State of Wisconsin Department of Children and Families

Child Care Subsidy Provider Fees

EMERGENCY RULE

Chapter DCF 201

The statement of scope for this rule, SS 002-23, was approved by the governor on December 22, 2022, published in Register 805A1, on January 3, 2023, and approved by Secretary Emilie Amundson on January 23, 2023. This emergency rule was approved by the Governor on September 14, 2023.

The Wisconsin Department of Children and Families adopts an order to repeal s. DCF 201.06 (4) (b); to renumber s. DCF 201.04 (2) (d); to renumber and amend ss. DCF 201.04 (2) (b) and (c) and 201.06 (4) (a) (intro.); to amend s. DCF 201.06 (2) (a) and (b); to repeal and recreate s. DCF 201.04 (2) (title); and to create ss. DCF 201.02 (18p), 201.038 (1m) and (5) (b) 9., 201.04 (2h), Table DCF 201.04, and 201.04 (2r) (title), relating to child care subsidy provider fees.

Finding of Emergency

This emergency rule is necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of Wisconsin residents because the payment practices of the state child care subsidy program must come into compliance with federal regulations by September 30, 2023, as a condition of approval of Wisconsin's 2022-2024 Child Care Development Fund plan and federal child care funding.

Analysis Prepared by the Department of Children and Families

Statutory authority: Section 227.11 (2) (a), Stats. **Statutes interpreted:** Section 49.155 (5) (a) and (6) (a) to (c), Stats. **Related statutes and rules:** 45 CFR 98.45

Explanation of Agency Authority

Section 49.155 (6) (a) to (c), Stats., provides the following:

(a) The department shall establish maximum payment rates for licensed child care services provided under this section. The department shall set the rates so that at least 75 percent of the number of places for children within the licensed capacity of all child care providers can be purchased by eligible individuals under this section.

(b) The department shall set maximum payment rates for Level I certified family child care providers certified under s. 48.651 (1) (a), Stats., for services provided to eligible individuals under this section. The maximum rates set under this paragraph may not exceed 90 percent of the rates established under par. (a).

(c) The department shall set maximum payment rates for Level II certified family child care providers for services provided to eligible individuals under this section. The maximum rates set under this paragraph may not exceed 90 percent of the rates established under par. (a).

Section 227.11 (2) (a), Stats., expressly confers rule-making authority on each agency to promulgate rules interpreting the provisions of any statute enforced or administered by the agency.

Summary of the Rule

Registration Fees

As a condition of approval of Wisconsin's 2022-2024 Child Care Development Fund plan, the state child care subsidy program must come into compliance with the federal requirement that the payment practices of the subsidy program reflect generally-accepted payment practices of child care providers that serve children who do not receive subsidies, including paying for reasonable mandatory registration fees that the provider charges to private-paying parents.

The emergency rule authorizes payment of the lower of a provider's registration fee for a child or the department's maximum fee amount. The department shall set a schedule for maximum registration fee amounts in Table DCF 201.04. Maximum fee amounts shall fully cover mandatory registration fees charged by at least 75 percent of providers who respond to the survey of provider fees in s. DCF 201.06 (2). The department's initial maximum registration amount is \$125.

The department may adjust Table DCF 201.04 to reflect any of the following: the fee amounts in the most recent department survey of provider fees; increased alignment with provider fee practices, including variation in fee amounts based on region of the state, children's ages, or provider regulation type; a change in the funding available for the child care subsidy program; a change in costs due to a change in the consumer price index; a change in economic factors affecting the cost of child care to the state, such as an increase in demand for the child care subsidy program; insufficient funding to meet the needs of all eligible families applying for or receiving a child care subsidy; and the purposes of the child care subsidy program.

The department shall publish adjustments to the maximum registration fee schedule in the Wisconsin administrative register. The department will pay no more than 2 registration fees per child in any 12-month period. Also, the written payment agreement between a provider and a parent must include any fees charged.

Each provider that charges a registration fee will be required to submit the amount of the fee to the department. The rule also includes the current requirement that a licensed child care provider submit the provider's full-time and part-time prices to the child care administrative agency upon request.

In-Home Providers

The rule repeals the rule that specifies that an in-home provider who is providing child care services for 15 or more hours per week is the applicable minimum wage, regardless of the number of children receiving care. Subsidy payments will no longer be determined on an hourly basis, and rates for in-home providers will be determined on a part-time/full-time basis.

Permanent Rule

A corresponding proposed permanent rule, CR 23-016, includes the provider fee changes in this emergency rule and other changes affecting parent copayments.

Summary of Related Federal Law

The child care subsidy program is funded in part by the Child Care Development Fund and must comply with the requirements of 45 CFR Part 98, including the equal access provisions related to payment rates, copayments, and payment practices in 45 CFR 98.45.

45 CFR 98.45 (L) (3) provides that the Lead Agency shall demonstrate in its CCDF plan that it has established payment practices applicable to all CCDF child care providers that reflect generally-accepted payment practices of child care providers that serve children who do not receive CCDF subsidies, which must include all of the following (unless the Lead Agency provides evidence in the Plan that such practices are not generally-accepted in the State or service area):

(i) Paying on a part-time or full-time basis (rather than paying for hours of service or smaller increments of time).

(ii) Paying for reasonable mandatory registration fees that the provider charges to privatepaying parents.

Summary of Data and Analytical Methodologies

The rules make changes required for approval of Wisconsin's 2022-2024 Child Care Development Fund Plan.

Comparison to Adjacent States

Illinois: The child care assistance program does not pay for registration fees.

<u>Iowa</u>: The child care assistance program does not pay for registration fees because they have determined that registration fees are not a generally-accepted provider practice.

Michigan: Registration fees, annual fees, and field trip fees are paid.

<u>Minnesota</u>: A maximum of 2 registration fees per child are paid to one or more providers in a 12-month period.

Effect on Small Businesses

Minimal or no economic impact on small business.

Analysis Used to Determine Effect on Small Businesses

The rule primarily affects parents not child care providers.

Agency Contact

Junior Martin, Director, Bureau of Child Care Subsidy Administration, junior.martin@wisconsin.gov, (414) 270-4737.

Text of the Rule

SECTION 1. DCF 201.02 (18p) is created to read:

DCF 201.02 (18p) "Registration fee" means a fee that a child care provider charges to enroll a child or to continue a child's enrollment on an annual basis.

SECTION 2. DCF 201.038 (1m) and (5) (b) 9. are created to read:

DCF 201.038 (1m) PROVIDER SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS. (a) A licensed child care provider shall submit the provider's full-time and part-time prices to the child care administrative agency upon request.

(b) Each provider that charges a registration fee shall submit the amount of the fee to the department.

(5) (b) 9. Any fees that parents are required to pay.

SECTION 3. DCF 201.04 (2) (title) is repealed and recreated to read:

DCF 201.04 (2) (title) MONTHLY SUBSIDY PAYMENTS FOR CHILD CARE SERVICES.

SECTION 4. DCF 201.04 (2) (b) to (d) are renumbered DCF 201.04 (2r) (a) to (c) and as renumbered DCF 201.04 (2r) (a) and (b) are amended to read:

DCF 201.04 (2r) (a) *Electronic*. The department may issue all payments <u>under subs. (2) and</u> (2h) by electronic funds transfer.

(b) *Expiration*. A parent's subsidy payment issued to a parent under sub. (2) or (2h) shall expire 90 days after the date that the department issues the payment to the parent.

SECTION 5. DCF 201.04 (2h) is created to read:

DCF 201.04 (2h) PAYMENT OF REGISTRATION FEES. (a) The department shall pay the lower of a provider's registration fee for a child or the department's maximum registration fee amount.

(b) The department shall set a schedule for maximum registration fee amounts in Table DCF 201.04. Maximum fee amounts shall fully cover mandatory registration fees charged by at least 75 percent of providers who respond to the survey conducted under s. DCF 201.06 (2).

(c) The department may adjust Table DCF 201.04 to reflect any of the following factors:

1. Provider fee amounts in the most recent survey under s. DCF 201.06 (2).

2. Increased alignment with provider fee practices indicated in the survey under s. DCF 201.06 (2), including variation in fee amounts based on region of the state, children's ages, or provider regulation type.

3. A change in the funding available for the child care subsidy program.

4. A change in costs due to a change in the consumer price index.

5. A change in economic factors affecting the cost of child care to the state, such as an increase in demand for the child care subsidy program.

6. Insufficient funding to meet the needs of all eligible families applying for or receiving a child care subsidy.

7. The purposes of the child care subsidy program.

(d) The department shall publish adjustments to the maximum registration fee schedule in the Wisconsin administrative register.

(e) The department shall pay no more than 2 registration fees per child in any 12-month period.

SECTION 6. Table DCF 201.04 is created to read:

TABLE DCF 201.04Maximum Registration Fee Schedule

Effective October 1, 2023

The department's maximum registration fee amount is \$125.

SECTION 7. DCF 201.04 (2r) (title) is created to read:

DCF 201.04 (2r) PAYMENT PROCEDURES.

SECTION 8. DCF 201.06 (2) (a) and (b) are amended to read:

DCF 201.06 (2) (a) The department shall annually contact all licensed group child care centers, family child care centers, and day camps to obtain their child care prices <u>and registration</u> <u>fee amounts</u>.

(b) The department shall include only child care prices <u>and registration fee amounts</u> submitted in writing in the survey results.

SECTION 9. DCF 201.06 (4) (a) (intro.) is renumbered DCF 201.06 (4) (intro.) and amended to read:

DCF 201.06 (4) RATES FOR CERTIFIED CHILD CARE PROVIDERS. (a) *Percentage of licensed rates.* The department shall set rates for certified child care providers under s. 49.155 (6) (b) and (c), Stats., as follows:

SECTION 10. DCF 201.06 (4) (b) is repealed.

SECTION 11. EFFECTIVE DATE. This rule takes effect upon publication in the state newspaper and shall remain in effect for 150 days, as provided in s. 227.24 (1) (c), Stats., subject to extensions under s. 227.24 (2), Stats.