

## ADMINISTRATIVE RULES Fiscal Estimate & Economic Impact Analysis

<p>1. Type of Estimate and Analysis <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original   <input type="checkbox"/> Updated   <input type="checkbox"/> Corrected</p>	<p>2. Date September 23, 2021</p>
<p>3. Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number (and Clearinghouse Number if applicable) PSY 1, 2, and 4</p>	
<p>4. Subject Legislative Update</p>	
<p>5. Fund Sources Affected <input type="checkbox"/> GPR   <input type="checkbox"/> FED   <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRO   <input type="checkbox"/> PRS   <input type="checkbox"/> SEG   <input type="checkbox"/> SEG-S</p>	<p>6. Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected 20.165(1)(g)</p>
<p>7. Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule <input type="checkbox"/> No Fiscal Effect   <input type="checkbox"/> Increase Existing Revenues   <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Increase Costs   <input type="checkbox"/> Decrease Costs <input type="checkbox"/> Indeterminate   <input type="checkbox"/> Decrease Existing Revenues   <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget</p>	
<p>8. The Rule Will Impact the Following (Check All That Apply) <input type="checkbox"/> State's Economy   <input type="checkbox"/> Specific Businesses/Sectors <input type="checkbox"/> Local Government Units   <input type="checkbox"/> Public Utility Rate Payers <input type="checkbox"/> Small Businesses <b>(if checked, complete Attachment A)</b></p>	
<p>9. Estimate of Implementation and Compliance to Businesses, Local Governmental Units and Individuals, per s. 227.137(3)(b)(1). \$0</p>	
<p>10. Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Businesses, Local Governmental Units and Individuals Be \$10 Million or more Over Any 2-year Period, per s. 227.137(3)(b)(2)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes   <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No</p>	
<p>11. Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule The Psychology Examining Board is updating the rules governing the practice of psychology based upon passage of 2021 Wisconsin Act 22. Act 22 creates requirements for a new interim psychologist license; modifies the conditions for the supervised psychological experience requirement; and clarifies the terms of temporary practice for out of state providers. This revision also includes a comprehensive review that updates and creates several definitions within chapter Psy 1 in order to comply with current standards of practice; and implements the reciprocal credential requirements for service members, former service members, and their spouses in accordance to 2019 Wisconsin Act 143.</p>	
<p>12. Summary of the Businesses, Business Sectors, Associations Representing Business, Local Governmental Units, and Individuals that may be Affected by the Proposed Rule that were Contacted for Comments. N/A</p>	
<p>13. Identify the Local Governmental Units that Participated in the Development of this EIA. N/A</p>	
<p>14. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred) No economic or fiscal impacts are anticipated for specific businesses, business sectors, public utility rate payers, local governmental units, or the state's economy as a whole. A total of \$1,987.55 in one time costs are anticipated to be absorbed within the operating budget of the Department of Safety and Professional Services.</p>	
<p>15. Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule The benefit of implementing the rule is that Psychology rules will be brought into compliance with statutory requirements recently enacted by the state legislature. The alternative to implementing the rule is that the psychologist rules will be out of compliance with State Statutes.</p>	
<p>16. Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule</p>	

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The long range implications of implementing the rule is that Psychology rules will be brought into compliance with statutory requirements recently enacted by the state legislature.

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17. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government

The Federal Government does not regulate the licensing of psychologists.

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18. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota)

Illinois:

The Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation licenses clinical psychologists and prescribing psychologists. In order to be licensed as a clinical psychologist, an applicant has to be a graduate of a doctoral program in clinical, school or counseling psychology accredited by the American Psychological Association or approved by the National Register of Health Service Psychologists; or be a graduate of a doctoral program whose content is found equivalent by the board. Additionally, applicants have to complete two years of supervised clinical, school or counseling psychology experience, which has to be divided between one year of no less than 1,750 hours in an internship, and one year of postdoctoral supervision. [225 ILCS 15/10]

Illinois does not have interim or training psychologist licenses.

Iowa:

The Iowa Board of Psychology is in the Bureau of Professional Licensure in the Department of Public Health. Iowa licenses permanent, provisional, and health service provider psychologists. The requirements for permanent psychologist include evidence of graduation from a doctorate level psychology program or its equivalent and a minimum of 1,500 hours of supervised professional experience in no less than ten months. [645 IAC 240.3] [645 IAC 240.6]

The requirements for provisional psychologist licensure include evidence of graduation from a doctorate level psychology program and a supervised plan signed by the potential supervisor. This license is effective for two years and may be renewed one time for an additional two years. [645 IAC 240.12]

Michigan:

The Michigan Board of Psychology is in the Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs. Michigan licenses master's limited permanent and temporary psychologists; doctoral educational limited permanent and temporary psychologists; and psychologists. In order to obtain a psychologist license, an applicant needs to have been granted a doctoral degree in psychology or its equivalent and have no less than one year of postdoctoral experience in the practice of psychology. The Board may grant a temporary license for the purpose of completing the one year of supervised experience. These temporary licenses are only valid for 24 months and can only be renewed once for an additional 24 months. [MCL 333.18223]

Minnesota:

The Minnesota Board of Psychology licenses Master and Doctoral level psychologists. In order to become a doctoral level psychologist, applicants must earn a doctoral degree in psychology and complete at least one full year or the equivalent in part time of postdoctoral supervised psychological experience in no less than 12 months and no more than 60 months. [MN Stats. 148.907 Subd. 2]

Minnesota has a guest licensure option for applicants who are licensed in another state and would like to start practicing while their permanent license is in process. In order to obtain this license, an applicant must have an unencumbered license to practice psychology in another state, hold a doctoral degree, and pass a professional responsibility examination designated by the board. This license is valid for one year or until the board either issues or denies the permanent license. Guest licenses can be renewed annually until the board has made a determination about the applicant's permanent licensure. [MN Stats. 148.916]

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19. Contact Name

Sofia Anderson

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20. Contact Phone Number

608-266-4463

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**ATTACHMENT A**

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1. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Small Businesses (Separately for each Small Business Sector, Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)

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2. Summary of the data sources used to measure the Rule's impact on Small Businesses

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3. Did the agency consider the following methods to reduce the impact of the Rule on Small Businesses?

- Less Stringent Compliance or Reporting Requirements
- Less Stringent Schedules or Deadlines for Compliance or Reporting
- Consolidation or Simplification of Reporting Requirements
- Establishment of performance standards in lieu of Design or Operational Standards
- Exemption of Small Businesses from some or all requirements
- Other, describe:

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4. Describe the methods incorporated into the Rule that will reduce its impact on Small Businesses

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5. Describe the Rule's Enforcement Provisions

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6. Did the Agency prepare a Cost Benefit Analysis (if Yes, attach to form)

- Yes    No
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