

State of Misconsin 1997 - 1998 LEGISLATURE

1997 SENATE BILL 312

October 1, 1997 – Introduced by Senators PLACHE and ROESSLER, cosponsored by Representatives LA FAVE, MUSSER, SYKORA, LAZICH, L. YOUNG and MORRIS-TATUM. Referred to Committee on Judiciary, Campaign Finance Reform and Consumer Affairs.

1	AN ACT to renumber and amend 252.15 (2) (b) 1. and 252.15 (5) (a) 1.; to amend
2	55.05 (5) (d), 146.81 (5), chapter 155 (title), 252.15 (2) (b) (intro.), 252.15 (2) (b)
3	3. a., 252.15 (2) (b) 3. b., 252.15 (3), 252.15 (5) (a) (intro.), 632.67, 632.775 (2) and
4	880.33 (3); and <i>to create</i> 155.01 (7m), 155.01 (13), 155.90, 252.15 (2) (b) 1. b.
5	and 252.15 (5) (a) 1. b. of the statutes; relating to: permitting certain persons
6	to make health care decisions for incapacitated persons.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a person who is of sound mind and has attained the age of 18 (principal) may execute a power of attorney for health care instrument to designate another person (health care agent) to make certain health care decisions on behalf of the principal in the event that the principal becomes incapacitated and cannot make health care decisions on his or her own behalf.

This bill authorizes the following persons in the following order of priority, with certain exceptions, to make most health care decisions on behalf of an incapacitated person who has not executed a power of attorney for health care instrument:

- 1. The spouse of the incapacitated person.
- 2. An adult child of the incapacitated person.
- 3. A parent of the incapacitated person.
- 4. An adult sibling of the incapacitated person.
- 5. A grandparent of the incapacitated person.

SENATE BILL 312

- 6. An adult grandchild of the incapacitated person.
- 7. An adult close friend of the incapacitated person.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 55.05 (5) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 55.05 (5) (d) The admission to a facility of a principal by a health care agent 3 under the terms of a power of attorney for health care instrument and in accordance 4 with ch. 155, or of an incapacitated individual by a surrogate under s. 155.90, or the $\mathbf{5}$ admission of an individual to a nursing home or community-based residential 6 facility under the requirements of s. 50.06 is not a protective placement under this 7 chapter. 8 **SECTION 2.** 146.81 (5) of the statutes is amended to read: 9 146.81 (5) "Person authorized by the patient" means the parent, guardian or 10 legal custodian of a minor patient, as defined in s. 48.02 (8) and (11), the person

vested with supervision of the child under s. 938.183 or 938.34 (4d), (4h), (4m) or (4n), 11 12the guardian of a patient adjudged incompetent, as defined in s. 880.01 (3) and (4), 13the personal representative or spouse of a deceased patient, any person authorized 14in writing by the patient or a health care agent designated by the patient as a 15principal under ch. 155 if the patient has been found to be incapacitated under s. 16 155.05 (2), except as limited by the power of attorney for health care instrument. or. 17if the patient has not executed a power of attorney for health care instrument under 18 ch. 155, and the patient has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.90 (3), the 19 surrogate under s. 155.90 (2). If no spouse survives a deceased patient, "person 20authorized by the patient" also means an adult member of the deceased patient's

SENATE BILL 312

1	immediate family, as defined in s. 632.895 (1) (d). A court may appoint a temporary
2	guardian for a patient believed incompetent to consent to the release of records under
3	this section as the person authorized by the patient to decide upon the release of
4	records, if no guardian has been appointed for the patient.
5	SECTION 3. Chapter 155 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	CHAPTER 155
7	POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR
8	HEALTH CARE AND HEALTH CARE
9	DECISIONS BY OTHER PERSONS
10	SECTION 4. 155.01 (7m) of the statutes is created to read:
11	155.01 (7m) "Incapacitated" means unable to receive and evaluate information
12	effectively or to communicate decisions to such an extent that the individual lacks
13	the capacity to manage his or her health care decisions, including decisions about his
14	or her post-hospital care.
15	SECTION 5. 155.01 (13) of the statutes is created to read:
16	155.01 (13) "Surrogate" means an individual authorized under s. 155.90 (2) to
17	make health care decisions on behalf of another who cannot make health care
18	decisions because of incapacity.
19	SECTION 6. 155.90 of the statutes is created to read:
20	155.90 Health care decisions for incapacitated persons without a
21	power of attorney for health care. (1) An individual under sub. (2) may make
22	health care decisions on behalf of an incapacitated individual who does not have a
23	valid power of attorney for health care and who has not been adjudicated
24	incompetent under ch. 880, if all of the following apply:

SENATE BILL 312

1	(a) No individual who is listed under sub. (2) in the same order of priority as,
2	or higher in priority than, the individual who is making the health care decision
3	disagrees with the decision.
4	(b) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., no individual who is listed under sub. (2)
5	and who resides with the incapacitated individual disagrees with the health care
6	decision.
7	2. Subdivision 1. does not apply if any of the following applies:
8	a. The individual who is making the health care decision resides with the
9	incapacitated individual.
10	b. The individual who is making the health care decision is the spouse of the
11	incapacitated individual.
12	(c) The individual on whose behalf the health care decision is being made is not
13	diagnosed as developmentally disabled or as having a mental illness at the time of
14	the health care decision.
15	(2) The following individuals, in the following order of priority, may make a
16	health care decision on behalf of an incapacitated individual:
17	(a) The spouse of the incapacitated individual.
18	(b) An adult child of the incapacitated individual.
19	(c) A parent of the incapacitated individual.
20	(d) An adult sibling of the incapacitated individual.
21	(e) A grandparent of the incapacitated individual.
22	(f) An adult grandchild of the incapacitated individual.
23	(g) An adult close friend of the incapacitated individual.
24	(3) A determination that an individual is incapacitated for purposes of sub. (1)
25	shall be made by 2 physicians, as defined in s. 448.01 (5), or by one physician and one

- 4 -

SENATE BILL 312

1	licensed psychologist, as defined in s. 455.01 (4), who personally examine the
2	individual and sign a statement specifying that the individual is incapacitated. Mere
3	old age, eccentricity or physical disability, either singly or together, are insufficient
4	to make a finding that an individual is incapacitated. Neither of the individuals who
5	makes a finding that an individual is incapacitated may be a relative, as defined in
6	s. 242.01 (11), of the individual or have knowledge that he or she is entitled to or has
7	a claim on any portion of the individual's estate. A copy of the statement shall be
8	included in the individual's records in the facility to which he or she is admitted.
9	(4) Except as specified in subs. (5) (a) and (b), (6) and (7), the surrogate who is
10	known to the health care provider to be available to make health care decisions for
11	the incapacitated individual has priority over any individual other than the
12	incapacitated individual to make these health care decisions.
13	(5) (a) A surrogate may not consent to admission of the incapacitated
14	individual on an inpatient basis to any of the following:
15	1. An institution for mental diseases, as defined in s. 49.43 (6m).
16	2. An intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, as defined in s.
17	46.278 (1m) (am).
18	3. A state treatment facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (15).
19	4. A treatment facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (19).
20	(b) An incapacitated individual may be admitted or committed on an inpatient
21	basis to a facility specified in par. (a) 1. to 4. only under the applicable requirements
22	of ch. 51 or 55.
23	(c) 1. In this paragraph:
24	a. "Community-based residential facility" has the meaning given in s. 50.01
25	(1g).

SENATE BILL 312

b. "Nursing home" has the meaning given in s. 50.01 (3). 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 2. A surrogate may consent to the admission of an incapacitated individual to 3 the following facilities, under the following conditions: a. To a nursing home, for recuperative care for a period not to exceed 3 months, 4 5 if the incapacitated individual is admitted directly from a hospital inpatient unit. 6 unless the hospital admission was for psychiatric care. 7 b. If the incapacitated individual lives with the surrogate, to a nursing home 8 or a community-based residential facility, as a temporary placement not to exceed 9 30 days, in order to provide the surrogate with a vacation or to release temporarily 10 the surrogate for a family emergency. 11 c. To a nursing home or a community-based residential facility, for purposes other than those specified in subd. 2. a. and b., if the incapacitated individual is not 12diagnosed as developmentally disabled or as having a mental illness at the time of 1314 the proposed admission. 15(6) A surrogate may not consent to experimental mental health research or to 16 psychosurgery, electroconvulsive treatment or drastic mental health treatment 17procedures for the incapacitated individual. 18 (7) A surrogate may consent to the withholding or withdrawal of a feeding tube 19 for the incapacitated individual, unless the principal's attending physician advises 20that, in his or her professional judgment, the withholding or withdrawal will cause 21the incapacitated individual pain or reduce that individual's comfort. A surrogate 22may not consent to the withholding or withdrawal of orally ingested nutrition or 23hydration unless provision of the nutrition or hydration is medically

- 6 -

24 contraindicated.

SENATE BILL 312

(8) The surrogate shall act in good faith consistently with the desires of the 1 2 incapacitated individual as expressed or otherwise specifically directed by the 3 incapacitated individual to the surrogate at any time. The surrogate shall act in good 4 faith consistently with any valid declaration executed by the incapacitated 5 individual under subch. II of ch. 154. In the absence of a specific directive by the incapacitated individual or if the desires of the incapacitated individual are 6 7 unknown, the surrogate shall, in good faith, act in the best interests of the 8 incapacitated individual in exercising his or her authority.

9 (9) If the incapacitated individual is known to be pregnant, the surrogate may
10 make any health care decision on behalf of the incapacitated individual consistent
11 with sub. (8).

(10) If necessary to implement the health care decisions that a surrogate is authorized to make, in accordance with the desires of the incapacitated individual, the surrogate may sign or otherwise execute any documents, waivers or releases related to the incapacitated individual's care or treatment.

16

SECTION 7. 252.15 (2) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

17252.15 (2) (b) (intro.) The health care provider, blood bank, blood center or 18 plasma center that subjects a person to a test for the presence of HIV, antigen or 19 nonantigenic products of HIV or an antibody to HIV under pars. (a) and (am) shall, 20 in instances under those paragraphs in which consent is required, provide the 21potential test subject with an informed consent form for testing or disclosure that 22shall contain the following information and on the form shall obtain the potential test 23subject's signature or may, if. If the potential test subject has executed a power of 24attorney for health care instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.05 (2), the health care provider, blood bank, blood center 25

SENATE BILL 312

1	or plasma center may instead obtain the signature of the health care agent. If the
2	potential test subject has not executed a power of attorney for health care instrument
3	under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.90 (3), the health
4	care provider, blood bank, blood center or plasma center may instead obtain the
5	signature of the surrogate under s. 155.90 (2). The informed consent form for testing
6	and disclosure shall contain all of the following information:
7	SECTION 8. 252.15 (2) (b) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 252.15 (2) (b) 1.
8	(intro.) and amended to read:
9	252.15 (2) (b) 1. (intro.) The name of the potential test subject who is giving
10	consent and whose test results may be disclosed and, if one of the following:
11	<u>a. If</u> the potential test subject has executed a power of attorney for health care
12	instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.05 (2),
13	the name of the health care agent.
14	SECTION 9. 252.15 (2) (b) 1. b. of the statutes is created to read:
15	252.15 (2) (b) 1. b. If the potential test subject has not executed a power of
16	attorney for health care instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be
17	incapacitated under s. 155.90 (3), the name of the surrogate under s. 155.90 (2).
18	SECTION 10. 252.15 (2) (b) 3. a. of the statutes is amended to read:
19	252.15 (2) (b) 3. a. The signature of the potential test subject or, if the potential
20	test subject has executed a power of attorney for health care instrument under ch.
21	155 and has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.05 (2), of the health care
22	agent, <u>or, if the potential test subject has not executed a power of attorney for health</u>
23	care instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.90
24	(3), the signature of the surrogate under s. 155.90 (2), providing informed consent for
25	the testing and the date on which the consent is signed.

- 8 -

SENATE BILL 312

1	SECTION 11. 252.15 (2) (b) 3. b. of the statutes is amended to read:
2	252.15 (2) (b) 3. b. The name of a person to whom the potential test subject or,
3	if the potential test subject has executed a power of attorney for health care
4	instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.05 (2),
5	the health care agent, <u>or, if the potential test subject has not executed a power of</u>
6	attorney for health care instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be
7	incapacitated under s. 155.90 (3), the surrogate under s. 155.90 (2), authorizes that
8	disclosure of test results be made, if any, the date on which the consent to disclosure
9	is signed, and the time period during which the consent to disclosure is effective.
10	SECTION 12. 252.15 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	252.15 (3) WRITTEN CONSENT TO DISCLOSURE. A person who receives a test for
12	the presence of HIV, antigen or nonantigenic products of HIV or an antibody to HIV
13	under sub. (2) (b) or, if the person has executed a power of attorney for health care
14	instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.05 (2) ,
15	the health care agent <u>or, if the test subject has not executed a power of attorney for</u>
16	health care instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under
17	<u>s. 155.90 (3), the surrogate under s. 155.90 (2),</u> may authorize in writing a health care
18	provider, blood bank, blood center or plasma center to disclose the person's test
19	results to anyone at any time subsequent to providing informed consent for
20	disclosure under sub. (2) (b) and a record of this consent shall be maintained by the
21	health care provider, blood bank, blood center or plasma center so authorized.
22	SECTION 13. 252.15 (5) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	252.15 (5) (a) (intro.) An individual who is the subject of a test for the presence
24	of HIV, antigen or nonantigenic products of HIV or an antibody to HIV or the
25	individual's health care agent, if the individual has executed a power of attorney for

- 9 -

SENATE BILL 312

1	health care instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under
2	s. 155.05 (2), or, if the individual has not executed a power of attorney for health care
3	instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.90 (3),
4	the surrogate under s. 155.90 (2), may disclose the results of the individual's test to
5	anyone. A person who is neither <u>not</u> the individual nor, the individual's health care
6	agent <u>or a surrogate under s. 155.90 (2)</u> may not, unless he or she is specifically
7	authorized by the individual to do so, disclose the individual's test results except to
8	the following persons or under the following circumstances:
9	SECTION 14. 252.15 (5) (a) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 252.15 (5) (a) 1.
10	(intro.) and amended to read:
11	252.15 (5) (a) 1. (intro.) To the subject of the test and, if to one of the following:
12	a. If the test subject has executed a power of attorney for health care instrument
13	under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under s. 155.05 (2), the health
14	care agent.
15	SECTION 15. 252.15 (5) (a) 1. b. of the statutes is created to read:
16	252.15 (5) (a) 1. b. If the test subject has not executed a power of attorney for
17	health care instrument under ch. 155 and has been found to be incapacitated under
18	s. 155.90 (3), the surrogate under s. 155.90 (2).
19	SECTION 16. 632.67 of the statutes is amended to read:
20	632.67 Effect of power of attorney for health care. Executing or failing
21	to execute a power of attorney for health care instrument under ch. 155 may not be
22	used to impair in any manner the procurement of a life insurance policy or to modify
23	the terms of an existing life insurance policy. A life insurance policy may not be
24	impaired or invalidated in any manner by the exercise of a health care decision by
25	a health care agent <u>or surrogate</u> on behalf of a person whose life is insured under the

- 10 -

SENATE BILL 312

policy and who has if the health care agent or surrogate is authorized the health care
 agent to make the decision under ch. 155.

- 11 -

SECTION 17. 632.775 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 632.775 (2) EFFECT ON DISABILITY POLICIES. Executing or failing to execute a 5 power of attorney for health care under ch. 155 may not be used to impair in any 6 manner the procurement of a disability insurance policy or to modify the terms of an 7 existing disability insurance policy. A disability insurance policy may not be 8 impaired or invalidated in any manner by the exercise of a health care decision by 9 a health care agent or surrogate on behalf of a person who is insured under the policy 10 and who has if the health care agent or surrogate is authorized the health care agent 11 to make the decision under ch. 155.

12

SECTION 18. 880.33 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 880.33 (3) In a finding of limited incompetency, guardianship of the person 14 shall be limited in accordance with the order of the court accompanying the finding 15of incompetence. If the proposed incompetent has executed a power of attorney for health care under ch. 155, the court shall give consideration to the appointment of 16 17the health care agent for the individual as the individual's guardian. If the proposed 18 incompetent has not executed a power of attorney for health care under ch. 155, the court shall give consideration to the appointment of the surrogate under s. 155.90 (2). 19 20 The court shall make a specific finding as to which legal rights the person is 21competent to exercise. Such rights include but are not limited to the right to vote, 22 to marry, to obtain a motor vehicle operator's license or other state license, to hold 23or convey property and the right to contract. The findings of incompetence must be 24based upon clear and convincing evidence. The court shall determine if additional medical or psychological testimony is necessary for the court to make an informed 25

1997 – 1998 Legislature – 12 –

LRB-1916/1 TAY:mfd:lp SECTION 18

SENATE BILL 312

1	decision respecting competency to exercise legal rights and may obtain assistance in
2	the manner provided in s. $55.06(8)$ whether or not protective placement is made. The
3	guardian, ward or any interested person may at any time file a petition with the court
4	requesting a restoration of any such legal right, and specifying the reasons therefor.
5	Such petition may request that a guardianship of the person be terminated and a
6	guardianship of property be established.

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(END)