

## WISCONSIN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AMENDMENT MEMO

# 2015 Senate Bill 139 Senate Amendments 1 to 4 Memo published: June 9, 2015 Contact: Brian Larson, Staff Attorney (266-0680)

#### **2015 SENATE BILL 139**

Senate Bill 139 (the bill) generally allows a health care provider to prescribe an epinephrine auto-injector in the name of an entity or organization operating a business, activity, or event at which allergens capable of causing anaphylaxis may be present.

The entity or organization must designate an employee or agent to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, oversight, and use of the epinephrine auto-injectors. That employee or agent must complete training required under the bill. The training may be provided by a nationally recognized organization experienced in training laypersons in emergency health treatment or a person approved by the Department of Health Services (DHS).

### **SENATE AMENDMENT 1**

Under the bill, the training completed by an employee or agent must cover, at a minimum, all of the following:

- 1. How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis.
- Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine autoinjector.
- 3. Emergency follow-up procedures after an epinephrine auto-injector is administered.

Senate Amendment 1 specifies that training must also cover the necessity of calling 911 or another telephone number for an emergency medical service provider after an epinephrine auto-injector is administered.

#### **SENATE AMENDMENT 2**

Senate Amendment 2 clarifies that the bill does not prohibit a health care provider from acting within the scope of practice of his or her license, certificate, permit, or registration.

#### **SENATE AMENDMENT 3**

Senate Amendment 3 clarifies that the bill does not create or impose any duty, obligation, or basis for liability on any authorized entity, or its employees, agents, or other individuals, to acquire an epinephrine auto-injector or make one available.

#### **SENATE AMENDMENT 4**

DHS may approve one or more *persons or classes of persons* to provide the training required under the bill. Senate Amendment 4 provides, instead, that DHS may approve one or more *organizations* to provide the training.

The bill provides that the authorized entity must store an epinephrine auto-injector in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the epinephrine auto-injector's instructions for use and any additional requirements that may be established by DHS. The amendment removes the provision authorizing DHS to establish additional requirements for storing an epinephrine auto-injector.

#### **BILL HISTORY**

Senate Amendments 1 to 4 were offered on June 2, 2015 by Senator Vukmir. On June 4, 2015, the Senate Committee on Health and Human Services recommended adoption of all of the amendments, and voted to recommend adoption of the bill, as amended, on successive votes of Ayes, 5; Noes, 0.

BL:jal