

State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

2007 ASSEMBLY BILL 661

January 3, 2008 – Introduced by Representatives PARISI, POPE-ROBERTS, ALBERS, SOLETSKI, BERCEAU, HEBL, SMITH, SINICKI, A. WILLIAMS, GRIGSBY and MOLEPSKE, cosponsored by Senators RISSER, VINEHOUT and TAYLOR. Referred to Committee on Judiciary and Ethics.

1	AN ACT to amend 5.05 (1) (intro.) and (c), 5.05 (2m) (c) 2. a., 5.05 (2m) (h), 5.05 (
2	(2s), 5.05(5s)(b), 5.05(5s)(d), 5.05(6a), 12.13(5)(a), 20.511(1)(be), 801.50(5t), 12.13(5)(a), 20.511(1)(be), 10.50(5t), 10.51(b), 10
3	801.52, 971.19 (12), 971.223 (1) and 978.05 (2); and <i>to create</i> 13.42 of the
4	statutes; relating to: false representations in communications with
5	legislators, providing a penalty, and making an appropriation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill prohibits any person from transmitting or delivering a communication to a member of the legislature which represents that a constituent of the member supports or opposes a specific numbered introduced proposal unless the person has a written or electronic document which proves that the named constituent has taken a position in support of or in opposition to the proposal identified in the communication. Violators are subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) of not more than \$10,000. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

Currently, no similar provision exists.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 5.05 (1) (intro.) and (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin

7 Act 1, are amended to read:

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5.05 (1) GENERAL AUTHORITY. (intro.) The government accountability board
 shall have the responsibility for the administration of chs. 5 to 12, other laws relating
 to elections and election campaigns, subch. III of ch. 13, and subch. III of ch. 19, and
 <u>s. 13.42</u>. Pursuant to such responsibility, the board may:

5 (c) Bring civil actions to require a forfeiture for any violation of chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19, or s. 13.42 or a license revocation for any 6 7 violation of subch. III of ch. 13 for which the offender is subject to a revocation. The 8 board may compromise and settle any civil action or potential action brought or 9 authorized to be brought by it which, in the opinion of the board, constitutes a minor 10 violation, a violation caused by excusable neglect, or which for other good cause 11 shown, should not in the public interest be prosecuted under such chapter. 12Notwithstanding s. 778.06, a civil action or proposed civil action authorized under 13this paragraph may be settled for such sum as may be agreed between the parties. 14Any settlement made by the board shall be in such amount as to deprive the alleged 15violator of any benefit of his or her wrongdoing and may contain a penal component to serve as a deterrent to future violations. In settling civil actions or proposed civil 16 17actions, the board shall treat comparable situations in a comparable manner and 18 shall assure that any settlement bears a reasonable relationship to the severity of 19 the offense or alleged offense. Except as otherwise provided in sub. (2m) (c) 15. and 2016. and ss. 5.08, 5.081, 19.535, and 19.59 (8), forfeiture and license revocation actions 21brought by the board shall be brought in the circuit court for the county where the 22defendant resides, or if the defendant is a nonresident of this state, in circuit court 23for the county wherein the violation is alleged to occur. For purposes of this $\mathbf{24}$ paragraph, a person other than a natural person resides within a county if the person's principal place of operation is located within that county. Whenever the 25

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board enters into a settlement agreement with an individual who is accused of a civil
violation of chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19, or s. 13.42 or who
is investigated by the board for a possible civil violation of one of those provisions,
the board shall reduce the agreement to writing, together with a statement of the
board's findings and reasons for entering into the agreement and shall retain the
agreement and statement in its office for inspection.

7 SECTION 2. 5.05 (2m) (c) 2. a. of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act
8 1, is amended to read:

5.05 (2m) (c) 2. a. Any person may file a complaint with the board alleging a
violation of chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19, or s. 13.42. If the
board finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that a complaint is frivolous, the
board may order the complainant to forfeit not more than the greater of \$500 or the
expenses incurred by the division in investigating the complaint.

SECTION 3. 5.05 (2m) (h) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1,
is amended to read:

5.05 (2m) (h) If the defendant in an action for a civil violation of chs. 5 to 12,
subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19, or s. 13.42 is a district attorney or a circuit
judge or a candidate for either such office, the action shall be brought by the board.
If the defendant in an action for a civil violation of chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13,
or subch. III of ch. 19, or s. 13.42 is the attorney general or a candidate for that office,
the board may appoint special counsel to bring suit on behalf of the state.

SECTION 4. 5.05 (2s) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
amended to read:

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1	5.05 (2s) ETHICS AND ACCOUNTABILITY DIVISION. The ethics and accountability
2	division has the responsibility for administration of ch. 11, subch. III of ch. 13, and
3	subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, and s. 13.42</u> .
4	SECTION 5. 5.05 (5s) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
5	amended to read:
6	5.05 (5s) (b) Investigatory records of the board may be made public in the
7	course of a prosecution initiated under chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III
8	of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> .
9	SECTION 6. $5.05 (5s) (d)$ of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
10	amended to read:
11	5.05 (5s) (d) If the board commences a civil prosecution of a person for an
12	alleged violation of chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u>
13	as the result of an investigation, the person who is the subject of the investigation
14	may authorize the board to make available for inspection and copying under s. 19.35
15	(1) records of the investigation pertaining to that person if the records are available
16	by law to the subject person and the board shall then make those records available.
17	SECTION 7. 5.05 (6a) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
18	amended to read:
19	5.05 (6a) ADVISORY OPINIONS. Any individual, either personally or on behalf of
20	an organization or governmental body, may make a written or electronic request of
21	the board for an advisory opinion regarding the propriety under chs. 5 to 12, subch.
22	III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> of any matter to which the person is
23	or may become a party; and any appointing officer, with the consent of a prospective
24	appointee, may request of the board an advisory opinion regarding the propriety
25	under chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> of any matter

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to which the prospective appointee is or may become a party. The board shall review 1 $\mathbf{2}$ a request for an advisory opinion and may issue a formal written or electronic 3 advisory opinion to the person making the request. Except as authorized or required 4 for opinions specified in sub. (5s) (f) 2., the board's deliberations and actions upon 5such requests shall be in meetings not open to the public. No person acting in good 6 faith upon an advisory opinion issued by the board is subject to criminal or civil 7 prosecution for so acting, if the material facts are as stated in the opinion request. 8 To have legal force and effect, each advisory opinion issued by the board must be 9 supported by specific legal authority under a statute or other law, or by specific case 10 or common law authority. Each advisory opinion shall include a citation to each 11 statute or other law and each case or common law authority upon which the opinion 12is based, and shall specifically articulate or explain which parts of the cited authority 13 are relevant to the board's conclusion and why they are relevant. The board may 14authorize its legal counsel to issue an informal written advisory opinion or to 15transmit an informal advisory opinion electronically on behalf of the board, subject to such limitations as the board deems appropriate. Every informal advisory opinion 16 17shall be consistent with applicable formal advisory opinions issued by the board. If 18 the board disagrees with an informal advisory opinion that has been issued on behalf of the board, the board may withdraw the opinion or issue a revised advisory opinion 19 20 and no person acting after the date of the withdrawal or issuance of the revised 21advisory opinion is exempted from prosecution under this subsection if the opinion 22 upon which the person's action is based has been withdrawn or revised in relevant 23degree. Except as authorized or required under sub. (5s) (f) 2., no member or 24employee of the board may make public the identity of the individual requesting a formal or informal advisory opinion or of individuals or organizations mentioned in 25

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1	the opinion. Any person receiving a formal or informal advisory opinion under this
2	subsection who disagrees with the opinion may request a public or private hearing
3	before the board to discuss the opinion. The board shall grant a request for a public
4	or private hearing under this subsection. After hearing the matter, the board may
5	reconsider its opinion and may issue a revised opinion to the person. Promptly upon
6	issuance of each formal advisory opinion that is not open to public access, the board
7	shall publish a summary of the opinion that is consistent with applicable
8	requirements under sub. (5s) (f).
9	SECTION 8. 12.13 (5) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
10	amended to read:
11	12.13 (5) (a) Except as specifically authorized by law and except as provided
12	in par. (b), no investigator, prosecutor, employee of an investigator or prosecutor, or
13	member or employee of the board may disclose information related to an
14	investigation or prosecution under chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of
15	ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> or any other law specified in s. 978.05 (1) or (2) or provide access
16	to any record of the investigator, prosecutor, or the board that is not subject to access
17	under s. 5.05 (5s) to any person other than an employee or agent of the prosecutor
18	or investigator or a member, employee, or agent of the board prior to presentation of
19	the information or record in a court of law.
20	SECTION 9. 13.42 of the statutes is created to read:
21	13.42 False representations in communications with legislators.
22	(1) No person may transmit or deliver a communication to a member of the

(1) No person may transmit or deliver a communication to a member of the
legislature which represents that a constituent of the member supports or opposes
a specific numbered introduced proposal unless the person has a written or electronic

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1	document which proves that the named constituent has taken a position in support
2	of or in opposition to the proposal that is identified in the communication.
3	(2) Any person who violates sub. (1) may be required to forfeit not more than
4	\$10,000. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.
5	SECTION 10. 20.511 (1) (be) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act
6	1, is amended to read:
7	20.511 (1) (be) <i>Investigations</i> . A sum sufficient for the purpose of financing the
8	costs of investigations authorized by the board of potential violations of chs. 5 to 12,
9	subch. III of ch. 13, and subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, and s. 13.42</u> .
10	SECTION 11. 801.50 (5t) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
11	amended to read:
12	801.50 (5t) Except as otherwise provided in ss. 801.52 and 971.223 (1) and (2),
13	venue in a civil action to impose a forfeiture upon a resident of this state for a
14	violation of chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> , or for
15	a violation of any other law arising from or in relation to the official functions of the
16	subject of the investigation or any matter that involves elections, ethics, or lobbying
17	regulation under chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> ,
18	shall be in circuit court for the county where the defendant resides. For purposes of
19	this subsection, a person other than a natural person resides within a county if the
20	person's principal place of operation is located within that county. This subsection
21	does not affect which prosecutor has responsibility under s. 978.05 (2) to prosecute
22	civil actions arising from violations under s. 971.223 (1).
23	SECTION 12. 801.52 of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is

amended to read:

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1	801.52 Discretionary change of venue. The court may at any time, upon
2	its own motion, the motion of a party or the stipulation of the parties, change the
3	venue to any county in the interest of justice or for the convenience of the parties or
4	witnesses, except that venue in a civil action to impose forfeiture for a violation of chs.
5	5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> or for a violation of any
6	other law arising from or in relation to the official functions of the subject of the
7	investigation or any matter that involves elections, ethics, or lobbying regulation
8	under chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> , may be
9	changed only as provided in s. 971.223 $\left(1\right)$ and $\left(2\right)$ or in the same manner that is
10	authorized for a change in the venue of a criminal trial under s. 971.22. This section
11	does not apply to proceedings under ch. 980.
12	SECTION 13. 971.19 (12) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
13	amended to read:
14	971.19 (12) Except as provided in s. 971.223, in an action for a violation of chs.
15	5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> , or for a violation of any
16	other law arising from or in relation to the official functions of the subject of the
17	investigation or any matter that involves elections, ethics, or lobbying regulation
18	under subch. <u>chs.</u> 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> , a
19	defendant who is a resident of this state shall be tried in circuit court for the county
20	where the defendant resides. For purposes of this subsection, a person other than
21	a natural person resides within a county if the person's principal place of operation
22	is located within that county.

23 SECTION 14. 971.223 (1) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
24 amended to read:

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1	971.223 (1) In an action for a violation of chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, θ r
2	subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u> , or for a violation of any other law arising from or in
3	relation to the official functions of the subject of the investigation or any matter that
4	involves elections, ethics, or lobbying regulation under chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch.
5	13, or subch. III of ch. 19, <u>or s. 13.42</u> , a defendant who is a resident of this state may
6	move to change the place of trial to the county where the offense was committed. The
7	motion shall be in writing.
8	SECTION 15. 978.05 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
9	amended to read:
10	978.05 (2) FORFEITURES. Except as otherwise provided by law, prosecute all
11	state forfeiture actions, county traffic actions and actions concerning violations of
12	county ordinances which are in conformity with state criminal laws in the courts
13	within his or her prosecutorial unit and have joint responsibility, together with the
14	government accountability board, for prosecution of all forfeiture actions arising
15	from violations of chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or s. 13.42</u>
16	and from violations of other laws arising from or in relation to the official functions
17	of the subject of the investigation or any matter that involves elections, ethics, or
18	lobbying regulation under chs. 5 to 12, subch. III of ch. 13, or subch. III of ch. 19 <u>, or</u>
19	s. 13.42 that are alleged to be committed by a resident of his or her prosecutorial unit,
20	or if alleged to be committed by a nonresident of this state, that are alleged to occur
21	within his or her prosecutorial unit unless another prosecutor is substituted under
22	s. 5.05 $(2m)$ (h) or this chapter or by referral of the government accountability board
23	under s. 5.05 $(2m)$ (c) 15. or 16. For purposes of this subsection, a person other than

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- 1 a natural person is a resident of a prosecutorial unit if the person's principal place
- 2 of operation is located in that prosecutorial unit.

(END)

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