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## ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO 1997 ASSEMBLY BILL 355

October 29, 1997 - Offered by Committee on Ways and Means.

AN ACT to repeal 70.47 (7) (b) and 70.47 (18) (b); to renumber 70.47 (18) (a); to amend 70.365, 70.45, 70.47 (3) (a), 70.47 (3) (b), 70.47 (7) (a), 70.47 (9) (a) and 73.09 (7) (a); to repeal and recreate 70.47 (2); and to create 70.46 (4), 70.47 (6m), 70.47 (6r), 70.47 (7) (ac), (ad), (ae) and (af), 70.47 (8) (g), (h), (i) and (j) and 73.03 (52) and (54) of the statutes; relating to: notices of changed assessments and board of review training and procedures.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**Section 1.** 70.365 of the statutes is amended to read:

**70.365** (title) **Notice of higher <u>changed</u> assessment.** When the assessor places a valuation of <u>assesses</u> any taxable real property, or of any improvements taxed as personal property under s. 77.84 (1), which is \$300 or more higher <u>and arrives at a different total</u> than the <u>valuation placed on assessment of</u> it for the previous year, the assessor shall notify the person assessed if the address of the

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person is known to the assessor, otherwise the occupant of the property. The notice shall be in writing and shall be sent by ordinary mail at least 10 15 days before the meeting of the board of review or before the meeting of the board of assessors in 1st class cities and in 2nd class cities that have a board of assessors under s. 70.075 and shall contain the amount of the increased changed assessment and the time, date and place of the meeting of the local board of review or of the board of assessors. However, if the assessment roll is not complete, the notice shall be sent by ordinary mail at least 10 15 days prior to the date to which the board of review has adjourned. The assessor shall attach to the assessment roll a statement that the notices required by this section have been mailed and failure to receive the notice shall not affect the validity of the increased changed assessment, the resulting increased changed tax, the procedures of the board of review or of the board of assessors or the enforcement of delinquent taxes by statutory means. The secretary of revenue shall by rule prescribe the form of the notice required under this section. The form shall include information notifying the taxpayer of the procedures to be used to object to the assessment.

**Section 2.** 70.45 of the statutes is amended to read:

70.45 Return and examination of rolls. When the assessment rolls have been completed in cities of the 1st class, they shall be delivered to the commissioner of assessments, in all other cities to the city clerk, in villages to the village clerk and in towns to the town clerk. These At least 15 days before the first day on which the assessment rolls are open for examination, these officials shall have published a class 1 notice if applicable, or posted notice, under ch. 985, in anticipation of the roll delivery as provided in s. 70.50, that on certain days, therein named, the assessment rolls will be open for examination by the taxable inhabitants, which notice may

assign a day or days for each ward, where there are separate assessment rolls for wards, for the inspection of rolls. The assessor shall be present for at least 2 hours while the assessment roll is open for inspection. Instructional material under s. 73.03 (52) shall be available at the meeting. On examination the commissioner of assessments, assessor or assessors may make changes that are necessary to perfect the assessment roll or rolls, and after the corrections are made the roll or rolls shall be submitted by the commissioner of assessments or clerk of the municipality to the board of review.

**Section 3.** 70.46 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

70.46 (4) No board of review may be constituted unless it includes at least one voting member who, within 2 years of the board's first meeting, has attended a training session under s. 73.03 (54) and unless that member is the municipality's chief executive officer or that officer's designee. The municipal clerk shall provide an affidavit to the department of revenue stating whether the requirement under this subsection has been fulfilled.

**Section 4.** 70.47 (2) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

70.47 (2) NOTICE. At least 15 days before the first session of the board of review, the clerk of the board of review shall publish a class 1 notice of the first meeting of the board of review under sub. (3).

**Section 5.** 70.47 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

70.47 (3) (a) At its first meeting, the board of review shall receive the assessment roll and sworn statements from the clerk and prior to adjournment shall be in session at least one day from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., except for a one hour recess for lunch, one hour for taxpayers to appear and examine the assessment roll and other assessment data and be heard in relation to the assessment. The assessor shall be

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present when the roll and data are available for examination. At its first meeting, the board shall set the time when it will hear each objection that it has received. The board shall notify each objector and the assessor, at least 72 hours before the objection is to be heard, of the time of that hearing unless the board, the assessor and the objector waive that notice. If, during its first meeting, the board determines that it cannot hear some of the objections at the time scheduled for them, it may create a new schedule if it notifies each objector who has been rescheduled, at least 72 hours before the objection is to be heard, of the new time of the hearing. If the assessment roll is not completed, the board shall adjourn for such time as is necessary to complete the roll, and shall post a written notice on the outer door of the place of meeting stating to what time the meeting is adjourned. With respect to the assessment rolls of taxing districts prepared by a county assessor, the board of review as constituted under s. 70.99 (10) shall schedule meetings in each taxing district on specific dates beginning with the 2nd Monday of April, and with respect to the assessment rolls of other taxing districts the board of review shall schedule meetings in the district, no sooner than 5 working days after the roll is first made available for examination by taxpayers and shall be in session on the specified dates from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., except for a one hour recess for lunch, except for the first day that it meets, for at least one hour for taxpayers to appear and examine the assessment roll and other assessment data and be heard in relation to the assessment. If an objector who has not filed an objection at least 72 hours before the board's first meeting appears at that meeting and if the assessor, the objector and the board waive that notice requirement, the board may hear the objection at its first meeting. If the board does not hear an objection at its first meeting and it determines that there is good cause to do so, it shall schedule the objection for hearing. Notice of the time and place of

meeting and of the requirements under sub. (7) (aa) and (ac) to (af) shall be posted in advance by the clerk of the taxing district in at least 3 public places and on the door of the village hall, council chambers or city hall or the town hall on the date set by the board of review.

**Section 6.** 70.47 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

70.47 (3) (b) The municipal governing body may by ordinance or resolution designate hours, other than those set forth in par. (a), during which the board shall hold its first meeting, but not fewer than 4 hours one hour on the first meeting day between 8 a.m. and midnight. Such change in the time shall not become effective unless notice thereof is published in the official newspaper if in a city, or posted in not less than 3 public places if in any other municipality, at least 10 15 days before such first meeting.

**SECTION 7.** 70.47 (6m) of the statutes is created to read:

70.47 **(6m)** Removal of a member. (a) A municipality, except a 1st class city or a 2nd class city, shall remove, for the hearing on an objection, a member of the board of review if any of the following conditions applies:

- 1. A person who is objecting to a valuation, at the time that the person files the objection and at least 72 hours before the first scheduled session of the board of review or at least 72 hours before the objection is heard if the objection is allowed under sub. (3) (a), requests the removal, except that no more than one member of the board of review may be removed under this subdivision.
- 2. A member of the board of review has a conflict of interest, or a bias, under an ordinance of the municipality in regard to the objection.
- (b) A member of a board of review who would violate s. 19.59 by hearing an objection shall recuse himself or herself from that hearing. The municipal clerk shall

provide to the department of revenue an affidavit declaring whether the requirement under this paragraph is fulfilled.

(c) If a member or members are removed under par. (a) or are recused under par. (b), the board may replace the member or members or its remaining members may hear the objection, except that no fewer than 3 members may hear the objection.

**Section 8.** 70.47 (6r) of the statutes is created to read:

70.47 (**6r**) Comments. Any person may provide to the municipal clerk written comments about valuations, assessment practices and the performance of an assessor. The clerk shall provide all of those comments to the appropriate municipal officer.

## **Section 9.** 70.47 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

70.47 (7) (a) Objections to the amount or valuation of property shall first be made in writing and filed with the clerk of the board of review prior to adjournment of public hearings the first public hearing by the board. If the board is in session 5 days, including its first meeting and any adjourned meetings, all objections shall be filed within such time unless failure to file within such time is waived by the board upon a showing of good cause for such failure. The board may require such objections to be submitted on forms approved by the department of revenue. Persons who own land and improvements to that land may object to the aggregate valuation of that land and improvements to that land, but no person who owns land and improvements to that land. No person shall be allowed in any action or proceedings to question the amount or valuation of property unless such written objection has been filed and such person in good faith presented evidence to such board in support of such objections and made full disclosure before said board, under

oath of all of that person's property liable to assessment in such district and the value thereof. The requirement that it be in writing may be waived by express action of the board.

**SECTION 10.** 70.47 (7) (ac), (ad), (ae) and (af) of the statutes are created to read:

70.47 (7) (ac) After the first meeting of the board of review and before the board's final adjournment, no person who is scheduled to appear before the board of review may contact, or provide information to, a member of the board about that person's objection except at a session of the board.

- (ad) No person may appear before the board of review, testify to the board by telephone or contest the amount of any assessment unless, at least 72 hours before the first meeting of the board or at least 72 hours before the objection is heard if the objection is allowed under sub. (3) (a), that person provides to the clerk of the board of review notice as to whether the person will ask for removal under sub. (6m) (a) and if so which member will be removed and the person's reasonable estimate of the length of time that the hearing will take.
- (ae) No person may appear before the board of review, testify to the board by telephone or contest the amount of any assessment unless, at least 72 hours before the first meeting of the board or at least 72 hours before the objection is heard if the objection is allowed under sub. (3) (a), the person specifies, in writing, the person's estimate of the value of the land and of the improvements that are the subject of the person's objection and specifies the information that the person used to arrive at that estimate.
- (af) No person may appear before the board of review, testify to the board by telephone or object to a valuation; if that valuation was made by the assessor or the objector using the income method; unless the person supplies to the assessor all of

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the information about income and expenses that the assessor requests. The municipality or county shall provide by ordinance for the confidentiality of information about income and expenses that is provided to the assessor under this paragraph and shall provide exceptions for persons using the information in the discharge of duties imposed by law or of the duties of their office or by order of a court. The information that is provided under this paragraph, unless a court determines that it is inaccurate, is not subject to the right of inspection and copying under s. 19.35 (1).

- **SECTION 11.** 70.47 (7) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
- **Section 12.** 70.47 (8) (g), (h), (i) and (j) of the statutes are created to read:
- 11 70.47 (8) (g) All determinations of objections shall be by roll call vote.
  - (h) The assessor shall provide to the board specific information about the validity of the valuation to which objection is made and shall provide to the board the information that the assessor used to determine that valuation.
  - (i) The board may not lower the valuation to which objection is made unless the objector or the objector's attorney provides evidence, or calls witnesses, to support a change in the valuation.
  - (j) The board shall presume that the assessor's valuation is correct. That presumption may be rebutted by a sufficient showing by the objector that the valuation is incorrect.
    - **Section 13.** 70.47 (9) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
  - 70.47 (9) (a) From the evidence before it the board shall determine whether the assessor's valuation assessment is correct. If the assessment is too high or too low, it the board shall raise or lower the same assessment accordingly and shall state on the record the correct assessment and that that assessment is reasonable in light of

all of the relevant evidence that the board received. A majority of the members of the
board present at the meeting to make the determination shall constitute a quorum
for purposes of making such determination, and a majority vote of the quorum shall
constitute the determination. In the event there is a tie vote, the assessor's valuation
assessment shall be sustained.
<b>Section 14.</b> 70.47 (18) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 70.47 (18).
<b>Section 15.</b> 70.47 (18) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
<b>Section 16.</b> 73.03 (52) and (54) of the statutes are created to read:
73.03 (52) To publish instructional material that provides information to
persons who wish to object to valuations under s. 70.47 and to distribute that
material in sufficient quantity to taxation districts.
(54) To provide or approve suitable training sessions at suitable times and
instructional material for board of review members.
<b>Section 17.</b> 73.09 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
73.09 (7) (a) The secretary of revenue or a designee may revoke the certification
of any assessor, assessment personnel or expert appraiser for the practice of any
fraud or deceit in obtaining certification, or any negligence, incompetence or
misconduct, including making a fraudulent change in the assessment roll after it is
opened for examination under s. 70.47 (3).
Section 18. Initial applicability.
(1) This act first applies to assessments as of January 1, 2000.

(END)