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State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4089/2 RPN:bjk:rs

2009 ASSEMBLY BILL 810

March 4, 2010 – Introduced by Representatives SHILLING, TURNER, HILGENBERG, MILROY, MOLEPSKE JR., SINICKI and SUDER, cosponsored by Senators TAYLOR and KREITLOW. Referred to Committee on Judiciary and Ethics.

1 AN ACT to create 905.16 of the statutes; relating to: creating a privilege for

communications to veteran mentors.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a communication between certain persons, such as between spouses, between a lawyer and client, and between a patient and a physician, is considered privileged and may not be disclosed without permission of the person who made the communication. The spouse, client, or patient may prevent the disclosure of the privileged communication, with certain exceptions.

This bill creates a privilege against disclosure of a communication made between a veteran or a member of the armed forces or national guard and a veteran mentor. A veteran mentor is a veteran who is authorized by a circuit court judge to provide assistance and advice to a veteran or a member of the armed forces or national guard regarding court-related matters. To be a veteran mentor, the person must have completed a judicially approved veterans mentoring training program and completed a background information form approved by a circuit court. The privilege does not apply to communications that the veteran has agreed in writing to allow to be disclosed as a condition of his or her participation in the veterans mentoring program.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

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SECTION 1. 905.16 of the statutes is created to read: 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 905.16 Communications to veteran mentors. (1) DEFINITIONS. As used in 3 this section: (a) A communication is "confidential" if not intended to be disclosed to 3rd 4 $\mathbf{5}$ parties other than to those persons present to further the interests of the veteran or 6 the member of the armed forces or national guard or to persons reasonably necessary 7 for the transmission of the communication. (b) A "veteran mentor" is an individual who meets all of the following criteria: 8 9 1. Served on active duty in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated in the U.S. armed forces, served in a reserve unit of the U.S. armed forces, or served in 10 the national guard. 11 2. Is on the list of persons authorized by a circuit court judge to provide 12assistance and advice in a veterans mentoring program. 1314 3. Has successfully completed a judicially approved veterans mentoring 15training program. 16 4. Has completed a background information form approved by a circuit court judge from a county that is participating in a veterans mentoring program. 1718 (c) "Veterans mentoring program" is program approved by a circuit court judge 19 to provide assistance and advice to veterans and current members of the U.S. armed 20forces, forces incorporated in the U.S. armed forces, a reserve unit of the U.S. armed 21forces, or the national guard, in court-related matters. 22(2) GENERAL RULE OF PRIVILEGE. A person has a privilege to refuse to disclose 23and to prevent another from disclosing a confidential communication by the person 24to a veteran mentor.

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1	(3) WHO MAY CLAIM THE PRIVILEGE. The privilege may be claimed by the person,
2	by the person's guardian or conservator, or by the person's personal representative
3	if the person is deceased. The veteran mentor may claim the privilege on behalf of
4	the person. The veteran mentor's authority to claim the privilege on behalf of the
5	person is presumed in the absence of evidence to the contrary.
6	(4) EXCEPTION. There is no privilege under this section as to communications

that the veteran has agreed in writing to allow to be disclosed as a condition of his
or her participation in the veterans mentoring program.

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(END)