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2005 ASSEMBLY BILL 955

January 30, 2006 – Introduced by Representatives Moulton, Davis, Nischke, Musser, Townsend, Mursau, Krawczyk, Albers, Kreibich, Underheim and F. Lasee, cosponsored by Senators Roessler and Zien. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

1	AN ACT to amend 71.05 (6) (a) 15., 71.21 (4), 71.26 (2) (a), 71.34 (1) (g), 71.45 (2)
2	(a) 10. and 77.92 (4); and $\it to\ create\ 71.07\ (5e),\ 71.10\ (4)\ (gxx),\ 71.28\ (5e),\ 71.30\ (4e)$
3	(3) (epa), 71.47 (5e) and 71.49 (1) (epa) of the statutes; relating to: an income
4	and franchise tax credit for information technology equipment used to
5	maintain medical records in electronic form.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill creates an income and franchise tax credit for health care providers in an amount that is equal to the amount that the health care provider paid in the taxable year for information technology hardware or software that is used to maintain medical records in electronic form.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes is amended to read:
71.05 (6) (a) 15. The amount of the credits computed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de),
(2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (3g), (3n), (3s), (3t), (5b), and (5d), (5e),

- and (5g) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1) (g).
 - **Section 2.** 71.07 (5e) of the statutes is created to read:
 - 71.07 (**5e**) ELECTRONIC MEDICAL RECORDS CREDIT. (a) *Definitions*. In this subsection, "claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection.
 - (b) *Filing claims*. Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.02, up to the amount of those taxes, an amount equal to the amount the claimant paid in the taxable year for information technology hardware or software that is used to maintain medical records in electronic form, if the claimant is a health care provider, as defined in s. 146.81 (1).
 - (c) *Limitations*. 1. The maximum amount of the credits that may be claimed under this subsection and ss. 71.28 (5e) and 71.47 (5e) in a taxable year is \$10,000,000.
 - 2. Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of amounts under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.
 - (d) *Administration*. Section 71.28 (4) (e) to (h), as it applies to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.

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SECTION 3.	71.10	(4)	(gxx)	of the	statutes	is cre	eated to	read
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- 2 71.10 (4) (gxx) Electronic medical records credit under s. 71.07 (5e).
- 3 **SECTION 4.** 71.21 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Act 74, is amended to read:
- 71.21 (4) Credits computed by a partnership under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2ds), (2dx), (3g), (3n), (3s), (3t), (5b), (5e), and (5g) and passed through to partners shall be added to the partnership's income.
 - **Section 5.** 71.26 (2) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Act 74, is amended to read:

71.26 (2) (a) Corporations in general. The "net income" of a corporation means the gross income as computed under the Internal Revenue Code as modified under sub. (3) minus the amount of recapture under s. 71.28 (1di) plus the amount of credit computed under s. 71.28 (1), (3), (4), and (5) minus, as provided under s. 71.28 (3) (c) 7., the amount of the credit under s. 71.28 (3) that the taxpayer added to income under this paragraph at the time that the taxpayer first claimed the credit plus the amount of the credit computed under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1di), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (3g), (3n), (3t), (5b), (5e), and (5g) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1) (g) plus the amount of losses from the sale or other disposition of assets the gain from which would be wholly exempt income, as defined in sub. (3) (L), if the assets were sold or otherwise disposed of at a gain and minus deductions, as computed under the Internal Revenue Code as modified under sub. (3), plus or minus, as appropriate, an amount equal to the difference between the federal basis and Wisconsin basis of any asset sold, exchanged, abandoned, or

otherwise disposed of in a taxable transaction during the taxable year, except as provided in par. (b) and s. 71.45 (2) and (5).

SECTION 6. 71.28 (5e) of the statutes is created to read:

- 71.28 **(5e)** ELECTRONIC MEDICAL RECORDS CREDIT. (a) *Definitions*. In this subsection, "claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection.
- (b) *Filing claims*. Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.23, up to the amount of those taxes, an amount equal to the amount the claimant paid in the taxable year for information technology hardware or software that is used to maintain medical records in electronic form, if the claimant is a health care provider, as defined in s. 146.81 (1).
- (c) *Limitations*. 1. The maximum amount of the credits that may be claimed under this subsection and ss. 71.07 (5e) and 71.47 (5e) in a taxable year is \$10,000,000.
- 2. Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of amounts under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.
- (d) *Administration*. Subsection (4) (e) to (h), as it applies to the credit under sub. (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.

SECTION 7. 71.30 (3) (epa) of the statutes is created to read:

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as defined in s. 146.81 (1).

1	71.30 (3) (epa) Electronic medical records credit under s. 71.28 (5e).							
2	Section 8. 71.34 (1) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Act 74,							
3	is amended to read:							
4	71.34 (1) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option							
5	corporation under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (3), (3g),							
6	(3n), (3t), (5b), (5e), and (5g) and passed through to shareholders.							
7	Section 9. 71.45 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Act							
8	74, is amended to read:							
9	71.45 (2) (a) 10. By adding to federal taxable income the amount of credit							
10	computed under s. 71.47 (1dd) to (1dx), (3n), (5b), (5e), and (5g) and not passed							
11	through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that							
12	has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or							
13	tax-option corporation's income under s. $71.21\ (4)$ or $71.34\ (1)\ (g)$ and the amount of							
14	credit computed under s. 71.47 (1), (3), (3t), (4), and (5).							
15	Section 10. 71.47 (5e) of the statutes is created to read:							
16	71.47 (5e) Electronic medical records credit. (a) Definitions. In this							
17	subsection, "claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection.							
18	(b) Filing claims. Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, a							
19	claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.43, up to the							
20	amount of those taxes, an amount equal to the amount the claimant paid in the							
21	taxable year for information technology hardware or software that is used to							
22	maintain medical records in electronic form, if the claimant is a health care provider,							

- (c) *Limitations*. 1. The maximum amount of the credits that may be claimed under this subsection and ss. 71.07 (5e) and 71.28 (5e) in a taxable year is \$10,000,000.
- 2. Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of amounts under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.
- (d) *Administration*. Section 71.28 (4) (e) to (h), as it applies to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.
 - **SECTION 11.** 71.49 (1) (epa) of the statutes is created to read:
- 15 71.49 (1) (epa) Electronic medical records credit under s. 71.47 (5e).
 - **SECTION 12.** 77.92 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Act 74, is amended to read:
 - 77.92 (4) "Net business income," with respect to a partnership, means taxable income as calculated under section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the items of income and gain under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, including taxable state and municipal bond interest and excluding nontaxable interest income or dividend income from federal government obligations; minus the items of loss and deduction under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, except items that are not deductible under s. 71.21; plus guaranteed payments to partners under section 707 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the credits claimed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de),

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(2d1), (2d1), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (3g), (3s), (3n), (3t), (5b), (5e), and (5g);						
and plus or minus, as appropriate, transitional adjustments, depreciation						
differences, and basis differences under s. 71.05 (13), (15), (16), (17), and (19); but						
excluding income, gain, loss, and deductions from farming. "Net business income,"						
with respect to a natural person, estate, or trust, means profit from a trade or						
business for federal income tax purposes and includes net income derived as an						
employee as defined in section 3121 (d) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.						

SECTION 13. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2008.

10 (END)