

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

## **1995 SENATE BILL 64**

February 14, 1995 – Introduced by Senators Cowles, Panzer, Burke and Schultz, cosponsored by Representatives Duff, Baumgart, Porter, Schneiders, Goetsch, Ainsworth, Silbaugh, Reynolds, Notestein and Ryba. Referred to Committee on Environment and Energy.

AN ACT to repeal 182.0175 (1) (a) and 182.0175 (2) (c) and (d); to renumber and amend 182.0175 (2) (a) 3., 182.0175 (2) (a) 4., 182.0175 (2) (a) 5., 182.0175 (2) (a) 6., 182.0175 (2) (a) 7., 182.0175 (2) (b), 182.0175 (2) (e), 182.0175 (2) (f) and 182.0175 (3); to amend 182.0175 (1) (intro.), 182.0175 (1) (b), 182.0175 (1) (c), 182.0175 (2) (a) (intro.), 182.0175 (2) (a) 1., 182.0175 (2) (a) 2., 182.0175 (4) and 182.0175 (5); to repeal and recreate 182.0175 (2) (title); and to create 182.0175 (1) (am), 182.0175 (1) (bm), 182.0175 (1) (m), 182.0175 (2) (am) (intro.), 182.0175 (2) (am) 4., 182.0175 (2) (am) 6m., 182.0175 (2) (bm), 182.0175 (2m) (title) and (a) and 182.0175 (3) (b) of the statutes; relating to: damage to transmission facilities and providing penalties.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill revises the procedures relating notices involving excavation near transmission facilities and damage to transmission facilities. "Transmission facilities" include pipes, cables, wires and other physical facilities used by utilities or private parties to transport gas, electricity, water, sewage or other materials. The bill expands the definition of transmission facilities to explicitly include government–owned facilities and telecommunications and data transmission facilities.

Under the bill, transmission facilities owners are required to establish a statewide, toll-free one-call system (a "digger's hotline") to receive and transmit excavation notices to transmission facilities owners. With limited exceptions,

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

3

4

8

9

10

11

12

transmission facilities owners are required to participate in funding the one-call system.

The bill requires excavation planners and excavators to notify the one-call system before engaging in nonemergency excavation. The bill identifies the information needed to be included in an excavation notice. An excavator is required to repeat a notice to the one-call system if excavation is delayed or interrupted by 10 days.

Upon receipt of an excavation notice, a transmission facilities owner is required to mark the excavation area to identify the facilities. The bill revises the color-code used to identify various types of transmission facilities.

Currently, if a transmission facilities owner receives notice of possible damage to facilities, the owner is required to inspect the damage within 24 hours. Under the bill, inspection is required within 6 hours after receipt of the notice.

The bill also requires a transmission facilities owner to mark facilities or provide other appropriate responses to an excavation notice within certain time limits after receiving an excavation notice.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**Section 1.** 182.0175 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

182.0175 (1) DEFINITIONS. (intro.) As used in <u>In</u> this section, unless the context requires otherwise:

- **SECTION 2.** 182.0175 (1) (a) of the statutes is repealed.
- 5 **Section 3.** 182.0175 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
- 6 182.0175 (1) (am) "Emergency" means an unforeseen condition that requires 7 immediate excavation to avoid property damage, personal injury or loss of life.
  - **SECTION 4.** 182.0175 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

182.0175 (1) (b) "Excavation" means any operation in which earth, rock or other material in or on the ground is moved, removed or otherwise displaced by means of any tools, equipment or explosives and includes grading, trenching, digging, ditching, drilling, augering, tunneling, scraping, cable or pipe plowing, and

25

transmission facilities owner.

1	driving and means any operation by which a structure or mass of material is
2	wrecked, razed, rended, moved or removed.
3	<b>SECTION 5.</b> 182.0175 (1) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
4	182.0175 (1) (bm) "Excavator" means a person who engages in excavation.
5	<b>SECTION 6.</b> 182.0175 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	182.0175 (1) (c) "Transmission facilities" includes all pipes, pipelines, wires,
7	cables, ducts, wirelines and associated facilities, regardless of the nature of their
8	transmittants or of their in-service application. The term includes, but is not
9	restricted to, utility facilities, government-owned facilities, facilities transporting
10	hazardous materials, communications and data facilities, drainage facilities and
11	private water facilities and sewer systems.
12	<b>SECTION 7.</b> 182.0175 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:
13	182.0175 (1m) One-call system. (a) Statewide system. Transmission facilities
14	owners shall establish or designate a nonprofit organization governed by a board of
15	directors as the operator of a one-call system. The one-call system shall be a
16	statewide communication system in which a single operational center receives
17	excavation notices and transmits notice information to affected-member
18	transmission facilities owners.
19	(b) Membership. 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., a transmission facilities
20	owner shall be a member of the one-call system. A member shall participate in the
21	funding of the one-call system.
22	2. A transmission facilities owner is not required to be a member of the one-call
23	system if all of that person's transmission facilities are located on property owned by
24	that person. This subdivision does not apply to a governmental unit that is a

to be conducted.

(c) Liability. A transmission facilities owner who is required to be a member
of the one-call system is liable for all damages to the person's transmission facilities
and for any other damages that occur as a result of excavation if that person is not
a member of the one-call system.
(d) System functions. The one-call system shall do all of the following:
1. Publicize the availability and use of the one-call system.
2. Provide toll-free communication to the one-call system.
3. Accept notices of intended excavation activity.
4. Inform the person providing notice of the names of transmission facilities
owners who will receive the notice information.
5. Promptly transmit notice information to affected-member transmission
facilities owners.
6. Retain records of notices for a period of not less than 6 years.
SECTION 8. 182.0175 (2) (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
182.0175 (2) (title) Excavator and planner responsibilities.
<b>Section 9.</b> 182.0175 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
182.0175 (2) (a) (title) <u>Planning.</u> (intro.) Every person who engages in or with
respect to subds. 1. and 2. is responsible for the preparation of plans and
specifications for nonemergency excavation or demolition and every excavator shall
do all of the following:
<b>Section 10.</b> 182.0175 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
182.0175 (2) (a) 1. Take reasonable action to learn the location of any
transmission facilities in and near the area where such operation the excavation is

**Section 11.** 182.0175(2)(a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

1	182.0175 (2) (a) 2. Plan the excavation or demolition to avoid to the extent
2	possible interference with transmission facilities in and near the construction
3	excavation area.
4	<b>Section 12.</b> 182.0175 (2) (a) 3. of the statutes is renumbered 182.0175 (2) (am)
5	1. and amended to read:
6	182.0175 (2) (am) 1. Provide reasonable advance notice not less than 3 working
7	days prior to before the start of the nonemergency excavation or demolition of the
8	intent to excavate or demolish and the commencement date to the owners of the
9	transmission facilities in and near the construction area whose facilities may be
10	affected by the excavation or demolition one-call system.
11	<b>Section 13.</b> 182.0175 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes is renumbered 182.0175 (2) (am)
12	3. and amended to read:
13	182.0175 (2) (a) 3. Maintain an estimated minimum clearance of 18 inches
14	between an unexposed underground transmission facility marked pursuant to par-
15	(e) <u>under sub. (2m)</u> and the cutting edge or point of any power-operated excavating
16	or earth moving equipment. If the transmission facility is exposed, the excavator
17	may reduce the clearance may be reduced to 2 times the known limit of control of the
18	cutting edge or point of the equipment or 12 inches, whichever is greater.
19	<b>Section 14.</b> 182.0175 (2) (a) 5. of the statutes is renumbered 182.0175 (2) (am)
20	5. and amended to read:
21	182.0175 (2) (am) 5. Provide such support for existing transmission facilities
22	in and near the construction excavation area as that may be reasonably necessary
23	or that is specified by the transmission facility owner for the protection of such the
24	facilities, unless such protection is required of the owner of the transmission facility
25	under s. 66.047.

	_	-		0	J	
SE	•	ידי	[O	N	1	5

1	<b>Section 15.</b> 182.0175 (2) (a) 6. of the statutes is renumbered 182.0175 (2) (am)
2	6. and amended to read:
3	182.0175 (2) (am) 6. Inspect prior to backfilling Before backfilling, inspect all
4	transmission facilities exposed during excavation or demolition to ascertain if the
5	transmission facilities have been or may have been struck, damaged, dislocated or
6	disrupted and notify promptly before backfilling.
7	7. Immediately notify the owner of any a transmission facility which if an
8	inspection reveals that the transmission facility has been or may have been struck,
9	damaged, dislocated or disrupted.
10	<b>Section 16.</b> 182.0175 (2) (a) 7. of the statutes is renumbered 182.0175 (2) (am)
11	8. and amended to read:
12	182.0175 (2) (am) 8. Backfill all excavations in such an excavation as specified
13	by the owner of the existing transmission facilities or in a manner and with such
14	materials as that may be reasonably necessary for the protection of, and to provide
15	reliable support during backfilling and following backfilling for, existing
16	transmission facilities in and near the construction excavation area.
17	<b>Section 17.</b> 182.0175 (2) (am) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:
18	182.0175 (2) (am) Excavation notice. (intro.) An excavator shall do all of the
19	following:
20	<b>Section 18.</b> 182.0175 (2) (am) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
21	182.0175 (2) (am) 4. Provide a repeat notice to the one-call system if marks are
22	destroyed or covered by excavation site activities, if the excavation does not start
23	within 10 days of the scheduled start date or if excavation is interrupted for more
24	than 10 days.
25	<b>Section 19.</b> 182.0175 (2) (am) 6m. of the statutes is created to read:

182.0175 (2) (am) 6m. Refrain from backfilling an excavation until ar
inspection is conducted and any necessary repairs have been made by the owner of
the transmission facility.
<b>Section 20.</b> 182.0175 (2) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 182.0175 (2) (am)
2. and amended to read:
182.0175 (2) (am) 2. Every person who engages in In an emergency excavation
or demolition shall, take all reasonable precautions to avoid to the extent possible
interference with existing transmission facilities in and near the construction
excavation area and shall notify as promptly as possible the owners of transmission
facilities which may be affected by the emergency excavation or demolition.
<b>Section 21.</b> 182.0175 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
182.0175 (2) (bm) Notice. An excavation notice shall include all of the following
information:
1. The name of the person providing notice.
2. The name, address and telephone number of the excavator.
3. The specific location and description of the excavation area.
4. A description of the intended excavation activity.
5. The intended starting date of the excavation.
SECTION 22. 182.0175 (2) (c) and (d) of the statutes are repealed.
<b>SECTION 23.</b> 182.0175 (2) (e) of the statutes is renumbered 182.0175 (2m) (b)
and amended to read:
182.0175 <b>(2m)</b> (b) (title) <u>Facilities marking.</u> Every <u>A</u> person owning
transmission facilities, upon receipt of an excavation notice under par. (a) 3., shall
mark in a reasonable manner the locations of transmission facilities in the field so
as area described in the notice to enable the person engaged in excavation or

- demolition excavator to locate the transmission facilities without endangering the security of such the facilities. The marking of facilities shall be accomplished completed within 3 working days after receipt of the notice, except or if notice is given more than 10 days before the excavation or demolition is scheduled to begin, marking need not shall be accomplished more than completed at least 3 working days before excavation or demolition is scheduled to begin. If the approximate location of an underground a transmission facility is marked with paint, flags, stakes or other physical means, the following color coding of lines, cables or conduits shall be as follows except that color coding shall not be required for permanent markers required by state and federal codes comply with the uniform color code adopted by the American National Standards Institute:
  - 1. Electric power distribution and transmission: safety: red.
- 2. Natural gas distribution and transmission, oil distribution and transmission and dangerous Gas, oil, steam, petroleum or gaseous materials products lines: high visibility safety: yellow.
- 3. Telecommunications and telegraph systems <u>Communications</u>, cable television and police and fire communications: safety alert <u>or alarm or signal systems</u>: orange.
  - 4. Water, irrigation or slurry systems: safety precaution blue.
  - 5. Sewer <u>or drain</u> systems: safety green.
- **SECTION 24.** 182.0175 (2) (f) of the statutes is renumbered 182.0175 (2m) (c) and amended to read:
- 182.0175 (2m) (c) (title) <u>Facilities inspection and repair</u>. Every person owning transmission facilities who receives <u>a</u> notice <u>under par.</u> (a) 6., (c) or (d) <u>of possible</u> damage shall acknowledge receipt of the notice within 2 hours, shall inspect the

$\underline{\text{facilities}}$ for damage within 24 $\underline{6}$ hours after receipt of $\underline{\text{the}}$ notice and repair any
damage found as soon as practicable. Unless the owner of any transmission facility
is notified <del>pursuant to par. (a) 6., (c) or (d)</del> or has knowledge of <del>frequent</del> damage to
transmission facilities by a person doing emergency or nonemergency excavation or
demolition, such an excavator, the owner shall is not be responsible for or be required
to make an inspection of its transmission facilities, nor shall the owner, in the
absence of such notification or knowledge, be responsible for supervising in any
manner the excavation or demolition work. Upon the giving of notice pursuant to
par. (a) 6., (c) or (d) the person performing the demolition or excavation shall refrain
from backfilling until an inspection and any necessary repairs are made by the owner
of the transmission facilities.

**Section 25.** 182.0175 (2m) (title) and (a) of the statutes are created to read:

182.0175 **(2m)** (title) Transmission facilities owner requirements. (a) Responsibilities. A transmission facilities owner shall do all of the following:

- 1. Respond to a planning notice within 10 days after receipt of the notice by conducting field markings, providing records and taking other appropriate responses.
- 2. Respond to an excavation notice within 3 working days by marking the location of transmission facilities as provided under par. (b) in the area described in the excavation notice.
- **SECTION 26.** 182.0175 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 182.0175 (3) (a) and amended to read:

182.0175 (3) (a) (title) *Forfeitures*. Any person who <u>wilfully and</u> knowingly fails to comply with <u>violates</u> this section, except sub. (2) (e), shall <u>may be required to</u> forfeit \$1,000 for each <u>such failure</u>, provided that if the failure to comply results in damage

to any transmission facility, the forfeiture shall be \$2,000 offense. Each day that failure to comply persists is of continued violation constitutes a separate offense. All actions to recover penalties under this section shall be brought in circuit court by the district attorney.

**Section 27.** 182.0175 (3) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

182.0175 (3) (b) *Misdemeanor.*— Whoever intentionally removes, moves or obliterates a transmission facilities marking placed by the transmission facilities owner may be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned for not more than 30 days or both. This paragraph does not apply to an excavator who removes, moves or obliterates markings during an excavation.

**SECTION 28.** 182.0175 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

182.0175 **(4)** RIGHT OF ACTION. This section shall not release or waive or otherwise affect any right of action, forfeiture or penalty which the this state or any person has or may have.

**Section 29.** 182.0175 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

182.0175 (5) RIGHT TO INJUNCTION. If any person engages in or is likely to engage in excavation or demolition contrary to the provisions of inconsistent with this section, and which results or is likely to result in damage to transmission facilities, the person who owns or operates such the facilities may seek injunctive relief in the circuit court for Dane the county or in any other court of competent jurisdiction in which the transmission facilities are located. If the transmission facilities are owned or operated by a public utility as defined in s. 196.01 (5), including a telecommunications carrier, as defined in s. 196.01 (8m), and the public utility does not seek injunctive relief, the attorney general, upon request of the public service commission, shall seek injunctive relief in the circuit court for Dane the

1	county or in any other court of competent jurisdiction in which the transmission
2	<u>facilities are located</u> .
3	Section 30. Initial applicability.
4	(1) This act first applies to notices given on the effective date of this subsection.
5	SECTION 31. Effective date.
6	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 7th month beginning after
7	publication.
8	(END)