Chapter Comm 84 PLUMBING PRODUCTS

Comm 84.01 Scope Comm 84.02 Penalties Comm 84 03 Definitions Comm 84.10 Department approval Identification Comm 84 11 Penetrations of fire-resistive assemblies Comm 84.12 Comm 84.13 Chemical or biochemical treatments for private sewage systems

Note Chapter ILHR 84 as it existed on May 31, 1988 was repealed and a new chapter II.HR 84 was created effective June 1, 1988. Chapter II.HR 84 was renumbered Comm 84 under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 1., Stats., and corrections made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, February, 1997, No. 494.

Comm 84.01 Scope. The provisions of this chapter govern the quality and installation of materials, fixtures, appliances, appurtenances, and equipment relating to plumbing.

History: Cr Register, May, 1988, No 389, eff 6-1-88

Comm 84.02 Penalties. Penalties for violations of this chapter shall be assessed in accordance with ss. 145.12 and 145.25. Stats

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6-1-88.

Comm 84.03 Definitions. In this chapter:

(1) "Health care plumbing appliance" means a plumbing appliance, the function of which is unique to health care activities.

(2) "Laboratory plumbing appliance" means a plumbing appliance, the function of which is unique to scientific experimentation or research activities.

(3) "Prefabricated plumbing" means concealed drain piping, vent piping or water supply piping or a combination of these types of piping, contained in a modular building component, which will not be visible for inspection when delivered to the final site of installation.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6-1-88

Comm 84.10 Department approval. No fixture, appliance, appurtenance, material, device or product may be sold for use in a plumbing system or may be installed in a plumbing system, unless it is of a type conforming to the standards or specifications of chs. Comm 82 and 83 and this chapter and ch. 145, Stats.

(1) ALTERNATE OR EXPERIMENTAL PRODUCT APPROVAL. If it is alleged that the approval of a fixture, appliance, appurtenance, material, device or product under this section would result in an adverse health effect or potentially adverse health effect on the waters of the state, the department may require an alternate or experimental product approval under s. Comm 84.50.

(2) PRODUCT REVIEW AND APPROVAL. (a) Each type of plumbing product which falls into one of the categories specified in Table 84.10 shall be approved by the department in accordance with this subsection before the product may be sold for use in a plumbing system or installed in a plumbing system.

1. Except as provided in subd 2, specifications and plans or drawings for each type of product shall be submitted to the department for review. The submittal shall be accompanied by sufficient data and information to determine if the product and its performance complies with the provisions of chs. Comm 82, 83 and this chapter and ch. 145, Stats.

2. The submitter of a cross-connection control device listed under Table 84.10, line 2 may submit in lieu of specifications, plans or drawings evidence that the product is currently listed by a nationally recognized evaluation agency acceptable to the

Comm 84 14 Health care and laboratory plumbing appliances Comm 84.20 Plumbing fixtures, appliances and equipment Comm 84.30 Plumbing materials Comm 84.40 Joints and connections

Comm 84.50 Alternate approvals and experimental approvals Comm 84.60 Incorporation of standards by reference

department. Evidence substantiating the listing by an evaluation agency shall include a research report from which it can be determined that the product conforms to the appropriate requirements of s. Comm 84.30 (5) (c).

(b) The department may require that a submitter of a product for review have the product tested and its performance certified by an approved testing laboratory.

(c) If, upon review, the department determines that a product conforms to the provisions of chs. Comm 82, 83 and this chapter and ch. 145, Stats., the department shall issue an approval in writing. The department may impose specific conditions in granting an approval. Violations of the conditions under which an approval is granted shall constitute a violation of this chapter.

(d) If, upon review, the department determines that a product does not conform to provisions of chs. Comm 82, 83 and this chapter and ch. 145, Stats, the request for approval shall be denied in writing.

(e) The department shall review and make a determination on an application for a product approval within 40 business days of receipt of all fees, plans, drawings, specifications and other information required to complete the review.

(f) If an approved plumbing product is modified or additional assertions of function or performance are made, the approval shall be considered null and void, unless the change is submitted to the department for review and the approval is reaffirmed.

(g) Approvals for plumbing products issued by the department prior to November 1, 1985, shall expire 30 months after the effective date of this section.

(h) Approvals for plumbing products issued by the department after November 1, 1985, shall expire at the end of the 60th month after the date of approval issuance.

Table 84.10 SUBMITTALS TO DEPARTMENT **Product Categories** 1 Chemical or biochemical treatments for private sewage systems Cross-connection control devices 2 3 Health care plumbing appliances 4 Laboratory plumbing appliances 5. Prefabricated septic/holding tanks 6. Prefabricated plumbing Water treatment devices 7. (3) PRODUCT LISTING The department may list, upon request,

plumbing products which conform to the standards or specifications referenced in ch. Comm 82, 83 or this chapter, but which do not require approval under sub. (2). Each request for listing shall be made on a form provided by the department.

Note Request for product listing is to be made on form SBD 7557 which may be obtained from Safety and Buildings Division, P.O. Box 7969, Madison, Wisconsin 53707

(4) REVOCATION. The department may revoke any approval or listing issued data on which the approval or listing was based, or (5) LIMITATIONS An approval or listing of a plumbing product by the department may not be construed as an assumption of any responsibility for defects in design, construction or performance of any product nor for any damages that may result.

(6) FEES. Fees for product approval review and product listing shall be submitted in accordance with s. Comm 2.66.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6-1-88; correction made in (6) under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats, Register, February, 1994, No. 458; emerg. am. Table 84.10, (2) (a) (intro.), r. (2) (a) 2., eff. 5-12-94; renum. (2) (a) (intro.), 1. and 2. to be 1., 2. and 3., r. (2) (a) 3., am. Table 84.10, Register, October, 1994, No. 466, eff. 11-1-94.

Comm 84.11 Identification. Each length of pipe and each pipe fitting, trap, fixture, material, device and product to be used in plumbing shall be marked as required by the applicable standard specified by reference in this chapter or as specified in s. Comm 83.15 for septic tanks and holding tanks, and s. Comm 84.20 (5) (o) for water treatment devices.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6-1-88.

Comm 84.12 Penetrations of fire-resistive assemblies. Penetrations of fire-resistive assemblies, such as walls and floor-ceiling systems, by plumbing systems or plumbing materials shall be protected in accordance with requirements of chs. ILHR 50 to 64.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6-1-88.

Comm 84.13 Chemical or biochemical treatments for private sewage systems. Chemical or biochemical treatments for private sewage systems shall function and perform in accordance with the assertions submitted to the department. Chemical or biochemical treatments for private sewage systems may not directly or indirectly adversely affect bacterial action in the systems, soil hydraulic conductivity in the absorption areas, or groundwater quality beneath the systems.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6-1-88.

Comm 84.14 Health care and laboratory plumbing appliances. Health care plumbing appliances and laboratory plumbing appliances shall function and perform in accordance with the drain, vent, water supply and backflow protection requirements of ch. Comm 82.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6-1-88.

Comm 84.20 Plumbing fixtures, appliances and equipment. (1) DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION All plumbing fixtures, appliances and equipment shall be designed and constructed to:

(a) Ensure durability, proper service and sanitation;

(b) Be free from defects;

(c) Be free from concealed fouling surfaces;

(d) Not require undue efforts in cleaning and operating; and

(e) Prevent nonpotable liquids, solids or gasses from being introduced into a potable water supply system through cross-connections.

(2) MATERIALS. Plumbing fixtures shall have smooth surfaces which are impervious to water.

(3) WATER CONSERVING FAUCETS, SPOUTS AND PLUMBING FIX-TURES. Water conserving faucets, spouts and plumbing fixtures which meet or exceed the water conservation requirements established in par. (b) shall be installed as specified in par. (a).

(a) 1. All lavatory faucets, shower heads, urinals, urinal flushing devices, water closets and water closet flushing devices shall conform to par. (b).

2. All faucets installed on kitchen sinks of dwelling units and living units shall conform to par. (b) 4.

(b) 1. General. Flow control or flow restricting devices shall be installed on the water inlet side or shall be an integral part of the faucet, spout or fixture. A flow controlling or restricting aerator shall be considered to be an integral part of a faucet or spout.

2. Lavatory faucet. a. The maximum discharge rate of lavatory faucets shall be 3 U.S. gallons per minute at an 80 psig flowing supply pressure.

b. Lavatory faucets which are of the self-closing type shall allow a maximum of one U.S. gallon to flow through the faucet after the handle or actuator is released.

3. Shower heads. The maximum discharge rate of shower heads shall be 3 U.S. gallons per minute at an 80 psig flowing supply pressure.

4. Sink faucets. The maximum discharge rate of sink faucets shall be 3 U.S. gallons per minute at an 80 psig flowing supply pressure.

5. Urinals. Urinals shall function properly with a maximum of 1.5 U.S. gallons per flush per fixture use at static test pressures of 20 psig and 80 psig.

6. Urinal flushing devices. The flushing cycle for urinal flushing devices shall discharge a maximum of 1.5 U.S. gallons per flush per fixture use at static test pressures of 20 psig and 80 psig.

7. Water closets. Water closets shall function properly with a maximum of 4 U.S. gallons per flush over the range of static test pressures specified in Table 84.20.

8. Water closet flushing devices. The flushing cycle for water closet flushing devices shall discharge a maximum of 4 U.S. gallons over the range of static test pressures specified in Table 84.20. Table 84.20

STATIC TEST PRESSURES FOR WATER CLOSETS AND WATER CLOSET FLUSHING DEVICES

Tank Type	Flushometer Type	
aga shina afarista	Siphonic	Blow Out
20 to 80 psig	25 to 80 psig	35 to 80 psig

(4) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS. (a) Fixture outlets. 1. The outlet passageway of a fixture shall be free from impairments and of sufficient size to insure proper discharge of the fixture contents under normal conditions.

2. The outlet connection of a fixture which directly connects to the drain system shall be an air and watertight joint.

(b) Installation of fixtures 1. Access for cleaning Plumbing fixtures shall be so installed as to afford easy access for cleaning both the fixture and the area around it.

2. Securing wall mounted fixtures. Wall mounted fixtures shall be rigidly supported by a hanger which is attached to structural members so that the load is not transmitted to the fixture drain connection or any other part of the plumbing system. The hanger for a wall mounted water closet shall conform to ANSI A112.6.1M.

3. Water supply protection. The water supply pipes and fittings within every plumbing fixture shall be so installed as to prevent backflow.

4. Design of overflow. A fixture which is provided with an overflow outlet shall be designed and installed so that standing water in the fixture cannot rise in the overflow when the fixture's stopper is closed, and so that no water remains in the overflow when the fixture is empty.

5. Connection of overflows. The overflow from any fixture shall discharge into the drain system on the inlet or fixture side of the trap.

6. Overflows in flush tanks. Flush tanks shall be provided with overflows discharging to the fixture served and shall be of sufficient size to prevent flooding the tank at the maximum rate at which the tanks are supplied with water. 7. Strainers. All plumbing fixtures other than water closets, clinic sinks, trap standard service sinks with flush rims, urinals, standpipes and waste sinks shall be provided with strainers, cross bars or pop-up stoppers which restrict the clear opening of the waste outlet.

8. Flushometer valves. Flushometer valves shall be equipped with vacuum breakers which conform to ASSE 1001. Flushometer valves may not be used where the water pressure is insufficient to properly operate them. When the valve is operated, it shall complete the cycle of operation automatically, opening fully and closing positively under the water supply pressure. Each flushometer shall be provided with a means for regulating the flow through it.

9. Safing. The floors of all shower stalls, shower rooms, floor setting service sinks or receptors, sunken bathtubs or other similar fixtures shall be protected with a safing material installed beneath the finish floor of the entire fixture or room and upward along the sides to a minimum of 6 inches above the curb or maximum water level of the fixture. Safing materials shall conform to s. Comm 84.30 (6). The corners of the fixture or room shall be safed to a height of 6 feet and at least 3 inches in each direction from the corners. The safing material shall be properly drained. Prefabricated fixtures and installations directly over an unexcavated portion of a building are exempt from safing requirements.

Note Chapters ILHR 50 to 64 contain provisions for toilet rooms and sanitary facilities, for public buildings and places of employment concerning toilet facilities for the handicapped, fixture compartments, number of fixtures for the different types of occupancies and toilet room finishes.

(5) PLUMBING FIXTURES AND PLUMBING APPLIANCES. (a) Automatic clothes washers. Residential type automatic clothes washers shall conform to ASSE 1007.

(b) *Bathtubs*. 1. a. Enameled cast iron bathtubs shall conform to ANSI A112.19.1M.

b. Porcelain enameled formed steel bathtubs shall conform to ANSI A112.19.4.

c. Plastic bathtubs shall conform to ANSI Z124.1.

2. Bathtubs shall have waste outlets and overflows at least 1-1/2 inches in diameter. A pop-up stopper or other closing device shall be provided on the waste outlet.

3. All whirlpool piping for bathtubs shall drain by gravity to the trap serving the bathtub.

4. All waterways of the whirlpool pump for a bathtub shall drain by gravity to the trap serving the bathtub.

(c) *Bidets.* Vitreous china bidets shall conform to the material requirements in ANSI A112.19.2M.

1. A bidet may not be located closer than 15 inches from its center to any side wall, partition, vanity or other obstruction, nor closer than 30 inches center to center from a water closet.

2. Bidets with submerged inlet fittings shall be protected by vacuum breakers which conform to ASSE 1001.

(d) Dishwashing machines. 1 Residential type dishwashing machines shall conform to ASSE 1006.

2. Commercial type dishwashing machines shall conform to ASSE 1004.

(e) Drinking fountains. 1. Drinking fountains and water coolers shall conform to ARI 1010 or ANSI A112.19.2M.

2. Drinking fountains may not be installed in toilet rooms.

3. The water supply for drinking fountains shall be provided with an adjustable valve fitted with a loose key or an automatic self-closing valve permitting regulation of the rate of flow of water. The water supply issuing from the nozzle shall be of sufficient volume and height so that persons using the fountain need not come in direct contact with the nozzle or orifice.

4. A drinking fountain may not have a waste outlet less than 1-1/4 inches in diameter.

(f) Floor drains. 1. Floor drains shall be provided with removable strainers of sufficient strength to carry the anticipated loads. 2. The floor drain shall be so constructed that it can be cleaned, and the drain inlet shall be accessible at all times.

3. Floor drains shall be of a size to efficiently serve the intended purpose. The floor drain outlet shall not be less than 2 inches in diameter.

(g) Food waste grinders. 1. Residential type food waste grinders shall conform to ASSE 1008. Commercial type food waste grinders shall conform to ASSE 1009.

2. Food waste grinders shall be connected to a drain of sufficient size to serve the unit, but not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter.

3. Food waste grinders shall be connected to a drain and trapped separately from any other fixtures or sink compartments.

4. All food waste grinders shall be provided with an adequate supply of cold water at a sufficient flow rate to insure proper functioning of the unit.

(h) Laundry trays. Each compartment of a laundry tray shall be provided with a waste outlet not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter.

(i) *Lavatories.* 1 a. Enameled cast iron lavatories shall conform to ANSI A112.19.1M.

b. Vitreous china lavatories shall conform to ANSI A112.19.2M

c. Stainless steel lavatories shall conform to ANSI A112.19.3.

d. Porcelain enameled formed steel lavatories shall conform to ANSI A112.19.4.

e. Plastic lavatories shall conform to ANSI Z124.3.

2. Cultured marble vanity tops with an integral lavatory shall conform to ANSI Z124.3.

3. Lavatories shall have waste outlets not less than $1-\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter.

(j) Showers. 1. Prefabricated plastic showers and shower compartments shall conform to ANSI Z124.2.

2. Water distribution piping from the shower valve to the shower head outlet shall be securely attached to the structure.

3. Except for combination bathtub-shower units, waste outlets serving showers shall be at least 2 inches in diameter and shall have removable strainers of sufficient strength for the anticipated loads.

4. Where a waste outlet serves more than one shower space or shower head, the waste outlet shall be at least 2 inches in diameter and the waste outlet shall be so located and the floor so pitched that waste water from one shower does not flow over the floor area serving another shower.

Note Section ILHR 52 60 (5) (a) specifies slip-resistant requirements for shower rooms and compartments in public buildings and places of employment.

5. All shower compartments, regardless of shape, shall have a minimum finished interior of 900 square inches and shall be capable of encompassing a circle with a diameter of 30 inches. The minimum required area and dimension shall be measured in a horizontal plane 24 inches above the top of the threshold and may not extend beyond the centerline of the threshold. The minimum area and dimensions shall be maintained to a point 70 inches above the shower waste outlet with no protrusions other than the fixture valve or valves, showerheads, soap dishes and safety grab bars or rails.

Note See Appendix for further explanatory materials.

(k) Sinks. 1. a. Enameled cast iron sinks shall conform to ANSI A112.19.1M.

b. Vitreous china sinks shall conform to ANSI A112 19.2M.

c. Stainless steel sinks shall conform to ANSI A112.19.3.

d. Porcelain enameled formed steel sinks shall conform to ANSI A112.19.4.

2. Sinks shall be provided with waste outlets not less than 11/2 inches in diameter. Sinks on which a food grinder is installed shall have a waste opening not less than 3-1/4 inches in diameter.

(1) Urinals. 1. Vitreous china urinals shall conform to ANSI A112.19.2M-90 and A112.19.6-90.

2. A urinal may not be located closer than 16 inches from its center to any side wall, partition, vanity or other obstruction, nor closer than 30 inches center to center, between urinals. When the space between stall type urinals or a stall type urinal and a side wall is less than 12 inches, the space shall be filled flush with the front and top of the urinal with nonabsorbent material.

Note See Appendix for further explanatory material.

3. Stall type urinals shall be set into the floor and the floor shall be pitched toward the fixture.

4. Automatic siphon urinal flush tanks may not be installed.

5. Pressurized flushing devices to serve urinals shall conform to ASSE 1037.

(m) *Water closets*. 1. a. Vitreous china water closets shall conform to either ANSI A112.19.2M-82 or ANSI A112.19.2M-90 and ANSI A112.19.6-90.

b. Plastic water closets shall conform to ANSI Z124.4.

2. Except as permitted in subd. 3., all water closets required to be provided in public buildings and places of employment shall be of an elongated bowl type, and provided with either:

a. Hinged, open-front seats without covers; or

b. Hinged, closed-front seats, without covers, which are encased with a continuous plastic sleeve capable of providing a clean surface for every user and for which a specific material approval under s. ILHR 50.19 has been issued.

3. Water closets which are required to be provided in day care centers or individual living units or sleeping units of residential occupancies within the scope of either ch. ILHR 57 or 61 may be of a round-bowl type with a hinged, closed front seat with or without a cover.

4. A water closet may not be located closer than 15 inches from its center to any side wall, partition, vanity, or other obstruction, nor closer than 30 inches center to center, between water closets. There shall be at least 24 inches clearance in front of a water closet to any wall, fixture or door.

Note See Appendix for further explanatory material

5. No person may install or maintain pan, plunger, offset washout, washout, long hopper, frostproof and other types of water closets having invisible seals or unventilated spaces or walls not thoroughly cleansed at each flushing.

6. Each water closet shall be individually equipped with a flushing device. Pressurized flushing devices shall conform to ASSE 1037. All flushing devices shall be readily accessible for maintenance and repair. Ballcocks and fill valves shall be of the anti-siphon type and shall conform to ASSE 1002. The critical level mark on the ballcock and fill valve shall be located at least one inch above the full opening of the overflow pipe.

(n) Water heaters. 1. Listed equipment. All water heaters shall bear the label of a listing agency approved by the department. Listing agencies approved by the department shall include:

a Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.;

b. American Gas Association;

c. American Society of Mechanical Engineers; and

d. ETL Testing Laboratories, Inc.

2. Design. a. All pressurized water heaters and pressurized hot water storage tanks, except those bearing the label of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, shall be designed and constructed to withstand a minimum test pressure of 150% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the heater or tank.

b. All pressurized water heaters and pressurized hot water storage tanks shall be rated for a minimum working pressure of 125 psig.

c. A drain valve shall be installed at the lowest point of each water heater and hot water storage tank. Drain valves shall conform to ASSE 1005.

3. Safety devices. a. Relief valves shall be listed by the American Gas Association, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. or American Society of Mechanical Engineers when the heat input to a water heater is less than or equal to 200,000 Btu per hour.

b. Relief valves shall be listed by the American Society of Mechanical Engineers when the heat input to a water heater exceeds 200,000 Btu per hour.

c. Pressure relief valves shall be set to open at either the maximum allowable working pressure rating of the water heater or storage tank or 150 psig, whichever is smaller.

d. Temperature and pressure relief valves shall be set to open at a maximum of 210° F and in accordance with subd. 3. c.

Note See s. Comm 82.40 (5) (d) 1 concerning the sizing of temperature and pressure relief values.

4. Hot water dispensers. Nonpressurized point-of-use water heaters shall conform to ASSE 1023.

(o) *Water meters*. A water meter which is used pursuant to s. Comm 83.18 (10) shall conform to AWWA C700, AWWA C701, AWWA C702, AWWA C704, AWWA C706, AWWA C707, AWWA C708, or AWWA C710.

(p) Water treatment devices. 1. Water softeners shall conform to WOA S-100.

2. a. Except as provided in subd. 2. b., water treatment devices shall function and perform in accordance with the assertions submitted to the department under s. Comm 84.10, relating to rendering inactive or removing contaminants.

b. A water treatment device which injects a water treatment compound into a water supply system shall maintain the compound concentration in the system over the working flow rate range and pressure range of the device.

3. Except as specified in subd. 4., water treatment compounds introduced into the water supply system by a water treatment device shall be listed as an acceptable drinking water additive by a listing agency approved by the department. Listing agencies approved by the department shall include:

a. United States environmental protection agency;

b. United States food and drug administration; and

c. National sanitation foundation.

4. A water supply system shall be protected from backflow when unlisted water treatment compounds, which may affect the potability of the water, are introduced into the system. The department shall determine the method of backflow protection. Water supply outlets for human use or consumption may not be installed downstream of the introduction of an unlisted water treatment compound.

5. Water treatment devices designed for contaminated water supplies shall be labeled to identify the following information:

a. The name of the manufacturer of the device;

b. The device's trade name; and

c. The device's model number.

(q) Other plumbing fixtures, appliances and equipment. Plumbing fixtures, appliances and equipment not specifically covered in this subsection shall conform to the applicable performance standards of this chapter and chs. Comm 82 and 83.

(6) FAUCETS, SPOUTS AND FIXTURE SUPPLY CONNECTORS. (a) Except for circular and semi-circular wash fountains, all faucets and showerheads shall conform to ANSI A112.18.1M.

(b) Circular and semi-circular wash fountains shall conform to the working pressure, burst pressure, discharge rate and product marking requirements of ANSI A112.18.1M.

(c) All fixture supply connectors shall be designed and constructed to withstand a minimum pressure of 100 psig at 180°F.

(d) Flexible hose and spray assemblies for residential sinks shall conform to ASSE 1025.

(e) Hand-held showers shall conform to ASSE 1014.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6–1–88; r. (5) (m) 2. to 5., cr. (5) (m) 2. and 3., renum. (5) (m) 7. and 8. to be (5) (m) 4. and 5., Register, March, 1991,

No. 423, eff. 4–1–91; am. (5) (1) 1. and (m) 1. a., Register, April, 1992, No. 436, eff. 5–1–92; renum. (5) (o) and (p) to be (5) (p) and (q), cr. (5) (l) 5, (n) 1. d. and (o), am. (5) (m) 6, (n) 1. b. and c., Register, February, 1994, No. 458, eff. 3–1–94; emerg. r. (3) (a) 3., eff. 5–12–94; r. (3) (a) 3., Register, October, 1994, No. 466, eff. 11–1–94.

Comm 84.30 Plumbing materials. (1) GENERAL. When selecting the material and size for a plumbing system, due consideration shall be given to the soil, liquid, and atmospheric environments that will eventually surround the plumbing system.

(a) The bending or offsetting of flexible or annealed pipe or tubing shall be in accordance with the applicable material standard or the instructions of the manufacturer of the pipe or tubing.

(b) Pipe or tubing with gouges, cuts or deep scratches may not be installed.

(c) Pipe or tubing which has been kinked may not be installed.

(d) The bending or offsetting of rigid pipe shall be prohibited

(e) Nailing plates shall be installed to protect copper or plastic pipe or tubing from puncture.

Note See s. Comm 84.30 (4) (f) concerning the bending of polybutylene water distribution pipe and tubing.

(2) SANITARY DRAIN AND VENT SYSTEMS Sanitary drain systems and vent systems shall be of such material and workmanship as set forth in this subsection.

(a) Above ground drain and vent pipe. Except as provided in s. Comm 82.33 (2), drain pipe and vent pipe installed above ground shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30-1.

(b) Underground drain and vent pipe. Except as provided in par. (d), drain pipe and vent pipe installed underground shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30–2.

(c) Sanitary building sewer pipe. Sanitary building sewer pipe shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30–3.

(d) *Effluent piping.* 1. Nonperforated drain piping conveying effluent from a sewage treatment tank to the distribution piping of a nonpressurized soil absorption system shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30–3.

2. Perforated drain piping distributing septic tank effluent in a nonpressurized soil absorption system shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30-4.

3. Drain piping distributing septic tank effluent in a pressurized soil absorption system shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30–5 and shall be perforated in accordance with s. Comm 83.14 (3) (c).

(e) *Pressurized drain pipe*. Except as provided in par. (d) 3, pressurized drain pipe shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30–5 and shall be rated for the working pressure and temperature to which it will be subjected for a specific installation.

(f) Chemical drain and vent pipe. Drain systems and vent systems for chemical wastes shall be of approved corrosion resistant material. The manufacturer of the pipe shall indicate to the department the material's suitability for the concentrations of chemicals involved.

(g) Catch basins, interceptors and sumps. Catch basins, interceptors and sumps shall be constructed in a watertight manner of precast reinforced concrete, reinforced monolithic concrete, cast iron, coated 12-gauge steel, vitrified clay, fiberglass, plastic or other approved materials.

(h) *Manholes*. Manholes shall be constructed in a watertight manner of precast reinforced concrete, reinforced monolithic concrete, brick or block, fiberglass or other approved materials. Fiberglass manholes may be approved for use in traffic areas if the top section of the manhole is not made of fiberglass.

(i) Service suction lines. A service suction line or pump discharge line serving a holding tank for cleaning purposes shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30–5. Joints and connections for suction lines shall conform to s. Comm 84.40. The use of mechanical joints shall be in accordance with the reCommendations and instructions specified by the manufacturer.

Table 84.30–1 ABOVE GROUND DRAIN AND VENT PIPE AND TUBING

Material	Standard	
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS)	ASTM D1527; ASTM D2661; ASTM F628	
Brass	ASTM B43	
Cast iron	ASTM A74; CISPI 301	
Copper	ASIM B42; ASTM B88; ASTM B306	
Galvanized steel	ASTM A53	
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	ASTM D2665; ASIM D1785; ASTM F891 ^b	
Synthetic rubber hose ^a	AHAM DW-1	

Note a: The installation of synthetic rubber hose is limited in use to indirect waste piping or local waste piping from dishwashers in accordance with s. Comm 82.33 (9) (d).

Note b: Limited to pipe weight of schedule 40.

Table 84.30–2 UNDERGROUND DRAIN AND VENT PIPE AND TUBING

Material	Standard
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS)	ASTM D1527; ASTM D2661; ASTM F628
Cast iron	ASTM A74; CISPI 301
Concrete	ASTM C14; ASTM C76
Copper ^a	ASTM B42; ASTM B88
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	ASTM D1785; ASTM D2665; ASTM D3034 ^b ; ASTM F891 ^c
Vitrified clay	ASTM C700

Note a: Copper tubing, type M, may not be installed underground. Note b: Limited to pipe with a SDR of 26 or less.

Note c: Limited to pipe weight of schedule 40.

		Tab	le 84.30-3	3	
	SANITAR	Y BUILDING	SEWER	PIPE AND	TUBING

Material	Standard
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) ^a	ASTMD1527; ASTM D2661; ASTM D2751; ASTM F628
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) composite ^a	ASTM D2680
Cast iron	ASTM A74; CISPI 301
Concrete	ASTM C14; ASTM C76
Copper ^b	ASTM B42; ASTM B88
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ^a	ASTM D1785; ASTM D2665; ASTM D3034; ASTM F891
Vitrified clay	ASTM C700

Note a: Thermoplastic sewer pipe shall be installed in accordance with ASTM D2321

Note b: Copper tubing, type M, may not be installed underground

	n de la Altaba Destruction de	Table 84.30–4 PERFORATED		
j		T DISTRIBUTION PL ZED SOIL ABSORP	 	MS

Material	 Standard
Polyethylene (PE) ^a	 ASTM F405; ASTM F810
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	 ASTM D2729

Notea: Polyethylene (PE) pipe shall have 2 rows, and only 2 rows, of perforations parallel to the axis of the pipe and $120^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$ apart. The perforations shall be at the nominal 4 and 8 o'clock positions when the pipe is installed.

Table 84.30–5 PRESSURIZED DRAIN PIPE AND TUBING AND SERVICE SUCTION LINES		
Material	Standard	

Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) ^a	ASTM D1527; ASTM D2282; ASTM D2661; ASTM F628
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) composite ^a	ASTM D2680
Brass	ASTM B43
Cast iron	ASTM A74; ASTM A377; AWWA C115/A21.15; CISPI 301
Chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC) ^a	ASTMD2846; ASTM F441; ASTM F442
Concrete	ASIM C14; ASIM C76
Copper ^b	ASTM B42; ASTM B88; ASTM B306
Ductile iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/A21.15; AWWA C151/A21.51
Galvanized steel	ASTM A53
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ^a	ASTM D1785; ASTM D2241; ASTM D2665; ASTM D2672; AWWA C900
Stainless Steel	ANSI B36.19M; ASTM A270; ASTM A450

Note a: Thermoplastic sewer pipe shall be installed in accordance with ASTM D2321

Note b: Copper tubing, type M, may not be installed underground.

(3) STORM AND CLEAR WATER DRAIN AND VENI SYSTEMS STORM and clear water drain and vent systems shall be of such material and workmanship as set forth in this subsection.

(a) Above ground drain and vent pipe. Drain pipe and vent pipe installed above ground and inside a building shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30-1, except black steel pipe conforming to ASTM A53 may be used for storm water conductors. Black steel conductors may not be embedded in concrete or masonry.

(b) Underground drain and vent pipe. Drain pipe and vent pipe installed underground shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30-2.

(c) Storm building sewer pipe. Storm building sewer pipe shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30-6.

(d) Subsoil drain pipe. Subsoil drains shall be open jointed, horizontally split, or perforated pipe conforming to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30-7.

(e) Roof drains. 1. Roof drains shall be provided with removable strainers of sufficient strength to carry the anticipated loads.

2. Roof drains shall be so constructed that the drains can be cleaned and the drain inlets accessible at all time.

3. Roof drains shall be sized in accordance with s. Comm 82.36 and the drain outlet shall not be less than $2^{1}/_{2}$ inches in diameter.

Note See s. Comm 82.36 (18) for additional roof drain requirements.

(f) Area drain inlets. Area drain inlets shall be constructed in a watertight manner of precast concrete, reinforced monolithic concrete, brick or block, cast iron, coated 12 gauge steel, vitrified clay, fiberglass or other approved materials.

	Table 84.30-6			
STORM BUIL	LDING SEWER PIPE	AND TI	IBIN	C,

STORM	BUILDING	SEWER	PIPE AND	TURIN

Material	Standard
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) ^a	ASTM D1527; ASTM D2661; ASTM D2751; ASTM F628
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) composite ^a	ASTM D2680
Cast iron	ASTM A74; CISPI 301
Concrete	ASTM C14; ASTM C76
Copper ^b	ASTM B42; ASTM B88

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)a

Vitrified clay

ASTM D1785; ASTM D2665; ASTM D3034; ASTM F891

Note a: Thermoplastic sewer pipe shall be installed in accordance with ASTM D2321

ASTM C700

Note b: Copper tubing, type M, may not be installed underground.

Table 84.30-7 TAUDIDE AND TUDING STIRGOTT DRA

SUBSUIL DRAIN FIFE AND TUDING		
Material	Standard	
Cast iron	ASTM A74; CISPI 301	
Clay drain tile	ASTM C4	
Polyethylene (PE)	ASTM F405	
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	ASTM D2729 (Perforated only)	
Vitrified clay	ASTM C700	

(4) WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS. Water supply systems shall be of such material and workmanship as set forth in this subsection. All materials in contact with water, in a water supply system, shall be suitable for use with potable water. All pipes and pipe fittings for water supply systems shall be made of a material that contains not more than 8.0% lead.

(a) Water quality. A water supply system shall be resistive to corrosive action and degrading action from the water being conveved.

(b) Soil and groundwater. The installation of water supply systems shall be prohibited in soil and groundwater that is contaminated with solvents, fuels, organic compounds or other detrimental materials which will cause permeation, corrosion, degradation, or structural failure of the piping material.

1. Where detrimental conditions are suspected, a chemical analysis of the soil and groundwater conditions shall be required to ascertain the acceptability of the proposed water supply system materials for the specific installation.

2. Where a detrimental condition exists, no underground water supply system may be installed until the detrimental condition can be:

a. Eliminated and the source of the condition can be eliminated;

b. Identified and the pipe and joining method can be proven resistant to the detrimental condition; or

c. Avoided by choosing an alternate route that will not be affected by the detrimental condition.

(c) Certification of plastic pipe. Plastic pipe for a water supply system shall conform to NSF 14 and shall be certified by a nationally recognized testing agency as to conforming to NSF 14. Plastic pipe for water supply systems shall bear the certification mark of the testing agency.

(d) Water services and private water mains. 1. Water service pipe and private water mains shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30-8. Pipe and tubing for water services and private water mains shall have a minimum working pressure of 150 psig at 73.4°F.

2: A local governmental unit may by ordinance restrict the types of materials for water services and private water mains which are to be located within or beneath an area subject to an easement for a highway, street or public service right-of-way. Before adopting an ordinance restricting the types of materials for water services the local governmental unit shall submit a copy of the proposed ordinance to the department for review and approval.

3 Existing metallic water service piping or water distribution piping used for electrical grounding shall not be replaced with nonmetallic pipe or tubing until other approved electrical grounding means are provided.

(e) Water distribution pipe. 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., water distribution pipe shall have a minimum working pressure of 100 psig at 180°F and shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30-9.

2. Water distribution pipe installed underground for an exterior turf sprinkler system shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30–10. Water distribution pipe and fittings for exterior turf sprinkler systems shall have a minimum working pressure of 100 psig at 73.4°F. Water distribution pipe installed above ground for an exterior turf sprinkler system shall conform to subd. 1.

Note Portions of a water supply system that supply water to a fire sprinkler system are to also conform to the requirements specified in s. ILHR 51.23.

(f) *Bending limitations*. 1. The bending of polybutylene water service pipe or tubing shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

2. a. The bending radius of polybutylene water distribution pipe or tubing shall meet or exceed the bending radius specified in Table 84.30–9m and shall meet or exceed the bending radius specified by the manufacturer of the pipe or tubing.

Note See Appendix for further explanatory material

b. Polybutylene water distribution pipe or tubing shall be supported or anchored at the beginning and end of long bends in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Table 84.30–8 PIPE AND TUBING FOR WATER SERVICES AND PRIVATE WATER MAINS

Material	Standard
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) ^a	ASTM D1527; ASTM D2282
Brass	ASTM B43
Cast iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/ A21.15
Chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC) ^a	ASTM D2846; ASTM F441; ASTM F442
Copper ^b	ASTM B42; ASTM B88
Crosslinked polyethylene (PEX) ^a	ASTM F876; ASTM F877
Ductile iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/A21.15; AWWA C151/A21.51
Galvanized steel	ASTM A53
Polybutylene (PB) ^a	ASTM D2662; ASTM D2666; ASTM D3000; ASTM D3309
Polyethylene (PE) ^a	ASTM D2239; ASTM D2737; ASTM D2104; ASTM D2447; ASTM D3035
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ^a	ASTM D1785; ASTM D2241; ASTM D2672; AWWA C900
Stainless steel	ANSI B36.19

Note a: Plastic water service systems shall be installed in accordance with ASTM D2774.

Note b: Copper tubing, type M, may not be installed underground

Table 84.30-9

Material	Standard
Brass	ASTM B43
Cast iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/ A21.15
Chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC) ^a	ASTM D2846; ASTM F441°;
Copper ^b	ASTM B42; ASTM B88
Crosslinked polyethylene (PEX) ^a	ASIM F876; ASTM F877
Ductile iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/ A21 15; AWWA C151/A21 51
Galvanized steel	ASTM A53
Polybutylene (PB) ^a	ASTM D3309
Stainless steel	ANSI B36.19M; ASTM A270; ASTM A450

Note a: Plastic pipe and tubing installed underground shall be in accordance with ASTM D2774.

Note b: Copper tubing, type M, may not be installed underground

Note c:	Use is limited t	o pipe 2	$1/_2$ inches or 1	less in diameter.
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Table 84.30–9m MINIMUM BENDING RADIUS OF POLYBUTYLENE WATER DISTRIBUTION PIPE AND TUBING					
Pipe Size Be (inches)	nding Radius (inches)	Tubing Size (inches)	Bending Radius (inches)		
3/4	123/4	1/4	4 ¹ /2		
1	15 ³ / ₄	3/8	6		
11/4	20	1/2	7 ¹ /2		
1 ¹ /2	23	3 _{/4}	101/2		
2	28 ¹ /2	1	13 ¹ / ₂		
	8 1 A 8 8 4	1 ¹ /4	16 ¹ / ₂		
		11/2	19 ¹ /2		
an geológie the contract		2	25 ¹ / ₂		
	Toble 84	30_10			

EXTERIOR TURF

SPRINKLER SYSTEM PIPE AND TUBING

Material	Standard
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) ^a	ASTM D1527; ASTM D2282
Brass	ASTM B43
Cast iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/ A21.15
Chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC) ^a	ASTM F441; AS IM F442; ASTM D2846
Copper ^b	ASTM B88
Ductile iron	ASIM A377; AWWA C115/ A21 15; AWWA C151/A21 51
Galvanized steel	ASTM A53
Polybutylene (PB) ^a	ASTM D2666; ASTM D3000; ASTM D2662; ASTM D3309
Polyethylene (PE) ^a	ASTM D2104; ASTM D2239; ASTM D2447; ASTM D3035; ASTM D2737
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ^a	ASTM D1785; ASTM D2241; ASTMD2672; AWWA C900

Note a: Plastic pipe and tubing installed underground shall be in accordance with ASTM D2774.

Note b: Copper tubing, type M, may not be installed underground.

(g) *Circulating loops*. Polybutylene pipe and tubing may not be used for continuously circulating hot water loops.

(h) Used piping. Piping which has been used for any other purpose than conveying potable water may not be used for water supply systems.

(5) PIPE FIFTINGS AND VALVES (a) *Fittings*. Pipe fittings shall conform to the pipe material standards listed in this chapter or one of the standards listed in Table 84.30–11. Threaded drain pipe fittings shall be of the recessed drainage type.

(b) *Water supply valves*. 1. Control valves for water services and private water mains shall be designed and constructed to withstand a minimum pressure of 125 psig at 73.4°F.

2. Control valves for water distribution systems shall be designed and constructed to withstand a minimum pressure of 100 psig at 180°F.

3. A control valve which serves 2 or more plumbing fixtures shall have, with the valve in a fully open position, a flow through passageway of not less than one nominal pipe size smaller than the nominal size of the piping connecting to the valve.

4. A control valve which serves 2 or more plumbing fixtures may not be a globe type valve.

(c) Special fittings and valves. 1. Water hammer arrestors shall conform to ANSI A112.26.1 or ASSE 1010.

[•] 2. Relief valves and automatic gas shutoff devices for hot water supply systems shall conform to ANSI Z21.22.

3. Backwater valves shall conform to ANSI A112.14.1.

4. Pipe applied atmospheric type vacuum breakers shall conform to ASSE 1001.

5. Water pressure reducing valves and strainers for water pressure reducing valves for domestic water supply systems shall conform to ASSE 1003.

6. Hose connection vacuum breakers shall conform to ASSE 1011.

7. Backflow preventers with intermediate atmospheric vent shall conform to ASSE 1012.

8. Reduced pressure principle backflow preventers shall conform with ASSE 1013.

9. Double check backflow prevention assemblies shall conform to ASSE 1015.

10. Trap seal primer valves, water fed shall conform to ASSE 1018.

11. Vacuum breaker wall hydrants, freeze resistant automatic draining type shall conform to ASSE 1019.

12. Pressure vacuum breaker assemblies shall conform to ASSE 1020.

13. Laboratory faucet backflow preventers shall conform to ASSE 1035.

14. Reduced pressure detector backflow preventers shall conform to ASSE 1047.

15. Double check detector assembly backflow preventers shall conform to ASSE 1048.

16 Back siphonage backflow vacuum breakers shall conform to ASSE 1056.

17. Hose connection backflow preventers shall conform to ASSE 1052.

(d) *Pipe saddles*. Pipe saddles shall be installed in accordance with the instructions of the saddle manufacturer and the following limitations:

1. Pipe saddles may be installed on private interceptor main sewers, building sewers, underground drain and vent pipe and tubing, and where otherwise approved by the department;

2. A saddle for drain piping shall have a radius in accordance with s. Comm 82.30 (8) (a);

3. The material of the saddle shall be compatible with the materials of the pipes which are to be connected to the saddle;

4. The hole in the pipe which is to receive the saddle shall be drilled or cored to match the saddle outlet;

5. Straps or clamps which wrap around the pipe and saddle shall be provided by the manufacturer of the saddle;

6. Saddles shall be installed with straps or clamps which wrap around the pipe and saddle; and

7. Proper hangers or bedding shall be provided to maintain alignment between the opening in the pipe and the saddle.

Table	84.	30)-11	L
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Material	Standard
Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS)	ASTM D2468; ASTM D3311; ASTM F409
Cast bronze	ANSI B16.15; ANSI B16.24
Cast copper alloy	ANSI B16.18; ANSI B16.23; ANSI B16.26; ANSI B16.32
Cast iron	ANSI B16.4; ANSI B16.12; ANSI B16.1
Chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC)	ASTM F437; ASTM F438; ASTM F439
Copper	ANSI B16.22; ASNI B16.29; ANSI B16.43
Ductile iron and gray iron	ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10; ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53; ANSI B16.42

Malleable iron	ANSI B16.3
Polybutylene (PB) ^c	ASTM D3309; MSS SP-103
Polyethylene (PE)	ASTM D2609; ASTM D2683; ASTM D3261
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	ASTM D2464; ASTM D2466; ASTM D2467; ASTM D3311; ASTM F409
Stainless steel	ASTM A403
Steel ^a	ANSI B16.5; ANSI B16.9; ANSI B16.11; ANSI B16.28
Styrene-rubber (SR)	ASTM D2852

Note a: Steel fittings and malleable iron fittings to be used in a water supply sys-

tem shall be galvanized-coated in accordance with ASTM A123. Note b: See s. Comm 84.30 (4) (intro.) concerning the maximum lead content for fittings.

Note e: Copper and copper alloy fittings conforming to MSS SP-10, may not be installed underground.

(6) SPECIAL MATERIALS (a) *Sheet lead*. Sheet lead for the following uses may not weigh less than indicated in subds. 1. and 2.

1. Site-fabricated flashings for vent pipes, 3 pounds per square foot; and

2. Prefabricated flashings for vent pipes, $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds per square foot.

(b) *Traps and fixture drain connection fittings*. Copper or tubular brass traps and fixture drain connection fittings shall be at least of 20 gage material.

(c) Sheet copper. Sheet copper for the following uses may not weigh less than indicated in subds. 1. and 2. and shall conform to ASTM B152.

1. Flashing for vent pipes, 8 ounces per square foot; and

2. Flush tank linings, 10 ounces per square foot.

(d) *Cleanout plugs*. Cleanout plugs shall be of brass or plastic. Brass cleanout plugs shall be used with metallic piping only and shall conform to ASTM A74. Plastic cleanout plugs shall conform to the requirements of sub. (5) (a).

(e) Flush pipes and fittings. Flush pipes and fittings shall be of nonferrous material and shall conform to ANSI A112.19.5.

(f) Safing materials. Safing materials shall be made of materials which are waterproof when subjected to 2 feet of hydrostatic head. The material shall be recognized by the manufacturer for use as a safing material.

use as a sating material. History: Cr Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6-1-88; am. (4) (intro.), Register, August, 1988, No. 392, eff. 9-1-88; renum. (2) (e) to (g) to (f) to (h), cr. (2) (e), am. Table 84.30-4, r. and recr. Table 84.30-5, Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9-1-91; am. (2) (c), (d) 1. and (e), r. (2) (d) 3., renum. (2) (d) 4. to be (2) (d) 3., cr. (2) (i), Register, April, 1992, No. 436, eff. 5-1-92; am. (3) (a), Tables 1, 3 to 9, 10 and 11, Register, September, 1992, No. 453, eff. 10-1-92; am. Tables 84.30-2, er. (4) (g), Register, September, 1993, No. 453, eff. 10-1-92; am. Tables 84.30-2, 84.30-3, 84.30-6, 84.30-8 and 84.30-9, r. Table 84.30-10a, (6) (a) 1. and (c) 1., cr. (4) (b) and (5) (b) 4., r. and recr. (5) (b) 3., (c) and (6) (f), renum (6) (a) 2. and 3. and (c) 2. and 3. to be (6) (a) 1. and 2. and (c) 1. and 2., Register, February, 1994, No. 458, eff. 3-1-94; correction in (6) (a) (intro.) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7, Stats., Register, February, 1994, No. 458; am. Table 84.30-1, (5) (c) 7., 11., 12., 13, 14., cr. (5) (c) 16., 17., Register, February, 1997, No. 494, eff. 3-1-97.

Comm 84.40 Joints and connections. (1) GENERAL (a) *Tightness*. Joints and connections in the plumbing system shall be watertight and gastight as required by test or system design, whichever is greater, or as required by the adopted product standard or department approval.

Note The testing requirements for tightness are in s. Comm 82.21.

(b) *Preparation of pipe ends*. Pipe ends shall be prepared in accordance with the applicable pipe standard or the pipe or fitting manufacturer's instructions.

(c) *Prohibited joints and connections*. Unless otherwise permitted in this chapter or ch. Comm 82 or 83, the following types of joints and connections shall be prohibited:

1. Cement or concrete joints;

2. Mastic or hot poured bituminous joints;

3 Elastomeric rolling o-rings between different diameter pipes;

4. Solvent cement joints between different types of plastic pipe; and

5. Roll grooving of galvanized steel pipe.

(2) ABS PLASTIC PIPE Joints between acrylonitrile butadiene styrene plastic pipe or fittings shall be installed in accordance with pars. (a) to (c).

(a) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

1. 'Drain and vent systems'. Mechanical push-on joints for drain and vent systems shall conform to ASTM D3212.

2. 'Water supply systems' Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression-type joints for water supply systems which use a flexible elastomeric seal shall conform to ASTM D3139.

(b) Solvent cemented joints. Solvent cemented joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D2235 and its appendix, ASTM D2661 or ASTM F628.

1. Joint surfaces shall be clean and free of moisture.

2. Solvent cement conforming to ASTM D2235 shall be applied to all joint surfaces and the joint shall be made while the cement is wet.

3. Solvent cement shall be handled in accordance with ASTM F402.

4. Solvent cement used on pipes and fittings of a water supply system shall conform to NSF 14 and shall be certified by a nationally recognized testing agency as to conforming to NSF 14. The container for the solvent cement shall bear the certification mark of the testing agency.

(c) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall only be used on pipes of schedule 80 or heavier. Threaded joints shall conform to ANSI B1.20.1. The pipe shall be threaded with dies specifically designed for plastic pipe. Thread lubricant or tape approved for such use shall be applied to the male threads only.

(3) BLACK STEEL PIPE Joints between black steel pipe or fittings shall be in accordance with pars. (a) to (d).

(a) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall conform to ANSI B1.20.1. Pipe joint compound or tape shall be used on the male threads only.

(b) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

(c) Caulked joints. Caulked joints shall only be used for drain or vent piping. Caulked joints for hub and spigot piping and fittings shall be firmly packed with oakum or hemp. Molten lead shall be poured in one operation not less than one inch deep and not to extend more than 1/8 inch below the rim of the pipe, and caulked tight. Paint, varnish or other coatings may not be used on the joining material until after the joint has been tested and approved.

1. Caulked joints for drain piping shall be used only in a vertical position

2. Caulked joints for vent piping may be used for piping in a vertical or horizontal position

(d) Welded joints. Joints between black steel pipe or fittings may be welded.

(4) BRASS PIPE Joints between brass pipe or fittings shall be in accordance with the provisions of pars. (a) to (d).

(a) *Brazed joints.* All joint surfaces to be brazed shall be cleaned bright by other than chemical means. Brazing filler metal conforming to AWS A5.8 or other approved material shall be used. The joining of water supply piping shall be made with lead-free materials. "Lead-free" shall mean a chemical composition equal to or less than 0.2% of lead.

(b) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water

supply systems which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139

(c) Soldered joints. All joint surfaces to be soldered shall be cleaned bright by other than chemical means. A nontoxic flux shall be applied to all joint surfaces. Solder conforming to ASTM B32 or other approved material shall be used. The joining of water supply piping shall be made with lead-free materials. "Lead-free" shall mean a chemical composition equal to or less than 0.2% of lead.

(d) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall conform to ANSI B1.20.1. Pipe joint compound or tape shall be used on the male threads only.

(5) CAST IRON PIPE. Joints between cast iron pipe or fittings shall be installed in accordance with pars. (a) and (b).

(a) Caulked joints. 1. Drain and vent systems. Caulked joints for hub and spigot pipe of drain and vent systems shall be firmly packed with oakum or hemp. Molten lead shall be poured in one operation not less than one inch deep and not to extend more than 1/8 inch below the rim of the pipe, and caulked tight. Paint, varnish or other coatings may not be used on the joining material until after the joint has been tested and approved.

2. Water supply systems. Joints for bell and spigot pipe of water supply systems shall be firmly packed with treated paper rope. Molten lead shall be poured in one operation to a depth of $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

(b) *Mechanical joints*. 1. Drain and vent systems. a. Mechanical push-on joints for drain and vent systems shall have gaskets which conform to ASTM C564.

b. Mechanical sleeve joints for drain and vent systems shall have a rubber sealing sleeve conforming to ASTM C564, CISPI 310 or FM 1680. Where a stainless steel band assembly is used, the band assembly shall conform to CISPI 310 or FM 1680. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

2. Water supply systems. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems shall conform to AWWA C111/A21.11. Lead tipped gaskets may not be used.

(c) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall conform to ANSI B1.20.1. Pipe joint compound or tape shall be used on the male threads only.

(6) CPVC PLASTIC PIPE. Joints between chlorinated polyvinyl chloride plastic pipe or fittings shall be installed in accordance with the provisions of pars. (a) to (c).

(a) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on type joints which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139.

(b) Solvent cemented joints. Solvent cemented joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D2846 and its Appendix or ASTM F493 and its Appendix.

1 Joint surfaces shall be clean and free of moisture. A primer conforming to ASTM F656 shall be applied to all joint surfaces. The primer shall be purple in color.

2. Solvent cement conforming to ASTM F493 shall be applied to all joint surfaces and the joint shall be made while the cement is wet.

3. Solvent cement shall be handled in accordance with ASTM F402.

4. Solvent cement shall be orange in color.

5. Primer and solvent cement used on pipes and fittings of a water supply system shall conform to NSF 14 and shall be certified by a nationally recognized testing agency as to conforming to NSF 14. The containers for the primer and the solvent cement shall bear the certification mark of the testing agency.

(c) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall only be used on pipes of schedule 80 or heavier. Threaded joints shall conform to

ANSI B1.20.1. The pipe shall be threaded with dies specifically designed for plastic pipe. Thread lubricant or tape approved for such use shall be applied to the male threads only.

(7) CONCRETE PIPE Joints between concrete pipe or fittings shall be made by use of an elastomeric seal conforming to ASTM C443.

(8) COPPER FIPE AND TUBING. Joints between copper pipe, tubing or fittings shall be installed in accordance with pars. (a) to (e).

(a) *Brazed joints*. All joint surfaces to be brazed shall be cleaned bright by other than chemical means. Brazing filler metal conforming to AWS A5.8 or other approved material shall be used. The joining of water supply piping shall be made with lead-free materials. "Lead-free" shall mean a chemical composition equal to or less than 0.2% of lead.

(b) *Flared joints*. Flared joints may be used on annealed tubing for water supply systems and shall be made by the use of a tool designed for that operation.

(c) Mechanical joints. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139.

(d) Soldered joints. All joint surfaces to be soldered shall be cleaned bright by other than chemical means. A nontoxic flux shall be applied to all joint surfaces. Solder conforming to ASTM B32 or other approved material shall be used. The joining of water supply piping shall be made with lead-free materials. "Lead-free" shall mean a chemical composition equal to or less than 0.2% of lead.

(e) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall conform to ANSI B1.20.1. Pipe joint compound or tape shall be used on the male threads only.

(9) DUCTILE IRON PIPE. (a) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems shall conform to AWWA C111/A21.11. Lead tipped gaskets may not be used.

(b) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall conform to ANSI B1 20.1. Pipe joint compound or tape shall be used on the male threads only.

(10) GALVANIZED STEEL PIPE. Joints between galvanized steel pipe or fittings or between galvanized steel pipe and cast iron fittings shall be installed in accordance with pars. (a) to (c).

(a) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall conform to ANSI B1.20.1. Pipe joint compound or tape shall be used on the male threads only.

(b) Mechanical joints. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139.

(c) Caulked joints. Caulked joints shall only be used for drain or vent piping. Caulked joints for hub and spigot piping and fittings shall be firmly packed with oakum or hemp. Molten lead shall be poured in one operation not less than one inch deep and not to extend more than $\frac{1}{8}$ inch below the rim of the pipe, and caulked tight. Paint, varnish or other coatings may not be used on the joining material until after the joint has been tested and approved.

1. Caulked joints for drain piping shall be used only for piping in a vertical position.

2. Caulked joints for vent piping may be used for piping in a vertical or horizontal position.

(11) LEAD PIPE. Joints between lead pipe or fittings shall be installed in accordance with pars. (a) and (b).

(a) Burned joints. Burned joints shall be uniformly fused together into one continuous piece. The thickness of the joint shall

be at least as thick as the lead being joined. The filler metal shall be of the same material as the pipe.

(b) *Wiped joints*. A wiped joint shall be full wiped, having an exposed surface on each side of the joint not less than 3/4 inch and shall be at least 3/8 inch thick at the thickest point.

(12) PB PLASTIC PIPE AND IUBING. Joints between polybutylene plastic pipe and tubing or fittings shall be installed in accordance with pars. (a) to (c).

(a) *Flared joints*. Flared joints shall be made by use of a tool designed for that operation. Flared joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D3140.

(b) *Heat fusion joints*. Heat fusion joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D2657 and ASTM D3309. Heat fusion joints shall be of a socket fusion type.

1. Joint surfaces to be fused shall be clean and free of moisture.

2. All joint surfaces shall be heated to the temperature recommended by the pipe or fitting manufacturer and joined.

3. The joint shall be undisturbed until cool.

(c) Mechanical joints. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139.

(13) PE PLASTIC PIPE AND TUBING. Joints between polyethylene plastic pipe, tubing or fittings shall be in accordance with pars. (a) to (c).

(a) *Flared joints*. Flared joints shall be made by use of a tool designed for that operation. Flared joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D3140.

(b) *Heat fusion joints*. Heat fusion joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D2657 Heat fusion joints shall be of a socket fusion type.

1. Joint surfaces to be fused shall be clean and free of moisture.

2. All joint surfaces shall be heated to the temperature recommended by the pipe or fitting manufacturer and joined.

3. The joint shall be undisturbed until cool.

(c) Mechanical joints. Mechanical joints may be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139.

(13m) PEX PLASTIC IUBING Joints between crosslinked polyethylene plastic pipe, tubing or fittings shall be made in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

(14) PVC PLASTIC PIPE Joints between polyvinyl chloride plastic pipe or fittings shall be in accordance with pars. (a) to (c). (a) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

1. Drain and vent systems. Mechanical push-on joints for drain and vent systems shall conform to ASTM D3212.

2. Water supply systems. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139.

(b) Solvent cemented joints. Solvent cemented joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D2855.

1. Joint surfaces shall be clean and free of moisture. A primer conforming to ASTM F656 shall be applied to all joint surfaces.

2. Solvent cement conforming to ASTM D2564 shall be applied to all joint surfaces and the joint shall be made while the cement is wet.

3. Solvent cement shall be handled in accordance with ASTM F402.

4. Primer and solvent cement used on pipes and fittings of a water supply system shall conform to NSF 14 and shall be certi-

fied by a nationally recognized testing agency as to conforming to NSF 14. The containers for the primer and the solvent cement shall bear the certification mark of the testing agency.

(c) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall only be used on pipes of schedule 80 or heavier. Threaded joints shall conform to ANSI B1 20.1. The pipe shall be threaded with dies specifically designed for plastic pipe. Thread lubricant or tape approved for such use shall be applied to the male threads only.

(15) STAINLESS STEEL Joints between stainless steel pipe or fittings shall be installed in accordance with the provisions of pars (a) to (c).

(a) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on type joints which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139.

(b) *Threaded joints*. Threaded joints shall conform to ANSI B1.20.1. Pipe joint compound or tape shall be used on the male threads only.

(c) Welded joints. Joints between stainless steel pipe or fittings may be welded.

(16) VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE Joints between vitrified clay pipe or fittings shall be made by use of elastomeric seals conforming to ASTM C425.

(17) JOINTS BETWEEN PIPE AND FITTINGS OF DIFFERENT MATERI-ALS. Connections between pipes of different materials shall be made with mechanical compression type joints, installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions or as specified in pars. (a) to (e).

(a) Copper to cast iron. Connections between copper pipe or tube and cast iron pipe shall be by means of either caulked joints in accordance with sub. (5) (a) or threaded fittings in accordance with sub. (5) (c).

(b) Copper to galvanized steel. Connections between copper pipe or tube and galvanized steel pipe shall be by use of an adapter fitting. The copper pipe shall be soldered to the adapter in accordance with sub. (8) (d). The galvanized steel shall be threaded to the adapter in accordance with sub. (10) (a).

(c) Cast iron to steel or brass pipe. Connections between cast iron pipe and galvanized or black steel or brass pipe shall be by means of:

1. Caulked joints in accordance with sub. (5) (a); or

2. Threaded joints in accordance with sub. (5) (c).

(d) *Plastic to other materials*. 1 Connections between plastic pipe and cast iron pipe shall be by means of:

a. Caulked joints in accordance with sub. (5) (a); or

b. Threaded joints in accordance with sub. (5) (c).

2. Connections between different types of plastic pipe or between plastic pipe and other piping materials other than cast iron shall be by means of threaded joints in accordance with sub. (14) (c).

(e) Lead to other piping materials. Connections between lead pipe and other piping materials shall be by use of an adapter fitting conforming to s. Comm 84.30 (5) (a). The lead pipe shall be caulked or burned to the adapter fitting in accordance with sub. (11).

(18) CONNECTION OF FIXTURES Flanged fixtures which have integral traps shall be mechanically fastened to the drain piping by means of a compatible fitting. The joint between the fixture and the fitting shall be sealed with a watertight gasket or setting compound.

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff 6–1–88; am. (5) (b) 1. b., Register, September, 1992, No. 441, eff. 10–1–92; am. (1) (a) and cr. (13m), Register, February, 1994, No. 458, eff. 3–1–94.

Comm 84.50 Alternate approvals and experimental approvals. (1) GENERAL. The provisions of chs. Comm 82 to 84 are not intended to prevent the use of a plumbing material or product not specifically addressed therein if the plumbing material or product has been approved by the department.

(2) ALTERNATE APPROVAL. (a) Plumbing materials or products determined by the department to comply with the intent of chs. Comm 82 to 84 and ch. 145, Stats., and not approved under s. Comm 84.10, shall be issued an alternate approval. Alternate approvals shall be issued by the department in writing.

(b) The department may require the submission of any information deemed necessary for review. Sufficient evidence shall be submitted to the department to substantiate:

1. Assertions of function and performance; and

2. Compliance with the intent of chs. Comm 82 to 84 and ch. 145, Stats.

(c) The department shall review and make a determination on an application for alternate approval within 3 months of receipt of all information and fees required to complete the review.

(d) The department may impose specific conditions in issuing an alternate approval, including an expiration date for the alternate approval. Violations of the conditions under which an alternate approval is issued shall constitute a violation of this chapter.

(e) If, upon review, the department determines that a plumbing material or product does not comply with the intent of chs. Comm 82 to 84 and ch. 145, Stats., the request for alternate approval shall be denied in writing.

(3) EXPERIMENTAL APPROVAL (a) The department may allow the installation of a plumbing material or product for the purpose of proving compliance with the intent of chs. Comm 82 to 84 and ch. 145, Stats.

(b) An experimental approval shall be required for each plumbing material or product to be installed for the purpose of proving compliance with the intent of chs. Comm 82 to 84 and ch. 145, Stats. A separate experimental approval shall be obtained for each project where such a product is to be used. Experimental approvals shall be issued by the department in writing. Experimental approvals shall be denied by the department in writing.

(c) The department may require the submission of any information deemed necessary for review.

(d) The department may limit the number of applications it will accept for experimental approval of products.

(e) The department shall review and make a determination on an application for experimental approval within 6 months of receipt of all information and fees required to complete the review.

(f) The department may impose specific conditions in issuing an experimental approval. Violations of the conditions under which an experimental approval is issued shall constitute a violation of this chapter.

(g) If the department issues an experimental approval:

1. Plans detailing the installation of the plumbing material or product shall be submitted to the department in accordance with s. Comm 82.20 (4) or 83.07 (2).

2. A copy of the experimental approval shall be attached to the submitted plans and approved plans.

3. A letter of consent from the owner of the installation shall be attached to the submitted plans and approved plans. The letter shall acknowledge that the owner has received and read a copy of the experimental approval and s. Comm 84.50.

4. The completed installation shall be inspected for compliance with the approved plans by the department. A report on the completed installation shall be written by the department.

5. A written report, from the party who was issued the experimental approval, shall be submitted to the department detailing the function and performance of the installed plumbing material or product. The report shall be completed at time intervals specified by the department, but not less than once a year.

6. On-site inspections shall be performed by the department at time intervals specified by the department, but not less than once a year. A report on the inspection shall be written by the

department. The department may assess a fee for the inspection. 7. Five years after the date of the completed installation the department shall within 6 months order the removal of the plumbing material or product or issue an alternate approval.

(h) If chs. Comm 82 to 84 or ch. 145, Stats., are revised to include or permit an experimental plumbing material or product to conform with the intent of chs. Comm 82 to 84 and ch. 145, Stats., the department shall waive the requirements of par. (f) as to that material or product.

(4) MODIFICATIONS. If a plumbing material or product with an alternate or experimental approval or the installation of an experimentally approved plumbing material or product is modified or additional assertions of function or performance are made, the alternate or experimental approval shall be considered null and void, unless the product is resubmitted to the department for review and the approval is reaffirmed.

(5) REVOCATION. The department may revoke an alternate or experimental approval issued under this section for any false statements or misrepresentations of facts or data on which the alternate or experimental approval was based or as a result of product failure.

(6) LIMITATIONS. An alternate or experimental approval of a plumbing material or product issued by the department may not

be construed as an assumption of any responsibility for defects in design, construction, or performance of any plumbing material or product nor for any damages that may result.

(7) FEES. Fees for the review of a plumbing material or product under this section and any required on-site inspections shall be submitted in accordance with ch. Comm 2

History: Cr. Register, May, 1988, No. 389, eff. 6–1–88; correction in (7) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats, Register, August, 1988, No. 392; correction in (7) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats, Register, February, 1994, No. 458

Comm 84.60 Incorporation of standards by reference. (1) CONSENT Pursuant to s. 227.025, Stats., the attorney general and the revisor of statutes have consented to the incorporation by reference of the standards listed in sub. (4).

(2) COPIES. Copies of the adopted standards are on file in the offices of the department, the secretary of state and the revisor of statutes. Copies may be purchased through the respective organizations listed in Tables 84.60-1 to 84.60-12.

(3) INTERIM AMENDMENTS. Interim amendments of the adopted standards shall have no effect in the state until such time as this section is correspondingly revised to reflect the changes.

(4) ADOPTION OF STANDARDS. The standards referenced in Tables 84.60–1 to 84.60–12 are hereby incorporated by reference into this chapter.

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АНАМ	Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers 20 North Wacker Driver Chicago, Illinois 60606
Standard Reference Number	Title
DW-1-92	Household Electric Dishwashers
en andre statistica plana en escala da Anterior de la compañía de la compañía Anterior de la compañía de la compañía de la compañía de la compañía de	Table 84.60-2
ANSI	American National Standards Institute, Inc. 1430 Broadway New York, New York 10018
Standard Reference Number	Title State of the
1. A112.1.2–91	Air Gaps in Plumbing Systems
2. A112.6.1M-88	Supports for Off-the-Floor Plumbing Fixtures for Public Use
3. A112.14.1–75 (R1990)	Backwater Valves
4. A112.18.1M-94	Plumbing Fixture Fittings
5. A112.19.1M–90	Enameled Cast Iron Plumbing Fixtures
6. A112 19.2M–82	Vitreous China Plumbing Fixtures
7. A112.19.2M–90	Vitreous China Plumbing Fixtures
8. A112.19.3M-87	Stainless Steel Plumbing Fixtures (Designed for Residential Use)
9. A112.19.4–94	Porcelain Enameled Formed Steel Plumbing Fixtures
10. A112.19.5–79 (R1990)	Trim for Water Closet Bowls, Tanks and Urinals (Dimensional Standards)
11. A112.19.6–90	Hydraulic Requirements for Water Closets and Urinals
12. A112.21.1M-91	Floor Drains
13. A112.21.2M-83	Roof Drains
14. A112 26.1–84	Water Hammer Arrestors

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

15.	B1 20 1-83 (R1992)	Pipe Threads, General Purpose (Inch)		
16.	B16.1-89	Cast Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings		
17.	B16.3-92	Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings		
18.	B16.4-92	Gray Iron Threaded Fittings		÷4
19.	B16.5-88	Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings (w/1992 Addenda)	на на селото на селот	
20.	B16.9-93	Factory-Made Wrought Steel Buttwelding Fittings	n di sectorio Presidente	i i Gir
21.	B16.1191	Forged Steel Fittings, Socket-Welding and Threaded	an taon 1 14 milia	
22.	B16.12-91	Cast Iron Threaded Drainage Fittings		
23.	B16.1585	Cast Bronze Threaded Fittings, Classes 125 and 250		
24.	B16.18-84(R1994)	Cast Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Pressure Fittings	1.1.1	
25.	B16.22–95	Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Pressure Fittings		
26.	B16.23-92	Cast Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Drainage Fittings - DWV	en de la seconomia de la secono La seconomia de la seconomia de	11 A.
27.	B16.24–91	Cast Copper Alloy Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, Class 150, 300, 40 and 2500	0, 600, 900, 1	500
28.	B16.26-88	Cast Copper Alloy Fittings for Flared Copper Tubes		
29.	B16.2894	Wrought Steel Buttwelding Short Radius Elbows and Returns		
30.	B16.2994	Wrought Copper and Wrought Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Drainage Fittin	ngs – DWV	
31.	B16.32-92	Cast Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Fittings for Sovent Drainage Systems		
32.	B16.42-87	Ductile Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, Classes 150 and 300		:
33.	B36.19M-85(R1994)	Stainless Steel Pipe		
34.	Z21.22–86 kt/stac ⁶ – # 1955 1965 av 1975 states (1955 states)	Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices for Hot Water Supply (w/1990 Addendum)	Systems	
35.	Z124.1-87	Plastic Bathtub Units (w/1990 Addendum)		
36.	Z124.2-87	Plastic Shower Receptors and Shower Stalls (w/1990 Addendum)	1999 - 12 - 1 1	s.7
37.	Z124.3-86	Plastic Lavatories (w/1990 Addendum)		
38.	Z124.4-86	Plastic Water Closet Bowls and Tanks (w/1990 Addendum)	ala ostra	

Table 84.60-2 - (continued)

and the second second	Table 84.60–3	NAME AND ADDRESS	
tersenter ARI strandstocker	Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute 1815 North Fort Myer Drive		
Standard Reference	Title		
			5
ARI-1010-94 S	Self-Contained, Mechanically-Refrigerated Drinking-Water Coolers		

Table 84.60-4

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7 1007-92 Home Laundry Equipment 8. 1008-89 Household Food Waste Disposer Units 9 1009-90 Commercial Food Waste Grinder Units 10 1010-82 Water Hammer Arrestors 11. 1011-93 Hose Connection Vacuum Breakers 12. 1012-93 Backflow Preventer with Intermediate Atmospheric Vent 13. 1013-93 Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers 14. 1014-90 Hand-Held Showers 15. 1015-93 Double Check Backflow Preventers Supply Fed 17. 1019-93 Vacuum Breaker Wall Hydrants, Freeze Resistant Automatic Draining Type 19. 1023-79 Hot Water Dispensers, Household Storage Type, Electrical 10. 1035-93 Laboratory Faucet Backflow Preventers 21. 1035-93 Laboratory Faucet Backflow Preventers 22. 1037-90 Pressurized Flushing Devices (Flushometers) for Plumbing Fixtures 23. 1047-93 Reduced Pressure Detector Assembly Backflow Preventer 24. 1035-93 Laboratory Faucet Backflow Vreventer 25. 1052-93 Hose Connection Backflow Vacuum Breakers 26. 1056-93 Back Siphonage Backflow Vacuum Breakers 27. 5010-1015-1-90 Field Test Procedure for a Double Check Valve A		<u> </u>	Table 04.00-4 - (continued)	<u> </u>
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	36.	5010-1048-3-90		e
	37.	5010-1048-4-90		

Table 84.60-4 - (continued)

		Table 84.60–5		
	ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials 100 Barr Harbor Drive West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania 19428–2959			
terrer en errer	Standard Reference Number	Title		
1	A5393a	Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated Welded and Seamless, Specification for		
2.	A7494	Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings, Specification for		
3.	A123–89a	Zinc (Hot-Galvanized) Coatings on Products Fabricated from Rolled, Pressed, and Forged Steel Shapes, Plates and Strip, Specification for		
4.	A270–90	Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel Sanitary Tubing, Specification for		
5.	A377–94	Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe, Standard Index of Specification for		
6.	A403/A403M-94a	Wrought Austenitic Stainless Steel Piping Fittings, Specification for		

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Register, February, 1997, No. 494

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

7.	A450/A450M-94	General Requirements for Carbon, Ferritic Alloy, and Austenitic Alloy Steel Tubes, Spec- ification for
8	B32–95	Solder Metal, Specification for
9.	B42-93	Seamless Copper Pipe, Standard Sizes, Specification for
10.	B43–94	Seamless Red Brass Pipe, Standard Sizes, Specification for
11.	B75–93	Seamless Copper Tube, Specification for
12.	B88–93a	Seamless Copper Water Tube, Specification for
13.	B152–94	Copper Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Rolled Bar, Specification for
14	B251–93	General Requirements for Wrought Seamless Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube, Specifica- tion for
15.	B302–92	Threadless Copper Pipe, Specification for
16.	B306-92	Copper Drainage Tube (DWV), Specification for
17.	C4-62(R1991)	Clay Drain Tile, Specification for
18.	C14–94	Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe, Specification for
19.	C33-93	Concrete Aggregates, Specification for
20	C76–94	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe, Specification for
21.	C425–91	Compression Joints for Vitrified Clay Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
22.	C443–94	Joints for Circular Concrete Sewer and Culvert Pipe, Using Rubber Gaskets, Specification for
23.	C564–95	Rubber Gaskets for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
24.	C700–91	Vitrified Clay Pipe, Extra Strength, Standard Strength, and Perforated, Specification for
25	D1527–94	Acrylonitrile–Butadiene–Styrene (ABS) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80, Specification for
26.	D1785–93	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40, 80 and 120, Specification for
20. 27	D2104-93	Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe, Schedule 40, Specification for
28.	D2235–93a	Solvent Cement for Acrylonitrile–Butadiene–Styrene(ABS) Plastic Pipe and Fittings, Spec-
20.	en andreas	ification for a state state state of the sta
29.	D2239-93	Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SIDR-PR) Based on Controlled Inside Diameter, Specification for
30.	D2241-93	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR), Specification for
31.	D2282–94	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR), Specification for
32.	D2321-89	Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe, for Sewers and Other Gravity–Flow Applications, Practice for
33.	D2447–93	Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80 Based on Outside Diameter, Specification for
34	D2464-94	Threaded Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80, Specification for
35	D2466-94a	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 40, Specification for
36.	D2467–94	Socket-Type Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80, Specification for
37.	D2468–93	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS), Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 40, Specification for
38.	D2564–93	Solvent Cements for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
39.	D2609-93	Plastic Insert Fittings for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe, Specification for
40	D2657–90	Heat–Joining of Polyolefin Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
41	D2661–94a	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Schedule 40 Plastic Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
42.	D2662–93	Polybutylene (PB) Plastic Pipe (SIDR-PR), Based on Controlled Inside Diameter, Specification for
43.	D266594	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe and Fittings, Specifica- tion for
44	D2666-93	Polybutylene (PB) Plastic Tubing, Specification for
45.	D2672-94	Joints for IPS Pipe Using Solvent Cement, Specification for
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Table 84.60–5 – Continued

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D2680–93	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) and Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Composite Sewer Piping, Specification for
D2683–93	Socket–Type Polyethylene Fittings for Outside Diameter–Controlled Polyethylene Pipe and Tubing, Specification for
D2729-93	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
D2737-93	Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Tubing, Specification for
D2751-93	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Sewer Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
D2774-94	Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pressure Piping, Practice for
D2846-93	Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Hot- and Cold-Water Distribution Systems, Specification for
D2852-93	Styrene-Rubber (SR) Plastic Drain Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
D2855-93	Making Solvent-Cemented Joints with Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe and Fittings, Practice for
D3000-93	Polybutylene (PB) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) Based on Outside Diameter, Specification for
D3034-93	Type PSM Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
D3035–93	Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) Based on Controlled Outside Diameter, Specification for
D3139-89	Joints for Plastic Pressure Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals, Specification for
D3140-90	Flaring Polyolefin Pipe and Tubing, Practice for
D3212–92	Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals, Specification for
D3261–93	Butt Heat Fusion Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Fittings for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe and Tubing, Specification for
D3309-93	Polybutylene (PB) Plastic Hot- and Cold-Water Distribution Systems, Specification for
D3311–92	Drain, Waste, and Vent (DWV) Plastic Fittings Patterns, Specification for
F402–93	Safe Handling of Solvent Cements, Primers and Cleaners Used for Joining Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings, Practice for
F405–93	Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Tubing and Fittings, Specification for
F409–93	Thermoplastic Accessible and Replaceable Plastic Tube and Tubular Fittings, Specification for
F437–93	Threaded Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80, Specification for
F438–93	Socket-Type Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 40, Specification for
F439–93a	Socket-Type Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80, Specification for
F441–94	Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80, Specification for
F442–94	Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR), Specification for
F477–93	Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe, Specification for
F493–93a	Solvent Cements for Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
F628–93	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Schedule 40 Plastic Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe with a Cellular Core, Specification for
F656–93	Primers for Use in Solvent Cement Joints of Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
F810-93	Smoothwall Polyethylene (PE) Pipe for Use in Drainage and Waste Disposal Absorption Fields, Specification for
F845–93	Plastic Insert Fittings for Polybutylene (PB) Tubing, Specification for
F876–93	Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing, Specification for
F877–93	Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Plastic Hot-and Cold- Water Distribution Systems, Speci-
1077-95	fication for
	D2683-93 D2729-93 D2737-93 D2751-93 D2774-94 D2846-93 D2852-93 D2855-93 D3000-93 D3034-93 D3035-93 D3139-89 D3140-90 D3212-92 D3261-93 D3309-93 D3311-92 F402-93 F405-93 F405-93 F438-93 F438-93 F439-93a F439-93a F4439-93a F441-94 F442-94 F447-93 F4493-93a F656-93 F810-93 F810-93 F845-93 F876-93

Table 84.60–5 – Continued

		Table 84.60–6
		American Welding Society
х. 19 с. с. С	AWS	550 N.W. LeJune Road
		Miami, Florida 33126
	lard Reference Jumber	Title
AWS	A5.8–92 Fi	er Metals for Brazing and Braze Welding, Specification for
·		Table 84.60-7
	AWWA	American Water Works Association
		Data Processing Department
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	6666 West Quincy Avenue Denver, Colorado 80235
	Standard Refere	
	Number	The second se
1.	C110/A21.10-93	American National Standard for Ductile–Iron and Gray–Iron Fittings, 3 in. through 48 in., for Water and Other Liquids
2.	C111/A21.11-90	American National Standard for Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings
3.	C115/A21 15-88	American National Standard for Flanged Ductile–Iron and Gray–Iron Pipe with Threaded Flanges
4.	C151/A21_51–91	American National Standard for Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast for Water or Other Liquids
5.	C153/A21.53-94	American National Standard for Ductile-Iron Compact Fittings, 3 in. through 16 in., for- Water and Other Liquids
6.	C700-90	Cold Water Meters – Displacement Type (w/1991 Addendum)
7	C70188	Cold Water Meters – Turbine Type for Customer Service
8.	C702-92	Cold Water Meters – Compound Type
9.	C704-92	Cold Water Meters – Propeller Type for Main Line Applications
10.	C706–91	Cold Water Meters, Direct-Reading Remote Registration Systems for
11.	C707-82(R92)	Cold Water Meters, Encoder–Type, Remote–Registration Systems for
		

12. C708-91 Cold Water Meters-Multi-Jet Type 13. C710-90 Cold Water Meters, Displacement Type-Plastic Main Case (w/1991 Adendum) American Standard for Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe, 4 in. through 12 in., for 14 C900-89 Water Distribution (w/1992 Addendum)

Table 84.60-8 CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute 5959 Shallowford Road, Suite 419 Chattanooga, Tennessee 37421 Standard Reference Title Number 301-95 Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent 1. Piping Applications, Standard Specification for 2. Coupling for use in Connection with Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipeand Fittings for Sanitary 310--95 and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications, Specification for

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FMRC

Factory Mutual Research Corp. 1151 Boston-Providence Turnpike Norwood, Massachusetts 02062

Table 84.60–9 – (continued)

	Table 84.60-9 -	- (continued)	
Standard Reference Number		Title	
1680		ast Iron Systems for Drain, Waste and Below Ground, Industrial/Cc	
	Table 84	.60–10	
MSS	Manufacturers Standardizatic 127 Park Street, N.E. Vienna, Virginia 22180	on Society of the Valve and Fittin	ngsIndustry, Inc.
Standard Reference Number		Title	a series a s
P–103	Wrought Copper and Copper Insert Fittings for Polybutyler	Alloy ne Systems, 1995 Edition	ener Rock (1734-66)
ta fila en a caractera a. K	Table 84.	60–11	
NSE A CARACTERIA CARACTERIA CON	NSF International 3475 Plymouth Road P.O. Box 130140 Ann Arbor, Michigan 48113–		
Standard Reference Number		Title	
Standard 14–90	Plastic Piping Compounds an		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
WQA	Table 84. Water Quality Association 4151 Naperville Road		
Standard Reference	Northbrook, Illinois 60062		n an
Number	tana <u>ara-ara-ara</u>	Title	
cr. Table 84.60–9, Register, August, 199 gister, April, 1992, No. 436, eff. 5–1–9 ptember, 1992, No. 441, eff. 10–1–92	389, eff. 6–1–88; am. Table 84.60–5, r. and 91, No. 428, eff. 9–1–91; am. Table 84.60–2, 2; am. Tables 2 to 10, cr. Table 8m. Register.	Portable Exchange Water Soften 10-1-93; am Table 84.60-2, 84.60-5 and ter, February, 1994, No. 458, eff. 3-1-94 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats, Register, Febr 84.60-1 to 12., Register, February, 1997	84.60–7, r. and recr. Table 84.60–4, Regi ; correction in (2) and (4) made under ary, 1994, No. 458; r and recr. Table
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