2009 ASSEMBLY BILL 61

February 17, 2009 – Introduced by Representatives Grigsby, Kessler, Berceau, Colon, Fields, Mason, Roys, Sinicki, Toles, Turner, A. Williams, Young and A. Ott, cosponsored by Senators Taylor, Grothman, Lehman, Plale and Erpenbach. Referred to Committee on Judiciary and Ethics.

- 1 **AN ACT** to amend 343.32 (1m) (b) (intro.), 938.34 (14r) (a) and 961.50 (1) (intro.)
- of the statutes; **relating to:** motor vehicle operating privilege suspensions for controlled substance violations.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law requires a court to suspend the motor vehicle operating privilege of a person, including a juvenile, if the person is convicted of any violation of the state's Uniform Controlled Substances Act (drug violation). Under this bill, a court may, but is not required to, suspend a person's motor vehicle operating privilege if the person is convicted of a drug violation.

Also under current law, the Department of Transportation (DOT) must suspend a person's operating privilege whenever DOT receives notice that the person has been convicted in another state for an offense that, if committed in this state, would be a drug violation. Under this bill, DOT may, but is not required to, suspend a person's motor vehicle operating privilege if the person is convicted in another state for an offense that, if committed in this state, would be a drug violation.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

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Section 1. 343.32 (1m) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

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343.32 (1m) (b) (intro.) The secretary shall may suspend a person's operating privilege for not less than 6 months nor more than 5 years whenever notice has been received of the conviction of such person under federal law or the law of a federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state or the law of another jurisdiction for any offense therein which, if the person had committed the offense in this state and been convicted of the offense under the laws of this state, would have required permitted suspension of such person's operating privilege under s. 961.50. The person is eligible for an occupational license under s. 343.10 as follows:

Section 2. 938.34 (14r) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (14r) (a) In addition to any other dispositions imposed under this section, if the juvenile is found to have violated ch. 961, the court shall may suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not less than 6 months nor more than 5 years. The If a court suspends a person's operating privilege under this paragraph, the court shall immediately take possession of any suspended license and forward it to the department of transportation together with the notice of suspension stating that the suspension or revocation is for a violation of ch. 961.

Section 3. 961.50 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

961.50 (1) (intro.) If a person is convicted of any violation of this chapter, the court shall may, in addition to any other penalties that may apply to the crime, suspend the person's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not less than 6 months nor more than 5 years. The If a court suspends a person's operating privilege under this subsection, the court shall immediately take possession of any suspended license and forward it to the department of transportation together with

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6	(END)
5	subsection.
4	(1) This act first applies to violations occurring on the effective date of this
3	SECTION 4. Initial applicability.
2	occupational license under s. 343.10 as follows:
1	the record of conviction and notice of the suspension. The person is eligible for an

(END)