State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

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ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO 2001 ASSEMBLY BILL 601

January 3, 2002 - Offered by Committee on State and Local Finance (Select).

AN ACT to renumber 66.0617 (2) (am); to renumber and amend 79.03 (3) (b) 1 4. a.; to amend 5.02 (21), 5.58 (3), 5.68 (2), 5.68 (3), 7.51 (3) (b), 7.51 (3) (d), 7.51 $\mathbf{2}$ 3 (4) (b), 7.51 (5), 9.10 (1) (a), 9.10 (1) (b), 9.10 (2) (d), 9.10 (3) (a), 9.10 (4) (a), 9.10 (4) (d), 9.10 (7), 10.05, 10.07 (1), 11.31 (1) (h) (intro.), 17.13 (intro.), 17.13 (3), 4 5 23.09 (19) (a) 2., 23.09 (20) (ab) 1., 23.09 (20m) (a) 1., 23.0917 (4m) (a) 3., 23.094 6 (1), 25.50 (1) (d), 27.01 (3), 27.075 (1), 27.075 (2), 27.075 (3), 27.075 (4), 27.08 (1), 27.08 (3), 30.277 (1b) (a), 66.0301 (1) (a), 66.0617 (1) (a), 66.0617 (1) (c), 7 8 66.0617 (1) (d), 66.0617 (1) (g), 66.0617 (1) (h), 66.0617 (2) (a), 66.0617 (3), 9 66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.), 66.0617 (4) (b), 66.0617 (5), 66.0617 (6) (intro.), 66.0617 10 (6) (b), 66.0617 (7), 66.0617 (8), 66.0617 (9), 66.0617 (10), 67.01 (5), 71.26 (1) 11 (bm) and 79.03 (3) (b) 4. (intro.); and to create 5.58 (1u), 5.60 (6u), 7.53 (3m), 12 8.10 (6) (e), 8.11 (2f), 11.02 (8), 17.01 (11m), 17.27 (1f), 66.0617 (1) (dg), 66.0617 13 (2) (am) 2., 66.0617 (6) (h), 66.0617 (11), 70.11 (37m), 77.25 (18m), 77.54 (9a) (i),

79.03 (3) (b) 4. ad. and subchapter VI of chapter 229 [precedes 229.86] of the statutes; **relating to:** authorizing the creation of a local park and recreation district, authorizing a local park and recreation district to levy a property tax, authorizing a local park and recreation district to apply for funding from certain programs that receive funding from the stewardship 2000 program, and authorizing a local park and recreation district to impose impact fees and issue debt.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 5.02 (21) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.02 (21) "Spring election" means the election held on the first Tuesday in April to elect judicial, educational, and municipal officers, nonpartisan county officers, sewerage commissioners, and members of the board of directors of local park and recreation districts and to express preferences for the person to be the presidential candidate for each party.

Section 2. 5.58 (1u) of the statutes is created to read:

5.58 (1u) Board of directors of local park and recreation districts. Except as authorized in s. 5.655, there shall be a separate ballot for members of the board of directors of any local park and recreation district. Arrangement of the names on the ballot shall be determined by the local park and recreation district clerk in the manner provided under s. 5.60 (1) (b). The ballot shall be entitled "Official Primary Ballot for Member of the Board of Directors of the Local Park and Recreation District."

SECTION 3. 5.58 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

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5.58 (3) Names on spring ballot. Only 2 candidates for state superintendent, for any judicial office, or for any elected seat on a metropolitan sewerage commission or town sanitary district commission, in counties having a population of 500,000 or more only 2 candidates for member of the board of supervisors within each district; in counties having a population of less than 500,000 only 2 candidates for each member of the county board of supervisors from each district or numbered seat or only 4 candidates for each 2 members of the county board of supervisors from each district whenever 2 supervisors are elected to unnumbered seats from the same district; in 1st class cities only 2 candidates for any at-large seat and only 2 candidates from any election district to be elected to the board of school directors; in school districts electing school board members to numbered seats, or pursuant to an apportionment plan or district representation plan, only 2 school board candidates for each numbered seat or within each district; in a local park and recreation district, twice as many candidates as are to be elected members of the board of directors, or, if the district elects board members from apportioned areas, twice as many candidates as are to be elected members of the board of directors from each apportioned area; and twice as many candidates as are to be elected members of other school boards or other elective officers receiving the highest number of votes at the primary shall be nominees for the office at the spring election. Only their names shall appear on the official spring ballot.

Section 4. 5.60 (6u) of the statutes is created to read:

5.60 (**6u**) Board of directors of Certain local park and recreation districts. Except as authorized in s. 5.655, a separate ballot shall list the names of all candidates for member of the board of directors of any local park and recreation district. Arrangement of the names on the ballot shall be determined by the local

park and recreation district clerk in the manner provided under sub. (1) (b). The ballot shall be entitled "Official Ballot for Member of the Board of Directors of the Local Park and Recreation District."

Section 5. 5.68 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.68 (2) Except as otherwise expressly provided, all costs for ballots, supplies, notices, and any other materials necessary in preparing or conducting any election shall be paid for by the county or municipality whose clerk or board of election commissioners is responsible for providing them. If a ballot is prepared for a school, technical college, sewerage or, sanitary, or local park and recreation district, the district shall pay for the cost of the ballot. If no other level of government is involved in a school, technical college, sewerage or, sanitary, or local park and recreation district election, the district shall pay for all costs of the ballots, supplies, notices, and other materials. If ballots, supplies, notices, or other materials are used for elections within more than one unit of local government, the costs shall be proportionately divided between the units of local government involved in the election. In a 1st class city, all costs otherwise attributable to a school district shall be paid by the city.

Section 6. 5.68 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.68 (3) If voting machines are used or if an electronic voting system is used in which all candidates and referenda appear on the same ballot card, the ballots for all national, state, and county offices and for county and state referenda shall be prepared and paid for by the county wherein they are used. If the voting machine or electronic voting system ballot includes a municipal or school, technical college, sewerage er, sanitary, or local park and recreation district ballot, the cost of that portion of the ballot shall be reimbursed to the county or paid for by the municipality or district, except as provided in a 1st class city school district under sub. (2).

- 5 -

SECTION 7. 7.51 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.51 (3) (b) For ballots which relate only to municipal or, school district, or local park and recreation district offices or referenda, the inspectors, in lieu of par. (a), after counting the ballots shall return them to the proper ballot boxes, lock the boxes, paste paper over the slots, sign their names to the paper, and deliver them and the keys therefor to the municipal or, school district, or local park and recreation district clerk. The clerk shall retain the ballots until destruction is authorized under s. 7.23.

Section 8. 7.51 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.51 (3) (d) All absentee certificate envelopes which have been opened shall be returned by the inspectors to the municipal clerk in a securely sealed carrier envelope which is clearly marked "used absentee certificate envelopes". The envelopes shall be signed by the chief inspector and 2 other inspectors. Except when the ballots are used in a municipal or, school district, or local park and recreation district election only, the municipal clerk shall transmit the used envelopes to the county clerk.

Section 9. 7.51 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.51 (4) (b) The chief inspector, or one of the inspectors appointed by him or her, immediately after the votes are tabulated or counted at each election, shall report the returns of the election to the municipal clerk or, to the school district clerk for school district elections, except in 1st class cities, or to the local park and recreation district clerk for local park and recreation district elections. The clerk shall then make the returns public.

Section 10. 7.51 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.51 (5) RETURNS. The inspectors shall make full and accurate return of the votes cast for each candidate and proposition on tally sheet blanks provided by the

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municipal clerk for the purpose. Each tally sheet shall record the returns for each office or referendum by ward, unless combined returns are authorized in accordance with s. 5.15 (6) (b) in which case the tally sheet shall record the returns for each group of combined wards. After recording the votes, the inspectors shall seal in a carrier envelope outside the ballot bag or container one inspectors' statement under sub. (4) (a), one tally sheet, and one poll or registration list for delivery to the county clerk, unless the election relates only to municipal or school district offices or referenda or <u>local park and recreation district offices</u>. The inspectors shall also similarly seal one inspectors' statement, one tally sheet, and one poll or registration list for delivery to the municipal clerk. For school district elections, except in 1st class cities, the inspectors shall similarly seal one inspectors' statement, one tally sheet, and one poll or registration list for delivery to the school district clerk. For local park and recreation district elections, the inspectors shall similarly seal one inspectors' statement, one tally sheet, and one poll or registration list for delivery to the local park and recreation district clerk. The inspectors shall immediately deliver all ballots, statements, tally sheets, lists, and envelopes to the municipal clerk. The municipal clerk shall arrange for delivery of all ballots, statements, tally sheets, lists, and envelopes relating to a school district or local park and recreation district election to the school district or local park and recreation district clerk, respectively. The municipal clerk shall deliver the ballots, statements, tally sheets, lists, and envelopes for his or her municipality relating to any county, technical college district, state, or national election to the county clerk by 2 p.m. on the day following each such The person delivering the returns shall be paid out of the municipal treasury. Each clerk receiving ballots, statements, tally sheets, or envelopes shall retain them until destruction is authorized under s. 7.23 (1).

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Section 11. 7.53 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:

7.53 (3m) Local park and recreation district elections. The local park and recreation district clerk shall appoint 2 qualified electors of the district prior to the date of the election being canvassed, who shall, with the clerk, constitute the local park and recreation district board of canvassers. The clerk shall appoint a member to fill any temporary vacancy on the board of canyassers. The canyass shall begin as soon as possible after receipt of the returns and shall continue, without adjournment, until completed. The board of canvassers may return defective returns to the municipal board of canvassers in the manner provided in s. 7.60 (3). The board of canvassers shall prepare a written statement showing the numbers of votes cast for each person for each office and shall prepare a determination showing the names of the persons who are elected to the board of directors. Following each primary election, the board of canvassers shall prepare a statement certifying the names of the persons who have won nomination to the board of directors. Each statement and determination shall be attested by each of the canvassers. The board of canvassers shall file each statement and determination in the local park and recreation district office.

Section 12. 8.10 (6) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

8.10 (6) (e) For members of the board of directors of a local park and recreation district, with the local park and recreation district clerk.

Section 13. 8.11 (2f) of the statutes is created to read:

8.11 (2f) Board of directors of Certain local park and recreation district whenever there are more than twice the number of candidates to be elected members of the board of directors of the local park and recreation district, or, if the district elects board

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members from apportioned areas, more than twice as many candidates as are to be elected members of the board of directors from any apportioned area.

SECTION 14. 9.10 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 (1) (a) The qualified electors of the state, of any county, city, village, or town, of any congressional, legislative, judicial, or school district, of any local park and recreation district; or of any prosecutorial unit may petition for the recall of any incumbent elective official by filing a petition with the same official or agency with whom nomination papers or declarations of candidacy for the office are filed demanding the recall of the officeholder.

Section 15. 9.10 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 (1) (b) Except as provided in par. (c), a petition for recall of a state, congressional, legislative, judicial, or county officer shall be signed by electors equal to at least 25% of the vote cast for the office of governor at the last election within the same district or territory as that of the officeholder being recalled. Except as provided in par. (c), a petition for the recall of a city, village, town, local park and recreation district, or school district officer shall be signed by electors equal to at least 25% of the vote cast for the office of president at the last election within the same district or territory as that of the officeholder being recalled.

Section 16. 9.10 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 (2) (d) No petition may be offered for filing for the recall of an officer unless the petitioner first files a registration statement under s. 11.05 (1) or (2) with the filing officer with whom the petition is filed. The petitioner shall append to the registration a statement indicating his or her intent to circulate a recall petition, the name of the officer for whom recall is sought and, in the case of a petition for the recall of a city, village, town, local park and recreation district, or school district officer, a

statement of a reason for the recall which is related to the official responsibilities of the official for whom removal is sought. No petitioner may circulate a petition for the recall of an officer prior to completing registration. The last date that on which a petition for the recall of a state, congressional, legislative, judicial, or county officer may be offered for filing is 5 p.m. on the 60th day commencing after registration. The last date that on which a petition for the recall of a city, village, town, local park and recreation district, or school district officer may be offered for filing is 5 p.m. on the 30th day commencing after registration. After the recall petition has been offered for filing, no name may be added or removed. No signature may be counted unless the date of the signature is within the period provided in this paragraph.

Section 17. 9.10 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 (3) (a) This subsection applies to the recall of all elective officials other than city, village, town, local park and recreation district, and school district officials. City, village, town, local park and recreation district, and school district officials are recalled under sub. (4).

SECTION 18. 9.10 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 (4) (a) Within 10 days after a petition for the recall of a city, village, town, local park and recreation district, or school district official, is offered for filing, the officer against whom the petition is filed may file a written challenge with the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners or school district clerk official or agency with whom it the petition is filed, specifying any alleged insufficiency. If a challenge is filed, the petitioner may file a written rebuttal to the challenge with the elerk or board of election commissioners official or agency within 5 days after the challenge is filed. If a rebuttal is filed, the officer against whom the petition is filed may file a reply to any new matter raised in the rebuttal within 2 days after the

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rebuttal is filed. Within 14 days after the expiration of the time allowed for filing a reply to a rebuttal, the clerk or board of election commissioners official or agency shall file the certificate or an amended certificate. Within 31 days after the petition is offered for filing, the clerk or board of election commissioners official or agency shall determine by careful examination of the face of the petition whether the petition is sufficient and shall so state in a certificate issued by the official or agency and attached to the petition. If the petition is found to be insufficient, the certificate shall state the particulars creating the insufficiency. The petition may be amended to correct any insufficiency within 5 days following the affixing of the original certificate. Within 2 days after the offering of the amended petition for filing, the clerk or board of election commissioners official or agency shall again carefully examine the face of the petition to determine sufficiency and shall attach to the petition a certificate stating the findings. Immediately upon finding an original or amended petition sufficient, except in cities over 500,000 population, the municipal clerk or school district clerk and except with regard to a member of the board of directors of a local park and recreation district, the official shall transmit the petition to the governing body or to the school board. Immediately Except with regard to a member of the board of directors of a local park and recreation district, immediately upon finding an original or amended petition sufficient, in cities over 500,000 population, the board of election commissioners shall file the petition in its office. Immediately upon finding an original or amended petition sufficient, with regard to a member of the board of directors of a local park and recreation district, the local park and recreation district clerk shall file the petition in his or her office and shall transmit a copy of the petition to the governing body of each city, village, and town that has territory within the jurisdiction of the local park and recreation district.

SECTION 19. 9.10 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 (4) (d) The governing body, school board, or board of election commissioners, upon receiving the certificate or copy of the certificate issued under par. (a), shall call an election on the Tuesday of the 6th week commencing after the date of the certificate. If Tuesday is a legal holiday, the recall election shall be held on the first day after Tuesday which is not a legal holiday.

SECTION 20. 9.10 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 (7) Purpose. The purpose of this section is to facilitate the operation of article XIII, section 12, of the constitution and to extend the same rights to electors of cities, villages, towns, local park and recreation districts, and school districts.

Section 21. 10.05 of the statutes is amended to read:

10.05 Posting of notice. Unless specifically designated elsewhere, this section applies to villages, towns and, school districts, and local park and recreation districts. Whenever a notice is required to be published, a village, town or, school district, or local park and recreation district may post 3 notices in lieu of publication under ch. 985 whenever there is not a newspaper published within the village, town or, school district, or local park and recreation district or whenever the governing body of the village, town or, school district, or local park and recreation district chooses to post in order to supplement notice provided in a newspaper. Whenever the manner of giving notice is changed by the governing body, the body shall give notice of the change in the manner used before the change. Whenever posting is used, the notices shall be posted no later than the day prescribed by law for publication, or, if that day falls within the week preceding the election to be noticed, at least one week before the election. All notices given for the same election shall be given in the same manner.

Section 22. 10.07 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

10.07 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2) in the case of voting machine ballots, whenever any county clerk of and one or more municipal of, school district, or local park and recreation district clerks within the same county are directed to publish, or whenever 2 or more municipal, school district or local park and recreation district clerks within the same county are directed to publish any notice or portion of a notice under this chapter on the same date in the same newspaper, the text of which is identical, the clerks may publish one notice only. The cost of publication of such notice or the portion of the notice required shall be apportioned equally between the county and each municipality of, school district, or local park and recreation district sharing in its publication.

Section 23. 11.02 (8) of the statutes is created to read:

11.02 (8) If the jurisdiction under sub. (3) is a local park and recreation district, the appropriate clerk is the local park and recreation district clerk.

Section 24. 11.31 (1) (h) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (1) (h) (intro.) Candidates for any local office, who are elected from a jurisdiction or district with less than 500,000 inhabitants according to the latest federal census or census information on which the district is based, as certified by the appropriate filing officer, and candidates for member of the board of directors of a local park and recreation district, an amount equal to the greater of the following:

Section 25. 17.01 (11m) of the statutes is created to read:

17.01 (11m) By a member of the board of directors of a local park and recreation district, to the board of directors. The board of directors shall immediately give a copy of each resignation under this subsection to the elections board and to the chief

executive officer of each municipality that has territory within the jurisdiction of the district.

SECTION 26. 17.13 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

17.13 Removal of village, town, town sanitary district, school district, technical college and family care district, and local park and recreation district officers. (intro.) Officers of towns, town sanitary districts, villages, school districts, technical college districts and, family care districts, and local park and recreation districts may be removed as follows:

Section 27. 17.13 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

17.13 (3) ALL OFFICERS. Any village, town, town sanitary district, school district or, technical college district, or local park and recreation district officer, elective or appointive, including those embraced within subs. (1) and (2), by the <u>a</u> judge of the circuit court of the <u>a</u> circuit wherein the village, town, town sanitary district, school district or, technical college district, or local park and recreation district is situated, for cause.

Section 28. 17.27 (1f) of the statutes is created to read:

as provided in s. 9.10, a vacancy in the office of any member of the board of directors of a local park and recreation district may be filled by temporary appointment of the remaining members of the board of directors. The temporary appointee shall serve until a successor is elected and qualified. If the vacancy occurs in any year after the first Tuesday in April and on or before December 1, the vacancy shall be filled for the residue of the unexpired term, if any, at on the date of the next spring election. If the vacancy occurs in any year after December 1 or on or before the first Tuesday in April,

the vacancy shall be filled for the residue of the unexpired term, if any, at the 2nd
succeeding spring election.
Section 29. 23.09 (19) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
23.09 (19) (a) 2. "Governmental unit" means a city, village, town, county, lake
sanitary district, as defined in s. 30.50 (4q), public inland lake protection and
rehabilitation district, or local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229,
or the Kickapoo reserve management board.
SECTION 30. 23.09 (20) (ab) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
23.09 (20) (ab) 1. "Governmental unit" means a municipality, a local park and
recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229, or the Kickapoo reserve management
board.
Section 31. 23.09 (20m) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
23.09 (20m) (a) 1. "Governmental unit" means a city, village, town, county, or
local park and creation district under subch. VI of ch. 229, or the Kickapoo reserve
management board.
Section 32. 23.0917 (4m) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
23.0917 (4m) (a) 3. "Local governmental unit" means a city, village, town,
county, lake sanitary district, as defined in s. 30.50 (4q), or a public inland lake
protection and rehabilitation district, or local park and recreation district under
subch. VI of ch. 229.
Section 33. 23.094 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
23.094 (1) Definition. In this section, "political subdivision" means a city,
village, town, county, lake sanitary district, as defined in s. 30.50 (4q), or public
inland lake protection and rehabilitation district, or local park and recreation
district under subch. VI of ch. 229.

SECTION 34

Section 34. 25.50 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

25.50 (1) (d) "Local government" means any county, town, village, city, power district, sewerage district, drainage district, town sanitary district, public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district, local professional baseball park district created under subch. III of ch. 229, family care district under s. 46.2895, local professional football stadium district created under subch. IV of ch. 229, local cultural arts district created under subch. V of ch. 229, local park and recreation district created under subch. VI of ch. 229, public library system, school district or technical college district in this state, any commission, committee, board, or officer of any governmental subdivision of this state, any court of this state, other than the court of appeals or the supreme court, or any authority created under s. 231.02, 233.02, or 234.02.

Section 35. 27.01 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

27.01 (3) Transfer of State Park Land to Municipalities. The department may not transfer the ownership of any state park or land within any state park to any eounty, city, village or, town, county, or local park and recreation district created under subch. VI of ch. 229 unless it the department receives the approval of the joint committee on finance regarding the appropriate level of reimbursement to be received by the state to reflect the state's cost in acquiring and developing the state park or land within the state park.

Section 36. 27.075 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

27.075 (1) The county board of any county with a population of less than 500,000 is hereby vested with all powers of a local, legislative, and administrative character for the purpose of governing, managing, controlling, improving, and caring for public parks, parkways, boulevards, and pleasure drives; and to carry out these

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powers in districts which it may create for different purposes, or throughout the county, and for such purposes to levy county taxes, to issue bonds, assessment certificates, and improvement bonds, or any other evidence of indebtedness. The powers hereby conferred under this section may be exercised by the county board in any town, city or village city, village, or town, or part thereof located in such the county upon the request of any such town, city or village city, village, or town, evidenced by a resolution adopted by a majority vote of the members-elect of its governing body, designating the particular park function, duty, or act, and the terms, if any, upon which the same shall be exercised by the county board. Such The resolution shall state whether the authority or function is to be exercised exclusively by the county or jointly by the county and the town, city or village city, village, or town, and shall also state that the exercise of such the power by the county is in the public interest. Upon the receipt of the resolution, the county board may, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote of its membership, elect to assume the exercise of such the authority or function, upon the terms and conditions set forth in the resolution presented by the town, city or village city, village, or town. A city, village, or town that wishes to create or participate in a local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229 may negotiate the termination of any agreement entered into with a county under this subsection.

Section 37. 27.075 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

27.075 (2) The county board of any such county may, by a resolution adopted by a majority of its membership, propose to the towns, cities and villages cities, villages, and towns located in such the county, or any of them, that it offers to exercise such the powers and functions therein in order that are necessary to consolidate municipal park services and functions in said the county. Such The resolution shall

SECTION 37

designate the particular function, duty, or act and the terms and conditions, if any, upon which the county board will perform the same. The powers conferred in sub. (1) and designated in such the resolution may thereafter be exercised by the county board in each such town, city or village which shall accept such city, village, or town which accepts the proposal by the adoption of a resolution by a majority vote of the members-elect of its governing body, except that no governing body may accept any proposal described under this subsection unless it contains a provision under which the city, village, or town may terminate its agreement with the county so that the city, village, or town may create or participate in a local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229.

Section 38. 27.075 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

27.075 (3) After the adoption of resolutions by the county board, the county board shall have full power to it may legislate upon and administer the entire subject matter committed to it, and among other things, to and may determine, where not otherwise provided by law, the manner of exercising the power thus assumed. No county may exercise any power in a local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229.

SECTION 39. 27.075 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

27.075 (4) The town, city or village concerned A city, village, or town may enter into necessary contracts with the county, and appropriate money to pay the county, for the reasonable expenses incurred in rendering the park services assumed. Such The contract shall also provide a procedure for the termination of the contract by any city, village, or town that wishes to create or participate in a local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229. The expenses may be certified, returned, and paid as are other county charges, and, in the case of services performed pursuant to under

a proposal for the consolidation thereof of municipal park services initiated by the county board and made available to each town, city and village city, village, and town in the county on the same terms, the expenses thereof shall be certified, returned, and paid as county charges; but in the event that each and every town, city and village if every city, village, and town in the county shall accept such accepts the proposal of the county board the expenses thereof shall be paid by county taxes to be levied and collected as are other taxes for county purposes. Said towns, cities and villages are vested with all necessary power to do the things herein required and to do all things and to exercise or relinquish any of the powers herein provided or contemplated. The procedure herein provided in this section for the request or acceptance of the exercise of the powers conferred on the county board in cities and villages is hereby prescribed as a special method of determining the local affairs and government of such cities and villages pursuant to article XI, section 3, of the constitution.

Section 40. 27.08 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

27.08 (1) Every city that is not part of a local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229 may by ordinance create a board of park commissioners subject to this section, or otherwise as provided by ordinance. Such, and if the city has a board of park commissioners the city shall terminate that board and end the board's authority under this section upon the city's creation of or participation in a local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229. The board shall be organized as directed by the common council shall provide.

Section 41. 27.08 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

27.08 (3) In any city having no If a city does not have a board of park commissioners its and is not part of a local park and recreation district under subch.

VI of ch. 229, the city's public parks, parkways, boulevards, and pleasure drives shall
be under the charge of its board of public works, if it has such last named board;
otherwise or, if it does not have such a board, under the charge of its common council.
When so in charge, the board of public works or the common council may exercise all
of the powers of a board of park commissioners. Upon a city's creation of or
participation in a local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229, the
city's board of public works or common council may not exercise any authority under
this section.

Section 42. 30.277 (1b) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

30.277 (**1b**) (a) "Governmental unit" means a city, village, town, county, or local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229, or the Kickapoo reserve management board.

SECTION 43. 66.0301 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:

66.0301 (1) (a) In this section "municipality" means the state or any department or agency thereof, or any city, village, town, county, school district, public library system, public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district, sanitary district, farm drainage district, metropolitan sewerage district, sewer utility district, solid waste management system created under s. 59.70 (2), local exposition district created under subch. II of ch. 229, local professional baseball park district created under subch. IV of ch. 229, local professional football stadium district created under subch. IV of ch. 229, a local cultural arts district created under subch. V of ch. 229, local park and recreation district created under subch. VI of ch. 229, family care district under s. 46.2895, water utility district, mosquito control district, municipal electric company, county or city transit commission, commission created by contract

under this section, taxation district, regional planning commission, or city-county health department.

SECTION 44. 66.0617 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (a) "Capital costs" means the capital costs to construct, expand, or improve public facilities, including the cost of land, and including legal, engineering, and design costs to construct, expand, or improve public facilities, except that not more than 10% of capital costs may consist of legal, engineering, and design costs unless the political subdivision or local park and recreation district can demonstrate that its legal, engineering, and design costs which relate directly to the public improvement for which the impact fees were imposed exceed 10% of capital costs. "Capital costs" does not include other noncapital costs to construct, expand, or improve public facilities or the costs of equipment to construct, expand, or improve public facilities.

SECTION 45. 66.0617 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (c) "Impact fees" means cash contributions, contributions of land or interests in land, or any other items of value that are imposed on a developer by a political subdivision or a local park and recreation district under this section.

Section 46. 66.0617 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (d) "Land development" means the construction or modification of improvements to real property that creates additional residential dwelling units within a political subdivision or local park and recreation district or that results in nonresidential uses that create a need for new, expanded, or improved public facilities within a political subdivision or local park and recreation district.

SECTION 47. 66.0617 (1) (dg) of the statutes is created to read:

$\begin{array}{c} LRBs0267/2\\ MES/JK/JTK/RM/MG:kmg\&cs:pg\\ \textbf{Section 47} \end{array}$

1	66.0617 (1) (dg) "Local park and recreation district" has the meaning given for
2	district in s. 229.86 (3).
3	Section 48. 66.0617 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	66.0617 (1) (g) "Service area" means a geographic area delineated by a political
5	subdivision or local park and recreation district within which there are public
6	facilities.
7	Section 49. 66.0617 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	66.0617 (1) (h) "Service standard" means a certain quantity or quality of public
9	facilities relative to a certain number of persons, parcels of land, or other appropriate
10	measure, as specified by the political subdivision or local park and recreation
11	district.
12	Section 50. 66.0617 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	66.0617 (2) (a) Subject to par. (am), a political subdivision may enact an
14	ordinance under this section, and a local park and recreation district may adopt a
15	resolution under this section, that imposes impact fees on developers to pay for the
16	capital costs that are necessary to accommodate land development.
17	Section 51. 66.0617 (2) (am) of the statutes is renumbered 66.0617 (2) (am)
18	1.
19	Section 52. 66.0617 (2) (am) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
20	66.0617 (2) (am) 2. No local park and recreation district may impose an impact
21	fee under this section for any purpose other than park facilities, as defined in s.
22	229.86 (7).
23	Section 53. 66.0617 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	66.0617 (3) Public hearing; notice. Before enacting a political subdivision
25	enacts an ordinance or a local park and recreation district adopts a resolution that

imposes impact fees, or amending amends an existing ordinance or resolution that imposes impact fees, a political subdivision or a local park and recreation district shall hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance or amendment. Notice of the public hearing shall be published as a class 1 notice under ch. 985, and shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance or amendment and the public facilities needs assessment may be obtained.

Section 54. 66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) Before enacting an ordinance <u>or adopting a resolution</u> that imposes impact fees or amending an ordinance <u>or resolution</u> that imposes impact fees by revising the amount of the fee or altering the public facilities for which impact fees may be imposed, a political subdivision <u>or a local park and recreation</u> <u>district</u> shall prepare a needs assessment for the public facilities for which it is anticipated that impact fees may be imposed. The public facilities needs assessment shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

Section 55. 66.0617 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (b) A public facilities needs assessment or revised public facilities needs assessment that is prepared under this subsection shall be available for public inspection and copying in the office of the clerk of the political subdivision or in the office of the secretary of the board of the local park and recreation district at least 20 days before the hearing under sub. (3).

Section 56. 66.0617 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (5) DIFFERENTIAL FEES, IMPACT FEE ZONES. (a) An ordinance enacted or resolution adopted under this section may impose different impact fees on different types of land development.

(b) An ordinance enacted or resolution adopted under this section may
delineate geographically defined zones within the political subdivision or local park
and recreation district and may impose impact fees on land development in a zone
that differ from impact fees imposed on land development in other zones within the
political subdivision or local park and recreation district. The public facilities needs
assessment that is required under sub. (4) shall explicitly identify the differences
such as land development or the need for those public facilities, which justify the
differences between zones in the amount of impact fees imposed.
Section 57. 66.0617 (6) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
66.0617 (6) Standards for impact fees. (intro.) Impact fees imposed by an
ordinance enacted or resolution adopted under this section:
Section 58. 66.0617 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
66.0617 (6) (b) May not exceed the proportionate share of the capital costs that
are required to serve land development, as compared to existing uses of land within
the political subdivision or local park and recreation district.
Section 59. 66.0617 (6) (h) of the statutes is created to read:
66.0617 (6) (h) Shall be payable, no sooner than 90 days after final plat
approval, by the developer to the local park and recreation district either in full or
in installment payments that are approved by the park and recreation district.
Section 60. 66.0617 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
66.0617 (7) Low-cost housing. An ordinance enacted or resolution adopted
under this section may provide for an exemption from, or a reduction in the amount
of, impact fees on land development that provides low-cost housing, except that no
amount of an impact fee for which an exemption or reduction is provided under this

subsection may be shifted to any other development in the land development in

which the low-cost housing is located or to any other land development in the political subdivision or local park and recreation district.

SECTION 61. 66.0617 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (8) Requirements for impact fees shall be placed in a segregated, interest-bearing account and shall be accounted for separately from the other funds of the political subdivision or local park and recreation district. Impact fee revenues and interest earned on impact fee revenues may be expended only for capital costs for which the impact fees were imposed.

Section 62. 66.0617 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

of impact fees. An ordinance enacted or resolution adopted under this section shall specify that impact fees that are imposed and collected by a political subdivision or local park and recreation district but are not used within a reasonable period of time after they are collected to pay the capital costs for which they were imposed shall be refunded to the current owner of the property with respect to which the impact fees were imposed. The ordinance or resolution shall specify, by type of public facility, reasonable time periods within which impact fees must be spent or refunded under this subsection. In determining the length of the time periods under the ordinance, a political subdivision or local park and recreation district shall consider what are appropriate planning and financing periods for the particular types of public facilities for which the impact fees are imposed.

Section 63. 66.0617 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (10) APPEAL. A political subdivision that enacts an impact fee ordinance under this section shall, by ordinance, and a local park and recreation district that adopts an impact fee resolution under this section shall, by resolution, specify a procedure under which a developer upon whom an impact fee is imposed

.... (Assembly Bill 512), is amended to read:

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1	has the right to contest the amount, collection, or use of the impact fee to the
2	governing body of the political subdivision or local park and recreation district.
3	Section 64. 66.0617 (11) of the statutes is created to read:
4	66.0617 (11) Transfer of unused impact fees. If a city, village, or town
5	transfers title to its municipal park facilities to a local park and recreation district,
6	as described in s. 229.861 (5) (a) 4., and if the city, village, or town has unspent impact
7	fees that were to be used for municipal park facilities, as defined in s. 229.86 (5), the
8	city, village, or town shall transfer such impact fees to the local park and recreation
9	district.
10	Section 65. 67.01 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	67.01 (5) "Municipality" means any of the following which is authorized to levy
12	a tax: a county, city, village, town, school district, board of park commissioners,
13	technical college district, metropolitan sewerage district created under ss. 200.01 to
14	200.15 or 200.21 to 200.65, town sanitary district under subch. IX of ch. 60, <u>local park</u>
15	and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229, public inland lake protection and
16	rehabilitation district established under s. 33.23, 33.235, or 33.24, and any other
17	public body empowered to borrow money and issue obligations to repay the money
18	out of public funds or revenues. "Municipality" does not include the state.
19	Section 66. 70.11 (37m) of the statutes is created to read:
20	70.11 (37m) Local Park and recreation district. The property of a local park
21	and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229.
22	Section 67. 71.26 (1) (bm) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act

71.26 (1) (bm) Certain local districts. Income of a local exposition district

created under subch. II of ch. 229, a local professional baseball park district created

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under subch. III of ch. 229, a local professional football stadium district created under subch. IV of ch. 229, or a local cultural arts district created under subch. V of ch. 229, or a local park and recreation district created under subch. VI of ch. 229. **Section 68.** 77.25 (18m) of the statutes is created to read: 77.25 (18m) To a local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229. **Section 69.** 77.54 (9a) (i) of the statutes is created to read: 77.54 (9a) (i) A local park and recreation district under subch. VI of ch. 229. **Section 70.** 79.03 (3) (b) 4. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 79.03 (3) (b) 4. (intro.) "Local purpose revenues" means the sum of payments under s. 79.095, local general purpose taxes, regulation revenues, revenues for services to private parties by a county's or municipality's general operations or enterprises, revenue for sanitation services to private parties, special assessment revenues, tax base equalization aids, and, for municipalities only, impact fees 14 collected by a local park and recreation district that are attributed to the municipality, a proxy for private sewer service costs, a proxy for private solid waste 16 and recycling service costs, and a proxy for retail charges for fire protection purposes. In this subdivision: 18 **Section 71.** 79.03 (3) (b) 4. a. of the statutes is renumbered 79.03 (3) (b) 4. am. and amended to read: 79.03 (3) (b) 4. am. "Local general purpose taxes" means the portion of tax increments collected for payment to a municipality under s. 66.1105 which is attributable to that municipality's own levy, the portion of environmental remediation tax increments collected for payment to a municipality or county under 24 s. 66.1106 that is attributable to that municipality's or county's own levy, general

property taxes, excluding taxes for a county children with disabilities education

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board, collected to finance the general purpose government unit, property taxes collected for sewage and sanitary districts, property taxes collected for local park and recreation districts, mobile home fees, the proceeds of county sales and use taxes and municipal and county vehicle registration fees under s. 341.35 (1).

Section 72. 79.03 (3) (b) 4. ad. of the statutes is created to read:

79.03 (3) (b) 4. ad. "Impact fees collected by a local park and recreation district that are attributed to the municipality" means, for a municipality that is part of a local park and recreation district created under subch. VI of ch. 229, the portion of the impact fees collected by the local park and recreation district that the department of revenue attributes to a municipality based on the municipality's population as compared with the aggregate population of all of the municipalities that are part of the same local park and recreation district.

Section 73. Subchapter VI of chapter 229 [precedes 229.86] of the statutes is created to read:

15 CHAPTER 229

16 SUBCHAPTER VI

17 LOCAL PARK AND

RECREATION DISTRICTS 18

229.86 Definitions. In this subchapter:

- (1) "Board of directors" means the board of directors of a district.
- (2) "Chief executive officer" means, as to a sponsoring municipality or as to a municipality that is wholly within the jurisdiction of a district, the mayor or city manager of a city, the village president of a village, or the town board chairperson of a town.
 - (3) "District" means a special purpose district created under this subchapter.

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(4) "Enabling resolution" means a resolution, or an amendment of a resolution, adopted by the governing body of a municipality and signed by the chief executive officer to create a district. (5) "Municipal park facilities" means a public park or recreational facility, including improvements, that is owned by a municipality. (6) "Municipality" means any city other than a city that has a majority of its territory located in a county with a population greater than 500,000; any village other than a village that has a majority of its territory located in a county with a population greater than 500,000; or any town. (7) "Park facilities" means a public park or recreational facility, including improvements, that is owned by a district. (8) "Sponsoring municipality" means any municipality that creates a district in combination with another municipality. 229.861 Creation, organization, and administration. (1) Subject to sub. (5), 2 or more municipalities may create a special purpose district that is a unit of government, that is a body corporate and politic, that is separate and distinct from. and independent of, the state and the sponsoring municipalities, and that has the powers under s. 229.863, if the sponsoring municipalities do all of the following: (a) Adopt an enabling resolution, subject to sub. (2), that does all of the following: 1. Declares the need for establishing the district. 2. Contains findings of public purpose. 3. Contains a detailed description of the boundaries of the proposed district. 4. Declares an intention to negotiate with a county the termination of any

agreement entered into under s. 27.075 (1), (2), or (4).

- (b) File copies of the enabling resolution with the clerk of each municipality and county that is wholly or partly within the boundaries of the proposed district.
- (2) Subject to sub. (5), a district shall consist of at least 2 municipalities. Each sponsoring municipality shall be identified in a substantially similar enabling resolution that is adopted by the governing body of each sponsoring municipality within a 90-day period beginning with the date of adoption of the first enabling resolution.
- (3) A district consisting of 2 or more municipalities may also be created, subject to subs. (4) and (5), by a petition and referendum if all of the following occur:
- (a) A petition that conforms to the requirements of s. 8.40, which contains a detailed description and scale map of the proposed district, on the question of the creation of a district is circulated on or after December 1 and filed not later than 5 p.m. on the first Tuesday in January in each municipality that is within the boundaries of the proposed district.
- (b) The petition is signed by a number of qualified electors residing in the municipality equal to at least 15% of the votes cast for governor in the municipality at the last gubernatorial election.
- (c) The signed petition is filed with the clerk of each municipality in which the petition is circulated.
- (4) If all of the steps in sub. (3) occur, each municipality in which petitions containing the requisite number of signatures are submitted to the clerk shall hold a referendum at the next succeeding spring election. Subject to sub. (5), if the question submitted at the referendum is approved by a majority of the electors who vote in the referendum at the spring election in at least 2 municipalities, a special purpose district that is a unit of government, that is a body corporate and politic, that

- is separate and distinct from, and independent of, the state and each municipality, and that has the powers under s. 229.863 is created, the boundaries of which include each municipality in which the question is approved. The referendum question shall be substantially as follows: "Shall a local park and recreation district, the territory of which includes in whole the [name of municipality], be created?" If a referendum question is not approved in at least 2 municipalities, no district may be created.
- (5) (a) Before a district may be created, the governing bodies of each municipality that has adopted a resolution under sub. (1) or in which a referendum question has been approved under sub. (4) shall adopt a resolution or enact an ordinance, not later than September 1 of the year in which the resolution under sub. (1) or the referendum question is approved, that, subject to pars. (b) and (c), contains an agreement among each of the governing bodies which addresses at least all of the following provisions:
- 1. A mechanism that provides, from each of the municipalities, a loan of start-up funds for the initial operating costs of the district. The loaned start-up funds shall be sufficient to sustain the district until it receives the first amount of proceeds from a tax that is imposed under s. 229.863 (8).
- 2. A method of appointing temporary members to the board of directors under sub. (6) (am) to serve until the initial members are elected at the spring election and qualified to take office.
- 3. An apportionment plan for the election of the board of directors of the district board under sub. (6) (b), unless the governing bodies of all of the municipalities of which the district is initially comprised provide for the election of members of the board of directors without an apportionment plan.

4. A method to transfer title of the municipal park facilities within their individual jurisdictions to the district.

- 31 -

- 5. The maximum property tax levy rate that the district may impose under s. 229.863 (8) (a). The maximum property tax levy rate may be no more than 1.4 mills for each dollar of the district's equalized valuation, as determined under s. 70.57.
- (b) 1. Before the municipalities may consider a resolution or ordinance that is described in par. (a), all of the municipalities shall enter into an agreement on the selection of an arbitrator who will decide any of the issues under par. (a) that are not resolved by the municipalities by September 1 of the year described under par. (a), except as provided in subd. 2. If the municipalities are unable to reach agreement on any of the items listed in par. (a), the arbitrator shall enter a binding decision, which resolves all such outstanding items, not later than November 1 of the year described under par. (a).
- 2. If the municipalities are unable to reach an agreement concerning whether the members of the board of directors shall be elected with or without an apportionment plan under sub. (6) (b), the board of directors shall be elected pursuant to an apportionment plan.
- (c) Before the municipalities may consider a resolution or ordinance that is described under par. (a), each municipality that is subject to an agreement or contract with a county under s. 27.075 (1), (2), or (4) shall negotiate with the county the termination of any such agreements or contracts. If a municipality is unable to negotiate the termination of any agreements or contracts under s. 27.075, the municipality may not become part of a district until the agreements or contracts expire or are otherwise terminated.

- (6) (a) 1. The district is governed by its board of directors. The board of directors may adopt bylaws to govern the district's activities, subject to this subchapter. Except as provided in s. 229.862, the board of directors shall consist of 9 members who are elected at-large.
- 2. The board of directors shall be elected at the spring election pursuant to an apportionment plan under par. (b) unless the governing bodies of each of the municipalities of which the district is comprised by resolution determine, no later than November 1 preceding any spring election, that the members of the board of directors shall be elected at that election and thereafter without an apportionment plan. If the governing bodies of each municipality of which the district is comprised determine to elect members of the board of directors without an apportionment plan, the governing bodies may, no later than November 1 preceding a spring election, by resolution determine to elect members of the board of directors at that election and thereafter pursuant to an apportionment plan, if an identical plan is adopted by each of those governing bodies by that date.
- 3. The first election of members of the board of directors shall occur in April of the year following the year described in sub. (5) (a). Temporary members shall be appointed according to the agreement reached under sub. (5) (a) 2. or imposed by an arbitrator under sub. (5) (b) to serve until the initial members are elected at the spring election and qualified to take office.
- (b) 1. Each apportionment plan shall divide the entire district into apportioned geographic areas for the election of members of the board of directors. The boundaries of the apportioned areas shall remain unchanged unless the governing bodies of each of the municipalities of which the district is comprised agree, by resolution adopted no later than November 1 preceding a spring election, to prescribe

- 33 -

revised boundaries for the election of members of the board of directors at that election and thereafter, and except that, if a municipality becomes a part of the district after its creation, the governing bodies of the municipalities of which the district is comprised shall, by resolution, prescribe identical revised boundaries of the apportioned areas no later than September 1 preceding the first spring election at which members of the board of directors are to be elected from the new district. If the governing bodies are unable to reach an agreement concerning an identical apportionment plan by September 1 preceding that spring election, an arbitrator appointed pursuant to sub. (5) (b) 1. shall resolve the dispute no later than November 1 preceding that election.

- 2. If the members of the board of directors are elected pursuant to an apportionment plan, each candidate for member of the board of directors shall state on the face of his or her declaration of candidacy and nomination papers the apportioned area for which the candidate seeks office.
- (c) Each member of the board of directors shall be a resident of the district and, if an apportionment plan for the election of members of the board of directors is used, shall be a resident of the apportioned area for which he or she is elected at the time that the member takes the oath of office. If a member of the board of directors who is elected from an apportioned area ceases to be a resident of that area after the beginning of his or her term of office but continues to be a resident of the district, the member may continue to serve for the remainder of the term for which he or she was elected or appointed.
- (d) The terms of the members of the board of directors shall be 3 years, beginning on the next succeeding first Monday in June, except that the terms of one-third of the initial persons elected or appointed to office shall expire on the first

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Monday in June that is one year following the next succeeding June; the terms of one-third of the initial persons elected or appointed to office shall expire on the first Monday in June that is 2 years following the next succeeding June; and the terms of one-third of the persons elected or appointed to office shall expire on the first Monday in June that is 3 years following the next succeeding June. Members of the board of directors may be removed from office before the expiration of their terms, for cause, as provided under s. 17.13 (3) and may be recalled as provided under s. 9.10. Vacancies in the office of member of the board of directors shall be filled as provided under s. 17.27 (1f).

- (e) The board of directors shall elect from its membership a chairperson, a vice chairperson, a secretary, and a treasurer. A majority of the current membership of the board of directors constitutes a quorum to do business. The district may take action based on the affirmative vote of a majority of those directors who are present at a meeting of the board of directors.
- (f) 1. The board of directors shall appoint a person to serve as clerk of the district. The clerk shall administer the affairs of the district, under the direction of the board of directors. Within 7 days after the appointment of any person to fill a vacancy on the board of directors, the clerk shall notify the person of his or her appointment.
- 2. No later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd Tuesday in January, the clerk shall certify to the county clerk of each county lying wholly or partially within the district the names of candidates who have filed valid nomination papers for member of the board of directors and who are eligible to have their names appear on the ballot under s. 8.30. If any municipality lying wholly or partially within the district prepares its own ballots under s. 7.15 (2) (c), the clerk shall similarly certify the names of

candidates to the municipal clerk. In making these certifications, the clerk shall
designate the form of each candidate's name to appear on the ballot in the manner
prescribed under s. 7.08 (2) (a). If a primary is held for any seat on a board of
directors, the clerk shall certify to the county clerk of each county lying wholly or
partially within the district the names of candidates who have won nomination to the
board of directors and who are eligible to have their names appear on the ballot under
s. 8.30. If any municipality lying wholly or partially within the district prepares its
own ballots under s. 7.15 (2) (c), the clerk shall similarly certify the names of
candidates to the municipal clerk. The clerk shall notify the municipal clerk of each
municipality lying wholly or partially within the district of any district election and
furnish each municipal clerk with a copy of the notice of the district election. If paper
ballots are utilized at a district election, the clerk shall provide each municipal clerk
with an adequate supply of ballots for the election at least 22 days before the election.
The clerk shall issue certificates of election to persons who are elected to the board
of directors after each election in the manner provided under s. 7.53 (4).

- 35 -

- (g) The members of the board of directors shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.
- (h) Upon the election under par. (a) and qualification of a majority of the members of a board of directors, the board of directors may exercise the powers and duties of a board of directors under this subchapter.
 - (i) At its first meeting, the board of directors shall name the district.
- (7) (a) The territory of a municipality may be in only one district. If a city or village whose territory is in one district annexes territory that contains park facilities that are located in a different district, that district shall transfer ownership of the park facilities that are located in the annexed territory to the district whose

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- territory includes the annexing city or village. The park district which receives the annexed territory shall negotiate a settlement agreement with the park district from which the territory was annexed to compensate that park district for the park facilities that are transferred, based on at least all of the following factors:
 - 1. The current value of park facilities that are transferred.
- 2. The amount of money or any other contribution made by the park district for the park facilities that are transferred.
- (b) If the park districts are unable to negotiate a settlement under par. (a) within 60 days after the effective date of the annexation that results in the transfer of territory, the districts shall agree on the selection of an arbitrator who shall decide the settlement amount, and send written notification of his or her decision to all parties, within 30 days after his or her appointment.
- (c) A transfer of ownership under this subsection takes effect on the date on which a settlement is reached or the date on which an arbitrator sends written notification of his or her decision.
- (8) (a) A municipality which is part of a district may withdraw from the district as provided in this subsection if the governing body of the municipality adopts a resolution declaring its intention to withdraw from the district and if the board of directors adopts a resolution approving the municipality's resolution. If a municipality withdraws from a district under this subsection, title to the park facilities that are located in the municipality shall be transferred from the district to the municipality.
- (b) If a municipality adopts a resolution declaring its intention to withdraw from the district and if the board of directors rejects the municipality's resolution, the board of directors shall call a referendum in the municipality for the purpose of

- submitting the municipality's resolution to the electors of the municipality for approval or rejection on the question of whether the municipality should withdraw from the district. The referendum shall be held at the next regular election to be held not earlier than 42 days after the municipality's resolution is rejected by the board of directors.
- (c) If a municipality adopts a resolution declaring its intention to withdraw from the district and if the board of directors approves the resolution or, if the board rejects the resolution but the resolution is approved in the referendum described under par. (b), the district shall dissolve as provided in s. 229.865 if only one municipality remains a part of the district after a municipality withdraws under this subsection. If more than one municipality remains a part of the district after a municipality withdraws, the municipality that withdraws and the board of directors shall negotiate a settlement agreement to compensate that park district for the park facilities that are located in the municipality, based on at least all of the following factors:
 - 1. The current value of park facilities that are transferred.
- 2. The amount of money or any other contribution made by the park district for the park facilities that are transferred.
- 3. The amount of money or any other contribution made by the municipality for the park facilities that are transferred.
- (d) If the municipality and the park district are unable to negotiate a settlement under par. (c) within 60 days after the board of directors approves the resolution under par. (a) or within 60 days after the resolution is approved in the referendum described under par. (b), the municipality and the district shall agree on the selection of an arbitrator who shall decide the settlement amount, and send written

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notification of his or her decision to all parties, within 30 days after his or her appointment. The municipality shall comply with the arbitrator's decision during any court challenge to the decision.

(e) A withdrawal under this subsection takes effect on the date on which a settlement is reached or the date on which an arbitrator sends written notification of his or her decision.

229.862 Jurisdiction and expansion. The initial jurisdiction of a district shall consist of the territory of all of the sponsoring municipalities that have acted under s. 229.861 (1) and (2) and all of the participating municipalities that have acted under s. 229.861 (3) in same year, or within 90 days after the adoption of the first enabling legislation that is described in s. 229.861 (1). The jurisdiction of the district may be expanded to include any other municipality under procedures adopted by the board of directors and consistent with an agreement entered into between the board of directors and the municipality. Under the terms of the agreement, the assets of the municipality to be included in the expanded jurisdiction shall be treated in a substantially similar manner as the assets of all other municipalities in the district. A district's jurisdiction may not be expanded unless the governing body of the municipality to be included in the expanded jurisdiction of the district approves the inclusion of the municipality in the district. Eligible electors of a municipality included in the expanded jurisdiction of a district may vote for members of the board of directors at the first election occurring after the effective date of the expansion at which members of the board of directors are elected.

229.863 Powers of district. A district has all of the powers necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes and provisions of this subchapter. In addition to all other powers granted by this subchapter, a district may do all of the following:

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1	(1) Adopt and alter an official seal.
2	(2) Sue and be sued in its own name, and plead and be impleaded.
3	(3) Maintain an office.
4	(4) In connection with park facilities, consistent with a municipality's
5	comprehensive plan under s. 66.1001 (1) (a):
6	(a) Acquire, develop, equip, maintain, improve, operate, and manage the park
7	facilities.
8	(b) Enter into contracts, subject to such standards as may be established by the
9	board of directors.
10	(c) Grant concessions.
11	(d) Operate recreational facilities or programs.
12	(5) Employ personnel, and fix and regulate their compensation; and provide,
13	either directly or subject to an agreement under s. 66.0301 as a participant in a
14	benefit plan of another municipality, any employee benefits, including an employee
15	pension plan.
16	(6) Purchase insurance, establish and administer a plan of self-insurance, or,
17	subject to an agreement with another political subdivision under s. 66.0301,
18	participate in a governmental plan of insurance or self-insurance.
19	(7) Set standards governing the use of, and the conduct within, its park
20	facilities and recreational facilities in order to promote public safety and convenience
21	and to maintain order.
22	(8) (a) To carry out its functions, levy a tax on the taxable property in the
23	district, as equalized by the department of revenue under s. 70.57. Except as

provided in par. (b), the board of directors shall establish the tax levy rate, subject

to the limitation under s. 229.861 (5) (a) 5. The tax levy shall be applied to the

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respective real property and personal property tax rolls of the city, village, and town included in the district and shall not be included within any limitation on county or municipality taxes. Collected taxes levied under this paragraph shall be paid to the district treasurer.

- (b) In any year, the board of directors may adopt a resolution to establish a tax levy rate that exceeds the tax levy rate limitation under s. 229.861 (5) (a) 5.. except that such a tax levy rate may not take effect until the resolution is approved by a majority of the electors in the district's jurisdiction voting on the resolution at a referendum, to be held at the first spring primary, spring election, September primary, general election, or special election held throughout the district that is held at least 45 days after the date of adoption of the resolution. The question shall be submitted as follows: "The tax levy rate for the tax imposed in [name of the district] for purposes related to park facilities for the year [year] is \$ per \$1,000 of equalized value. The maximum tax levy rate that [name of the district] may impose in any year is \$ per \$1,000 of equalized value. Shall the [name of the district be allowed to exceed this maximum rate limit for [a specified number of years] [an indefinite period] by \$ per \$1,000 of equalized value, resulting in a tax levy rate of \$ per \$1,000 of equalized value?" The clerk of the district shall publish the notices required under s. 10.06 (4) (c), (f), and (i) for any referendum held under this paragraph. Notwithstanding s. 10.06 (4) (c), the type A notice under s. 10.01 (2) (a) relating to the referendum is valid even if given and published late as long as it is given and published prior to the election as early as practicable.
- (9) Accept gifts and other aid, which may be used only for the following purposes:
 - (a) Maintaining the park facilities.

1	(b) Operating the park facilities.
2	(c) Making capital improvements to the park facilities.
3	(10) Administer the receipt of revenues, and oversee the payment of bills or
4	other debts incurred by the district.
5	(11) With regard to the elected members of the board of directors, change any
6	decision imposed by an arbitrator under s. 229.861 (5) (b).
7	(12) Adopt a resolution to impose impact fees under s. 66.0617.
8	(13) Issue debt under ch. 67 only for capital improvements to park facilities.
9	229.864 Powers and duties of, and limitations on, municipalities. (1
10	The number of members of the board of directors specified in s. 229.861 (6) (a) may
11	be changed only by an agreement that is approved unanimously by the governing
12	bodies of each municipality that makes up the jurisdiction of the district.
13	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the governing bodies of each
14	municipality that makes up the jurisdiction of the district may not create a park of
15	expend any funds to support municipal park facilities, impose an impact fee under
16	s. 66.0617 for municipal park facilities, or impose fees in lieu of land dedications
17	under ch. 236 after the imposition of the taxes described under s. 229.863 (8).
18	(3) In addition to any powers that it may otherwise have, a municipality located
19	wholly or partly within a district's jurisdiction may do any of the following:
20	(a) Make loans to a district upon terms that the municipality considers
21	appropriate.
22	(b) Lease or transfer property to a district upon terms that the municipality
23	considers appropriate.
24	229.865 Dissolution of district. Subject to providing for the payment of its

debts, and the performance of its other contractual obligations, a district may be

dissolved by the action of the board of directors. If the district is dissolved, the board
of directors shall certify to the department of revenue that the district is dissolved,
and the property of the district shall be transferred to the municipalities in the
jurisdiction by the board of directors, based on at least all of the following factors:
(1) The current value of park facilities transferred by a municipality to a
district.
(2) The amount of money contributed to the district during its existence by a
municipality under s. 229.864 (2).
(3) The amount of any other contribution made by a municipality to a district,
including any contribution that is made under s. 229.864 (3).

(END)