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LRB-1037/2 PJD:kg:rs

2001 ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION 13

January 19, 2001 – Introduced by Representatives Krawczyk, Foti, Krusick, McCormick, Starzyk, Friske, Ainsworth, Duff, Gunderson, Hahn, Huebsch, Grothman, Johnsrud, Jeskewitz, Kedzie, Kestell, F. Lasee, Ladwig, M. Lehman, Montgomery, Musser, Olsen, Owens, Powers, Pettis, Skindrud, Steinbrink, Townsend, Turner, Vrakas, Urban, Wade, Walker and Williams, cosponsored by Senators Risser, Harsdorf, S. Fitzgerald, Breske, Darling, Farrow, Huelsman, A. Lasee, Roessler, Schultz and Welch. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

To amend so as in effect to repeal section 4 (3) (c) of article VI; to renumber and amend section 4 (1) of article VI and section 12 of article VII; to amend section 4 (4) of article VI; and to create section 4 (1) (b) and (c) of article VI and section 12 (2) of article VII of the constitution; relating to: 4-year terms of office for certain county officers (first consideration).

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Currently, the constitution provides for the election every 4 years of county sheriffs, and every 2 years of clerks of circuit court, registers of deeds, and district attorneys, and, unless a county appoints a medical examiner, coroners. Under current statutes, county clerks and treasurers, and surveyors unless a county appoints a surveyor, are also elected every 2 years, except that the constitution abolishes the offices of coroner and surveyor in counties having a population of 500,000 or more.

This proposed constitutional amendment, proposed to the 2001 legislature on first consideration, requires counties to elect county clerks and treasurers every 4 years, and changes the terms of office from 2 years to 4 years for district attorneys, coroners, elected surveyors, registers of deeds, treasurers, county clerks, and clerks of circuit court. For clerks of circuit court and coroners, the first elections to 4-year terms will be held concurrently with the first gubernatorial election following ratification, which is when the constitution provides that sheriffs are to be first elected to 4-year terms. For district attorneys, elected surveyors, registers of deeds,

treasurers, and county clerks, the first elections to 4-year terms will be held concurrently with the first presidential election following ratification.

The proposal does not change the times for holding regular elections for any county offices, and does not affect the terms of office of elected county chief executive officers (they already serve 4–year terms) or the terms of office of county supervisors or sheriffs.

A constitutional amendment requires adoption by 2 successive legislatures, and ratification by the people, before it can become effective.

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That:

SECTION 1. Section 4 (1) of article VI of the constitution is renumbered section 4 (1) (a) of article VI and amended to read:

[Article VI] Section 4 (1) (a) Except as provided in <u>pars. (b) and (c) and sub. (2)</u>, coroners, registers of deeds, district attorneys, and all other elected county officers, except judicial officers, sheriffs, and chief executive officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties once in every 2 years.

SECTION 2. Section 4 (1) (b) and (c) of article VI of the constitution are created to read:

[Article VI] Section 4 (1) (b) Beginning with the first general election at which the governor is elected which occurs after the ratification of this paragraph, sheriffs shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, or by the electors of all of the respective counties comprising each combination of counties combined by the legislature for that purpose, for the term of 4 years and coroners in counties in which there is a coroner shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, or by the electors of all of the respective counties comprising each combination of counties combined by the legislature for that purpose, for the term of 4 years.

(c) Beginning with the first general election at which the president is elected which occurs after the ratification of this paragraph, district attorneys, registers of deeds, clerks, and treasurers shall be chosen by the electors of the respective

counties, or by the electors of all of the respective counties comprising each
combination of counties combined by the legislature for that purpose, for the term
of 4 years and surveyors in counties in which the office of surveyor is filled by election
shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, or by the electors of all of
the respective counties comprising each combination of counties combined by the
legislature for that purpose, for the term of 4 years.
Section 3. Section 4 (3) (c) of article VI of the constitution is amended so as in
effect to repeal said paragraph:
[Article VI] Section 4 (3) (c) Beginning with the first general election at which
the governor is elected which occurs after the ratification of this paragraph, sheriffs
shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties once in every 4 years.
Section 4 (4) of article VI of the constitution is amended to read:
[Article VI] Section 4 (4) The governor may remove any elected county officer
mentioned in this section except a clerk, treasurer, or surveyor, giving to the officer
a copy of the charges and an opportunity of being heard.
Section 5. Section 12 of article VII of the constitution is renumbered section
12 (1) of article VII and amended to read:
[Article VII] Section 12 (1) There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in
each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who,
except as provided in sub. (2), shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal
as shall be provided by law; in.
(3) In case of a vacancy, the judge of the circuit court shall have power to may
appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be is filled by an election; the.
(4) The clerk thus elected or appointed of circuit court shall give such security

as the legislature may require requires by law.

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(5) The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk, and <u>may appoint</u> a clerk of the circuit court <u>may be appointed a</u> to be the clerk of the supreme court.

Section 6. Section 12 (2) of article VII of the constitution is created to read:

[Article VII] Section 12 (2) Beginning with the first general election at which the governor is elected which occurs after the ratification of this subsection, a clerk of circuit court shall be chosen by the electors of all of the respective counties comprising each circuit for the term of 4 years, subject to removal as provided by law.

SECTION 7. Numbering of new provisions.

- (1) The new paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 4 of article VI of the constitution created in this joint resolution shall be designated by the next higher open paragraph letter in that subsection in that section in that article if, before the ratification by the people of the amendment proposed in this joint resolution, any other ratified amendment has created a paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 4 of article VI of the constitution of this state. If one or more joint resolutions create a paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 4 of article VI simultaneously with the ratification by the people of the amendment proposed in this joint resolution, the paragraphs created shall be numbered and placed in a sequence so that the paragraphs created by the joint resolution having the lowest enrolled joint resolution number have the letters designated in that joint resolution and the paragraphs created by the other joint resolutions have letters that are in the same ascending order as are the numbers of the enrolled joint resolutions creating the paragraphs.
- (2) The new paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 4 of article VI of the constitution created in this joint resolution shall be designated by the next higher open paragraph letter in that subsection in that section in that article if, before the ratification by the people of the amendment proposed in this joint resolution, any

other ratified amendment has created a paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 4 of article VI of the constitution of this state. If one or more joint resolutions create a paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 4 of article VI simultaneously with the ratification by the people of the amendment proposed in this joint resolution, the paragraphs created shall be lettered and placed in a sequence so that the paragraphs created by the joint resolution having the lowest enrolled joint resolution number have the letters designated in that joint resolution and the paragraphs created by the other joint resolutions have letters that are in the same ascending order as are the numbers of the enrolled joint resolutions creating the paragraphs.

(3) The new subsection (2) of section 12 of article VII of the constitution created in this joint resolution shall be designated by the next higher open whole subsection number in that section in that article if, before the ratification by the people of the amendment proposed in this joint resolution, any other ratified amendment has created a subsection (2) of section 12 of article VII of the constitution of this state. If one or more joint resolutions create a subsection (2) of section 12 of article VII simultaneously with the ratification by the people of the amendment proposed in this joint resolution, the subsections created shall be numbered and placed in a sequence so that the subsections created by the joint resolution having the lowest enrolled joint resolution number have the numbers designated in that joint resolution and the subsections created by the other joint resolutions have numbers that are in the same ascending order as are the numbers of the enrolled joint resolutions creating the subsections.

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Be it further resolved, That this proposed amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election and that it be published for 3 months previous to the time of holding such election.

4 (END)