### DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

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## Chapter NR 284

# PULP AND PAPER MANUFACTURING

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Note: Cha	pters NR 284 and 285 as they exis	sted on Octobe	er 31, 1986 were repealed and a
	NR 284 was created effective Nov		

NR 284.01 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to establish effluent limitations, standards of performance, and pretreatment standards for discharges of process wastes from the pulp and paper industry category

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

of point sources and subcategories thereof.

NR 284.02 Applicability. The effluent limitations, standards of performance, pretreatment standards, and other provisions in this chapter are applicable to pollutants or pollutant properties in discharges of process waste resulting from activities in any or a combination of any of the following subcategories of the pulp and paper manufacturing point source category as defined in s. NR 284.03:

(1) Integrated production of pulp and paper or paperboard by:

(a) BCT bleached kraft subcategory;

(b) Fine bleached kraft subcategory;

(c) Groundwood-CMN papers subcategory;

(d) Groundwood-chemi-mechanical subcategory;

(e) Groundwood-fine papers subcategory;

(f) Groundwood-thermo-mechanical subcategory;

(g) Papergrade sulfite (blow pit wash) subcategory;

(h) Papergrade sulfite (drum wash) subcategory;

(i) Semi-chemical subcategory;

(j) Soda subcategory;

(k) Unbleached kraft subcategory;

(1) Unbleached kraft and semi-chemical subcategory; and

(m) Unbleached kraft-neutral sulfite semi-chemical (cross-recovery) subcategory

(2) Nonintegrated production of paper or paperboard by:

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(a) Nonintegrated-filter and nonwoven papers subcategory;

(b) Nonintegrated-fine papers subcategory;

(c) Nonintegrated-light weight papers subcategory;

(d) Nonintegrated-paperboard subcategory; and

(e) Nonintegrated-tissue papers subcategory;

(3) Production of paper or paperboard from wastepaper by:

(a) Builders' paper and roofing felt subcategory;

(b) Deink subcategory;

(c) Paperboard from wastepaper subcategory;

(d) Tissue from wastepaper subcategory; and

(e) Wastepaper-molded products subcategory.

(4) Production of pulp by:

(a) Dissolving kraft subcategory;

(b) Dissolving sulfite pulp subcategory; and

(c) Market bleached kraft subcategory.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

NR 284.03 Definitions. The following definitions are applicable to terms used in this chapter. Definitions of other terms and meanings of abbreviations are set forth in chs. NR 205 and 211, and the Development Document for Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for the Pulp, Paper and Paperboard and the Builders' Paper and Board Mills Point Source Categories, EPA 440/1-82/025, October, 1982.

Note: Copies of this document are available for inspection at the office of the department of natural resources, the secretary of state's office, and the office of the revisor of statutes, and may be obtained for personal use from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20460.

(1) "Acid sulfite cooking liquor" means sulfite cooking liquor having a pH less than 3.0.

(2) "BCT bleached kraft subcategory" includes those mills at which bleached kraft pulp is produced in a full cook process employing a highly alkaline sodium hydroxide and sodium sulfide cooking liquor.

Note: Principal products include paperboard (B), coarse papers (C), tissue papers (T) and market pulp.

(3) "Bisulfite cooking liquor" means sulfite cooking liquor having a pH between 3.0 and 6.0.

(4) "Builders' paper and roofing felt subcategory" includes those mills at which heavy papers used in the construction industry are produced from wastepaper, wood flour and sawdust, wood chips, and rags. Neither bleaching nor chemical pulping processes are employed on-site.

Note: Principal products include saturating, deadening, and flooring papers, and roofing felt.

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(5) "Corrugating medium furnish subdivision" includes those mills in the paperboard from wastepaper subcategory where only recycled corrugating medium is used in the production of paperboard.

(6) "Cotton fiber furnish subdivision" includes those mills in the nonintegrated-fine papers subcategory which produce a paper product containing equal to or greater than 4% cotton fibers.

(7) "Deink subcategory" includes those mills at which brightened or bleached deinked pulp is produced from wastepapers using an alkaline process to remove contaminants such as ink and coating pigments.

Note: Principal products include fine papers such as printing, writing and business papers, tissue papers, newsprint and market pulp.

(8) "Dissolving kraft subcategory" includes those mills at which a highly bleached pulp is produced by a full cook process employing a highly alkaline sodium hydroxide and sodium sulfide cooking liquor. Included in the manufacturing process is a precook operation termed prehydrolysis.

Note: The principal product at these mills is a highly bleached and purified dissolving pulp used principally for manufacture of rayon and other products requiring the virtual absence of lignin and a very high alpha cellulose content.

(9) "Dissolving sulfite pulp subcategory" includes those mills at which a highly bleached pulp is produced in a full cook process employing strong solutions of sulfites of calcium, magnesium, ammonia or sodium.

Note: Principal products include viscose, nitration, cellophane or acetate grade pulps which are used principally for the manufacture of rayon and other products that require the virtual absence of lignin.

(10) "Fine bleached kraft subcategory" includes those mills at which bleached kraft pulp is produced in a full cook process employing a highly alkaline sodium hydroxide and sodium sulfide cooking liquor.

Note: Principal products are fine papers, which includes business, writing and printing papers, and market pulp.

(11) "Full cook" means chemical pulping methods which employ the heating under pressure of wood, water and chemicals in a closed vessel to a temperature sufficient to separate the fibrous portion of the wood by dissolving lignin and other nonfibrous constituents.

(12) "FWP" means "from wastepaper."

(13) "Groundwood-chemi-mechanical subcategory" includes those mills at which pulp is produced, with or without brightening, utilizing a chemical cooking liquor to partially cook the wood followed by mechanical defribration by refining, resulting in yields of 90% or greater.

Note: Principal products include fine papers, newsprint, molded fiber products and market pulp.

(14) "Groundwood-CMN papers subcategory" includes those mills at which groundwood pulp is produced, with or without brightening, utilizing only mechanical defribration by either stone grinders or refiners.

Note: Principal products include coarse papers (C), molded fiber products (M), newsprint  $\left(N\right)$  and market pulp.

(15) "Groundwood-fine papers subcategory" includes those mills at which groundwood pulp is produced, with or without brightening, utilizing only mechanical defribration by either stone grinders or refiners.

Note: Principal products are fine papers, which includes business, writing and printing papers, and market pulp.

(16) "Groundwood-thermo-mechanical subcategory" includes those mills at which pulp is produced in a brief cook process employing steam, with or without the addition of cooking chemicals, such as sodium sulfite, followed by mechanical defribration by refiners, which are frequently under pressure, resulting in yields of approximately 95% or greater. The pulp may be brightened using hydrosulfite or peroxide bleaching chemicals. Principal products include market pulp, fine papers, newsprint and tissue papers.

(17) "Integrated" means a term used to describe a pulp and paper mill operation in which all or some of the pulp is processed into paper at the mill.

(18) "Market bleached kraft subcategory" includes those mills at which bleached pulp is produced in a full cook process employing a highly alkaline sodium hydroxide and sodium sulfide cooking liquor.

Note: The principal product is papergrade market pulp.

(19) "New source" for direct dischargers means any point source the construction of which commenced after January 3, 1983; and for indirect dischargers means any building, structure, facility, or installation from which there is or may be a discharge of pollutants, the construction of which commenced after January 6, 1981.

(20) "Noncontinuous discharger" means a point source which discharges wastewaters pursuant to a WPDES permit which:

(a) Prohibits the discharge of pollutants during specified periods of time in excess of 24 hours in duration for purposes other than control of treatment plant upsets, and

(b) Specifies that annual average limitations are applicable to such a discharge.

(21) "Noncorrugating medium furnish subdivision" includes those mills in the paperboard from wastepaper subcategory where recycled corrugating medium is not used in the production of paperboard.

(22) "Nonintegrated-filter and nonwoven papers subcategory" includes those mills at which filter papers and nonwoven items are produced from wood pulp, secondary fibers and nonwood fibers which are prepared at other sites.

Note: Principal products include filter and blotting papers, nonwoven packaging and specialty papers, insulation, technical papers and gaskets.

(23) "Nonintegrated-fine papers subcategory" includes those mills at which fine papers are produced from wood pulp or deinked pulp prepared at other sites.

Note: Principal products include printing, business, writing and technical papers.

(24) "Nonintegrated-lightweight papers subcategory" includes those mills at which lightweight or thin papers are produced from wood pulp or Register, October, 1986, No. 370

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secondary fibers prepared at other sites and from nonwood fibers and additives.

Note: Principal products include uncoated thin papers, such as carbonizing papers and cigarette papers, and some special grades of tissue such as capacitor, pattern, and interleaf.

(25) "Nonintegrated-paperboard subcategory" includes those mills at which paperboard is produced from wood pulp or secondary fibers prepared at other sites. Mills at which electrical grades of board or matrix board are produced are not included in this subcategory.

Note: Principal products include linerboard, folding boxboard, milk cartons, food board, chip board, pressboard, and other specialty boards.

(26) "Nonintegrated-tissue papers subcategory" includes those mills at which tissue papers are produced from wood pulp or deinked pulp prepared at other sites.

Note: Principal products include facial and toilet papers, glassine, paper diapers and paper towels.

(27) "Paperboard from wastepaper subcategory" includes those mills at which paperboard products are manufactured, without bleaching, from wastepapers including corrugated boxes, box board and newspapers. Those mills at which wastepaper comprises less than 80% of the raw material fibers are not included in this subcategory.

Note: Principal products include a wide variety of items used in commercial packaging, such as bottle cartons.

(28) "Papergrade sulfite (blow pit wash) subcategory" includes those mills at which sulfite pulp is produced in full cook process employing an acidic cooking liquor of sulfites of calcium, magnesium, ammonia or sodium. Following cooking operations, spent cooking liquor is washed from the pulp in blow pits.

Note: Principal products include tissue papers, newspapers, fine papers and market pulp.

(29) "Papergrade sulfite (drum wash) subcategory" includes those mills at which sulfite pulp is produced in a full cook process using an acidic cooking liquor of sulfites of calcium, magnesium, ammonia or sodium. Following cooking operations, spent cooking liquor is washed from the pulp on vacuum or pressure drums. Also included are mills using belt extraction systems for pulp washing.

Note: Principal products include tissue papers, fine papers, newsprint and market pulp.

(30) "PCP" means pentachlorophenol.

(31) "Production" means the annual off-the-machine production, including off-the-machine coating where applicable, divided by the number of operating days during that year.

(32) "Semi-chemical subcategory" includes those mills at which pulp is produced using a process that involves the cooking of wood chips under pressure with a variety of cooking liquors including neutral sulfite and combinations of soda ash and caustic soda. The cooked chips are usually refined before being converted into board or similar products. Sodium base neutral sulfite semi-chemical and ammonia base neutral sulfite semichemical mills are included in this subcategory for BPT and NSPS.

Note: Principal products include corrugating medium, insulating board, partition board, chip board, tube stock, and speciality boards.

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(33) "Settleable solids" means the amount of settleable matter present in an effluent sample as determined by the test described in "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater," 15th edition (1980).

Note: Copies are available for inspection at the office of the department of natural resources, the secretary of state's office, and the office of the revisor of statutes, and may be obtained for personal use from the American Public Health Association, Inc., 1015 Fifteenth St., NW, Washington, D.C. 20005.

(34) "Soda subcategory" includes those mills at which bleached soda pulp is produced in full cook process employing a highly alkaline sodium hydroxide cooking liquor.

Note: Principal products are fine papers, which include printing, writing and business papers and market pulp.

(35) "TCP" means trichlorophenol.

(36) "Tissue from wastepaper subcategory" includes those mills at which tissue papers are produced from wastepapers without deinking.

Note: Principal products include facial and toilet paper, glassine, paper diapers and paper towels.

(37) "TSS" means total suspended nonfilterable solids as measured by the technique using glass fiber disks specified in "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater," 15th edition (1980).

Note: Copies are available as set forth in sub. (33) (Note).

(38) "Unbleached kraft subcategory" includes those mills at which unbleached pulp is produced in a full cook process employing a highly alkaline sodium hydroxide and sodium sulfide cooking liquor.

Note: Principal products include linerboard, the smooth facing of corrugated boxes; and bag papers.

(39) "Unbleached kraft and semi-chemical subcategory" includes those mills at which unbleached pulp is produced using 2 pulping processes: unbleached kraft and semi-chemical, where semi-chemical cooking liquor is burned within the kraft chemical recovery system. Unbleached kraft-neutral sulfite semi-chemical mills are included in this subcategory.

Note: Principal products include both linerboard and corrugating medium used in the production of corrugated boxes.

(40) "Unbleached kraft-neutral sulfite semi-chemical (cross-recovery) subcategory" includes those mills at which unbleached pulp is produced using both unbleached kraft and neutral sulfite semi-chemical, where the spent neutral sulfite semi-chemical cooking liquor is burned within the kraft chemical recovery system.

Note: Principal products include both linerboard and corrugating medium used in the production of corrugated boxes.

(41) "Wastepaper-molded products subcategory" includes those mills at which molded products are produced from wastepapers without deinking.

Note: Principal products include molded items such as fruit and vegetable packs and similar throw-away containers and display items.

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(42) "Wet barking operations" include hydraulic barking operations and wet drum barking operations which are those drum barking operations that use substantial quantities of water in either water sprays in the barking drums or in a partial submersion of the drums in a tub of water.

(43) "Wood fiber furnish subdivision" includes those mills in the nonintegrated-fine papers subcategory where cotton fibers are not used in the production of fine papers.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

NR 284.04 Application of effluent limitations and standards. (1) The production basis for application of the limitations and standards set forth in this chapter shall be the annual production divided by the number of operating days in the year for each subcategory subject to the provisions of this chapter, except for those limitations set forth in Tables 1 and 3 for which only the proportion of the mill's production subject to the activities listed in Tables 1 and 3, or due to use of logs or chips subject to the activities listed in Tables 1 and 3, shall be subject to the limitations set forth in Tables 1 and 3.

(2) For facilities subject to effluent limitations in more than one subcategory, the discharge limitations shall be the aggregate of limitations applicable to the total production covered by each subcategory.

(3) Only noncontinuous dischargers shall be subject to annual average limitations. When annual average limitations are applied, the department shall establish daily maximum and monthly average concentration limitations for BOD<sub>5</sub>, TSS, and zinc reflecting wastewater teatment levels representative of best practicable control technology currently available in lieu of the monthly average and daily maximum limitations set forth in Table 1.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

#### Subchapter I - Direct Discharges

NR 284.10 Applicability. The provisions in this subchapter are applicable to discharges of wastewater from the pulp and paper manufacturing category of point sources into waters of the state.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

NR 284.11 Compliance dates. Discharge of pollutants from facilties subject to the provisions of this subchapter may not exceed, as appropriate:

(1) By July 1, 1977 effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT);

(2) By July 1, 1984 effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable (BAT);

(3) At the commencement of discharge for new source performance standards (NSPS).

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

NR 284.115 Measure of production. Paper or paperboard production shall be measured at the paper machine takeup reel in off-the-machine moisture content, except for the semi-chemical, unbleached kraft, un-

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bleached kraft-neutral sulfite semi-chemical (cross recovery), and paperboard from wastepaper subcategories where paper and paperboard production shall be measured in air-dry-tons (10% moisture content). Market pulp shall be measured in air-dry-tons (10% moisture). Production shall be determined based on past production practices, present trends or committed growth.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

NR 284.12 Discharge standards. (1) BEST PRACTICABLE TECHNOLOGY. The following effluent limitations establish the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties which may be discharged by a facility subject to the provisions of this subchapter, after application to process wastes of the best practicable control technology currently available. These limitations for all or specific subcategories shall be applied in accordance with s. NR 284.04, except as provided in s. NR 284.13.

(a) The daily maximum and 30-day average limitations for  $BOD_5$ , TSS and zinc are set forth in Table 1 in lbs/ton of product.

(b) Noncontinuous dischargers shall not be subject to the daily maximum and 30-day average limitations for BOD<sub>3</sub>, TSS and zinc, but shall be subject to annual averge effluent limitations set forth in Table 2.

(c) The annual average limitations for  $BOD_5$ , TSS and zinc are set forth in Table 2 in lbs/ton of product.

(d) The limitations for wet barking operations, log washing or chip washing, and log flumes or log ponds set forth in Table 1 are in addition to the limitations for the specific base subcategory set forth in that table.

(e) Dischargers which continuously monitor pH shall be subject to the provisions set forth in s. NR 205.06  $\,$ 

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	BPT	Effluent			~			**?
_	<u> </u>	BOI	)5	TS		Zino		pH <sup>2</sup>
		daily a		daily a		daily a		std.
		max.	avg.	max.	avg	max.	avg.	units
o	L A	(lbs/	(Ibs/	(lbs/	(lbs/	(lbs/	(lbs/	
_	bcategory	ton)	ton	ton	_ton)	ton)	ton)	
	tegrated Facilities	07.9	14.0	40.0	9F 0			50
1.	BCT Bleached Kraft	$27.3 \\ 4.5$	14.2	$\frac{48.0}{11.5}$	25.8 6.2			5-9 5-9
	<ul><li>(a) Wet barking</li><li>(b) Log washing or chip washing</li></ul>	0.5	$2.4 \\ 0.3$	1.3	0.7			5-9
	(c) Log flumes or log ponds	0.9	0.5	2.5	1.4			5-9
2.	Time Discolard Vankt	21.2	11.0	44.3	23.8			5-9
	(a) Wet Barking (b) Log washing or chip washing (c) Log flumes or log ponds Groundwood—CMN Papers a. Wet Barking	3.9	2.0	10.6	5.7			5-9
	(b) Log washing or chip washing	0.4	0.2	1.1	0.6			5-9
0	(c) Log llumes or log ponds	0.7	0.4	2.3	1.2	0.0	<u> </u>	5-9
3.	a. Wet Barking	$14.9 \\ 2.3$	$7.8 \\ 1.1$	$25.5 \\ 4.0$	$13.7 \\ 2.2$	0.6	0.3	5-9 5-9
	b. Log washing or chip washing	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.3			5-9
	c. Log flumes or log ponds	0.5	0.2	0.9	0.5			5-9
4.	Groundwood-Chemi-Mechanical	27.0	14.1	39.5	21.3	0.68	0.34	5-9
	a. Wet Barking	1.8	0.9	5.2	2.9			5-9
	b. Log washing or chip washing	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.3			5-9
F	c. Log flumes or log ponds	0.3	0.1	1.1	0.6	0 55	0.07	5-9
5.	Groundwater-Fine Papers a. Wet Barking	$13.7 \\ 2.2$	$7.2 \\ 1.1$	$23.5 \\ 3.9$	$12.6 \\ 2.2$	0.55	0.27	5-9 5-9
	b. Log washing or chip washing	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.3			5.9
	<ul> <li>b. Log washing or chip washing</li> <li>c. Log flumes or log ponds</li> </ul>	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.5			5-9
6.	Groundwood-Thermo-Mechanical	21.2	11.1	31.1	16.7	0.52	0.26	5-9
	a. Wet Barking	1.8	0.9	5.4	2.9			5-9
	b. Log washing or chip washing	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.3			5-9
~	c. Log flumes or log ponds	0.3	0.2	1.0	0.7			5-9
7.	Papergrade Sulfite (Blow Pit Wash)							
	(a) Bisulfite liquor/surface	63.6	33.1	87.9	47.3			5-9
	condensers		001-	00	2000			•••
	(b) Bisulfite liquor/barometric	69.4	36.1	104.4	56.2			5-9
	condensers							
	(c) Acid sulfite liquor/surface	64.6	33.6	87.9	47.3			5-9
	condensers (d) Acid sulfite liquor/barometric	71.1	37.0	104.4	56.2			5-9
	condensers	17.1	51.0	104.4	50.2			0-3
	(e) Wet barking	5.4	2.9	15.0	7.9			5-9
	(f) Log washing or chip washing	0.3	0.2	5.1	2.7			5-9
_	(g) Log flumes or log ponds	0.7	0.4	3.4	1.8			5-9
8.	Papergrade Sulfite (Drum Wash)	F						
	(a) Bisulfite liquor/surface	53.4	27.8	87.9	47.3			5-9
	(b) Bisulfite liquer/barometric	58.8	30.6	104.4	56.2			5-9
	(b) Bisulfite liquor/barometric condensers <sup>3</sup>	00.0	00.0	104.4	50.2			0-0
	(c) Acid sulfite liquor/surface	59.5	31.0	87.9	47.3			5-9
	condensers <sup>3</sup>							
	(d) Acid sulfite liquor/barometric condensers <sup>3</sup>	65.0	33.8	104.4	56.2			5-9
	condensers <sup>3</sup>	<i></i>	90 7	107 5	F77 0			F 0
	<ul><li>(e) Continuous digesters</li><li>(f) Wet barking</li></ul>	$76.3 \\ 6.1$	$39.7 \\ 3.2$	$107.5 \\ 15.0$	57.9 7.9			5-9 5-9
	(g) Log washing or chip washing	0.1	0.4	5.1	2.7			5-9
	(h) Log flumes or log ponds	1.4	0.7	3.4	1.8			5-9
9.	Semi-Chemical		•	0.1	210			•••
	(a) Ammonia Base Mills	16.0	8.0	20.0	10.0			6-9
	(b) Sodium Base Mills	17.4	8.7	22.0	11.0			6-9
10.	Soda	27.4	14.2	49.0	26.4			5-9
	a. Wet Barking	4.1	2.2	10.5	5.6			5-9 5-9
	<ul><li>b. Log washing or chip washing</li><li>c. Log flumes or log ponds</li></ul>	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3 \\ 0.6 \end{array}$	0.2 0.4	$1.0 \\ 2.2$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.5 \\ 1.1 \end{array}$			5-9 5-9
11	Unbleached Kraft	11.2	5.6	24.0	12.0			6-9
12.	Unbleached Kraft and Semi-	_						
	Chemical							
13.	Unbleached Kraft-Neutral Sulfite	16.0	8.0	25.0	12.5			6-9
	Semi-Chemical (Cross-Recovery)							

TABLE 1

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# TABLE 1 (continued)

BPT	Effluent	Limitati	ons				
	BOI	)5	TS	s	Zinc	<b>1</b>	pH <sup>2</sup>
	daily a	30-day	daily a	30-day	daily a	0-day	std.
	max.	avg.	max.	avg	max.	avg.	units
	(lbs/	(lbs/	(lbs/	(lbs/	(lbs/	(lbs/	
Subcategory	ton)	ton	ton	ton)	ton)	ton)	
Nonintegrated Facilities							
14. Nonintegrated-Filter and	59.2	32.6	53.2	26.0			5-9
Nonwoven Papers							
15. Nonintegrated-Fine Papers							
a. Wood fiber furnish	16.4	8.5	22.0	11.8			5-9
subdivision							
b. Cotton fiber furnish	34.8	18.2	<b>48.6</b>	26.2			
subdivision				~ ~			
16. Nonintegrated-Lightweight	48.2	26.4	<b>43.2</b>	21.2			5-9
Papers	=		<b>a</b> a 4	<b>aa</b> (			
(a) Facilities where electrical	76.0	41.8	68.4	33.4			5-9
grade papers are produced	10.0	= 0	11.0	F 0			
17. Nonintegrated-Paperboard	13.0	7.2	11.6	5.6			5-9
18. Nonintegrated-Tissue Papers	22.8	12.5	20.5	10.0			5-9
From Wastepaper Facilities 19. Builders' Paper and Roofing Felt <sup>4</sup>	10.0	6.0	10.0	6.0			6-9
20. Deink	36.2	18.8	48.1	25.9			6-9 5-9
20. Delink 21. Paperboard FWP	a0.2	10.0	40.1	20.9			9-9
(a) Noncorrugating medium	6.0	3.0	10.0	5.0			6-9
furnish subdivision	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0			0-2
(b) Corrugating medium furnish	11.4	5.6	18.4	9.2			6-9
subdivision	11.7	0.0	10.1	0.2			0-0
22. Tissue FWP	27.4	14.2	34.1	18.4			5-9
23. Wastepaper-Molded Products	8.8	4.6	21.6	11.6			5-9
Pulp Facilities	0.0	1.0					•••
24. Dissolving Kraft	47.2	24.5	74.6	40.1			5-9
(a) Wet barking	6.4	3.4	13.8	7.5			5-9
(b) Log washing or chip washing	0.7	0.4	1.4	0.8			5-9
(c) Log flumes or log ponds	1.2	0.7	2.9	1.6			5-9
25. Dissolving Sulfite Pulp							
(a) Facilities where nitration	82.8	43.0	141.3	76.1			5-9
grade pulp is produced							
(b) Facilities where viscose grade	88.6	46.0	141.3	76.1			5-9
pulp is produced							
(c) Facilities where cellophane	96.1	49.9	141.3	76.1			5-9
grade pulp is produced							
(d) Facilities where acetate grade	101.6	52.8	141.3	76.1			5-9
pulp is produced	1 /	0 5		0.0			F 0
(e) Wet barking	1.4	0.7	0.3	0.2			5-9
(f) Log washing or chip washing	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2			5-9
(g) Log flumes or log ponds	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2			5-9
26. Market Bleached Kraft	30.9	16.1	60.8	32.8			5-9

Mass limitations are in lbs/ton. For kg/kkg, divide by 2. y = wastewater discharged in kgal per ton of product

x=percent sulfite pulp in final product

(a) Wet barking(b) Log washing or chip washing

(c) Log flumes or log ponds

<sup>1</sup>These limitations apply only to groundwood facilities using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the department that they are not using this bleaching compound.

4.6

0.8

2.4

0.2

0.4

10.6

1.2

2.3

5.7 0.6

1.2

5-9

5-9

5-9

<sup>2</sup>Dischargers which continuously monitor pH shall be subject to the provisions set forth in s. NR 205.06.

<sup>3</sup>Limitations do not apply to mills using continuous digesters.

<sup>4</sup>Settleable solids shall not exceed 0.2 mg/l.

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_				BOD <sub>5</sub>	TSS	Zinc <sup>2</sup>
				annual	annual	annual
~				avg	avg.	avg.
Su	bcategory	A	ctivity/Process	lbs/ton	lbs/ton	lbs/tor
In	tegrated Facilities				1 . 10	
1.	BCT Bleached Kraft	~	wat have in a	7.96 1.28	14.16	
		a. b.	wet barking log washing or chip	0.1	3.4 0.4	
		υ.	washing	0.1	0.4	
		c.	log flumes or log ponds	0.2	0.7	
2.	Fine Bleached Kraft			6.16	13.06	
		a.	wet barking	1.08	3.08	
		b.	log washing or chip	0.1	0.3	
		~	washing	0.2	0.6	
3.	Groundwood-CMN	c.	log flumes or log ponds	4.38	0.6 7.52	
	Papers			1.00	1.02	
		a.	wet barking	0.6	1.2	
		b.	log washing or chip	0.1	0.2	
			washing	0.1	0.00	
		c. d.	log flumes or log ponds zinc hydrosulfite bleaching	0.1	0.28 0.2	
4.	Groundwood-Chemi-	u.	zine nyurosumte bieaching	7.92	11.7	
<b>T</b> .	Mechanical			1.04	11.1	
		a.	wet barking	0.5	1.6	
		b.	log washing or chip	0.1	0.2	
			washing	. 1		
		c.	log flumes or log ponds	0.1	0.3	0.22
5.	Groundwood-Fine Papers	d.	zinc hydrosulfite bleaching	4.04	6.92	0.22
υ.	Groundwood-Fine Tapers	a.	wet barking	0.7	1.2	
		b.	log washing or chip	0.1	0.2	
			washing			
		ę.	log flumes or log ponds	0.1	0.28	0.10
c	Groundwood-Thermo-	d.	zinc hydrosulfite bleaching	6.22	9.16	0.18
6.	Mechanical			0.24	3.10	
		a.	wet barking	0.6	1.5	
		b.	log washing or chip	0.1	0.1	
			washing			
		с.	log flumes or log ponds	0.1	0.3	0.16
7.	Papergrade Sulfite (Blow	d.	zinc hydrosulfite bleaching			0.10
••	Pit Wash)					
	110 ((1001))	a.	Bisulfite liquor/surface	18.58	25.98	
			condensers			
		b.		20.28	30.86	
		c.	condensers Acid sulfite liquor/surface	18.86	25.98	
		c.	condensers	10.00	20.30	
		d.		20.78	30.86	
			metric condensers			
		e.	wet barking	1.6	4.38	
		f.	log washing or chip washing	0.1	1.5	
		g.	log flumes or log ponds	0.2	1.0	
8.	Papergrade Sulfite (Drum		log numes of log ponds	•	2.00	
	Wash)					
		a.	Bisulfite liquor/surface	15.6	25.98	
		b.	condensers <sup>3</sup> Bisulfite liquor/barometric	17.18	30.86	
		υ.	Bisulfite liquor/barometric condensers <sup>3</sup>	11.10	00.00	
		c.	Acid sulfite liquor/surface	17.4	25.98	
		••	condensers <sup>3</sup>			
		d.	Acid sulfite liquor/baro-	18.98	30.86	
			metric condensers <sup>3</sup>	00.0	91.0	
		e.	Continuous digesters	$22.3 \\ 1.78$	31.8 4.38	
		f.	wet barking	1.10	7.00	

# TABLE 2<sup>1</sup>

BPT: Annual Average Limitations for BOD<sub>5</sub>, TSS and Zinc

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#### TABLE 2<sup>1</sup> (continued)

#### Zinc<sup>2</sup> BOD. TSS annual annual annual avg avg. avg. Subcategory Activity/Process lbs/ton lbs/ton lbs/ton 0.2 1.5 log washing or chip g. washing h. log flumes or log ponds 0.41.0 14.59. Soda 7.96 wet barking 1.2 3.08 а. 0.28 b. 0.1 log washing or chip washing log flumes or log ponds 0.20.7 c. Nonintegrated Facilities 10. Nonintegrated-Filter and 18.2 14.76 Nonwoven Papers 11. Nonintegrated-Fine Papers Wood fiber furnish 4.76 6.48 a. subdivision Cotton fiber furnish 10.22 14.38 h. subdivision 14.74 12.04 12. Nonintegrated-Lightweight Papers a. Facilities where electrical 23.34 18.96 grade papers are produced 13. Nonintegrated-4.023.18Paperboard 6.98 14. Nonintegrated-Tissue 5.68 Papers From Wastepaper Facilities 10.56 14.22Deink 16. Tissue FWP 7.96 10.1 17. Wastepaper-Molded 2.58 6.36 Products **Pulp Facilities** 22.02 13.76 18. Dissolving Kraft 3.98 wet barking 1.88 a. log washing or chip 0.2 0.4 b. washing 0.4 0.8 c. log flumes or log ponds 19. Dissolving Sulfite Pulp Facilities where nitration 24.14 41.8 a. grade pulp is produced Facilities where viscose b. 25.8441.8 grade pulp is produced 28.02 41.8 c. Facilities where cellophane grade pulp is produced Facilities where acetate 29.66 41.8 d. grade pulp is produced wet barking 0.4 0.1 e. f. log washing or chip 0.1 0.1 washing log flumes or log ponds 0.1 0.1 g. 20. Market Bleached Kraft 9.04 18.02 3.08 wet barking 1.4b. log washing or chip 0.20.3 washing c. log flumes or log ponds 0.3 0.7

BPT: Annual Average Limitations for BOD<sub>5</sub>, TSS and Zinc

Limitations are in lbs/ton. For kg/kkg, divide by 2.

<sup>1</sup>Applicable only to noncontinuous dischargers.

<sup>3</sup>Not applicable to facilities using continuous digesters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For those groundwood facilities using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent in the manufacturing process the zinc effluent limitations are to be added to the base limitations. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the department that they are not using this bleaching compound.

(2) BEST AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGY. The following effluent limitations establish the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties which may be discharged by a facility subject to the provisions of this subchapter, after application to process wastes of the best available technology economically achievable. These limitations for all or specific subcategories shall be applied in accordance with s. NR 284.04, except as provided in s. NR 284.13.

(a) The daily maximum limitations for PCP, TCP and zinc are set forth in Table 3 in both lbs/ton and mg/l.

(b) PCP and TCP limitations are only applicable to facilities where chlorophenolic-containing biocides are used. Permittees not using chlorophenolic-containing biocides shall certify to the department that they are not using these biocides.

(c) Zinc limitations are only applicable to groundwood facilities where zinc hydrosulfite is used as a bleaching agent. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the department that they are not using this bleaching compound.

(d) Noncontinuous dischargers shall not be subject to daily maximum mass limitations in lbs/ton, but shall be subject to concentration limitations in mg/l.

Register,			TABLE					లు
gist			BAT Effluent L					306
jer,		PC	P <sup>1</sup>	TCH	D1		Zinc <sup>2</sup>	_
		maximum for	any one day	maximum for a	any one day	maximum	n for any one day	NR
Ę.	Subcategory	lbs/ton	mg/l <sup>3</sup>	lbs/ton	mg/l <sup>3</sup>	lbs/ton	mg/l <sup>3</sup>	284
October, 1986,	Integrated Facilities 1. BCT Bleached Kraft 2. Fine Bleached Kraft 3. Groundwood-CMN Papers 4. Groundwood-Chemi-Mechanical	0.0032 0.0028 0.0022	(0.011)(35.4)/y (0.011)(30.9)/y (0.011)(23.8)/y	0.02 0.0176 0.00198	(0.068)(35.4)/y (0.068)(30.9)/y (0.010)(23.8)/y	0.60	(3.0)(23.8)/y	
No. 370	<ol> <li>Groundwood-Fine Papers</li> <li>Groundwood-Tine Papers</li> <li>Groundwood-Thermo-Mechanical</li> <li>Papergrade Sulfite (Blow Pit Wash)</li> <li>Papergrade Sulfite (Drum Wash)</li> </ol>	0.0020 0.00194 0.00116 exp(0.017x) 0.00116	$\begin{array}{c} (0.011)(21.9)/y\\ (0.011)(21.1)/y\\ ((0.011)(12.67)\\ \exp(0.017x))/y\\ ((0.011)(12.67)\end{array}$	0.00184 0.00176 0.0072 exp(0.017x) 0.0072	(0.010)(21.9)/y (0.010)(21.1)/y ((0.068)(12.67) exp(0.017x))/y ((0.068)(12.67)	0.54 0.52	(3.0)(21.9)/y (3.0)(21.1)/y	WISCONSIN
	<ol> <li>9. Semi-Chemical</li> <li>10. Soda</li> <li>11. Unbleached Kraft</li> <li>12. Unbleached Kraft and Semi-Chemical</li> <li>13. Unbleached Kraft-Neutral Sulfite Semi-Chemical (Cross-Recovery)</li> </ol>	exp(0.017x) 0.0024 0.0028 0.00116 0.00128 0.00128	exp(0.017x))/y (0.029)(10.3)/y (0.011)(30.9)/y (0.011)(12.6)/y (0.11)(14.0)/y (0.011)(14.0)/y	exp(0.017x) 0.00086 0.0176 0.00106 0.00118 0.00118	exp(0.017x))/y (0.010)(10.3)/y (0.068)(30.9)/y (0.010)(12.6)/y (0.010)(14.0)/y (0.010)(14.0)/y			ADMINISTRATIVE
	Nonintegrated Facilities. 14. Nonintegrated-Filter and Nonwoven Papers	0.0144	(0.029)(59.9)/y	0.005	(0.010)(59.9)/y			TRAT
	<ul> <li>15. Nonintegrated-Fine Papers <ul> <li>(a) Wood fiber furnish subdivision</li> <li>(b) Cotton fiber furnish subdivision</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	0.0036 0.0102	(0.029)(15.2)/y (0.029)(42.3)/y	0.00128 0.0036	(0.010)(15.2)/y (0.010)(42.3)/y			IVE
	<ol> <li>Nonintegrated-Lightweight Papers         <ul> <li>(a) Facilities where electrical grade papers are produced</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	0.0118 0.0186	(0.029)(48.7)/y (0.029)(76.9)/y	0.004 0.0064	(0.010)(48.7)/y (0.010)(76.9)/y			CODE
	17. Nonintegrated- Paperboard 18. Nonintegrated- Tissue Papers From Wastepaper Facilities	0.0032 0.0056	(0.029)(12.9)/y (0.029)(22.9)/y	0.00108 0.00192	(0.010)(12.9)/y (0.010)(22.9)/y			E
	19. Builders' Paper and Roofing Felt 20. Deink	0.0034	(0.029)(14.4)/y	0.0012	(0.010)(14.4)/y			
	(a) Facilities where fine or tissue pa- per is produced	0.006	(0.029)(24.4)/y	0.0138	(0.068)(24.4)/y			

		TABLE 3 (cor	(tinued)				
		BAT Effluent Li					
	]	PCP <sup>1</sup>	T	CP <sup>1</sup>	$Zinc^2$		
Subcategory	maximum lbs/ton	for any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>	maximum fo lbs/ton	or any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>	maximum lbs/ton	for any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>	
(b) Facilities where newsprint is produced	0.006	(0.029)(24.4)/y	0.002	(0.010)(24.4)/y			
21. Paperboard FWP	0.00174	(0.029)(7.2)/y	0.0006	(0.010)(7.2)/y			
22. Tissue FWP	0.006	(0.029)(25.2)/y	0.0022	(0.010)(25.2)/y			
23. Wastepaper-Molded Products	0.0052	(0.029)(21.1)/y	0.00176	(0.010)(21.1)/y			
Pulp Facilities							
24. Dissolving Kraft	0.005	(0.011)(55.1)/y	0.032	(0.068)(55.1)/y			
25. Dissolving Sulfite Pulp							
(a) Facilities where nitration, viscose, or cellophane grade pulps are produced	0.006	(0.011)(66.0)/y	0.038	(0.068)(66.0)/y			
(b) Facilities where acetate grade	0.0066	(0.011)(72.7)/y	0.042	( <b>0.06</b> 8)(72.7)/y			
pulp is produced 26. Market Bleached Kraft	0.0038	(0.011)(41.6)/y	0.024	(0.068)(41.6)/y			

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Mass limitations are in lbs/ton except where otherwise stated. For kg/kkg, divide by 2.

y=wastewater discharged in kgal per ton of product.

x = percent sulfite in final product.

<sup>1</sup>These limitations apply only to facilities where chlorophenolic - containing biocides are used. Permittees not using chlorophenolic - containing biocides shall certify to the department that they are not using these biocides.

<sup>2</sup>These limitations apply only to groundwood facilities using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the department that they are not using this bleaching compound. <sup>3</sup>Applies only to noncontinuous dischargers.

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## WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

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(3) NEW SOURCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS. The following effluent limitations establish the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties which may be discharged by a facility which is a new source subject to the provisions of this subchapter. These limitations for all or specific subcategories shall be applied in accordance with s. NR 284.04, except as provided in s. NR 284.13.

(a) The daily maximum and 30-day average limitations for  $BOD_5$  and TSS are set forth in Table 4 in lbs/ton of product.

(b) The daily maximum limitations for PCP, TCP and zinc are set forth in Table 5 in both lbs/ton and mg/l.

(c) The pH of all discharges shall be within the range of 5.0 to 9.0. Dischargers which continuously monitor pH shall be subject to the provisions set forth in s. NR 205.06.

(d) PCP and TCP limitations are only applicable to facilities where chlorophenolic-containing biocides are used. Permittees not using chlorophenolic-containing biocides shall certify to the department that they are not using these biocides.

(e) Zinc limitations are only applicable to groundwood facilities where zinc hydrosulfite is used as a bleaching agent. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the department that they are not using this bleaching compound.

(f) Noncontinuous dischargers shall not be subject to the daily maximum and 30-day average limitations for  $BOD_s$  and TSS, but shall be subject to annual average effluent limitations set forth in Table 4. Non-continuous dischargers also shall be subject to concentration limitations in mg/l where provided.

	NSPS Effluent Limitations							
			BOD <sub>5</sub>			TDD		
		daily	30-day	annual	daily	30-daily	annual	
Sul	ocategory	max.	avg.	avg.1	max.	avg.	avg.1	
		(lbs/ton)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/ton)	
	egrated Facilities				~~ ~		~ ~	
1.	BCT Bleached Kraft	17.0	9.2 6.2	$\frac{4.8}{3.24}$	29.2 18.2	15.2	8.0	
2. 3.	Fine Bleached Kraft Groundwood—CMN Papers	11.4 9.2	6.2 5.0	3.24 2.6	14.6	9.6 7.6	5.04 4.0	
4.	Groundwood-Chemi-			<u></u>			<del>4</del> .0	
	Mechanical							
5.	Groundwood-Fine Papers	7.0	3.8	1.98	11.6	6.0	3.14	
6.	Groundwood-Thermo-	9.2	5.0	2.6	17.4	9.2	4.84	
7.	Mechanical Bananario da Sulfita	0 76	4 179		11 69	6 06		
7.	Papergrade Sulfite (Blow Pit Wash)*	(0.017x)	$4.72 \exp(0.017 x)$	) *	(0.017x)	$6.06 \exp(0.017 x)$	*	
8.	Papergrade Sulfite	876 ext	4.72  exp	<b>,</b> 10	11.62 ext	6.06 exp		
0.	(Drum Wash)*	(0.017x)		*	(0.017x)	(0.017x)	*	
9	Semi-Chemical	6.0	3.2	1.66	11.6	6.0	3.14	
	Soda	11.4	6.2	3.24	18.2	9.6	5.04	
11.	Unbleached Kraft			1.00	11.0		0.14	
	(a) Facilities where linerboard	1 6.8	3.6	1.88	11.6	6.0	3.14	
	(b) Facilities where bag paper	10.0	5.4	2.82	18.2	9.6	5.04	
	and other mixed products	10.0	0.4	2.02	10.2	3.0	5.04	
	are produced		/					
12.	Unbleached Kraft and Semi-	7.8	4.2	2.18	14.6	7.6	4.0	
	Chemical							
13.	Unbleached Kraft-Neutral	7.8	4.2	2.18	14.6	7.6	4.0	
	Sulfite Semi-Chemical (Cross							
Mo	Recovery) nintegrated Facilities							
	Nonintegrated Filter and	34.2	16.6	11.2	30.0	13.2	8.04	
<b>.</b>	Nonwoven Papers	01.2	10.0		00.0	10.2	0.01	
15.	Nonintegrated-Fine Papers							
	(a) Wood fiber furnish	7.0	3.8	1.98	8.8	4.6	2.42	
	subdivision	15.0	0.4	4.80	10.0		F 14	
	(b) Cotton fiber furnish subdivision	15.6	8.4	4.38	19.0	9.8	5.14	
16	Nonintegrated-Lightweight	27.4	13.4	9.04	24.0	10.4	6.34	
10.	Papers	<b>21.T</b>	10.1	0.01	21.0	10.1	0.01	
	(a) Facilities where electrical	48.2	23.4	15.8	42.2	18.4	11.2	
	grade papers are produced							
17.	Nonintegrated-Paperboard	8.0	3.8	2.56	7.0	3.0	1.82	
	Nonintegrated-Tissue Papers	14.0	6.8	4.58	12.0	5.2	3.16	
FT0 10	m Wastepaper Facilities Builders' Paper and Roofing	3.4	1.88	0.98	5.4	2.8	1.46	
19.	Felt	0.4	1,00	0.30	0.4	2.0	1.40	
20.	Deink							
	(a) Facilities where fine paper	11.4	6.2	3.24	17.4	9.2	4.84	
	is produced			<b>.</b>				
	(b) Facilities where tissue pa-	19.2	10.4	5.44	26.2	13.6	7.14	
	per is produced	10.0	6.4	3.34	24.0	12.6	6.62	
	(c) Facilities where newsprint is produced	12.0	0.4	0.04	24.0	12.0	0.02	
21.	Paperboard FWP							
	(a) Noncorrugating medium	5.2	2.8	1.46	7.0	3.6	1.88	
	furnish subdivision							
	(b) Corrugating medium	7.8	4.2	2.18	8.8	4.6	2.42	
~~	furnish subdivision		F 0	0.4	00 (	10.0	F FC	
	Tissue FWP Westerener Melded Broducts	9.2	5.0 2.2	2.6 1.14	20.4 8.8	10.6 4.6	5.56 2.42	
	Wastepaper-Molded Products p Facilities	4.2	4.4	1,14	0.0	4.0	4.44	
	Dissolving Kraft	31.2	16.8	8.78	54.6	28.6	15.04	
25	Dissolving Sulfite Pulp		-010					
	(a) Facilities where nitration	53.8	29.0	15.18	81.6	42.6	22.42	
	grade pulp is produced							
	(b) Facilities where viscose	57.4	31.0	16.22	81.6	42.6	22.42	
	grade pulp is produced							

TABLE 4 NGDS Filmont Limitati

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	TABLE 4 (continued)									
	NSPS Efflu	ient Limit	ations							
		BOD₅			TDD					
Subcategory	daily max. (lbs/ton)	30-day avg. (lbs/ton)	annual avg. <sup>1</sup> (lbs/ton)	daily max. (lbs/ton)	30-daily avg. (lbs/ton)	annual avg. <sup>1</sup> (lbs/ton)				
(c) Facilities where cello- phane grade pulp is produced	62.4	33.2	17.38	81.6	42.6	22.42				
(d) Facilities where acetate grade pulp is produced	79.2	42.8	22.4	82.2	43.0	22.62				
26. Market Bleached Kraft	20.6	11.0	5.74	36.4	19.0	10.0				

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Mass limitations are in lbs/ton. For kg/kkg, divide by 2.

y = wastewater discharged in kgal per ton of product.

x = percent sulfite pulp in final product.

 $\rm pH=$  within the range of 5.0-9.0 at all times. Dischargers which continuously monitor  $\rm pH$  shall be subject to the provisions set forth in s. NR 205.06.

\*Annual average effluent limitations for this subcategory shall be determined by dividing the 30-day average limitations for BOD<sub>5</sub>by 1.91 and TSS by 1.90.

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<sup>1</sup>These limitations apply only to noncontinuous dischargers.

		NSPS Effluent l	Limitations					
	PCP <sup>1</sup> TCP <sup>1</sup>					Zinc <sup>2</sup>		
Subcategory	maximum for any one day lbs/ton mg/l <sup>3</sup>		maximum fo lbs/ton	r any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>	maximur lbs/ton	n for any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>		
Integrated Facilities 1. BCT Bleached Kraft 2. Fine Bleached Kraft 3. Groundwood—CMN Papers 4. Groundwood—CMN Papers	0.0032 0.0028 0.0022	(0.012)(31.7)/y (0.014)(25.1)/y (0.016)(16.8)/y	0.02 0.0176 0.00198	(0.076)(31.7)/y (0.084)(25.1)/y (0.014)(16.8)/y	0.42	(3.0)(16.8)/y		
<ol> <li>Groundwood-Chemi-Mechanical</li> <li>Groundwood-Fine Papers</li> <li>Groundwood-Thermo-Mechanical</li> <li>Papergrade Sulfite (Blow Pit Wash)</li> <li>Papergrade Sulfite (Drum Wash)</li> <li>Semi-Chemical</li> <li>Soda</li> </ol>	0.002 0.00194 0.00116 exp(0.017x) 0.00116 exp(0.017x) 0.0024 0.0028	$\begin{array}{c} \hline & & \hline \\ (0.016)(15.4)/y \\ (0.017)(13.8)/y \\ ((0.015)(9.12) \\ exp(0.017x))/y \\ ((0.015)(9.12) \\ exp(0.017x))/y \\ (0.041)(7.3)/y \\ (0.014)(25.1)/y \end{array}$	0.00184 0.00176 0.0072 exp(0.017x) 0.0072 exp(0.017x) 0.00086 0.0176	$\begin{matrix} & -\overline{}\\ (0.014)(15.4)/y\\ (0.015)(13.8)/y\\ ((0.094)(9.12)\\ \exp(0.017x))/y\\ ((0.094)(9.12)\\ \exp(0.017x)/y\\ (0.014)(7.3)/y\\ (0.084)(25.1)/y \end{matrix}$	0.38 0.34	(3.0)(15.4)/y (3.0)(13.8)/y		
11. Unbleached Kraft (a) Facilities where linerboard is	0.00116	(0.015)(9.4)/y	0.00106	(0.013)(9.4)/y				
produced (b) Facilities where bag paper and other mixed products are produced.	0.00116	(0.012)(11.4)/y	0.00106	(0.011)(11.4)/y				
<ol> <li>Unbleached Kraft and Semi-Chemical</li> <li>Unbleached Kraft-Neutral Sulfite Semi-Chemical (Cross Recovery)</li> </ol>	0.00128 0.00128	(0.013)(11.5)/y (0.013)(11.5)/y	0.00118 0.00118	(0.012)(11.5)/y (0.012)(11.5)/y				
Nonintegrated Facilities 14. Nonintegrated-Filter and Nonwoven Papers	0.0144	(0.037)(47.5)/y	0.005	(0.013)(47.5)/y				

TABLE 5								
ISPS	Effluent Limitations							

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES 308-3 NR 284

Register,			TABLE 5 (con NSPS Effluent L	,				308-4
Ŀer,		I	PCP <sup>1</sup>		TCP <sup>1</sup>		Zinc <sup>2</sup>	
	Subcategory	maximum f lbs/ton	or any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>	maximum lbs/ton	for any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>	maximun lbs/ton	n for any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>	NR 28
October, 1986, No. 370	<ol> <li>Nonintegrated-Fine Papers         <ul> <li>(a) Wood fiber furnish subdivision</li> <li>(b) Cotton fiber furnish subdivision</li> <li>(c) Cotton fiber furnish subdivision</li> </ul> </li> <li>Nonintegrated-Lightweight Papers         <ul> <li>(a) Facilities where electrical grade papers are produced</li> <li>Nonintegrated-Paperboard</li> <li>Nonintegrated-Tissue Papers</li> <li>From Wastepaper Facilities</li> <li>Builders' Paper and Roofing Felt</li> <li>Deink                 <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ol>	0.0036 0.0102 0.0118 0.0186 0.0032 0.0056 0.0034 0.006 0.006 0.006 0.00174 0.00174 0.00174 0.006 0.0052	(0.047)(9.4)/y (0.039)(31.1)/y (0.037)(38.2)/y (0.033)(66.8)/y (0.035)(19.1)/y (0.155)(2.7)/y (0.045)(15.9)/y (0.045)(15.9)/y (0.044)(16.2)/y (0.065)(3.2)/y (0.065)(3.2)/y (0.045)((16.3)/y (0.107)(5.7)/y	0.00128 0.0036 0.004 0.0064 0.00108 0.00192 0.0012 0.012 0.0138 0.0138 0.002 0.006 0.0006 0.0006 0.0022 0.00176	(0.016)(9,4)/y (0.014)(31.1)/y (0.013)(38.2)/y (0.012)(66.8)/y (0.012)(11.2)/y (0.012)(19.1)/y (0.053)(2.7)/y (0.104)(15.9)/y (0.065)(19.5)/y (0.015)(16.2)/y (0.023)(3.2)/y (0.023)(3.2)/y (0.015)(16.3)/y (0.037)(5.7)/y	_lbs/ton	mg/1 <sup>-3</sup>	WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE 284 
	<ul> <li>24. Dissolving Kraft</li> <li>25. Dissolving Sulfite Pulp <ul> <li>(a) Facilities where nitration grade</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	0.005 0.006	(0.012)(50.7)/y (0.012)(59.0)/y	0.032 0.038	(0.074)(50.7)/y (0.012)(59.0)/y			DE
	<ul> <li>(a) Facilities where intration grade</li> <li>pulp is produced</li> <li>(b) Facilities where viscose grade</li> <li>pulp is produced</li> </ul>	0.006	(0.012)(59.0)/y	0.038	(0.012)(59.0)/y			

#### TABLE 5 (continued)

#### **NSPS Effluent Limitations**

		PCP <sup>1</sup>	TCP <sup>1</sup>		Zinc <sup>2</sup>	
Subcategory	maximum lbs/ton	for any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>	maximum lbs/ton	for any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>	maximun lbs/ton	n for any one day mg/l <sup>3</sup>
(c) Facilities where cellophane grade pulp is produced	0.006	(0.012)(59.0)/y	0.038	(0.076)(59.0)/y		
(d) Facilities where acetate grade pulp is produced	0.0066	(0.012)(65.7)/y	0.042	(0.075)(65.7)/y		
26. Market Bleached Kraft	0.0038	(0.013)(36.6)/y	0.024	(0.077)(36.6)/y		

Mass limitations are in lbs/ton except where otherwise stated. For kg/kkg, divide by 2.

y = wastewater discharged in kgal per ton of product.

x = percent sulfite in final product.

pH = within the range of 5.0 - 9.0 at all times. Dischargers which continuously monitor pH shall be subject to the provisions set forth in s. NR 205.06.

<sup>1</sup>These limitations apply only to facilities where chlorophenolic - containing biocides are used. Permittees not using chlorophenolic - containing biocides shall certify to the department that they are not using these biocides.

<sup>2</sup>These limitations apply only to groundwood facilities using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the department that they are not using this bleaching compound.

<sup>3</sup>Applicable only to noncontinuous dischargers.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

#### 308-6 WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE NR 284

NR 284.13 Modification of effluent limitations. (1) ALL LIMITATIONS AND STANDARDS. The effluent limitations and standards set forth in this subchapter shall be used in accordance with this section to establish the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties which may be discharged by a point source subject to the provisions of this subchapter, except as:

(a) They may be superseded by more stringent limitations and standards necessary to achieve water quality standards or meet other legal requirements, or

(b) They may be supplemented or superseded by standards or prohibitions for toxic pollutants or by additional limitations for other pollutants required to achieve water quality standards, or

(c) They may be modified for BPT and BAT purposes in accordance with sub. (2).

(2) BEST PRACTICABLE TECHNOLOGY, BEST AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGY. Effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available and the best available technology economically achievable may be modified as follows:

(a) An individual discharger or other interested person may submit evidence to the department that factors relating to the equipment or facilities involved, the process applied, or other such factors related to such discharger are fundamentally different from the factors considered in the establishment of the effluent limitations. On the basis of such evidence or other available information the department shall make a written determination that such factors are or are not fundamentally different for that facility compared to those specified in the Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Development Document, EPA-440/1-82/025, October, 1982. If such fundamentally different factors are found to exist, the department shall establish for the discharger effluent limitations in the WPDES permit either more or less stringent than the limitations in this chapter, to the extent dictated by such fundamentally different factors. Such limitations shall be reviewed by EPA which may approve, disapprove, or specify other limitations.

Note: Copies of the development document identified in par. (a) are available for inspection at the office of the department of natural resources, the secretary of state's office, and the office of the revisor of statutes, and may be obtained for personal use from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20460.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

#### Subchapter II — Indirect Discharges

NR 284.20 Applicability. The provisions in this subchapter are applicable to discharges of wastewater from the pulp and paper manufacturing category of point sources into publicly owned treatment works.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

NR 284.21 Compliance dates. Discharge of pollutants from facilities subject to the provisions of this subchapter may not exceed, as appropriate:

(1) By July 1, 1984 for pretreatment standards for existing sources; Register, October, 1986, No. 370  $\left(2\right)$  At the commencement of discharge for pretreatment standards for new sources.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

NR 284.215 Measure of production. Paper or paperboard production shall be measured at the paper machine takeup reel in off-the-machine moisture content, except for the semi-chemical unbleached kraft, unbleached kraft-neutral sulfite semi-chemical (cross recovery), and paperboard from wastepaper subcategories where paper and paperboard production shall be measured in air-dry-tons (10% moisture content). Market pulp shall be measured in air-dry-tons (10% moisture). Production shall be determined based on past production practices, present trends or committed growth.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.

NR 284.22 Discharge standards. (1) PRETREATMENT STANDARDS FOR EXISTING SOURCES (PSES). Except as provided in s. NR 211.13 and s. NR 211.14 pertaining to removal credits and fundamentally different factors, any existing source subject to this section which introduces pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works shall comply with ch. NR 211 and achieve the following pretreatment standards for existing sources by July 1, 1984:

(a) The daily maximum limitations for PCP, TCP and zinc are set forth in Table 6 in both lbs/ton and mg/l.

(b) PCP and TCP limitations are only applicable to facilities where chlorophenolic-containing biocides are used. Permittees not using chlorophenolic-containing biocides shall certify to the control authority that they are not using these biocides.

(c) Zinc limitations are only applicable to groundwood facilities where zinc hydrosulfite is used as a bleaching agent. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the control authority that they are not using this bleaching compound.

Register,		TABLE					ы С
grist		PSES Effluent I					308-8
èr,	PC	PCP <sup>1</sup>		TCP <sup>1</sup>		Zine <sup>2</sup>	
Subcategory	maximum for lbs/ton	any one day mg/l	maximum for a lbs/ton	ny one day mg/l	maximum lbs/ton	n for any one day mg/l	- NR 28
<ul> <li>Integrated Facilities</li> <li>BCT Bleached Kraft</li> <li>Fine Bleached Kraft</li> <li>Groundwood-Chemi-Mechanical</li> <li>Groundwood-Chemi-Mechanical</li> <li>Groundwood-Thermo-Mechanical</li> <li>Groundwood-Thermo-Mechanical</li> <li>Papergrade Sulfite (Blow Pit Wash)</li> <li>Papergrade Sulfite (Drum Wash)</li> <li>Semi-Chemical</li> <li>Soda</li> <li>Unbleached Kraft</li> <li>Unbleached Kraft</li> <li>Unbleached Kraft</li> <li>Unbleached Kraft</li> <li>Unbleached Kraft</li> <li>Nonintegrated-Filter and Nonwover Papers</li> <li>Nonintegrated-Pilter and Nonwover Papers</li> <li>Builders' Paper and Roofing Felt</li> <li>Deink</li> </ul>	lbs/ton           0.0032           0.0028           0.0022           0.0014           0.0014           0.0016           exp(0.017x)           0.0018           0.00128           0.0031           0.002           0.0034           0.0038				0.6 0.54 0.52		WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE 1 284
(a) Facilities where fine or tissue pa- per is produced	- 0.0000	(0.002/(21.1)/y	0.0100	(0.002)(44.4)/y			

PSES Effluent Limitations								
	PCP <sup>1</sup> maximum for any one day lbs/ton mg/l <sup>3</sup>		TCP <sup>1</sup> maximum for any one day lbs/ton mg/l <sup>3</sup>		Zinc <sup>2</sup>			
Subcategory					maximum for any one day lbs/ton mg/l <sup>3</sup>			
(b) Facilities where newsprint is produced	0.0066	(0.032)(24.4)/y	0.002	(0.010)(24.4)/y				
21. Paperboard FWP	0.00192	(0.032)(7.2)/y	0.0006	(0.010)(7.2)/y				
22. Tissue FWP	0.0068	(0.032)(25.2)/y	0.00192	(0.010)(25.2)/y				
23. Wastepaper-Molded Products	0.0056	(0.032)(21.1)/y	0.00176	(0.010)(21.1)/y				
Pulp Facilities								
24. Dissolving Kraft	0.005	(0.011)(55.1)/y	0.038	(0.082)(55.1)/y				
25. Dissolving Sulfite Pulp								
<ul> <li>(a) Facilities where nitration, viscose or cellophane grade pulps are produced</li> </ul>	0.006	(0.011)(66.0)/y	0.046	(0.082)(66.0)/y				
(b) Facilities where acetate grade	0.0066	(0.011)(72.7)/y	0.05	(0.082)(72.7)/y				
pulp is produced								
26. Market Bleached Kraft	0.0038	(0.011)(41.6)/y	0.028	(0.082)(41.6)/y				

TABLE 6 (continued)

Mass limitations are in lbs/ton except where otherwise stated. For kg/kkg, divide by 2.

y=wastewater discharged in kgal per ton of product.

x = percent sulfite in final product.

<sup>1</sup>These limitations apply only to facilities where chlorophenolic - containing biocides are used. Permittees not using chlorophenolic - containing biocides shall certify to the department that they are not using these biocides.

<sup>2</sup>These limitations apply only to groundwood facilities using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the department that they are not using this bleaching compound.

<sup>1</sup>These limitations apply only when the publicly owned treatment works finds it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.

#### 308-10 WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE NR 284

(2) PRETREATMENT STANDARDS FOR NEW SOURCES (PSNS). Except as provided in s. NR 211.13 pertaining to removal credits, any new source subject to this section which introduces pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works shall comply with ch. NR 211 and achieve the following pretreatment standards for new sources:

(a) The daily maximum limitations for PCP, TCP and zinc are set forth in Table 7 in both lbs/ton and mg/l.

(b) PCP and TCP limitations are only applicable to facilities where chlorophenolic-containing biocides are used. Permittees not using chlorophenolic-containing biocides shall certify to the control authority that they are not using these biocides.

(c) Zinc limitations are only applicable to groundwood facilities where zinc hydrosulfite is used as a bleaching agent. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the control authority that they are not using this bleaching compound.

		PSNS Emuent i	limitations			
	PC	PCP <sup>1</sup> TCP <sup>1</sup>		<b>)</b> 1	Zinc <sup>2</sup>	
Subcategory	maximum for any one day lbs/ton <sup>3</sup> mg/l		maximum for any one day lbs/ton <sup>3</sup> mg/l		maximum for any one day lbs/ton <sup>3</sup> mg/l	
Integrated Facilities 1. BCT Bleached Kraft 2. Fine Bleached Kraft 3. Groundwood—CMN Papers 4. Groundwood-Chemi-Mechanical	0.0032 0.0028 0.0022	(0.012)(31.7)/y (0.014)(25.1)/y (0.016)(16.8)/y	0.024 0.022 0.00198	(0.092)(31.7)/y (0.101)(25.1)/y (0.014)(16.8)/y	0.42	(3.0)(16.8)/y
<ol> <li>Groundwood-Fine Papers</li> <li>Groundwood-Thermo-Mechanical</li> <li>Papergrade Sulfite         <ul> <li>(Blow Pit Wash)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Papergrade Sulfite             (Drum Wash)</li> <li>Semi-Chemical</li> <li>Soda</li> </ol>	0.002 0.00194 0.00116 exp(0.017x) 0.00116 exp(0.017x) 0.0028 0.0028	$\begin{array}{c} (0.016)(15.4)/y\\ (0.017)(13.8)/y\\ ((.015)(9.12)\\ \exp(0.017x))/y\\ ((0.015)(9.12)\\ \exp(0.017x))/y\\ (0.045)(7.3)/y\\ (0.045)(7.3)/y\\ (0.014)(25.1)/y \end{array}$	0.00184 0.00176 0.0086 exp(0.017x) 0.0086 exp(0.017x) 0.00086 0.022	$\begin{array}{c} (0.014)(15.4)/y\\ (0.015)(13.8)/y\\ ((0.114)(9.12)\\ \exp(0.017x))/y\\ ((0.114)(9.12)\\ \exp(0.017x))/y\\ (0.014)(7.3)/y\\ (0.014)(7.3)/y\\ (0.101)(25.1)/y \end{array}$	0.38 0.34	(3.0)(15.4)/y (3.0)(13.8)/y
11. Unbleached Kraft (a) Facilities where linerboard is produced	0.00116	(0.015)(9.4)/y	0.00106	(0.013)(9.4)/y		
<ul> <li>(b) Facilities where bag paper and other mixed products are produced</li> </ul>	0.00116	(0.012)(11.4)/y	0.00106	(0.011)(11.4)/y		
<ol> <li>Unbleached Kraft and Semi-Chemical</li> <li>Unbleached Kraft-Neutral Sulfite Semi-Chemical (Cross Recovery)</li> </ol>	0.00128 0.00128	(0.013)(11.5)/y (0.013)(11.5)/y	0.00118 0.00118	(0.012)(11.5)/y (0.012)(11.5)/y		
Nonintegrated Facilities 14. Nonintegrated-Filter and Nonwoven Papers	0.016	(0.040)(47.5)/y	0.005	(0.013)(47.5)/y		
<ul> <li>15. Nonintegrated-Fine Papers</li> <li>(a) Wood fiber furnish subdivision</li> <li>(b) Cotton fiber furnish subdivision</li> </ul>	0.004 0.0112	(0.052)(9.4)/y (0.044)(31.1)/y	0.00128 0.0036	(0.016)(9.4)/y (0.014)(31.1)/y		

TABLE 7 PSNS Effluent Limitations

5		TABLE 7 (co	ntinued)			30
		PSNS Effluent l				308-12 v
		PCP <sup>1</sup>	TCP <sup>1</sup>		Zinc <sup>2</sup>	– 18 <sup>12</sup>
Subcategory	maximum i lbs/ton <sup>3</sup>	for any one day mg/l	maximum fo lbs/ton <sup>3</sup>	r any one day mg/l	maximum for any one day lbs/ton <sup>3</sup> mg/l	R 284
16. Nonintegrated-Lightweight Papers (a) Facilities where electrical grade papers are produced	0.013 0.02	(0.041)(38.2)/y (0.037)(66.8)/y	0.004 0.0064	(0.013)(38.2)/y (0.012)(66.8)/y		
17. Nonintegrated-Paperboard 18. Nonintegrated-Tissue Papers	0.0034 0.0062	(0.037)(11.2)/y (0.038)(19.1)/y	0.00108 0.00192	(0.012)(11.2)/y (0.012)(19.1)/y		WISCONSIN
From Wastepaper Facilities						ĺ,
9 19. Builders' Paper and Roofing Felt 20. Deink	0.0038	(0.171)(2.7)/y	0.0012	(0.053)(2.7)/y		SIN
(a) Facilities where fine paper is produced	0.0066	(0.049)(15.9)/y	0.0168	(0.126)(15.9)/y		
(b) Facilities where tissue paper is produced	0.0066	(0.040)(19.5)/y	0.0168	(0.103)(19.5)/y		
(c) Facilities where newsprint is produced	0.0066	(0.048)(16.2)/y	0.002	(0.015)(16.2)/y		LIN.
21. Paperboard FWP 22. Tissue FWP 23. Wastepaper-Molded Products	0.00192 0.0068 0.0056	(0.072)(3.2)/y (0.049)(16.3)/y (0.118)(5.7)/y	0.0006 0.0022 0.00176	(0.023)(3.2)/y (0.015)(16.3)/y (0.037)(5.7)/y		ADMIINISI MALI VE
Pulp Facilities		-				
24. Dissolving Kraft	0.005	(0.012)(50.7)/y	0.038	(0.089)(50.7)/y		< L.
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#### TABLE 7 (continued)

#### **PSNS Effluent Limitations**

	PCP <sup>1</sup> maximum for any one day lbs/ton <sup>3</sup> mg/l		TCP <sup>1</sup> maximum for any one day lbs/ton <sup>3</sup> mg/l		Zinc <sup>2</sup> maximum for any one day lbs/ton <sup>3</sup> mg/l	
Subcategory						
<ul> <li>25. Dissolving Sulfite Pulp         <ul> <li>(a) Facilities where nitration, viscose             or cellophane grade pulps are</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	0.006	(0.012)(59.0)/y	0.046	(0.092)(59.0)/y		
produced (b) Facilities where acetate grade	0.0066	(0.012)(65.7)/y	0.05	(0.091)(65.7)/y		
pulp is produced 26. Market Bleached Kraft	0.0038	(0.013)(36.6)/y	0.028	(0.093)(36.6)/y		

Mass limitations are in lbs/ton except where otherwise stated. For kg/kkg, divide by 2.

y=wastewater discharged in kgal per ton of product.

x = percent sulfite in final product.

<sup>1</sup>These limitations apply only to facilities where chlorophenolic - containing biocides are used. Permittees not using chlorophenolic - containing biocides shall certify to the department that they are not using these biocides.

<sup>2</sup>These limitations apply only to groundwood facilities using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent. Groundwood facilities not using zinc hydrosulfite as a bleaching agent shall certify to the department that they are not using this bleaching compound.

<sup>3</sup>These limitations apply only when the publicly owned treatment works find it necessary to impose mass effluent limitations.

History: Cr. Register, October, 1986, No. 370, eff. 11-1-86.