

State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

## ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO 2007 ASSEMBLY BILL 446

September 6, 2007 – Offered by Representative HINES.

1 AN ACT to repeal 174.12 (6); to renumber and amend 174.12 (2); to amend

2 174.09 (1), 174.09 (2), 174.09 (3), 174.11 (1), 174.11 (2) (b), 174.11 (3) and 174.12

3 (1); and *to create* 174.09 (1m) of the statutes; **relating to:** reimbursement for

4 damages caused by dogs and the use of funds derived from the licensing of dogs.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, the owner of a farm animal, dog, or cat that was injured or killed by another person's dog may, within three days of becoming aware of the incident, file a claim with the city, village, or town in which the incident occurred. The city, village, or town is required to investigate the claim and provide a report on the investigation to the county clerk. The county clerk submits the claim and the report to the county board and the county board decides whether to make a payment to the owner as compensation for the injury or death of the animal. If there is no money in the dog license fund, described below, the county is not required to make any payment. If the county makes a payment, it may sue the owner of the dog for the amount of damages that the dog caused.

Under this substitute amendment the owner of a farm animal, dog, or cat that was injured or killed by another person's dog may make a claim for the damage if the owner files the claim within five business days, rather than three days, of becoming aware of the incident. Current law requires a person who owns a dog to have the dog licensed. The statutes establish a minimum fee for a dog license but authorize higher fees to be charged by municipalities and counties. The dog license fees are collected by municipalities. A municipality keeps any amount of the fee that it imposes above the minimum and pays the rest to the county. The law requires the county to pay 5 percent of the minimum dog license fee to the state and to keep the remainder of the fee in a separate dog license fund. The county may use the dog license fund for administering the dog license law and for the expenses of a pound for dogs run by the county or a humane society. The law also authorizes a county to use any remaining money in the dog license fund to pay claims for damages caused by dogs to farm animals, dogs, or cats.

This substitute amendment requires a county to place into a separate dog damage reimbursement fund 25 percent of the dog license fees that remain after making the required 5 percent payment to the state. This fund may be used only to pay claims by persons whose farm animals, dogs, or cats are injured by dogs, except that on March 1 any funds from fees paid for dog licenses for the previous year that have not been used to pay dog damage claims may be returned to the dog license fund and used for the purposes allowed under current law.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 174.09 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 174.09 (1) Except as provided in sub. (3), the The dog license taxes so paid to 3 the county treasurer or intergovernmental commission under s. 174.08 shall be kept 4 placed in a separate account and shall to be known as the "dog license fund" and shall be appropriated and disbursed for the purposes and in the manner following: Within  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 30 days after receipt of the same, the provided in this section. The county treasurer 7 or intergovernmental commission shall pay into the state treasury 5% 5 percent of 8 the minimum tax as provided for under s. 174.05 (2) of all dog license taxes which 9 shall have been that are received by the county treasurer or intergovernmental 10 commission, within 30 days after their receipt. The county treasurer or intergovernmental commission shall place 25 percent of the remainder of the dog 11

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## license taxes into a separate account to be known as the dog damage reimbursement fund.

**SECTION 2.** 174.09 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

4 174.09 (1m) A county or an intergovernmental commission may use the dog 5 damage reimbursement fund only to pay claims allowed by the county or 6 intergovernmental commission under s. 174.11 to the owners of domestic animals 7 because of damages done by dogs, except that on March 1 of the year following the 8 license year for which dog license taxes were paid, the county or intergovernmental 9 commission may transfer any amount remaining in the dog damage reimbursement 10 fund from that license year to the dog license fund.

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**SECTION 3.** 174.09 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

12174.09 (2) Except as provided in sub. (3), expenses necessarily incurred by the 13 county in purchasing and providing books, forms, and other supplies required in 14administering the dog license law, expenses incurred by the county under s. 95.21 (4) 15(b) and (8) and expenses incurred by the county pound or by a humane society or other 16 organization designated to provide a pound for collecting, caring for, and disposing 17of dogs may be paid out of the dog license fund. The amount remaining in the fund 18 after deducting these expenses shall be available for and may be used as far as 19 necessary for paying claims allowed by the county to the owners of domestic animals 20 because of damages done by dogs during the license year for which the taxes were 21paid. Any surplus in excess of \$1,000 which may remain from the dog license taxes 22 of any license year shall on March 1 of the succeeding year be paid by the county 23treasurer to the county humane society or other organization designated by the 24county board to provide a pound. If there is no humane society or other organization designated to provide a pound, these funds shall be paid to the towns, villages, and 25

cities of the county for their use in the proportion in which the towns, villages, and 1 2 cities contributed to the fund out of which the surplus arises. 3 **SECTION 4.** 174.09 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 174.09 (3) In a county in which an agreement under s. 174.10 (2) is in effect, 5 the intergovernmental commission shall maintain the dog license fund, consisting 6 of the dog license taxes. The intergovernmental commission shall pay 5% of the 7 minimum dog license tax provided for under s. 174.05 (2) to the department and shall expend the remainder of the dog license fund for the purposes of administering the 8 9 dog license law, providing a pound for dogs, and paying claims allowed under s. 10 174.11. If on March 1 there is remaining in the dog license fund a surplus from the 11 dog license taxes of the previous license year that exceeds 5% of the dog license taxes 12collected in that license year, the intergovernmental commission shall return the 13 excess to the towns, villages, and cities of the county in the proportion in which the 14towns, villages, and cities contributed to the fund in that license year. 15**SECTION 5.** 174.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 174.11 (1) The owner of any domestic animal, including a ranch mink, when 17it is proven that a dog forcibly entered an enclosure in which the mink was kept, 18 which is attacked, chased, injured, or killed by a dog may, within 3 5 business days after the owner has knowledge or notice thereof, file a written claim for damages with 19 20 the clerk of the town, village, or city in which the damage occurred or, if it occurred 21in a town or village, with the chairperson of such the town or the president of such 22The form of the claim may be prescribed by the department of the village. 23agriculture, trade and consumer protection. Upon presentation of a claim the  $\mathbf{24}$ supervisors of the town, the board of trustees of the village, or the common council of the city, or a committee appointed for that purpose by the supervisors, the board 25

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of trustees, or the common council shall promptly investigate the claim and may subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, and take testimony relative to the claim and shall within 30 days after the filing of the claim make, certify, and return to the county clerk or, in a county in which an agreement under s. 174.10 (2) is in effect, to the intergovernmental commission the claim, a report of the investigation, the testimony taken, and the amount of damages suffered by the owner of the domestic animal.

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**SECTION 6.** 174.11 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 174.11(2) (b) Except as provided in par. (c), the county clerk shall submit to the 10 county board at its first meeting, following the receipt of any such claim under sub. 11 (1), all claims filed and reported, and the claims shall be acted upon and determined by the county board as other claims are determined and acted upon. Except as 12provided in par. (c), the amount of damages filed and reported to the county clerk 1314 shall be prima facie proof of the actual damages sustained, but evidence may be 15taken before the county board relative to the claims as in other cases, and appeals from the action of the county board shall lie as in other cases. A county or an 16 17intergovernmental commission may not allow any claim on account of damages done 18 by a dog, unless the claimant furnishes satisfactory proof that the damage was not 19 done in whole or in part by any dog owned, kept, or harbored by the claimant.

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20 **SECTION 7.** 174.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

174.11 (3) The claims shall be solely against the <u>dog damage reimbursement</u>
<u>fund and the</u> dog license fund and shall create no other liability on the part of the
county.

24 **SECTION 8.** 174.12 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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174.12 (1) The allowance by a county of any claim for damages done by dogs 1 2 constitutes an assignment to the county of the cause of the action of the claimant for 3 which the claim is filed, and the county may sue and recover from the owner of the 4 dog or dogs doing the damages the full amount thereof and which shall not be limited to the sum paid the claimant by the county. The allowance under s. 174.11 (2) (c) by 5 6 an intergovernmental commission of any claim for damages done by dogs constitutes 7 an assignment to the intergovernmental commission of the cause of the action of the 8 claimant for which the claim is filed, and the intergovernmental commission may sue 9 and recover from the owner of the dog or dogs doing the damages the full amount 10 thereof and which shall not be limited to the sum paid the claimant by the 11 intergovernmental commission. Before any claim shall be allowed by a county or an 12intergovernmental commission on account of damages done by dogs, the claimant 13 shall furnish satisfactory proof that the damage was not done in whole or in part by 14any dog owned, kept, or harbored by the claimant. A county or an intergovernmental 15commission that recovers money from the owner of a dog under this subsection shall place the amount recovered, up to the amount paid the claimant, into the dog damage 16 17reimbursement fund. 18 SECTION 9. 174.12 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 174.11 (3m) and amended to read:

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20 174.11 (3m) No claim shall be allowed by Except as provided under sub. (5), 21a county board or an intergovernmental commission may not allow a claim under this 22section at less than the amount so certified and reported under sub. (1), unless the 23claimant shall is first be notified that such action is contemplated and shall have  $\mathbf{24}$ been is given a reasonable opportunity to be heard and to offer further evidence in support of the claimant's claim. 25

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<b>SECTION 10.</b>	174.12 (6) of the	statutes is a	repealed.
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