

State of Mizconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

## ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO 2003 ASSEMBLY BILL 843

February 23, 2004 – Offered by Representative JENSEN.

1 AN ACT to renumber and amend 201.01 (3); and to create 73.13, 196.027 and 2 201.01 (3) (e) of the statutes; relating to: the issuance of debt by natural gas 3 and electric public utilities to finance certain environmental activities.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

4 **SECTION 1.** 73.13 of the statutes is created to read:

5 **73.13 Environmental trust bonds.** The department of revenue shall not 6 consider the acquisition, ownership, or disposition of any direct interest in an 7 environmental trust bond, as defined in s. 196.027 (1) (j), for the purpose of 8 determining whether a person has nexus with this state for tax purposes.

- 9 **SECTION 2.** 196.027 of the statutes is created to read:
- 10 **196.027 Environmental trust financing. (1)** DEFINITIONS. In this section:

(a) "Ancillary agreement" means any bond insurance policy or other financial
 arrangement entered into in connection with the issuance of environmental trust
 bonds.

- 2 -

4 (b) "Assignee" means any person to which an interest in environmental control
5 property is sold, assigned, transferred, or conveyed and any successor to such a
6 person.

7 (c) "Energy utility" means a public utility engaged in the transmission,
8 delivery, or furnishing of natural gas by means of pipes or mains or of heat, light, or
9 power.

(d) "Environmental control activity" means any of the following:

The construction, installation, or otherwise putting into place
 environmental control equipment in connection with an energy utility plant that,
 before the effective date of this subdivision .... [revisor inserts date], has been used
 to provide service to customers.

The retiring of any existing plant, facility, or other property to reduce,
 control, or eliminate environmental pollution in accordance with federal or state law.
 (e) "Environmental control charge" means a charge paid by customers of an
 energy utility or its successors for the energy utility to recover environmental control

19 costs and financing costs.

10

(f) "Environmental control cost" means capital cost, including capitalized cost relating to regulatory assets, incurred or expected to be incurred by an energy utility in undertaking an environmental control activity and, with respect to an environmental control activity described in par. (d) 2., includes the unrecovered value of property that is retired, including any demolition or similar cost that exceeds the salvage value of the property. "Environmental control cost" does not include any

1 monetary penalty, fine, or forfeiture assessed against an energy utility by a 2 government agency or court under a federal or state environmental statute, rule, or 3 regulation.

- 3 -

(g) "Environmental control equipment" means any device, equipment,
structure, process, facility, or technology, owned or controlled by an energy utility,
that is designed for the primary purpose of preventing, reducing, or remediating
environmental pollution.



(h) "Environmental control property" means all of the following:

9 1. The right specified in a financing order to impose, collect, or receive 10 environmental control charges, or to obtain adjustments to such charges as provided 11 in this section, and any interest in such right.

12 2. All revenues and proceeds arising from the right and interests specified in13 subd. 1.

(i) "Environmental pollution" means the contamination or rendering unclean
or impure of the air, land, or waters of the state, or the making of the same injurious
to public health, harmful for commercial or recreational use, or deleterious to fish,
bird, animal, or plant life.

(j) "Environmental trust bonds" means bonds, debentures, notes, certificates
of participation, certificates of beneficial interest, certificates of ownership, or other
evidences of indebtedness that are issued by an energy utility or an assignee, the
proceeds of which are used directly or indirectly to recover, finance, or refinance
environmental control costs and financing costs, and that are secured by or payable
from environmental control property.

24

(k) "Financing cost" means any of the following:

1. Interest and redemption premiums, that are payable on environmental trust
 bonds.

- 4 -

- 3 2. A payment required under an ancillary agreement, including any amount
  4 required to fund a reserve account.
- 5 3. The cost of retiring or refunding an energy utility's existing debt and equity 6 securities in connection with the issuance of environmental trust bonds, but only to 7 the extent the securities were issued for the purpose of financing environmental 8 control costs.
- 9 4. Any other reasonable cost related to issuing and servicing environmental
  10 trust bonds, including servicing fees, trustee fees, legal fees, administrative fees,
  11 placement fees, capitalized interest, and rating agency fees.
- 12 5. Any taxes and license fees imposed on the revenues generated from the13 collection of environmental control charges.
- (L) "Financing order" means an order under sub. (2) that allows for the issuance
  of environmental trust bonds, the collection of environmental control charges, and
  the creation of environmental control property.
- (2) FINANCING ORDERS. (a) *Applications*. An energy utility may apply to the
  commission for a financing order. In addition to any other information required by
  the commission, an energy utility shall do all of the following in an application:
- 1. Describe the environmental control activities that the energy utility proposes to undertake, indicate whether the energy utility's electric, natural gas, or steam service is associated with the activities, and describe the reasons for undertaking the activities.
- 24 2. Estimate the environmental control costs of the activities described under25 subd. 1.

1 3. Indicate whether the energy utility proposes to finance all or a portion of the  $\mathbf{2}$ costs estimated under subd. 2. with environmental trust bonds. If the energy utility 3 proposes to finance a portion of the costs, the energy utility shall identify that portion in the application. 4  $\mathbf{5}$ 4. Estimate the financing costs of the environmental trust bonds proposed 6 under subd. 3. 7 5. Estimate the environmental control charges necessary to recover the 8 environmental control costs and financing costs estimated in the application and 9 indicate whether the environmental control charges are proposed for the energy 10 utility's electric, natural gas, or steam service. 11 6. Estimate any cost savings to customers resulting from financing environmental control costs with environmental trust bonds as opposed to 12 alternative financing methods. 13 14 (b) Commission powers and duties. 1. No later than 120 days after receiving

an application under par. (a), the commission shall, after a hearing, issue a financing
order or an order rejecting the application. The commission may issue a financing
order if the commission finds all of the following:

a. That the order will result in lower overall costs to customers than would
alternative methods of financing environmental control activities.

b. That the proposed structuring and pricing of the environmental trust bonds
will result in the lowest environmental control charges that are consistent with
market conditions and the terms of the financing order.

c. That the financing order is otherwise consistent with the public interest, and
is prudent, reasonable, and appropriate.

- 5 -

- 1 2. In a financing order issued to an energy utility, the commission shall do all of the following:  $\mathbf{2}$
- 3

a. Except as provided in subds. 2. c. and 4., specify the amount of environmental 4 control costs and financing costs that may be recovered through environmental 5 control charges and the period over which such costs may be recovered.

- 6 -

6 b. For the period specified in subd. 2. a. require that, as long as any customer 7 obtains distribution service from the energy utility or its successors, the customer 8 shall pay environmental control charges to the energy utility or its assignees 9 regardless of whether the customer obtains other service from a different energy 10 utility or other energy supplier.

11 c. Include a formula for making any adjustments in the environmental control charges that customers are required to pay under the order and making any 12adjustments that are necessary to correct for any overcollection or undercollection 1314 of the charges or to otherwise ensure the energy utility's or assignee's timely recovery 15of environmental control costs and financing costs.

16 d. Specify the environmental control property that is created and that may be 17used to pay or secure environmental trust bonds.

18 e. If considered appropriate by the commission, include a provision allowing for 19 the retirement of environmental trust bonds before their termination dates.

20f. Include any other conditions that the commission considers appropriate and 21that are not otherwise inconsistent with this section.

223. A financing order issued to an energy utility may provide that the energy 23utility's acquisition of environmental control property specified in subd. 2. d. is conditioned upon, and shall be simultaneous with, the sale of the environmental 24

control property to an assignee and the pledge of the environmental control property
 to secure environmental trust bonds.

-7-

\_

4. a. If the commission issues a financing order, the commission shall apply, at
least annually, the formula specified in subd. 2. c. and, based on reasonable estimates
of demand and other mathematical factors, make the adjustments described in subd.
2. c. The commission shall make the adjustments within 45 days of the anniversary
date on which environmental trust bonds are issued and after expiration of the
comment period described in subd. 4. b.

b. The commission may not hold a hearing for the purpose of making an
adjustment under subd. 4. a., but shall allow interested parties 30 days to make
comments limited to the appropriate amount of any overcollection or undercollection
of environmental control charges and the appropriate amount of an adjustment.

5. Except as provided in subds. 2. c. and 4., a financing order is irrevocable and
the commission may not reduce, impair, or otherwise adjust environmental control
charges approved in the order.

16 (c) Subsequent orders. The commission may commence a proceeding and issue 17 a subsequent financing order that provides for retiring or refunding environmental 18 trust bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order if the commission 19 included a provision described in par. (b) 2. e. in the original financing order and if 20 the commission finds that the subsequent financing order satisfies all of the criteria 21 specified in par. (b) 1. a., b., and c.

(d) Judicial review. A financing order or an order rejecting an application
under par. (b) 1. is reviewable by the circuit court for Dane County under ch. 227,
except that the court shall proceed to hear and determine the action as expeditiously

1 as practicable and give the action precedence over other matters not accorded similar 2 precedence by law.

- 8 -

3 (e) Effect of orders. 1. A financing order shall remain in effect until the 4 environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order have been paid in full and 5 the financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full.

6

2. A financing order issued to an energy utility shall remain in effect and 7 unabated notwithstanding the bankruptcy of the energy utility.

8 3. An application by an energy utility for a financing order and commission 9 approval of a financing order are in addition to and do not replace or supercede any 10 other review or approval by the commission under this chapter that may be required 11 or allowed for environmental control activities.

12(3) EXCEPTIONS TO COMMISSION JURISDICTION. (a) If the commission issues a 13 financing order to an energy utility, the commission may not, in exercising its powers 14and carrying out its duties regarding rate making, consider the environmental trust 15bonds issued pursuant to the order to be the debt of the energy utility, the environmental control charges paid under the order to be the revenue of the energy 16 17utility, or the environmental control costs or financing costs specified in the order to 18 be the costs of the energy utility, nor may the commission determine that any action taken by an energy utility that is consistent with the order is unjust or unreasonable. 19 20 Nothing in this paragraph affects the authority of the commission to adjust or reduce 21an energy utility's revenue requirements under sub. (4) (a).

22(b) If an energy utility has not made an application under sub. (2) (a), the 23commission may not order or otherwise require the energy utility to use  $\mathbf{24}$ environmental trust bonds to finance any project, addition, plant, facility, extension, capital improvement, environmental control equipment, or any other expenditure. 25

1 (4) ENERGY UTILITY DUTIES. (a) An energy utility shall place the proceeds of any  $\mathbf{2}$ environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing order in a separate 3 account. An energy utility may use the proceeds only for paying environmental 4 control costs and financing costs that are prudent, reasonable, and appropriate, and 5only if the energy utility has applied for and obtained all approvals from the 6 commission under this chapter that are required for the environmental control 7 activities for which the environmental control costs are incurred or expected to be 8 If the commission finds that the proceeds have been used for incurred. 9 environmental control costs or financing costs that are not prudent, reasonable, or 10 appropriate, the commission may adjust or reduce the energy utility's revenue 11 requirements in connection with charges other than environmental control charges 12for the purpose of ensuring that the energy utility's customers do not pay for such 13 costs.

(b) An energy utility shall annually provide to its customers a concise
explanation of the environmental control charges approved in a financing order
issued to the energy utility. The explanation may be made by bill inserts, Web site
information, or other appropriate means.

(c) The failure of an energy utility to comply with this subsection shall not
invalidate, impair, or affect any financing order, environmental control property,
environmental control charge, or environmental control bonds.

(5) ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL PROPERTY. (a) In general. 1. Environmental control property that is specified in a financing order shall constitute a present property right notwithstanding that the imposition and collection of environmental control charges depend on the energy utility to which the order is issued performing its servicing functions relating to the collection of environmental control charges and

- 9 -

2003 – 2004 Legislature - 10 -

1 on future energy consumption. Such property is considered to exist whether or not 2 the revenues or proceeds arising from the property have accrued and whether or not 3 the value of the property is dependent on the receipt of service by customers of an 4 energy utility.

5

2. Environmental control property specified in a financing order shall continue 6 to exist until the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order are paid 7 in full and all financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full.

- 8 3. Environmental control property specified in a financing order issued to an 9 energy utility may be transferred, sold, conveyed, or assigned to any person, 10 including an affiliate of the energy utility created for the limited purpose of 11 facilitating or administering environmental control property or environmental 12control trust bonds under the financing order and not including any other affiliate 13 of the energy utility. Environmental control property may be pledged to secure 14environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order. Each such transfer, sale, 15conveyance, assignment, or pledge by an energy utility or affiliate of an energy utility 16 is considered to be a transaction in the ordinary course of business.
- 174. If an energy utility defaults on any required payment of revenues arising from environmental control property specified in a financing order, a court, upon 18 application by an interested party, and without limiting any other remedies 19 20 available to the applying party, shall order the sequestration and payment of the 21revenues. Any such order shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding any 22bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to the 23energy utility.

 $\mathbf{24}$ 5. The interest of an assignee or pledgee in environmental control property specified in a financing order issued to an energy utility, and in the revenue and 25

collections arising from that property, are not subject to setoff, counterclaim,
 surcharge, or defense by the energy utility or any other person or in connection with
 the bankruptcy of the energy utility or any other entity.

4 6. Any successor to an energy utility, whether pursuant to any bankruptcy,  $\mathbf{5}$ reorganization, or other insolvency proceeding, or pursuant to any merger or 6 acquisition, sale, or transfer by operation of law, as a result of energy utility 7 restructuring or otherwise, shall perform and satisfy all obligations of, and have the 8 same rights under a financing order as, the energy utility under the financing order 9 in the same manner and to the same extent as the energy utility including collecting 10 and paying to the person entitled to receive them revenues with respect to the 11 environmental control property.

(b) Security interests. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the
creation, perfection, and enforcement of security interests in environmental control
property to secure environmental trust bonds are governed by ch. 409.
Notwithstanding ch. 409, with regard to creating, perfecting, and enforcing a valid
security interest in environmental control property to secure environmental trust
bonds, all of the following apply:

The description of environmental control property in a security agreement
 is sufficient if the description refers to this section and the financing order creating
 the environmental control property.

21 2. A security interest is created, valid, binding, and perfected at the time a 22 security agreement is made and attaches without any physical delivery of collateral 23 or other act, and the lien of such security interest shall be valid, binding, and 24 perfected against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise 25 against the person granting the security interest, regardless of whether such parties

- 11 -

have notice of the lien. The filing or recording of a financial statement or instrument 1 2 in which such a security interest is created is not required. 3 3. A security interest in environmental control property is a continuously 4 perfected security interest and has priority over any other lien created by operation 5 of law or otherwise, which subsequently attaches to the environmental control 6 property. 7 4. The priority of a security interest created under this paragraph is not 8 affected by the commingling of proceeds arising from environmental control property 9 with other amounts. 10 5. Any changes that the commission makes to a financing order that creates 11 the environmental control property does not affect the validity, perfection, or priority of a security interest in the environmental control property. 1213 (c) Sales. The sale, assignment, and transfer of environmental control property 14are governed by this paragraph. All of the following apply to a sale, assignment, or 15transfer under this paragraph: 16 1. The sale, assignment, or transfer is an absolute transfer of, and not a pledge 17of or secured transaction relating to, the seller's right, title, and interest in, to, and under the environmental control property, if the documents governing the 18 19 transaction expressly state that the transaction is a sale or other absolute transfer. 20 After such a transaction, the environmental control property is not subject to any 21claims of the seller or the seller's creditors, other than creditors holding a prior 22security interest in the environmental control property perfected under par. (b). 232. The characterization of the sale, assignment, or transfer as an absolute  $\mathbf{24}$ transfer under subd. 1. and the corresponding characterization of the purchaser's 25property interest is not affected by any of the following factors:

2003 – 2004 Legislature – 13 –

1	a. Commingling of amounts arising with respect to the environmental control
2	property with other amounts.
3	b. The retention by the seller of a partial or residual interest, including an
4	equity interest, in the environmental control property, whether direct or indirect, or
5	whether subordinate or otherwise.
6	c. Any recourse that the purchaser may have against the seller.
7	d. Any indemnifications, obligations, or repurchase rights made or provided by
8	the seller.
9	e. The responsibility of the seller to collect environmental control charges.
10	f. The treatment of the sale, assignment, or transfer for tax, financial reporting,
11	or other purposes.
12	(6) ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST BONDS NOT PUBLIC DEBT. The state is not liable on
13	environmental trust bonds and the bonds are not a debt of the state. An issue of
14	environmental trust bonds does not, directly or indirectly or contingently, obligate
15	the state or a political subdivision of the state to levy any tax or make any
16	appropriation for payment of the bonds.
17	(7) Environmental trust bonds as legal investments. Any of the following
18	may legally invest any sinking funds, moneys, or other funds belonging to them or
19	under their control in environmental trust bonds:
20	(a) The state, the investment board, municipal corporations, political
21	subdivisions, public bodies, and public officers except for members of the public
22	service commission.
23	(b) Banks and bankers, savings and loan associations, credit unions, trust
24	companies, savings banks and institutions, investment companies, insurance

2003 – 2004 Legislature – 14 –

companies, insurance associations, and other persons carrying on a banking or
 insurance business.

(c) Personal representatives, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries.

4 (8) STATE PLEDGE. (a) In this subsection, "bondholder" means a person who

5 holds an environmental trust bond.

3

6 (b) The state pledges to and agrees with bondholders that the state will not do 7 any of the following:

8 1. Take or permit any action that impairs the value of environmental control9 property.

Except as allowed under this section, reduce, alter, or impair environmental
 control charges that are imposed, collected, and remitted for the benefit of the
 bondholders until any principal, interest, premium, or other charge incurred, or
 contract to be performed, in connection with environmental trust bonds held by the
 bondholders are paid or performed in full.

(c) Any person who issues environmental trust bonds is allowed to include the
pledge specified in par. (b) in the bonds and relating documentation.

(9) CONFLICTS. In the event of conflict between this section and any other law
regarding the attachment, assignment, or perfection, or the effect of perfection, or
priority of any security interest in environmental control property, this section to the
extent of the conflict shall govern.

(10) EFFECT OF INVALIDITY ON ACTIONS. Effective on the date that environmental
trust bonds are first issued under this section, if any provision of this section is held
to be invalid or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, repealed, or expires for any
reason, that occurrence shall not affect any action allowed under this section that is

1	taken by an energy utility, an assignee, a collection agent, or a party to a transaction
2	and any such action shall remain in full force and effect.
3	SECTION 3. 201.01 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 201.01 (3) (intro.) and
4	amended to read:
5	201.01 (3) (intro.) "Securities" means capital stock and evidences of
6	indebtedness of a public service corporation, <del>not including, however, (a) any</del> <u>but do</u>
7	not include any of the following:
8	(a) Any obligation of a public service corporation which is not a public utility
9	as defined in the federal <del>power act</del> <u>Power Act</u> , falling due one year or less after its
10	date and bearing date not later than the day of sale <del>; or (b) any.</del>
11	(b) Any evidence of indebtedness of a public service corporation which is a
12	public utility as defined in the federal <del>power act</del> <u>Power Act</u> , the issuance, renewal or
13	assumption of which is exempt from sec. section 204 (a) of the federal power act
14	<u>Power Act</u> by the provisions of sec. <u>section</u> 204 (e) thereof <del>; or (c) any.</del>
15	(c) Any obligation issued to the United States of America in connection with
16	loans for rural telecommunications facilities made pursuant to the <del>rural</del>
17	electrification act <u>Rural Electrification Act</u> of 1936, as amended <del>, or (d) any.</del>
18	(d) Any securities issued by a corporation organized under ch. 185 for the
19	purpose of furnishing telecommunications service in rural areas.
20	<b>SECTION 4.</b> 201.01 (3) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
21	201.01 (3) (e) Any environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing
22	order of the commission under s. 196.027 (2).
23	(END)