season.
- The dissolved oxygen in great lakes tributaries used by stocked salmonids for spawning runs shall not be lowered below natural background during the period of habitation.
- (5) STANDARDS FOR RECREATIONAL USE. A sanitary survey and/or evaluation to assure protection from fecal contamination is the chief criterion in determining the suitability of a surface water for recreational use.
- (a) Bacteriological guidelines. The membrane filter fecal coliform count may not exceed 200 per 100 ml as a geometric mean

based on not less than 5 samples per month, nor exceed 400 per 100 ml in more than 10% of all samples during any month.

- (b) Exceptions. Whenever the department determines, in accordance with the procedures specified in s. NR 210.06, that wastewater disinfection is not required to protect recreational uses, the recreational use criteria and classifications as established in this subsection and in chs. NR 103 and 104 do not apply.
- (6) STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE. All surface waters shall meet the human threshold and human cancer criteria specified in or developed pursuant to ss. NR 105.08 and 105.09, respectively. The applicable criteria vary depending on whether the surface water is used for public drinking water supplies and vary with the type of fish and other aquatic life subcategory. All surface waters providing public drinking water supplies or classified as cold water or warm water sport fish communities as described in sub. (3) shall meet the taste and odor criteria specified in or developed pursuant to s. NR 102.14.
- (7) STANDARDS FOR WILDLIFE. All surface waters shall be classified for wildlife uses and meet the wildlife criteria specified in or developed pursuant to s. NR 105.07.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1973. No. 213, eff. 10-1-73; am. (3), Register, December, 1977, No. 264, eff. 1-1-78; renum. from NR 102.02, r. (3) (d) 1. to 3., and (5), renum. (3) (intro.) to (d) (intro.) and (e) and (4) to be (4) (intro.) to (e) and (5) and am. (4) (a), (d), (e) (intro.) and (5), cr. (6) and (7), Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89; am. (3) (intro.), (6), (7), r. (3) (a), renum. (3) (b) to (f) to be (3) (a) to (e) and am. (3) (a), Register, August, 1997, No. 500, eff. 9-1-97.

- NR 102.05 Application of standards. (1) ANTIDE-GRADATION. (a) No waters of the state shall be lowered in quality unless it has been affirmatively demonstrated to the department that such a change is justified as a result of necessary economic and social development, provided that no new or increased effluent interferes with or becomes injurious to any assigned uses made of or presently possible in such waters.
- (b) Classification system. For the purposes of this subsection, all surface waters of the state, or portions thereof, shall be classified as one of the following:
  - 1. Outstanding resource waters as listed in s. NR 102.10,
  - 2. Exceptional resource waters as listed in s. NR 102.11,
  - 3. Great Lakes system waters as listed in s. NR 102.12 (1),
- Fish and aquatic life waters as described in s. NR 102.13,
   or
- 5. Waters listed in tables 3 through 8 in ss. NR 104.05 to 104.10.
- (2) STREAMFLOW. Water quality standards will not be maintained under all natural occurrences of flow, temperature, or other water quality characteristics. The determination of water quality based effluent limitations or other management practices shall be based upon the following conditions except as provided in ch. NR 106 for toxic and organoleptic substances and whole effluent toxicity:
- (a) The average minimum 7-day low streamflow which occurs once in 10 years (7-day  $Q_{10}$ ); or,
- (b) In the case of dissolved oxygen and wherever sufficient data on streamflow and temperature are available, by application of a 0.274% level of nonattainment. This is equivalent to an expected nonattainment of the dissolved oxygen criterion of one day per year.
- (3) MIXING ZONES. Water quality standards shall be met at every point outside of a mixing zone. The size of the mixing zone cannot be uniformly prescribed, but shall be based on such factors as effluent quality and quantity, available dilution, temperature, current, type of outfall, channel configuration and restrictions to fish movement. For toxic and organoleptic substances with water quality criteria or secondary values specified in or developed pursuant to chs. NR 102 and 105, allowable dilution shall be determined as specified in ch. NR 106 in addition to the requirements specified in this subsection. As a guide to the delineation of a mixing zone, the following shall be taken into consideration:

- (a) Limiting mixing zones to as small an area as practicable, and conforming to the time exposure responses of aquatic life.
- (b) Providing passageways in rivers for fish and other mobile aquatic organisms.
- (c) Where possible, mixing zones being no larger than 25% of the cross-sectional area or volume of flow of the stream and not extending more than 50% of the width.
- (d) Final acute criteria and secondary values specified in or developed pursuant to s. NR 105.05 for the fish and aquatic life subcategory for which the receiving water is classified not being exceeded at any point in the mixing zone.
- (e) Mixing zones not exceeding 10% of a lake's total surface area.
- (f) Mixing zones not interfering with spawning or nursery areas, migratory routes, nor mouths of tributary streams.
- (g) Mixing zones not overlapping, but where they do, taking measures to prevent adverse synergistic effects.
- (h) Restricting the pH to values greater than 4.0 s.u. and to values less than 11.0 s.u. at any point in the mixing zone for the protection of indigenous fish and fish food organisms.
- (4) EXEMPTIONS. The thermal mixing zone provisions of this chapter are not applicable to municipal waste and water treatment plants, to vessels, or to discharges to enclosed harbors.
- (5) RESOURCE MANAGEMENT EXEMPTIONS. Application of chemicals for water resource management purposes in accordance with statutory provisions is not subject to the requirements of the standards except in case of water used for public water supply.
- (6) ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES. (a) The criteria in the Radiation Protection Code, s. HSS 157.15, shall apply to the disposal and permissible concentrations of radioactive substances.
- (b) Methods used for analysis of samples shall be as set forth in ch. NR 219 unless alternative methods are specified by the department.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1973, No. 213, eff. 10-1-73; renum. (5) and (6) to be (6) and (7), cr. (5), Register, July, 1975, No. 235, eff. 8-1-75; r. and recr. (3), Register, August, 1981, No. 308, eff. 9-1-81; correction in (7) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., cr. (4) (b), Register, September, 1984, No. 345, eff. 10-1-84; renum. from NR 190.03, r. (1), cr. (1) (b), renum. (2) to (7) to be (1) (a) to (6) and am. (2), (3) (intro.) and (d) and (6), Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89; am. (1) (b) 3., (3) (Intro.) and (d), Register, August, 1997, No. 500, eff. 9-1-97.

NR 102.06 Phosphorus. In addition to the requirements established in ch. NR 217, any wastewater discharger, regardless of population, volume or type of waste discharge, or geographic location, may be required to remove excess amounts of phosphorus. Effluent limitations for total phosphorus based on surface water quality may be established where, in the best professional judgment of the department, such limitations will result in an improvement in water quality, or preserve the quality of surface waters where long-term discharges may result in impairment of water quality. Such limitations for phosphorus shall include an evaluation of the discharges from point sources, nonpoint sources, background sources, tributaries, and a consideration of a margin of safety.

History: Cr. Register, July, 1975, No. 235, cff. 8-1-75; am. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, cff. 11-1-86; renum. from NR 102.04, Register, February, 1989, No. 398, cff. 3-1-89; am. Register, November, 1992, No. 443, cff. 12-1-92.

- NR 102.07 Lake Michigan and Lake Superior thermal standards. For Lake Michigan and Lake Superior the following thermal standards are established so as to minimize effects on the aquatic biota in the receiving waters.
- (1) (a) Thermal discharges shall not raise the receiving water temperature more than 3°F above the existing natural temperature at the boundary of mixing zones established in pars. (b) and (c).
- (b) 1. The mixing zone for a shoreline thermal discharge shall be the area included within the perimeter of a rectangular figure extending 1,250 feet in both directions along the shoreline from the outfall and 1,250 feet into the lake.

- 2. The mixing zone for an offshore thermal discharge shall be the area within a 1,000-foot radius circle with its center at the point of discharge.
- (c) The department may, upon request from the owner of a source of thermal discharge, adjust the boundaries of the mixing zone established in par. (b) for that source. In no case may any mixing zone so established include an area greater than 72 acres nor may it include more than 2,800 feet of shoreline.
- (2) In addition to the limitation set forth in sub. (1), but excepting the Milwaukee Harbor, Port Washington Harbor and the mouth of the Fox River, thermal discharges to Lake Michigan shall not raise the temperature of the receiving waters at the boundary of the established mixing zone above the following limits:

January	45°F
February	. 45°
March	
April	. 55°
May	. 60°
June	. 70°
July	. 80°
August	. 80°
September	. 80°
October	. 65°
November	. 60°
December	. 50°

History: Cr. Register, September, 1973, No. 213, cff. 10-1-73; r. and recr. Register, July, 1975, No. 235, cff. 8-1-75; renum. from NR 102.05, Register, February, 1989, No. 398, cff. 3-1-89.

NR 102.08 Mississippi river thermal standards. In addition to the standards for fish and aquatic life, the monthly average of the maximum daily temperature in the Mississippi river outside the mixing zone shall not exceed the following limits:

January 40°F
February 40°
March 54°
April 65°
May 75°
June 84°
July 84°
August 84°
September 82°
October
November
December

History: Cr. Register, July, 1975, No. 235, eff. 8-1-75; renum. from NR 102.06, Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89.

- NR 102.09 Review of thermal standards. (1) Whenever the owner of any source of thermal discharges that existed on or before July 31, 1975, in compliance with department guidelines and after opportunity for public hearing, can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that the mixing zone established pursuant to this chapter is more stringent than necessary to assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife in and on the receiving water, the department may:
- (a) Impose a mixing zone with respect to such thermal discharge that will assure the protection and propagation of such a population, or
- (b) Exempt such thermal discharge from the thermal requirements of this chapter provided this exemption will not endanger the propagation of such a population.

- (2) Any owner desiring a review pursuant to sub. (1) shall submit a demonstration to the department no later than June 30, 1976. The department shall reach a decision no later than December 31, 1976.
- (3) In the event the owner fails to make a satisfactory demonstration pursuant to sub. (1), the department shall establish a compliance date for the thermal component to be achieved no later than July 1, 1979.
- (4) Whenever the owner of any source of thermal discharges that commenced on or after August 1, 1975, in compliance with department guidelines and after opportunity for public hearing, can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that the mixing zone established pursuant to this chapter is more stringent than necessary to assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife in and on the receiving water, the department may:
- (a) Impose a mixing zone with respect to such thermal discharge that will assure the protection and propagation of such a population, or
- (b) Exempt such thermal discharge from the thermal requirements of this chapter provided this exemption will not endanger the propagation of such a population.
- (5) In the event an owner fails to make a satisfactory demonstration pursuant to sub. (4), the discharge shall be in compliance with the thermal requirements of this chapter upon commencement of the discharge.
- (6) The department may require the reduction of thermal discharges or the size and configuration of a mixing zone if it finds that environmental damage is imminent or existent,

History: Cr. Register, July, 1975, No. 235, eff. 8-1-75; am. Register, February, 1977, No. 254, eff. 3-1-77; renum. from NR 102.07, Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89.

- NR 102.10 Outstanding resource waters. (1) The following surface waters are designated as outstanding resource waters:
- (a) National wild and scenic rivers. All rivers designated under the national wild and scenic rivers act, as amended, 16 USC 1271 to 1287, except those portions flowing through Indian reservations, including:
- 1. St. Croix river between the northern boundary of the Hudson city limits and the St. Croix flowage dam in Douglas county except that the portion of the St. Croix river from the northern boundary of the St. Croix Falls city limits to a distance one mile below the STH 243 bridge at Osceola shall be classified exceptional resource waters under s. NR 102.11.
- Namekagon river between its confluence with the St. Croix river and the outlet of Lake Namekagon in Bayfield county.
- (b) State wild and scenic rivers. All state wild and scenic rivers designated under s. 30.26, Stats., including:
  - 1. Pike river in Marinette county.
- 2. Pine river and its tributary Popple river in Florence and Forest counties.
- (c) Wolf river upstream of the northern Menominee county line.
  - (d) The following Class I trout waters:
  - 1. Adams county --- Big Roche-a-Cri creek
  - 2. Barron county -- Yellow river
  - 3. Bayfield county Flag river, Sioux river
- Burnett county North Fork Clam river, South Fork Clam river
- Chippewa county Duncan creek, Elk creek, McCann creek
- Door county Black Earth creek above the easternmost CTY KP crossing
  - 7. Door county --- Logan creek

- 8. Douglas county Bois Brule river and its tributaries
- 9. Dunn county Elk creek
- 10. Florence county Brule river including Montagne creek and Riley creek tributaries; tributaries to the Pine-Popple rivers including Chipmunk, Cody, Haley, Haymarsh, LaMontagne, Lepage, Lunds, Martin, Olson, Patten, Pine, Riley, Rock, Simpson, Seven Mile, Wakefield and Woods creeks; Little Popple river
  - 11. Forest county Brule river
  - 13. Kewaunee county -- Little Scarboro creek
- Langlade county Clearwater creek, Drew creek, Evergreen river, South Branch Oconto river
- 15. Lincoln county --- Center fork New Wood creek, Little Pine creek, Prairie river
- Marathon county Holt creek, Spranger creek, Plover river
- 17. Marinette county Cedarville creek, Otter creek, Holmes creek, East Thunder creek, North fork Thunder river, Eagle creek, Little Eagle creek, Plumadore creek, Meadow brook, Upper Middle Inlet creek, Middle Inlet creek, Wausaukee river, Little Wausaukee creek, Coldwater brook, Medicine brook, South Branch Miscauno river, Miscauno river, Swede John creek, South Branch Pemebonwon river, Spikehorn creek, Silver creek, Little Silver creek, Sullivan creek; tributaries to the Pike river including Little South Branch Pike river, Camp D creek, Camp F creek, Camp 9 creek, Cole creek, Glen creek, Harvey creek, North Branch Harvey creek, South Branch Harvey creek, Lost creek, Holloway creek, K.C. creek, Little Harvey creek, Lost creek, MacIntire creek, Phillips creek, Sackerson creek, Shinns creek, Sidney creek, Smeesters creek, Springdale brook, Whiskey creek
- 18. Marquette county Chaffee creek, Lawrence creek, Tagatz creek
  - Monroe county Rullands Coulee creek
- Oconto county First South Branch Oconto river, Second South Branch Oconto river, South Branch Oconto river, Hills Pond creek
  - 21. Polk county Clam river, McKenzie creek
- 22. Portage county Emmons creek, Radley creek, Sannes creek, Tomorrow river, Trout creek
  - 23. Richland county Camp creek
  - 24. Sheboygan county --- Nichols creek
  - 25. St. Croix county Kinnickinnic river above STH "35"
- 26. Vernon county Rullands Coulee creek, Spring Coulee creek, Timber Coulee creek
  - 27. Vilas county Deerskin river, Plum creek
- 28. Walworth county Bluff creek, Potawatomi creek, Van Slyke creek
- 29. Waupaca county Emmons creek, Griffin creek, Jackson creek, Leers creek, Peterson creek, Radley creek, Sannes creek, Spaulding creek, Trout creek, Whitcomb creek, North Branch Little Wolf river
- 30. Waushara county Willow creek north of Redgranite, Mecan river north of Richford, Little Pine creek, West Branch White river
  - (e) The following Class II trout waters:
  - 1. Barron county Yellow river
  - 2. Burnett county -- North Fork Clam river
  - 3. Forest county Brule river, Peshtigo river
  - 4. Grant county Big Green river, Castle Rock creek
  - 5. Marinette county --- Peshtigo river
  - 6. Polk county McKenzie creek
  - 7. Vilas county --- Plum creek
- (f) The following cold or warm water streams and rivers or portions thereof:

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1.	Barron	Engle Creek	Class I & II Portions			Little Evergreen Creek	All
		Hickey Creek	Class I & II Por-			Mayking Creek	All
			tions			Michelson Creek	All
		Upper Pine Creek	Above Dallas Flo- wage			Mid Branch Embarrass River	Class I Portion
2.	Bayfield	Bark River	All-Class I Portion	11.	Marathon	Falstad Creek	Class II Portion
		Big Brook	All			So. Branch Embar-	Class I Portion
		Cranberry River & Tribs.	All-Class I Portion			rass River	
		East Fork Iron River & Tribs.	All-Class I Portion	12.	Marinette	No. Branch Beaver Creek	Entire River & tributaries
		East Fork White	All-Class I Portion	13.	Oneida	Noisy Creek	Class II Portion
		River		14.	Pierce	Kinnickinnic River	From Powell Dam to St. Croix River
		Eighteen Mile Cr. & Tribs.	All-Class I Portion	15.	Polk	Sand Creek & Tribs	All–Class I & II Portions
		Fish Creek (Main)	All	16.	Price,	So, Fork Flambeau	All-Round L. Dam
		Long Lake Branch & Tribs.	From below Drummond Lake to White River		Rusk & Sawyer	River	downstream to Jxn with No. Fork Flambeau R.
			All-Class I Por-	17.	Richland	Elk Creek	Ali
		No. Fork Fish Creek & Tribs.	tions All–Class I & II Portions	18.	Rusk	Devils Creek	All-Class I & II Portions
		Onion River & Tribs.	All-Class I Por-			So. Fork Main Creek	Class I & II Portions (T35N R3W
		Pikes Creek &	All-Class I Portion				S28 downstream to T34N R4W S11)
		Tribs.	Att Chart C II	19.	Sauk	Otter Creek	From headwaters
		Sioux River & Tribs.	All–Class I & II Portions				to southern section line of T11N R6E S33
		So. Fork White River	All-Class I Portion			Parfrey's Glen	From headwaters to CTH DL
		Thompson Creek	All-Class I Portion	20.	Course	Benson Creek	All-Class I Portion
		Twenty Mile Creek	All–Class I & II Portions	20.	Sawyer	Eddy Creek	All-Class I Portion
		White River	All-Class I Portion			Grindstone Creek	All-Class I Portion
		Whittlesey Creek & Tribs,	All-Class I Por-			Little Weirgor	All-Class I & II
2	Durnatt	Tributaries to the	tions All–Class I & II			Creek & Tribs	Portions
3.	Burnett	N. & S. Forks of	Portions			McDermott Creek	All
		the Clam River	* *		C1	Mosquito Brook	All-Class I Portion
4.	Dane	Mt. Vernon Creek	All-Class I Portion	21.	Shawano	Middle Br. Embar- rass R.	Origin to but not including Homme
5.	Door	Mink River	All				Pond
6,	Forest	Allen Creek	All			No. Br. Embarrass	Origin to CTH J
		Brule Creek	All			R.	
		Elvoy Creek	All			So. Br. Embarrass R.	Origin to but not including Tigerton
		Jones Creek	Class I & II por- tions			10	Pond
		North Otter Creek	All	22.	Vilas	Allequash Springs	Class I & II Por- tions
7.	Grant	Little Green River	All			Brule Creek	All
8.	Iron, Ashland & Price	No. Fork Flam- beau River	From Turtle–Flam- beau Flowage Dam downstream			East Br. Blackjack Cr.	All
n	I oCross	Barga Coules	to Park Falls All			Elvoy Creek & Springs	Class I & II Por- tions
9.	LaCrosse	Berge Coulee Creek	rill			Mishonagon Creek	
10	. Langlade	Elton Creek	Class I Portion			monomigon Cicex	tions

		Siphon Creek	All			Bear Paw Lake
		Spring Meadow	Class I Portion			Boot Lake
		Creek				Chain Lake
		Tamarack Creek	All	11.	Oneida	Big Carr Lake
23.	Wash-	Beaver Brook	All-Class I Portion			Clear Lake (T39N R7E S16)
	burn		•			Little Tomahawk Lake
		Sawyer Creek	All-Class I & II		٠.	Tomahawk Lake
			Portions			Two Sisters Lake
		So. Fork Bean Brook	All-Class I Portion	12.	Polk	Pipe Lake
74.	••\ ምե £I			13.	Price	Cochram Lake
	rce waters:	nowing takes are d	esignated as outstanding			Tucker Lake
10000		* p		14.	Rusk	Bass Lake (T34N R9W S16)
1,	Ashland	Bad River Slough	· 1			Fish Lake
		Kakagon Slough				Island Chains of Lakes (Chain, Clear,
2.	Barron	Bear Lake (T36N I	R12W S2)			McMann, and Island Lakes)
		Red Cedar Lake				Three Lakes No. 1 (T36N R9W S25)
	4.7	Sand Lake		15,	St. Croix	Bass Lake (T30N R19W S23)
		Silver Lake				Perch Lake
3.	Bayfield	Bark Bay Slough		16.	Sauk	Devils Lake
		Diamond Lake		17.	Sawyer	Barker Lake
		Middle Eau Claire	Lake		•	Blaisdell Lake
		Namekagon Lake				Camp Smith Lake
		Owen Lake	÷			Evergreen Lake
		Pike Chain of Lake				Grindstone Lake
			Twin Bear, Eagle, Flynn			Lac Court Oreilles
		and Hildur Lakes)				Lake Chippewa (Chippewa Flowage)
		Star Lake	•			Nelson Lake
	D 44	Upper Eau Claire I				Osgood Lake
4.	Burnett	Big Mckenzie Lak	e			Perch Lake (T42N R6W S25)
		Big Sand Lake	D 4 5117 005			Round Lake (Big Round)
e	O-lombi-	Sand Lake (T40N)	R15W S25)			Sand Lake
5.	Columbia	Crystal Lake				Spider Lake
6.	Douglas	Bond Lake	r -1			Teal Lake
		Lower Eau Claire	Lake			Whitefish Lake
		Nebagamon Lake		18.	Vilas	Black Oak Lake
		Upper St. Croix La		10.	THUS	Crab Lake
-	TU	Whitefish Lake (B	ardon)		:	Crystal Lake (T41N R7E S27)
7.	Florence	Edith Lake				Lac Vieux Desert
		Keyes Lake	*			North Twin Lake
		Lost Lake	•			Pallette Lake (Clear)
		Perch Lake				Partridge Lake
0	T	Riley Lake, South				Plum Lake
8.	Forest	Butternut Lake				South Twin Lake
		Franklin Lake	>			Star Lake
		Lucerne Lake (Sto	ne)			Stormy Lake
0	Ĭ	Metonga Lake				Trout Lake
9.	lron	Catherine Lake				White Sand Lake (T24N R7E S26)
		Cedar Lake		19.	Walworth	Lulu Lake
		Hewitt Lake				
		Owl Lake		20.	Washburn	
		Trude Lake	71			Long Lake
10	Osanta	Turtle-Flambeau I	riowage			Middle McKenzie Lake
10.	Oconto	Archibald Lake	D16E 00\			Shell Lake
		Bass Lake (T32N	K19E 2A)			Stone Lake (T39N R10W S24)

- 21. Waukesha Spring Lake (T5N R18E S9)
- 22. Waupaca Graham Lake (Nelson)

North Lake

23. Waushara Gilbert Lake

Lucerne Lake (Egans)

Norwegian Lake

Pine Lake (Springwater)

- (2) The waters in sub. (1) and (1m) may not be lowered in quality.
- (3) Surface waters, or portions thereof, may be added to, or deleted from, the outstanding resource waters designation through the rule making process under the provisions of ch. 227, Stats., and s. NR 2.03.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89; am. (1) (d), cr. (1) (e), Register, July, 1989, No. 403, eff. 8-1-89; cr. (1) (f) and (1m), am. (2), Register, May, 1993, No. 449, eff. 6-1-93.

- NR 102.11 Exceptional resource waters. (1) Surface waters which provide valuable fisheries, hydrologically or geologically unique features, outstanding recreational opportunities, unique environmental settings, and which are not significantly impacted by human activities may be classified as exceptional resource waters. All the following surface waters are designated as exceptional resource waters:
- (a) Class I trout waters listed in Wisconsin Trout Streams publication 6-3600 (80) that are not listed in s. NR 102.10.
  - (b) Other Class I trout waters:
- 1. Abraham Coulee creek in section 29, township 20 north, range 8 west from its headwaters to the Abraham Coulee road bridge in Trempealeau county.
- 2. Bear creek originating in section 3, township 20 north, range 7 west in Trempealeau county.
- 3. Biser creek originating in section 19, township 12 north, range 3 west in Sauk county.
- Bostwick creek from CTH M upstream 6.2 miles to the headwaters in LaCrosse county.
- 5. Bufton Hollow creek originating in section 23, township 12 north, range 2 west in Richland county.
- Columbus creek originating in section 29, township 20 north, range 6 west in Jackson county.
- 7. Dutch creek originating in section 12, township 19 north, range 8 west in Trempealeau county.
- 8. Joe Coulee creek originating in section 1, township 20 north, range 7 west in Trempealeau county.
- 9. Little creek originating in section 21, township 20 north, range 6 west in Jackson county.
- 10. Marble creek originating in section 30, township 10 north,
- range 3 east in Sauk county.

  11. Marshall creek originating in section 4, township 11
- north, range 1 west in Richland county.

  12. Martin creek originating in section 22, township 6 north,
- range 2 east in Iowa county.

  13. South Bear creek originating in section 2, township 12
- north, range 2 west in Richland county.
- Spring brook downstream from CTH Y south of Antigo to its confluence with the Eau Claire river in Marathon county.
- 15. Spring Coulee creek from the headwaters to SE 1/4, SE 1/4, section 33, township 16 north, range 1 east in Monroe county.
- 16. Unnamed creek 2-12 originating in section 36, township 20 north, range 7 west of Trempealeau county.
- 17. Unnamed creek 4-9 originating in section 4, township 11 north, range 1 west in Richland county.
- 18. Unnamed creek 5-6 originating in section 6, township 19 north, range 8 west in Trempealeau county.

- 19. Unnamed creek 7-4 originating in section 6, township 20 north, range 7 west in Trempealeau county.
- Unnamed creek 8-9 originating in section 5, township 20 north, range 7 west in Trempealeau county.
- 21. Unnamed creek 8-14 originating in section 1, township 20 north, range 8 west in Trempealeau county.
- 22. Unnamed creek 9-13 originating in section 4, township 20 north, range 6 west in Jackson county.
- 23. Unnamed creek 10-8 originating in section 10, township 11 north, range 1 west in Richland county.
- 24. Unnamed creek 10-10 originating in section 14, township 20 north, range 6 west in Jackson county.
- 25. Unnamed creek 11-4 originating in section 1, township 20 north, range 7 west in Trempealeau county.
- 26. Unnamed creek 11-7 originating in section 2, township 20 north, range 7 west in Trempealeau county.
- 27. Unnamed creek 13-3a originating in section 19, township 20 north, range 6 west in Trempealeau county.
- 28. Unnamed creek 13-3b originating in section 6, township 20 north, range 6 west in Trempealeau county.
- 29. Unnamed creek 15-13 originating in section 1, township 20 north, range 8 west in Trempealeau county.
- 30. Unnamed creek 15-4 originating in section 3, township 20 north, range 6 west in Trempealeau county.
- 31. Unnamed creek 16-2 originating in section 22, township 20 north, range 6 west in Jackson county.
- 32. Unnamed creek 17-5 originating in SE 1/4, section 5, township 20 north, range 6 west in Jackson county.
- 33. Unnamed creek 24-3a originating in section 24, township 11 north, range 1 west in Richland county.
- 34. Unnamed creek 26-7 originating in section 2, township 20 north, range 6 west in Jackson county.
- 35. Unnamed creek 34-2 originating in section 17, township 20 north, range 8 west in Trempealeau county.
- 36. Unnamed creek 34–15 originating in section 27, township 20 north, range 7 west in Trempealeau county.
- 37. Unnamed stream originating in section 29, township 10 north, range 3 east in Sauk county.
- 38. Washington Coulee creek originating in section 29, township 20 north, range 6 west in Jackson county.
  - (c) The following Class II trout waters:
- 1. Ashland county White river above the Bad River Indian reservation
  - 2. Bayfield county White river
  - 3. Dane county Mt. Vernon creek
  - 4. Forest county North Branch Oconto river
  - 5. Grant county Blue river
  - 6. Iowa county Blue river
- 7. Langlade county Prairie river, South Branch Oconto river
  - 8. Lincoln county Prairie river
  - 9. Marquette county --- Mecan river
- 10. Oconto county --- North Branch Oconto river, South Branch Oconto river
  - 11. Pierce county --- Rush river
  - 12. Portage county Tomorrow river
  - 13. Richland county -- Willow creek
  - 14. St. Croix county Willow river, Race Branch
  - 15. Waushara county Mecan river
- (d) The following cold or warm water streams and rivers or portions thereof:

1	Darron.	Brill River	All Class II Dan			Tinta Diana Diana	Thomas Authors
1.	Barron	•	All-Class II Portion			Little Platte River	From Arthur downstream to Platte River
2.	Crawford	Copper Creek	All	11.	Grant &	Big Spring Branch	From Springhead
		Plum Creek	Ail	11.	Iowa	Dig Spring Digited	to Blue River
		Sugar Creek	From headwaters to T10N R6W S10	12.	Green	Burgy Creek	All
		Tainter Creek	From Vernon			Gill Creek	All
		4	County Line to CTH B		. •	Hefty Creek, North Branch	All
3.	Dane	Blue Mounds Branch	All			Hefty Cr., Center Branch	All
		Deer Creek	All			Liberty Creek	All
		Dunlap Creek	All			Norwegian Creek	All
		Elvers Creek (Bohn Cr.)	All			Richland Creek	All
	Ta Ta	Flynn Creek	All			Ross Crossing	All
		Fryes Feeder	All		•	Sylvester Creek	<b>All</b>
		Creek Garfoot Creek	All			Spring Valley Creek	All
		Milum Creek	All			Ward Creek	All
	* •	Rutland Branch	All	13,	Green &	Allen Creek	Below Evansville
	,	Ryan Creek	All		Rock		
		Schalpbach Creek	All	14.	Iowa	Harker-Lee-Mar-	From headwaters
		Sixmile Creek	All	15.	Tron	tin System Maintowish River	to T6N R2ES10
		Spring Creek	All	16.	Iron Jackson		All ,
4.	Dane, Sauk,	(Lodi) Wisconsin River	From below Prai-	10.	Jackson	Trempealeau River	From STH 95 at Hixton to CTHP at Taylor
7,	Iowa, Grant,	Wilder in the Control	rie du Sac to Prai-	17	lefferson	Allen Creek	· •
7,	Iowa, Grant, Richland,			17. 18	Jefferson Kewannee	Allen Creek	All
5,	Iowa, Grant,	Little Sugar River	rie du Sac to Prai- rie du Chien Above New Glarus	17. 18.	Jefferson Kewaunee	Allen Creek Casco Creek	· •
	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane &	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary)	rie du Sac to Prai- rie du Chien	18,			All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunce River From headwaters
5,	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tip- perary) Sugar Creek	rie du Sac to Prai- rie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All	18,	Kewaunee	Casco Creek	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunce River
	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane &	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary)	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All  From Chippewa	18,	Kewaunee	Casco Creek	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunee River From headwaters to County Hwy
5,	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tip- perary) Sugar Creek	rie du Sac to Prai- rie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All	18,	Kewaunee	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunce River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters
5,	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tip- perary) Sugar Creek	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All From Chippewa County Line to mouth From Hwy 37 &	18,	Kewaunee	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunee River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters to Russian Coulee
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>7.</li></ul>	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green  Dunn Eau Claire	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary) Sugar Creek Sand Creek Lowes Creek	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All  From Chippewa County Line to mouth From Hwy 37 & 85 upstream to headwaters	18,	Kewaunee	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunce River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li></ul>	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tip- perary) Sugar Creek Sand Creek	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All From Chippewa County Line to mouth From Hwy 37 & 85 upstream to	18. 19. 20.	Kewaunee La Crosse	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek  Dutch Creek	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunce River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters to Russian Coulee Road (section 8) From headwaters to Buncombe Road From STH 64 upstream to fire-
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>7.</li></ul>	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green  Dunn Eau Claire	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary) Sugar Creek Sand Creek Lowes Creek	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All  From Chippewa County Line to mouth From Hwy 37 & 85 upstream to headwaters From headquarters to Mischo's Mill-	18. 19. 20.	Kewaunee  La Crosse  Lafayette	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek  Dutch Creek  Galena River  East Br. Eau Claire R.	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunee River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters to Russian Coulee Road (section 8) From headwaters to Buncombe Road From STH 64 upstream to fire- lane crossing in T33N R11E S35 SW1/4
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>7.</li></ul>	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green  Dunn Eau Claire	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary) Sugar Creek Sand Creek Lowes Creek Feldner's Creek Lake Fifteen Creek	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in TSN R8E S36  All  From Chippewa County Line to mouth  From Hwy 37 & 85 upstream to headwaters  From headquarters to Mischo's Mill- pond  Entire Creek above & below Lake Fif- teen	18. 19. 20.	Kewaunee  La Crosse  Lafayette	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek  Dutch Creek  Galena River  East Br. Eau Claire	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunee River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters to Russian Coulee Road (section 8) From headwaters to Buncombe Road From STH 64 upstream to fire- lane crossing in T33N R11E S35 SW1/4 From Fitzgerald
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>7.</li><li>8.</li></ul>	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green  Dunn  Eau Claire  Fond du Lac	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary) Sugar Creek Sand Creek Lowes Creek	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All  From Chippewa County Line to mouth From Hwy 37 & 85 upstream to headwaters From headquarters to Mischo's Mill- pond Entire Creek above & below Lake Fif-	18. 19. 20.	Kewaunee  La Crosse  Lafayette	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek  Dutch Creek  Galena River  East Br. Eau Claire R.	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunee River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters to Russian Coulee Road (section 8) From headwaters to Buncombe Road From STH 64 upstream to fire- lane crossing in T33N R11E S35 SW1/4
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>7.</li><li>8.</li></ul>	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green  Dunn  Eau Claire  Fond du Lac	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary) Sugar Creek Sand Creek Lowes Creek Lowes Creek Lake Fifteen Creek Armstrong Creek Middle Br. Pesh-	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All  From Chippewa County Line to mouth  From Hwy 37 & 85 upstream to headwaters  From headquarters to Mischo's Mill- pond  Entire Creek above & below Lake Fif- teen  All  All	18. 19. 20.	Kewaunee  La Crosse  Lafayette	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek  Dutch Creek  Galena River  East Br. Eau Claire R.	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunee River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters to Russian Coulee Road (section 8) From headwaters to Buncombe Road From STH 64 upstream to fire- lane crossing in T33N R11E S35 SW1/4 From Fitzgerald Dam Road down- stream to T33N R11E S1 From headwaters to CTHJ to T33N
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>7.</li><li>8.</li></ul>	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green  Dunn  Eau Claire  Fond du Lac	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary) Sugar Creek Sand Creek Lowes Creek Lowes Creek Lake Fifteen Creek Armstrong Creek Middle Br. Peshtigo R. North Br. Peshtigo R. North Br. Popple	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All  From Chippewa County Line to mouth  From Hwy 37 & 85 upstream to headwaters  From headquarters to Mischo's Mill- pond  Entire Creek above & below Lake Fif- teen  All  All	18. 19. 20. 21.	La Crosse  Lafayette  Langlade	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek Dutch Creek  Galena River  East Br. Eau Claire R.  Hunting River  North Br. Prairie River	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunee River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters to Russian Coulee Road (section 8) From headwaters to Buncombe Road From STH 64 upstream to fire- lane crossing in T33N R11E S35 SW1/4 From Fitzgerald Dam Road down- stream to T33N R11E S1 From headwaters to CTHJ to T33N R8E
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>7.</li><li>8.</li></ul>	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green  Dunn  Eau Claire  Fond du Lac	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary) Sugar Creek Sand Creek Lowes Creek Lowes Creek Lake Fifteen Creek Armstrong Creek Middle Br. Peshtigo R. North Br. Peshtigo R. North Br. Popple R.	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All  From Chippewa County Line to mouth From Hwy 37 & 85 upstream to headwaters From headquarters to Mischo's Mill- pond Entire Creek above & below Lake Fif- teen  All  All  All	18. 19. 20. 21.	La Crosse  Lafayette  Langlade  Lincoln	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek Dutch Creek  Galena River  East Br. Eau Claire R.  Hunting River  North Br. Prairie River  Silver Creek	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunee River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters to Russian Coulee Road (section 8) From headwaters to Buncombe Road From STH 64 upstream to fire- lane crossing in T33N R11E S35 SW1/4 From Fitzgerald Dam Road down- stream to T33N R11E S1 From headwaters to CTHJ to T33N R8E All
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>7.</li><li>8.</li></ul>	Iowa, Grant, Richland, Crawford Dane & Green  Dunn  Eau Claire  Fond du Lac	Little Sugar River Story Creek (Tipperary) Sugar Creek Sand Creek Lowes Creek Lowes Creek Lake Fifteen Creek Armstrong Creek Middle Br. Peshtigo R. North Br. Peshtigo R. North Br. Popple	rie du Sac to Prairie du Chien  Above New Glarus  All, originating in T5N R8E S36  All  From Chippewa County Line to mouth  From Hwy 37 & 85 upstream to headwaters  From headquarters to Mischo's Mill- pond  Entire Creek above & below Lake Fif- teen  All  All	18. 19. 20. 21.	La Crosse  Lafayette  Langlade	Casco Creek  Bostwick Creek  Coon Creek Dutch Creek  Galena River  East Br. Eau Claire R.  Hunting River  North Br. Prairie River	All From T24N R24E S19 downstream of Rock Ledge to Kewaunee River From headwaters to County Hwy 'O' All From headwaters to Russian Coulee Road (section 8) From headwaters to Buncombe Road From STH 64 upstream to fire- lane crossing in T33N R11E S35 SW1/4 From Fitzgerald Dam Road down- stream to T33N R11E S1 From headwaters to CTHJ to T33N R8E

		Farmers Valley Creek & Tribs	From headwaters to I–90 (S19)			Camels Creek (Trib to Dell	All
		Soper Creek	All			Creek)	
25.	Oneida	Bearskin Creek	From Tomahawk			Dell Creek	All
			River to Little Bearskin Lake	32.	Shawano	Kroenke Creek	Class II Portion
26.	Pierce	Big River	Class I Portion			Red River	From Lower Red
20.	110100	Cady Creek	From CTH P				Lake Dam to Wolf River
		Cuty Crook	upstream			West Br. Red River	Class II Portion
		Trimbelle River	All	22	Chahaman	Ben Nutt Creek	Class II Portion to
27,	Richland	Babb Hollow	All-Trib to Mill Creek	33.	Sheboygan	Ben Mutt Creek	Junction with Mill Creek
		Hanzel Creek (Hansell)	All-Trib to Melanethon Cr.	34.	St. Croix	Apple River	From NSP plant below CTH I to
		Melancthon Creek	Class II Section				Mouth
		Coulter Hollow	All-Trib to Mill			Cady Creek	All
		Creek	Creek			Willow River	Extend Class II
		E. Branch Mill Creek	All	•,		at experience of the second of	Portion into Delta in Lake Mallileau
		Happy Hollow Creek	All-Trib to Willow Creek	35.	St. Croix & Pierce	St. Croix River	From No. Bound- ary of Hudson City
		Higgins Creek	All-Trib to Mill Creek				limits to the river mouth in Pierce
		Hood Hollow	All-Trib to Mill				Co.
		Creek	Creek All-Trib to Willow	36.	Trempealeau	Buffalo River	From Hwy 53 to Strum Pond
		Jacquish Hollow Creek	Creek	37	Vernon	Bishop Branch	All
		Kepler Branch	All-Trib to Mill	51,	vernon	<del>-</del>	All
		•	Creek		en e	Cheyenne Valley Creek	All
		Mill Creek	From headwaters to above Boaz	ŧ		Coon Creek	From La Crosse county line to Cha-
		Miller Branch	All-Trib to Mili				seburg
		Pine Valley Creek	Creek All-Trib to Mill Creek		+ 1	Frohock Valley Creek	All
		Ryan Hollow	All-Trib to West			Hornby Creek	All
			Branch Mill Creek			Reads Creek	All
	•	Wheat Hollow	Ali			Tainter Creek	All
		Creek		38.	Vilas		Engage Dook Lales
					VIIIAS	Manitowish River	From Rest Lake
- 00	D 1	W. Branch Mill Creek	All		viias	Manitowish River	Dam downstream to Iron County line
28.	Rock	Creek Bass Creek	All	39.		E. Branch Milwau-	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake
28.	Rock	Creek Bass Creek East Fork Raccoon		39.	Washington	E. Branch Milwau- kee R.	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake outletto STH 28
28.	Rock	Creek Bass Creek East Fork Raccoon Cr.	All All		Washington	E. Branch Milwau- kee R. Genesee Creek	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake outletto STH 28 Above STH 59
28.		Creek Bass Creek East Fork Raccoon	All All	39.	Washington	E. Branch Milwau- kee R.	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake outletto STH 28 Above STH 59 From Eagle
28.		Creek Bass Creek East Fork Raccoon Cr. Little Turtle Creek Raccoon Creek	All All All	39.	Washington	E. Branch Milwau- kee R. Genesee Creek	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake outletto STH 28 Above STH 59
28.		Creek Bass Creek East Fork Raccoon Cr. Little Turtle Creek	All All	39.	Washington	E. Branch Milwau- kee R. Genesee Creek	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake outletto STH 28 Above STH 59 From Eagle Springs Lake to
28.		Creek Bass Creek East Fork Raccoon Cr. Little Turtle Creek Raccoon Creek Spring Brook	All All All All	39.	Washington	E. Branch Milwau- kee R. Genesee Creek	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake outletto STH 28 Above STH 59 From Eagle Springs Lake to Upper Phantom Lake From below North Lake to Okauchee
28.		Creek Bass Creek East Fork Raccoon Cr. Little Turtle Creek Raccoon Creek Spring Brook Turtle Creek Unnamed Creek	All All All All All All	39.	Washington Waukesha	E. Branch Milwau- kee R. Genesee Creek Mukwonago River  Oconomowoc River  Blake Brook &	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake outletto STH 28 Above STH 59 From Eagle Springs Lake to Upper Phantom Lake From below North
	<i>i. e</i>	Creek Bass Creek East Fork Raccoon Cr. Little Turtle Creek Raccoon Creek Spring Brook Turtle Creek Unnamed Creek T2N R14E S31	All All All All All All All All All Class III Portion From Village of Jump River downstream to Hol-	39. 40.	Washington Waukesha	E. Branch Milwau- kee R. Genesee Creek Mukwonago River Oconomowoc River	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake outletto STH 28 Above STH 59 From Eagle Springs Lake to Upper Phantom Lake From below North Lake to Okauchee Lake
29. 30.	Rusk Rusk, Taylor	Creek Bass Creek East Fork Raccoon Cr. Little Turtle Creek Raccoon Creek Spring Brook Turtle Creek Unnamed Creek T2N R14E S31 Big Weirgor Creek	All All All All All All All All All Class III Portion From Village of Jump River down-	39. 40.	Washington Waukesha	E. Branch Milwau- kee R. Genesee Creek Mukwonago River  Oconomowoc River  Blake Brook & Branches	Dam downstream to Iron County line From Long Lake outletto STH 28 Above STH 59 From Eagle Springs Lake to Upper Phantom Lake From below North Lake to Okauchee Lake Class II Portion From junction with Wolf River

dam at Poy Sippi

42.	Waupaca & Shawano	Embarrass River	From Wolf River upstream to dam at Pella
43.	Waushara .	Lower Pine River	From below Wild Rose Mill pond to

- (2) The waters identified in sub. (1) may not be lowered in quality except as provided in ch. NR 207.
- (3) Surface waters, or portions thereof, may be added to, or deleted from, the exceptional resource waters designation through the rule making process under the provisions of ch. 227, Stats., and s. NR 2.03.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3–1–89; cr. (1) (c), Register, July, 1989, No. 403, eff. 8–1–89; cr. (1) (d), Register, May, 1993, No. 449, eff. 6–1–93.

NR 102.12 Great Lakes system. (1) The Great Lakes system includes all the surface waters within the drainage basin of the Great Lakes.

(2) For the purpose of administering ch. NR 207 and consistent with chs. NR 105 and 106, the waters identified in sub. (1) are to be protected from the impacts of persistent, bioaccumulating toxic substances by avoiding or limiting to the maximum extent practicable increases in these substances.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89; r. and recr. (1), am. (2), Register, August, 1997, No. 500, eff. 9-1-97.

NR 102.13 Fish and aquatic life waters. All surface waters not included in s. NR 102.05 (1) (b) 1., 2., 3. or 5. are fish and aquatic life waters.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1989, No. 398, eff. 3-1-89.

- NR 102.14 Taste and odor criteria. (1) At certain concentrations, substances may not be toxic to humans, but may impart undesirable taste or odor to water or aquatic organisms ingested by humans. The taste and odor criterion is derived to prevent substances from concentrating in surface waters or accumulating in aquatic organisms to a level which results in undesirable tastes or odors to human consumers.
  - (2) The taste and odor criterion is derived as follows:
- (a) For substances which impart tastes and odors to waters, the taste and odor criterion shall equal that threshold concentration (TC<sub>w</sub>) below which objectionable tastes or odors to human consumers do not occur. Threshold concentrations for substances imparting tastes and odors to water are listed in Table 1.

Table 1
Threshold Concentrations (TC<sub>w</sub>) for Substances Causing
Taste and Odor in Water

Substance	Threshold Concentra- tion (ug/L)1
Acenaphthene	20
Chlorobenzene	20
2-Chlorophenol	0.1
3-Chlorophenol	0.1
4-Chlorophenol	0.1
Copper	1000
2,3-Dichlorophenol	0.04
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0.3
2,5-Dichlorophenol	0.5
2,6-Dichlorophenol	0.2
3,4-Dichlorophenol	0.3
2,4-Dimethylphenol	400
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	1
2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenol	1800
3-Methyl-4-Chlorophenol	3000
3-Methyl-6-Chlorophenol	20
Nitrobenzene	30
Pentachlorophenol	30
Phenol	300
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	1
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	1
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	2 4
Zinc	5000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A threshold concentration expressed in micrograms per liter (ug/L) can be converted to milligrams per liter (ug/L) by dividing the threshold concentration by 1000.

(b) For substances which impart tastes or odors to aquatic organisms, the taste and odor criterion shall be calculated as follows:

$$TOC = \frac{TC^1}{BAF}$$

Where: TOC = Taste and odor criterion in milligrams per liter (mg/L). TCThreshold concentration in milligrams of substance per kilogram of wet tissue weight (mg/kg) of the aquaticorganism being consumed below which undesirable taste and odor is not detectable to human consumers as derived in par. (d). Aquatic life bioaccumulation BAF factor with units of liter per kilogram (L/kg) as derived in s. NR

(c) The lower of the taste and odor criteria derived as specified in pars. (a) and (b) is applicable to surface waters classified as public water supplies. The taste and odor criteria derived as specified in par. (b) are applicable to cold water and warm water sport fish communities.

105.10.

(d) Threshold concentrations for substances imparting tastes or odors to water  $(TC_w)$  other than those listed in Table 1 and threshold concentrations for substances imparting tastes or odors to aquatic organisms  $(TC_f)$  shall be selected by the department using its best professional judgment.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1989, No. 398, cff. 3-1-89; am. (2) (b) and (c), Register, August, 1997, No. 500, cff. 9-1-97.