



State of Wisconsin
2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4109/1
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2001 SENATE BILL 345

December 6, 2001 - Introduced by Senators GROBSCHMIDT, DARLING, COWLES, BURKE and SCHULTZ, cosponsored by Representatives WIECKERT, URBAN, DUFF, SUDER, MUSSER, JESKEWITZ, SYKORA, LADWIG, SKINDRUD, LIPPERT, OTT, ALBERS, TOWNSEND, KRAWCZYK, LASSA, LEIBHAM, OWENS, FREESE, PLOUFF, LOEFFELHOLZ, PETROWSKI, SINICKI, OLSEN, HAHN and PLALE. Referred to Committee on Judiciary, Consumer Affairs, and Campaign Finance Reform.

1 **AN ACT to create** 947.017 and 973.06 (1) (ar) of the statutes; **relating to:** threats
2 to release or disseminate harmful chemical, biological, or radioactive
3 substances and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law prohibits making or conveying a threat to destroy property with explosives knowing that the threat is false. This bill prohibits intentionally making a threat to release or disseminate a harmful substance knowing that the threat is false, if the threat induces a reasonable expectation or fear that the person making the threat will release or disseminate a harmful substance. The bill defines "harmful substance" as a radioactive material that is dangerous to human life, a toxic or poisonous chemical or its precursor, or a disease organism. A person who violates the prohibition against threats concerning harmful substances may be fined not more than \$10,000, sentenced to a period of confinement in prison followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed five years, or both.

The bill also requires that courts assess against persons convicted of making threats related to harmful substances, certain costs incurred by state and local government agencies in responding to the threat, including the cost of supplying emergency law enforcement and medical personnel to respond to the threat, the cost of analyzing any alleged harmful substance, and the cost of treating alleged victims exposed to an alleged harmful substance.

