

State of Misconsin 1997 - 1998 LEGISLATURE

ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO 1997 ASSEMBLY BILL 328

October 28, 1997 - Offered by COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.

1 AN ACT to renumber and amend 895.052; and to create 895.05 (3) and 895.052

- (1) of the statutes; **relating to:** libelous electronic material and radio or
- 3 television defamation.

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The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- 4 **SECTION 1.** 895.05 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
- 5 895.05 (3) (a) In this subsection, "electronic medium" means a computerized
 6 or electronic information service, including a bulletin board, a network, an online
 7 service, electronic mail, a forum or a news group.
- 8 (b) Before any civil action is commenced for damages related to the inclusion 9 of any libelous material in any electronic medium, the libeled person shall first give 10 the person alleged to be responsible for the libelous material a reasonable 11 opportunity to correct the libelous material. The libeled person shall request that

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paragraph.

the person alleged to be responsible for the libelous material correct the material. 1 2 A request may be made only by doing all of the following: 3 1. Mailing or delivering a written request to the person alleged to be responsible 4 for the libelous material or placing the request at one of the locations in the electronic 5 medium known to the libeled person where the libelous material was placed. 6 2. Specifying in the request the locations in the electronic media known to the 7 libeled person where the libelous material was placed, the material in the electronic 8 medium that is claimed to be false and defamatory and a statement of what are 9 claimed to be the true facts. 10 3. Stating the sources, if any, from which the true facts may be ascertained with 11 definiteness and certainty. 12(c) To correct the libelous material, the person alleged to be responsible for the 13 libelous material shall, within one week after receiving the request under par. (b), 14place a correction under par. (d) in the same location in the electronic medium as the 15libelous material was placed. The person alleged to be responsible for the libelous 16 material shall maintain the correction at that location for a period similar to the time 17that the libelous material was at that location, to the extent that the person can control the location and period of that placement. 18 19 (d) If the true facts are, with reasonable diligence, ascertainable with 20definiteness and certainty only a retraction shall constitute a correction. If the true 21facts are not, with reasonable diligence, ascertainable with definiteness and 22certainty, the placement of the libeled person's statement of the true facts identified 23as the libeled person's statement at the same electronic medium location as the $\mathbf{24}$ libelous material was placed shall constitute a correction within the meaning of this

- 2 -

1	(e) A correction under par. (d), timely added to the proper location in the
2	electronic medium, without comment, in a position and type as prominent as the
3	alleged libel, shall constitute a defense against the recovery of any damages except
4	actual damages, as well as being competent and material in the mitigation of actual
5	damages to the extent that the correction mitigates the actual damages.
6	(f) The person who administers or provides telecommunications services,
7	information services or facilities for the electronic medium involved in the alleged
8	libel may not be held liable for the alleged libel unless the person did one of the
9	following:
10	1. Knowingly and wilfully allowed material that the person knew was false and
11	defamatory to be placed in the electronic medium.
12	2. Knowingly and wilfully allowed material to remain in the electronic medium
13	after the person became aware that the material was false and defamatory.
14	SECTION 2. 895.052 of the statutes is renumbered 895.052 (2) and amended to
15	read:
16	895.052 (2) The Notwithstanding sub. (1), the owner, licensee or operator of a
17	visual or sound radio broadcasting station or network of stations, and the agents or
18	employes of any such owner, licensee or operator, shall not be liable in damages for
19	any defamatory statement published or uttered in, or as a part of, a visual or sound
20	broadcast by a candidate for political office in those instances in which, under the
21	acts of congress or the rules and regulations of the federal communications
22	commission, the broadcasting station or network is prohibited from censoring the
23	script of the broadcast.
24	SECTION 3. 895.052 (1) of the statutes is created to read:

1997 – 1998 Legislature

1 895.052 (1) (a) Before any civil action is commenced for damages related to 2 defamation in any radio or television broadcast or cable television transmission, the 3 defamed person shall first give the person alleged to be responsible for the 4 defamatory statement or material broadcast or transmitted a reasonable 5 opportunity to correct the defamatory statement or material. A request to correct the 6 defamatory statement or material may be made only by doing all of the following: 7 1. Mailing or delivering a written request to the person alleged to be responsible 8 for the defamatory broadcast or transmission. 9 2. Specifying in the request the program and the statement or material that 10 is claimed to be false and defamatory and a statement of what are claimed to be the true facts. 11 3. Stating the sources, if any, from which the true facts may be ascertained with 1213 definiteness and certainty. 14(b) To correct the defamatory statement or material, the person alleged to be 15responsible for the defamatory statement or material shall, within 4 days after 16 receiving the request under par. (a), broadcast or transmit a correction, as described 17under par. (c). The person alleged to be responsible for the defamatory statement or material shall broadcast or transmit at least 2 corrections for each alleged 18 19 defamatory broadcast or transmission, one of which shall be at approximately the 20

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same time or times of day and of approximately the same length as the alleged defamatory broadcast or transmission.
(c) If the true facts are, with reasonable diligence, ascertainable with definiteness and certainty, only a retraction shall constitute a correction. If the true

facts are not, with reasonable diligence, ascertainable with definiteness and certainty, the broadcast or transmission of the defamed person's statement of the

- 4 -

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 $\mathbf{2}$ 3 person's statement, shall constitute a correction within the meaning of this 4 paragraph.

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(d) A correction timely broadcast or transmitted as required under par. (b), 5 6 without comment, shall constitute a defense against the recovery of any damages 7 except actual damages, as well as being competent and material in the mitigation of 8 actual damages to the extent that the correction mitigates the actual damages.

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SECTION 4. Initial applicability.

10 (1) This act first applies to material placed in electronic media or broadcast or 11 transmitted on radio or television on the effective date of this subsection.

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(END)