LRB-3868/1 MES:wlj:pg

# 2003 ASSEMBLY BILL 728

January 7, 2004 - Introduced by Representative GARD. Referred to Committee on Job Creation.

AN ACT to amend 66.1001 (2) (e) and 66.1001 (4) (a); and to create 66.0628 and 66.1001 (4) (e) of the statutes; relating to: comprehensive planning by local governmental units and fees imposed by political subdivisions.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

#### COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING BY LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Under the current law popularly known as the "Smart Growth" statute, if a local governmental unit (city, village, town, county, or regional planning commission) creates a comprehensive plan (a zoning development plan or a zoning master plan) or amends an existing comprehensive plan, the plan must contain certain planning elements. The required planning elements include the following: housing; transportation; utilities and community facilities; agricultural, natural, and cultural resources; economic development; and land use.

Beginning on January 1, 2010, under Smart Growth, any program or action of a local governmental unit that affects land use must be consistent with that local governmental unit's comprehensive plan. The actions to which this requirement applies include zoning ordinances, municipal incorporation procedures, annexation procedures, agricultural preservation plans, and impact fee ordinances. Also beginning on January 1, 2010, under Smart Growth, if a local governmental unit engages in any program or action that affects land use, the comprehensive plan must contain at least all of the required planning elements.

Before the plan may take effect, however, a local governmental unit must comply with a number of requirements, such as adopting written procedures that are designed to foster public participation in the preparation of the plan.

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Under this bill, before the plan may take effect, a local governmental unit must provide written notice to all owners of property, and to leaseholders who have an interest in property pursuant to which the persons may extract nonmetallic mineral resources, in which the allowable use or intensity of use of the property is changed by the comprehensive plan, and must create written procedures that describe the methods the local governmental unit will use to distribute elements of a comprehensive plan to owners of, and to other persons who have such interests in, such property.

#### FEES IMPOSED BY POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS

Under current law, cities, villages, towns, and counties (political subdivisions) provide various services for which those political subdivisions may impose a fee. This bill requires that any fee imposed by a political subdivision bear a reasonable relationship to the service for which the fee is imposed and that, when a political subdivision first imposes or raises a fee, the political subdivision issue written findings that demonstrate that the fee bears a reasonable relationship to the service for which the fee is imposed.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**Section 1.** 66.0628 of the statutes is created to read:

**66.0628** Fees imposed by a political subdivision. (1) In this section, "political subdivision" means a city, village, town, or county.

- (2) Any fee that is imposed by a political subdivision shall bear a reasonable relationship to the service for which the fee is imposed.
- (3) With regard to a fee that is first imposed, or an existing fee that is increased, on or after the effective date of this subsection .... [revisor inserts date], a political subdivision shall issue written findings that demonstrate that the fee meets the standard in sub. (2).

**Section 2.** 66.1001 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.1001 (2) (e) Agricultural, natural and cultural resources element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps and programs for the conservation, and promotion of the effective management, of natural resources such as

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groundwater, forests, productive agricultural areas, environmentally sensitive areas, threatened and endangered species, stream corridors, surface water, floodplains, wetlands, wildlife habitat, metallic and nonmetallic mineral resources consistent with zoning limitations under s. 295.20 (2), parks, open spaces, historical and cultural resources, community design, recreational resources and other natural resources.

**Section 3.** 66.1001 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

written procedures that are designed to foster public participation, including open discussion, communication programs, information services, and public meetings for which advance notice has been provided, in every stage of the preparation of a comprehensive plan. The written procedures shall provide for wide distribution of proposed, alternative, or amended elements of a comprehensive plan and shall provide an opportunity for written comments on the plan to be submitted by members of the public to the governing body and for the governing body to respond to such written comments. The written procedures shall describe the methods the governing body of a local governmental unit will use to distribute proposed, alternative, or amended elements of a comprehensive plan to owners of property, or to persons who have a leasehold interest in property pursuant to which the persons may extract nonmetallic mineral resources in or on property, in which the allowable use or intensity of use of the property is changed by the comprehensive plan.

**Section 4.** 66.1001 (4) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

66.1001 (4) (e) At least 30 days before the hearing described in par. (d) is held, a local governmental unit shall provide written notice to all owners of property, and all leaseholders who have an interest in property pursuant to which the persons may

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extract nonmetallic mineral resources, in which the allowable use or intensity of use
of the property, is changed by the comprehensive plan, including all of the following

- 1. An operator who has obtained, or made application for, a permit that is described under s. 295.12 (3) (d).
- 2. A person who has registered a marketable nonmetallic mineral deposit under s. 295.20.
- 3. Any other person who the local governmental unit knows has a property interest in nonmetallic mineral resources in the jurisdiction.

9 (END)