

State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO 2003 ASSEMBLY BILL 598

January 20, 2004 – Offered by Representatives Gottlieb, Nass, LeMahieu, Stone, Gielow, Lothian, Nischke, Vukmir, Honadel and Kerkman.

AN ACT to amend 111.70 (1) (a), 111.70 (1) (dm), 111.70 (4) (cm) 5s. and 111.70 (4) (m) (title); and to create 111.70 (4) (nm) of the statutes; relating to: permissive subjects of collective bargaining under the Municipal Employment Relations Act.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Currently, under the Municipal Employment Relations Act (MERA), municipal employers and employees must bargain all issues related to wages, hours, and conditions of employment. These issues are referred to as mandatory subjects of collective bargaining. In addition, under MERA, there is a class of issues involving management decisions that the municipal employer is not required to bargain collectively. These issues are referred to as permissive subjects of collective bargaining. This substitute amendment provides that a municipal employer is not required to bargain collectively a decision to contract with any person who is not a municipal employee for the performance of municipal services; to contract with any other municipal employer for the performance of municipal services; or to contract with any other municipal employer is also not required to bargain collectively the impact of any such decision on the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of its municipal employees.

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The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 111.70 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 111.70 (1) (a) "Collective bargaining" means the performance of the mutual 3 obligation of a municipal employer, through its officers and agents, and the 4 representative of its municipal employees in a collective bargaining unit, to meet and $\mathbf{5}$ confer at reasonable times, in good faith, with the intention of reaching an 6 agreement, or to resolve questions arising under such an agreement, with respect to wages, hours and conditions of employment, and with respect to a requirement of the 7 8 municipal employer for a municipal employee to perform law enforcement and fire 9 fighting services under s. 61.66, except as provided in sub. (4) (m) and (nm) and s. 10 40.81 (3) and except that a municipal employer shall not meet and confer with respect 11 to any proposal to diminish or abridge the rights guaranteed to municipal employees 12under ch. 164. The duty to bargain, however, does not compel either party to agree 13to a proposal or require the making of a concession. Collective bargaining includes 14the reduction of any agreement reached to a written and signed document. The 15municipal employer shall not be required to bargain on subjects reserved to 16 management and direction of the governmental unit except insofar as the manner 17of exercise of such functions affects the wages, hours and conditions of employment 18 of the municipal employees in a collective bargaining unit. In creating this 19 subchapter the legislature recognizes that the municipal employer must exercise its 20powers and responsibilities to act for the government and good order of the 21jurisdiction which it serves, its commercial benefit and the health, safety and welfare 2003 – 2004 Legislature

of the public to assure orderly operations and functions within its jurisdiction,
 subject to those rights secured to municipal employees by the constitutions of this
 state and of the United States and by this subchapter.

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SECTION 2. 111.70 (1) (dm) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 111.70 (1) (dm) "Economic issue" means salaries, overtime pay, sick leave, 6 payments in lieu of sick leave usage, vacations, clothing allowances in excess of the 7 actual cost of clothing, length-of-service credit, continuing education credit, shift 8 premium pay, longevity pay, extra duty pay, performance bonuses, health insurance, 9 life insurance, dental insurance, disability insurance, vision insurance, long-term 10 care insurance, worker's compensation and unemployment insurance, social 11 security benefits, vacation pay, holiday pay, lead worker pay, temporary assignment 12pay, retirement contributions, supplemental retirement benefits, severance or other 13 separation pay, hazardous duty pay, certification or license payment, and limitations 14on layoffs that create a new or increased financial liability on the employer and 15contracting or subcontracting of work that would otherwise be performed by municipal employees in the collective bargaining unit with which there is a labor 16 17dispute.

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SECTION 3. 111.70 (4) (cm) 5s. of the statutes is amended to read:

19 111.70 (4) (cm) 5s. 'Issues subject to arbitration.' In a collective bargaining unit 20 consisting of school district professional employees, the municipal employer or the 21 labor organization may petition the commission to determine whether the municipal 22 employer has submitted a qualified economic offer. The commission shall appoint an 23 investigator for that purpose. If the investigator finds that the municipal employer 24 has submitted a qualified economic offer, the investigator shall determine whether 25 a deadlock exists between the parties with respect to all economic issues. If the

municipal employer submits a qualified economic offer applicable to any period 1 $\mathbf{2}$ beginning on or after July 1, 1993, no economic issues are subject to interest 3 arbitration under subd. 6. for that period, except that only the impact of contracting 4 out or subcontracting work that would otherwise be performed by municipal 5 employees in the collective bargaining unit is subject to interest arbitration under 6 subd. 6. In such a collective bargaining unit, economic issues concerning the wages, 7 hours or conditions of employment of the school district professional employees in the 8 unit for any period prior to July 1, 1993, are subject to interest arbitration under 9 subd. 6. for that period. In such a collective bargaining unit, noneconomic issues 10 applicable to any period on or after July 1, 1993, are subject to interest arbitration 11 after the parties have reached agreement and stipulate to agreement on all economic 12issues concerning the wages, hours or conditions of employment of the school district 13 professional employees in the unit for that period. In such a collective bargaining 14unit, if the commission's investigator finds that the municipal employer has 15submitted a qualified economic offer and that a deadlock exists between the parties with respect to all economic issues, the municipal employer may implement the 16 17qualified economic offer. On the 90th day prior to expiration of the period included 18 within the qualified economic offer, if no agreement exists on that day, the parties are 19 deemed to have stipulated to the inclusion in a new or revised collective bargaining 20 agreement of all provisions of any predecessor collective bargaining agreement 21concerning economic issues, or of all provisions of any existing collective bargaining 22agreement concerning economic issues if the parties have reopened negotiations 23under an existing agreement, as modified by the terms of the qualified economic offer $\mathbf{24}$ and as otherwise modified by the parties. In such a collective bargaining unit, on and after that 90th day, a municipal employer that refuses to bargain collectively with 25

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1	respect to the terms of that stipulation, applicable to the 90-day period prior to
2	expiration of the period included within the qualified economic offer, does not violate
-3	sub. (3) (a) 4. Any such unilateral implementation after August 11, 1993, during the
4	90-day period prior to expiration of the period included within a qualified economic
5	offer, operates as a full, final and complete settlement of all economic issues between
6	the parties for the period included within the qualified economic offer. The failure
7	of a labor organization to recognize the validity of such a lawful qualified economic
8	offer does not affect the obligation of the municipal employer to submit economic
9	issues to arbitration under subd. 6.
10	SECTION 4. 111.70 (4) (m) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	111.70 (4) (m) (title) Prohibited subjects of bargaining; school districts.
12	SECTION 5. 111.70 (4) (nm) of the statutes is created to read:
13	111.70 (4) (nm) Permissive subjects of bargaining; all municipal employers. A
14	municipal employer is not required to bargain collectively a decision to contract with
15	any person who is not a municipal employee for the performance of municipal
16	services; to contract with any other municipal employer for the performance of
17	municipal services; or to contract with any other municipal employer to consolidate
18	municipal services or units of government. A municipal employer is also not required
19	to bargain collectively the impact of any such decision on the wages, hours, and
20	conditions of employment of its municipal employees.
21	SECTION 6. Initial applicability.

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(1) This act first applies to collective bargaining agreements under subchapter
IV of chapter 111 for which a notice of commencement of contract negotiations has
been filed by either party on the effective date of this subsection.

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(END)