

State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0668/1 CMH:wlj:rs

## 2009 SENATE BILL 492

January 25, 2010 – Introduced by LAW REVISION COMMITTEE. Referred to Committee on Judiciary, Corrections, Insurance, Campaign Finance Reform, and Housing.

 1
 AN ACT to renumber 971.14 (1); to renumber and amend 971.14 (5) (a); to

 2
 amend 911.01 (4) (c), 967.02 (2), 969.01 (1), 971.14 (2) (a), 971.14 (3) (d), 971.14

 3
 (5) (am) and 971.14 (5) (b); and to create 971.14 (1g) and 971.14 (5) (a) 4. of the

 4
 statutes; relating to: restoration to competency of a defendant (suggested as

 5
 remedial legislation by the Department of Health Services).

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, if a court has reason to doubt the competency of a defendant in a criminal case, the court may order the defendant to be examined to determine if the defendant is competent. If the examiner finds the defendant incompetent, the examiner's report must include the examiner's opinion as to the likelihood that the defendant will become competent, with treatment, within 12 months (or, if the maximum sentence for the most serious charged offense is shorter than 12 months, within the maximum sentence) and as to whether the defendant's treatment should occur in an inpatient facility, in a jail or locked part of a facility, or as a condition of bail or bond. If the court finds the defendant incompetent the proceedings are suspended. If the court also finds that the defendant will become competent, with treatment, in a certain time frame, the court must commit the defendant to the custody of the Department of Health Services (DHS). The statutes require DHS to determine whether the treatment should occur in a designated location or as a condition of bail or bond. This bill eliminates the option that treatment occur as a condition of bail or bond because, once proceedings are suspended when the person

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is committed for treatment, bail or bond is not an option. This bill also provides an alternative process for placing a person to an inpatient setting if the person is not appropriate for outpatient treatment.

For further information, see the NOTES provided by the Law Revision Committee of the Joint Legislative Council.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

LAW REVISION COMMITTEE PREFATORY NOTE: This bill is a remedial legislation proposal, requested by the Department of Health Services and introduced by the Law Revision Committee under s. 13.83 (1) (c) 4. and 5., stats. After careful consideration of the various provisions of the bill, the Law Revision Committee has determined that this bill makes minor substantive changes in the statutes, and that these changes are desirable as a matter of public policy.

#### **SECTION 1.** 911.01 (4) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28,

- 2 is amended to read:
- 3 911.01 (4) (c) *Miscellaneous proceedings*. Proceedings for extradition or

4 rendition; sentencing, granting, or revoking probation, modification of a sentence

- 5 under s. 302.1135, adjustment of a bifurcated sentence under s. 973.195 (1r), release
- 6 to extended supervision under s. 302.113 (2) (b) or 304.06 (1) or discharge under s.
- 7 973.01 (4m), issuance of arrest warrants, criminal summonses, and search warrants;
- 8 hearings under s. 980.09 (2); proceedings under s. 971.14 (1) (1r) (c); or proceedings
- 9 with respect to pretrial release under ch. 969 except where habeas corpus is utilized
- 10 with respect to release on bail or as otherwise provided in ch. 969.
- 11 SECTION 2. 967.02 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 967.02 (2) "Department" means the department of corrections, except as
  provided in s. ss. 971.14 and 975.001.
- 14 **SECTION 3.** 969.01 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 969.01 (1) BEFORE CONVICTION. Before conviction, except as provided in ss.
   969.035 and 971.14 (1) (1r), a defendant arrested for a criminal offense is eligible for

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1	release under reasonable conditions designed to assure his or her appearance in
2	court, protect members of the community from serious bodily harm, or prevent the
3	intimidation of witnesses. Bail may be imposed at or after the initial appearance
4	only upon a finding by the court that there is a reasonable basis to believe that bail
5	is necessary to assure appearance in court. In determining whether any conditions
6	of release are appropriate, the judge shall first consider the likelihood of the
7	defendant appearing for trial if released on his or her own recognizance.
	Note: Section 1 and this Section 4 reflect the renumbering of s. 971.14 (1) to 971.14 (1r) in Section 4 of the bill.
8	SECTION 4. 971.14 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 971.14 (1r).
9	<b>SECTION 5.</b> 971.14 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:
10	971.14 (1g) DEFINITION. In this section, "department" means the department
11	of health services.
12	<b>SECTION 6.</b> 971.14 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	971.14 (2) (a) The court shall appoint one or more examiners having the
14	specialized knowledge determined by the court to be appropriate to examine and
15	report upon the condition of the defendant. If an inpatient examination is
16	determined by the court to be necessary, the defendant may be committed to a
17	suitable mental health facility for the examination period specified in par. (c), which
18	shall be deemed days spent in custody under s. 973.155. If the examination is to be
19	conducted by the department of health services, the court shall order the individual
20	to the facility designated by the department of health services.
21	SECTION 7. 971.14 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	971.14 (3) (d) If the examiner reports that the defendant lacks competency, the

23examiner's opinion regarding the likelihood that the defendant, if provided

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treatment, may be restored to competency within the time period permitted under sub. (5) (a). The examiner shall provide an opinion as to whether the individual's defendant's treatment should occur in an inpatient facility designated by the department of health services, in a community-based treatment program under the supervision of the department, or should be conducted in a jail or a locked unit of a facility that has entered into a voluntary agreement with the state to serve as a location for treatment<del>, or as a condition of bail or bond</del>.

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### 8 SECTION 8. 971.14 (5) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 971.14 (5) (a) 1. and 9 amended to read:

10 971.14 (5) (a) 1. If the court determines that the defendant is not competent but 11 is likely to become competent within the period specified in this paragraph if 12provided with appropriate treatment, the court shall suspend the proceedings and 13 commit the defendant to the custody of the department of health services for the 14treatment for a period not to exceed 12 months, or the maximum sentence specified 15for the most serious offense with which the defendant is charged, whichever is less. The department to shall determine whether the defendant will receive treatment 16 17shall occur in an appropriate institution designated by the department, or while 18 under the supervision of the department in a community-based treatment 19 conducted program under contract with the department, or in a jail or a locked unit 20 of a facility that has entered into a voluntary agreement with the state to serve as 21a location for treatment, or as a condition of bail or bond, for a period of time not to 22exceed 12 months, or the maximum sentence specified for the most serious offense 23with which the defendant is charged, whichever is less. Under this subsection,. The  $\mathbf{24}$ sheriff shall transport the defendant to the institution, program, jail, or facility, as determined by the department. 25

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1	2. If, under subd. 1., the department of health services may commence
2	commences services to a person defendant in jail but or in a locked unit, the
3	department shall, as soon as possible, transfer that person the defendant to an
4	institution or provide services to the person <u>defendant</u> in a nonjail setting
5	<u>community-based treatment program</u> consistent with this subsection.

- 6 <u>3.</u> Days spent in commitment under this paragraph are considered days spent
- 7 in custody under s. 973.155.

NOTE: The amendments in SECTIONS 7 and 8 allow for an outpatient option for competency restoration. In addition, language in the current statute provides that the department of health services must take certain actions during suspension of the proceedings, as a condition of bail or bond. The reference to these actions being taken as a condition of bail or bond is deleted. According to the department of health services, bail or bond cannot be granted once the proceedings are suspended, making it difficult to utilize this statute.

8 **SECTION 9.** 971.14 (5) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

9 971.14 (5) (a) 4. A defendant under the supervision of the department placed

- 10 under this paragraph in a community-based treatment program is in the custody
- 11 and control of the department, subject to any conditions set by the department. If

12 the department believes that the defendant under supervision has violated a

13 condition, or that permitting the defendant to remain in the community jeopardizes

- 14 the safety of the defendant or another person, the department may designate an
- 15 institution at which the treatment shall occur and may request that the court
- 16 reinstate the proceedings, order the defendant transported by the sheriff to the
- 17 designated institution, and suspend proceedings consistent with subd. 1.

Note: The creation of s. 971.14 (5) (a) 4. in this Section clarifies that the department of health services has custody and control of a defendant placed in a community-based treatment program.

- 18 **SECTION 10.** 971.14 (5) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 19 971.14 (5) (am) If the defendant is not subject to a court order determining the
- 20 defendant to be not competent to refuse medication or treatment for the defendant's

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1 mental condition and if the treatment facility department determines that the 2 defendant should be subject to such a court order, the treatment facility department 3 may file with the court, with notice to the counsel for the defendant, the defendant, 4 and the district attorney, a motion for a hearing, under the standard specified in sub. 5 (3) (dm), on whether the defendant is not competent to refuse medication or 6 treatment. A report on which the motion is based shall accompany the motion and 7 notice of motion and shall include a statement signed by a licensed physician that 8 asserts that the defendant needs medication or treatment and that the defendant is 9 not competent to refuse medication or treatment, based on an examination of the 10 defendant by a licensed physician. Within 10 days after a motion is filed under this paragraph, the court shall, under the procedures and standards specified in sub. (4) 11 12(b), determine the defendant's competency to refuse medication or treatment for the defendant's mental condition. At the request of the defendant, the defendant's 1314 counsel, or the district attorney, the hearing may be postponed, but in no case may 15the postponed hearing be held more than 20 days after a motion is filed under this 16 paragraph.

NOTE: The amendments in this SECTION clarify that the department of health services, not the treatment facility in which a defendant is placed, is responsible for filing motions with the court for an order to determine that a defendant is not competent to refuse medication or treatment.

17 **SECTION 11.** 971.14 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

18 971.14 (5) (b) The defendant shall be periodically reexamined by the 19 department of health services examiners. Written reports of examination shall be 20 furnished to the court 3 months after commitment, 6 months after commitment, 9 21 months after commitment and within 30 days prior to the expiration of commitment. 22 Each report shall indicate either that the defendant has become competent, that the 23 defendant remains incompetent but that attainment of competency is likely within

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1	the remaining commitment period, or that the defendant has not made such progress
2	that attainment of competency is likely within the remaining commitment period.
3	Any report indicating such a lack of sufficient progress shall include the examiner's
4	opinion regarding whether the defendant is mentally ill, alcoholic, drug dependent,
5	developmentally disabled or infirm because of aging or other like incapacities.
	NOTE: The amendment in SECTION 5 defines "department" as the department of health services for s. 971.14. The amendments in SECTIONS 2, 6, and 11 reflect the creation of that definition.

(END)