

State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE



## **2011 ASSEMBLY BILL 746**

March 15, 2012 – Introduced by Representative Roys. Referred to Committee on Election and Campaign Reform.

AN ACT to repeal 5.02 (24r), 5.37, 5.40 (3) (b), 5.40 (4), 5.40 (5), 5.53, 5.77 (2), 5.90 1  $\mathbf{2}$ (2) and (3), 5.91 (18), 6.82 (3), 7.25, 7.50 (2) (hm), 7.51 (2) (g) and (h), 7.51 (3) 3 (c), 9.01 (1) (b) 6. to 8., 10.07 (2) and 12.13 (3) (y); to renumber and amend 5.77 (1), 5.90 (1) and 10.07 (1); to amend 5.02 (1c), 5.02 (1e), 5.02 (4m), 5.02 (24g), 4 5.05 (1) (e), 5.05 (14), 5.15 (6) (b), 5.35 (4), 5.40 (title), 5.40 (1), 5.40 (2), 5.40 (3) 56 (intro.), 5.40 (5m), 5.40 (6), 5.40 (7), 5.51 (6), 5.54, 5.55, 5.56, 5.62 (1) (a), 5.655 7 (1), 5.66, 5.68 (1), 5.68 (3), 5.72 (1), 5.76, 5.78, 5.81 (1), 5.81 (3), 5.85 (2) (a), 5.85 (5), 5.91 (6), 5.91 (7), 5.91 (9), 5.94, 6.15 (3), 6.80 (1), 6.80 (2) (a), 6.80 (2) (am), 8 9 6.80 (2) (f), 6.80 (3) (title), 6.80 (3) (b), 6.82 (2) (a) and (b), 6.96, 6.965, 6.97 (1), 10 7.03 (1) (a) and (d), 7.08 (1) (d), 7.10 (6), 7.15 (2) (c), 7.15 (3), 7.15 (6), 7.23 (1) 11 (h), 7.23 (2), 7.30 (1) (a), 7.37 (4), 7.41 (5), 7.51 (2) (a), 7.51 (6), 8.50 (3) (c), 8.55 12(4), 9.01 (1) (a) 1., 9.01 (1) (a) 2. a., 9.01 (1) (ag) 1., 1m. and 2., 9.01 (1) (b) 8m. and 8s., 9.01 (1) (b) 10., 9.01 (2), 9.01 (3), 9.01 (4), 9.01 (6) (a), 9.01 (7) (a), 10.01 1314(2) (b), 10.02 (2) (c), 10.02 (3) (a), 10.02 (3) (b) 1., 10.02 (3) (b) 2., 10.02 (3) (b) 3.

1	and 4., 10.02 (3) (c), 10.02 (3) (d), 10.02 (3) (e), 10.02 (3) (f), 10.06 (3) (am) and
2	(bm), 10.06 (3) (e), 12.13 (2) (b) 6., 12.13 (3) (f), 12.13 (3) (j), 12.60 (1) (a), 67.05 (c)
3	(3) (a) 7. and 120.06 (11); and <i>to create</i> 5.91 (19) and 7.41 (4m) of the statutes;
4	relating to: discontinuance of the use of voting machines, recounts of
5	machine-readable ballots, petitions for recounts, inspection of areas where
0	machine-readable ballots, petitions for recounts, inspection of areas where
6	voted ballots are stored, and destruction of ballots after an election.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes various changes in election laws relating to the discontinuance of the use of voting machines, recounts of machine-readable ballots, petitions for recounts, the inspection of areas where voted ballots are stored, and the destruction of ballots after an election.

#### Discontinuance of the use of voting machines

Currently, with limited exceptions, every municipality with a population of 7,500 or more must use voting machines or an electronic voting system at all primaries and other elections held in the municipality. Either mechanical or electronic voting machines may be used. No electronic voting system, including an electronic voting machine, may be used unless the system meets statutory standards and is approved by the Government Accountability Board for use at elections held in this state. All voting machines must be tested before each election to determine if they are functioning properly. If voting machines are used, ballots need not be printed and distributed to electors, but if electronic voting machines are used, the machines must maintain a cumulative tally of votes cast that is retrievable in the event of a power outage, evacuation, or malfunction so that the record of the votes cast prior to the time that the problem occurs is preserved. This bill discontinues the authorization for municipalities to use mechanical or electronic voting machines at elections held in this state. Under the bill, if an electronic voting system is used, the system must be of a type in which printed ballots are distributed to electors.

#### **Recounts of machine-readable ballots**

Currently, with a limited exception, a board of canvassers must use automatic tabulating equipment to conduct a recount of ballots that are in machine-readable form. However, a candidate, or an elector if the recount is for a referendum question, may petition the circuit court for an order requiring ballots in machine-readable form to be recounted by hand or by another method approved by the court. To obtain such an order, the candidate or elector must show by clear and convincing evidence that due to an irregularity or mistake committed during the voting or canvassing process the results of a recount using automatic tabulating equipment will produce incorrect results and there is a substantial probability that recounting the ballots by hand or by another method will produce a more correct result and change the

outcome of the election. This bill provides instead that the elector who petitions for a recount, a candidate at the election, or an elector who voted in a referendum that is the subject of a recount may file a written demand for the board of canvassers to recount the ballots in an election, or the ballots from a specified ward or polling place, by hand, in which case the board of canvassers must recount those ballots by hand.

#### **Petitions for recounts**

Currently, any candidate voted for at an election may petition for a recount of the votes cast at the election. If the difference between the votes cast for the leading candidate and the candidate receiving the next highest number of votes is less than ten if 1,000 or less votes are cast or not more than 0.5 percent if more than 1,000 votes are cast, the cost of the recount is paid by the local government or governments where the votes are cast. If the difference in the numbers of votes cast exceeds that level, the petitioner must may a fee that depends upon the difference in the numbers of votes cast. This bill permits any elector who voted in an election for an office to petition for a recount of the votes cast at the election. Under the bill, the petitioner must pay a fee equal to the actual cost of performing the recount.

#### Destruction of ballots after an election

Currently, ballots at an election may be destroyed no earlier than 30 days after the election except that: 1) ballots at a federal election must be retained until 22 months after that election; 2) if a recount or appeal of a recount is pending or if the time for petitioning for a recount or review of a recount determination has not expired on the 30th day after an election, ballots must be retained until the recount or appeal is finally adjudicated; and 3) a court may order the retention of ballots for a longer period. This bill provides that ballots at an election must be retained until 14 days before the next regularly scheduled election but in no case earlier than 30 days after an election.

#### Inspection of areas where voted ballots are stored

This bill permits any individual, with reasonable prior notice to a municipal clerk or board of election commissioners, to inspect an area in which ballots relating to an election are stored after the election. The bill does not permit an individual to inspect ballots or to require the breaking of seals on ballot bags or containers.

For further information see the *local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 5.02 (1c) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	5.02 (1c) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus which
2	automatically examines and counts votes recorded on ballots or voting machines and
3	tabulates the results.
4	<b>SECTION 2.</b> 5.02 (1e) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	5.02 (1e) "Ballot" means a ballot label, sheet of paper or envelope on which
6	votes are recorded. The term also includes a sheet or card, filmstrip or other device
7	listing or containing information relative to offices, candidates and referenda which
8	is placed, projected or composed on the board or screen inside a voting machine.
9	<b>SECTION 3.</b> 5.02 (4m) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	5.02 (4m) "Electronic voting system" means a system in which votes are
11	recorded on ballots, and the votes are subsequently counted and tabulated by
12	automatic tabulating equipment. The term also includes a voting machine on which
13	votes are recorded and tabulated by electronic means.
14	<b>SECTION 4.</b> 5.02 (24g) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	5.02 (24g) "Voting device" means an apparatus <del>other than a voting machine</del>
16	which the elector uses to record his or her votes on a ballot.
17	<b>SECTION 5.</b> 5.02 (24r) of the statutes is repealed.
18	<b>SECTION 6.</b> 5.05 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	5.05 (1) (e) Delegate to its legal counsel the authority to intervene in a civil
20	action or proceeding under sub. (9), issue an order under s. 5.06, exempt a polling
21	place from accessibility requirements under s. 5.25 (4) (a), exempt a municipality
22	from the requirement to use <del>voting machines or</del> an electronic voting system under
23	s. 5.40 (5m), approve an electronic data recording system for maintaining poll lists
24	under s. 6.79, or authorize nonappointment of an individual who is nominated to

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serve as an election official under s. 7.30 (4) (e), subject to such limitations as the
 board deems appropriate.

**SECTION 7.** 5.05 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.05 (14) INFORMATION FROM COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL CLERKS. The board may request information from county and municipal clerks relating to election administration, performance of electronic voting systems <del>and voting machines</del>, and use of paper ballots in elections.

# 8 SECTION 8. 5.15 (6) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 75, is 9 amended to read:

10 5.15 (6) (b) No later than 30 days before each election, the governing body of 11 any municipality may by resolution combine 2 or more wards for voting purposes to 12facilitate using a common polling place. Whenever wards are so combined, the 13 original ward numbers shall continue to be utilized for all official purposes. Except 14as otherwise authorized under this paragraph, every municipality having a 15population of 35,000 or more shall maintain separate returns for each ward so combined. In municipalities having a population of less than 35,000, the governing 16 17body may provide in the resolution that returns shall be maintained only for each 18 group of combined wards at any election. Whenever a governing body provides for common ballot boxes and ballots or voting machines, separate returns shall be 19 20 maintained for each separate ballot required under ss. 5.62 and 5.64 at the partisan 21primary and general election. The municipal clerk shall transmit a copy of the 22resolution to the county clerk of each county in which the municipality is contained. 23In municipalities having a population of less than 35,000, the resolution shall remain 24in effect for each election until modified or rescinded, or until a new division is made under this section. 25

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1	<b>SECTION 9.</b> 5.35 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	5.35 (4) LAYOUT; ORGANIZATION. All voting booths and machines shall be placed
3	apart from other activities in the polling place, with their exteriors in full view of the
4	election officials. Only the proper election officials, persons observing the
5	proceedings under s. 7.41, persons assisting voters under s. 6.82 (2) and electors
6	receiving, preparing or depositing their ballots <del>or casting their votes on the machines</del>
7	are permitted in the voting area. Except where assistance is authorized, only one
8	elector at a time is permitted in a voting booth <del>or machine</del> .
9	SECTION 10. 5.37 of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Acts 23 and 32,
10	is repealed.
11	<b>SECTION 11.</b> 5.40 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	5.40 (title) Use of voting machines or systems.
13	<b>SECTION 12.</b> 5.40 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
$\frac{13}{14}$	<b>SECTION 12.</b> 5.40 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 5.40 (1) Except as permitted in sub. (3) or as required in subs. (4) to (5m) and
14	5.40 (1) Except as permitted in sub. (3) or as required in subs. (4) to (5m) and
14 15	<ul> <li>5.40 (1) Except as permitted in sub. (3) or as required in subs. (4) to (5m) and</li> <li>(6), the governing body or board of election commissioners of every municipality with</li> </ul>
14 15 16	5.40 (1) Except as permitted in sub. (3) or as required in subs. (4) to (5m) and (6), the governing body or board of election commissioners of every municipality with a population of 10,000 or more before July 1, 1995, or of 7,500 or more thereafter shall
14 15 16 17	5.40 (1) Except as permitted in sub. (3) or as required in subs. (4) to (5m) and (6), the governing body or board of election commissioners of every municipality with a population of 10,000 or more before July 1, 1995, or of 7,500 or more thereafter shall require the use of <del>voting machines or</del> electronic voting systems in every ward in the
14 15 16 17 18	5.40 (1) Except as permitted in sub. (3) or as required in subs. (4) to (5m) and (6), the governing body or board of election commissioners of every municipality with a population of 10,000 or more before July 1, 1995, or of 7,500 or more thereafter shall require the use of voting machines or electronic voting systems in every ward in the municipality at every election. Any other governing body or board of election
14 15 16 17 18 19	5.40 (1) Except as permitted in sub. (3) or as required in subs. (4) to (5m) and (6), the governing body or board of election commissioners of every municipality with a population of 10,000 or more before July 1, 1995, or of 7,500 or more thereafter shall require the use of <del>voting machines or</del> electronic voting systems in every ward in the municipality at every election. Any other governing body or board of election commissioners may adopt and purchase <del>voting machines or</del> electronic voting systems.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	5.40 (1) Except as permitted in sub. (3) or as required in subs. (4) to (5m) and (6), the governing body or board of election commissioners of every municipality with a population of 10,000 or more before July 1, 1995, or of 7,500 or more thereafter shall require the use of voting machines or electronic voting systems in every ward in the municipality at every election. Any other governing body or board of election commissioners may adopt and purchase voting machines or electronic voting systems for use in any ward in the municipality at any election.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	5.40 (1) Except as permitted in sub. (3) or as required in subs. (4) to (5m) and (6), the governing body or board of election commissioners of every municipality with a population of 10,000 or more before July 1, 1995, or of 7,500 or more thereafter shall require the use of voting machines or electronic voting systems in every ward in the municipality at every election. Any other governing body or board of election commissioners may adopt and purchase voting machines or electronic voting systems for use in any ward in the municipality at any election. <b>SECTION 13.</b> 5.40 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	5.40 (3) (intro.) Notwithstanding sub. (1), any municipality may elect to utilize
2	paper ballots and voting booths instead of <del>voting machines or</del> an electronic voting
3	system:
4	SECTION 15. 5.40 (3) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
5	<b>SECTION 16.</b> 5.40 (4) of the statutes is repealed.
6	<b>SECTION 17.</b> 5.40 (5) of the statutes is repealed.
7	<b>SECTION 18.</b> 5.40 (5m) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	5.40 (5m) Notwithstanding sub. (1), the governing body of a municipality
9	which uses <del>voting machines or</del> an electronic voting system may petition the board
10	for permission to use paper ballots and voting booths for a specific election, and the
11	board may grant such a request.
12	<b>SECTION 19.</b> 5.40 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	5.40 (6) A municipality which utilizes voting machines or an electronic voting
14	system at a polling place may permit use of the <del>machines or</del> system by electors voting
15	under s. 6.15 only as authorized under s. 6.15 (3).
16	<b>SECTION 20.</b> 5.40 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	5.40 (7) Whenever a municipality adopts and purchases voting machines or an
18	electronic voting system, or adopts and purchases a different type of <del>voting machine</del>
19	<del>or</del> electronic voting system from the type it was previously using, the municipal clerk
20	or executive director of the municipal board of election commissioners shall promptly
21	notify the county clerk or executive director of the county board of election
22	commissioners and the administrator of the elections division of the board in writing.
23	<b>SECTION 21.</b> 5.51 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	5.51 (6) All candidates' names for the same office shall be placed, projected or
25	<del>composed</del> on the ballot in the same size, style and color of type. The style and size

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of type shall conform substantially to the official ballot forms prescribed by the board
 under s. 7.08 (1) (a).

3 **SECTION 22.** 5.53 of the statutes is repealed.

4 **SECTION 23.** 5.54 of the statutes is amended to read:

5 5.54 Notice to electors. Every ballot, except a voting machine ballot, shall
bear substantially the following information on the face: "NOTICE TO ELECTORS: This
ballot may be invalid unless initialed by 2 election inspectors. If cast as an absentee
ballot, the ballot must bear the initials of the municipal clerk or deputy clerk."

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**SECTION 24.** 5.55 of the statutes is amended to read:

10 **5.55** Information. On every ballot, except a voting machine ballot, shall be printed "Official .... Ballot" or "Official .... Ballot for ...." followed by the designation 11 12of the polling place for which the ballot has been prepared, the date of the election, 13 and the official endorsement and blank certificates. The number of the ward or 14wards or aldermanic district, if any, and the name of the municipality may be omitted 15in printing and stamped or written on the ballots at any location which is clearly visible at the option of the county clerk. Printed information and initials shall appear 16 17on the back and outside of the ballot.

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**SECTION 25.** 5.56 of the statutes is amended to read:

19 5.56 Multiple columns and rows. Whenever the number of candidates for 20 any office requires the use of more than one row or column on a voting machine or 21 whenever the official or agency having the responsibility to determine ballot 22 positions determines that the number of candidates for an office requires the use of 23 more than one column on a ballot, the official or agency having such responsibility 24 shall require that the rows or columns be rotated in such a manner that all rows are 25 positioned on top, or all columns are positioned to the left, in an equal number of

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wards or election districts. If the number of wards and election districts in which voting for an office is conducted is not equally divisible, the position of the rows or columns in the remaining wards or election districts shall be determined by the official or agency by the drawing of lots. The number of columns or rows shall be determined at the same time that the positions of the candidates' names are determined for each primary and election.

SECTION 26. 5.62 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Acts 32
and 75, is amended to read:

9 5.62 (1) (a) At the partisan primary, the following ballot shall be provided for 10 the nomination of candidates of recognized political parties for national, state and 11 county offices and independent candidates for state office in each ward, in the same 12form as prescribed by the board under s. 7.08 (1) (a), except as authorized in s. 5.655. 13 The ballots shall be made up of the several party tickets with each party entitled to 14participate in the primary under par. (b) or sub. (2) having its own ballot, except as 15authorized in s. 5.655. The ballots shall be secured together at the bottom. The party 16 ballot of the party receiving the most votes for president or governor at the last 17general election shall be on top with the other parties arranged in descending order 18 based on their vote for president or governor at the last general election. The ballots of parties qualifying under sub. (2) shall be placed after the parties qualifying under 19 20 par. (b), in the same order in which the parties filed petitions with the board. Any 21ballot required under par. (b) 2. shall be placed next in order. At polling places where 22voting machines are used, each party shall be represented in one or more separate 23columns or rows on the ballot. At polling places where an electronic voting system 24is used other than an electronic voting machine, each party may be represented in separate columns or rows on the ballot. 25

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**SECTION 27.** 5.655 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 1 2 5.655(1) Whenever a separate ballot is required to be used, a municipality may 3 use a single ballot to facilitate the use of voting machines or an electronic voting 4 system or, if the municipality employs paper ballots, may use a consolidated paper 5 ballot that is authorized under sub. (2). If a municipality uses a single ballot in lieu 6 of separate ballots, the ballot shall include a separate column or row for any office, 7 referendum or party for which a separate ballot is required by law and the ballot shall be distributed only to electors who are eligible to vote for all of the offices and 8 9 referenda appearing on the ballot. 10 **SECTION 28.** 5.66 of the statutes is amended to read:

11 **5.66 Number of ballots.** (1) For local elections, where necessary, municipal 12clerks shall have sufficient ballots printed or otherwise prepared whenever a voting 13system does not utilize printed ballots to assure a ballot for all electors or voting 14machines. For all other elections the municipal clerks shall certify to their county 15clerk, on the first day of the 2nd month preceding the month in which the primary is held, the approximate number of electors in the municipality. The county clerk 16 17shall total these estimates and order a sufficient supply to assure ballots for all 18 electors and voting machines.

(2) The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall print a sufficient
number of sample ballots. The municipal clerk or board of election commissioners
shall print sample ballots whenever the municipality prepares ballots under s. 7.15
(2) (b) or (c). Sample ballots shall be printed on nonwhite colored paper and shall be
overprinted "SAMPLE". Voting machine sample ballots shall be a reduced size
diagram of the face of the board or screen inside the voting machine with all
candidates, issues and voting instructions as they will appear on the official ballot.

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Sample ballots to be used with an electronic voting system in which ballots that are 1  $\mathbf{2}$ distributed to electors are used shall be an actual size copy of the ballot. The clerk 3 or board of election commissioners printing the ballots shall distribute the samples approximately as follows: 45% shall be kept in the clerk's or board's office and 4 5 distributed to electors requesting them; 45% shall be sent to the municipalities, or, 6 if the municipality prints ballots, 45% shall be sent to the county for distribution to the electors; and 10% shall be reserved to be sent to the polling places by 7 8 municipalities in proportion to the number certified in sub. (1) and made available 9 to electors at the polls on election day.

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**SECTION 29.** 5.68 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.68 (1) The cost of acquisition of ballot boxes and voting booths, voting
 machines or electronic voting systems and regular maintenance thereof shall be
 borne by the municipalities in which the boxes, booths, machines or systems are
 used.

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**SECTION 30.** 5.68 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 5.68 (3) If voting machines are used or if an electronic voting system is used 17in which all candidates and referenda appear on the same ballot, the ballots for all 18 national, state and county offices and for county and state referenda shall be 19 prepared and paid for by the county wherein they are used. If the voting machine 20or electronic voting system ballot includes a municipal or school, technical college, 21sewerage or sanitary district ballot, the cost of that portion of the ballot shall be 22reimbursed to the county or paid for by the municipality or district, except as 23provided in a 1st class city school district under sub. (2).

24 **SECTION 31.** 5.72 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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5.72 (1) As soon as possible after ballots are delivered to the county clerk or to 1  $\mathbf{2}$ the municipal clerk if the municipality is preparing ballots under s. 7.15 (2), but not 3 later than 3 weeks before any election relating to a state or national office or 4 statewide referendum, the county or municipal clerk preparing the ballots shall 5 submit one copy of each ballot to the board for review of possible errors. If the 6 contractor preparing the ballots supplies proofs in advance of ballot preparation, the 7 clerk shall submit one copy of the proofs in lieu of actual ballots. If a voting machine ballot or other ballot combining local candidates or referenda with state or national 8 9 candidates or referenda is used, the entire ballot shall be submitted, but if ballots 10 intended for distribution to electors are used, otherwise only those ballots relating 11 to state or national offices and statewide referenda need be submitted. This 12subsection does not require delay of ballot distribution or mailing of absentee ballots. 13 **SECTION 32.** 5.76 of the statutes is amended to read:

145.76 Adoption, experimentation or discontinuance of systems. The 15governing body or board of election commissioners of any municipality may by ordinance or resolution adopt, experiment with, or discontinue any electronic voting 16 17system authorized by this subchapter and approved under s. 5.91 for use in this state, 18 and may purchase or lease materials or equipment for such system to be used in all or some of the wards within its jurisdiction, either exclusively or in combination with 19 20mechanical voting machines, or in combination with paper ballots where such ballots 21are authorized to be used.

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SECTION 33. 5.77 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 5.77 and amended to read:
5.77 Applicable procedures. So far as applicable, the procedure provided for voting paper ballots applies when an electronic voting system employing the use of ballots distributed to electors is used.

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LRB-4221/1 JTK:med:jm **SECTION 34** 

1	SECTION 34. 5.77 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
2	<b>SECTION 35.</b> 5.78 of the statutes is amended to read:
3	5.78 Voting booths. At polling places where an electronic voting system
4	employing the use of ballots distributed to electors is used, the municipality shall
5	supply a sufficient number of voting booths for the use of electors as provided in s.
6	5.35 (2).
7	<b>SECTION 36.</b> 5.81 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	5.81 (1) Whenever the statutes provide for the use of separate ballots or
9	columns or rows for offices, parties or referenda, and an electronic voting system in
10	which ballots are distributed to electors is used at a polling place, a single ballot may
11	be used for all offices, referenda and parties. The ballot information, whether placed
12	on the ballot or on the voting device, shall, as far as practicable, be grouped and
13	ordered in the same manner as provided for other ballots under this chapter, except
14	that the information on the ballot need not be in separate columns or rows.
15	<b>SECTION 37.</b> 5.81 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	5.81 (3) If a municipality utilizes an electronic voting system in which ballots
17	distributed to electors are employed, absentee ballots may consist of ballots utilized
18	with the system or paper ballots and envelopes voted in person in the office of the
19	municipal clerk or voted by mail.
20	<b>SECTION 38.</b> 5.85 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	5.85(2) (a) The election officials shall examine the ballots or record of votes cast
22	for write-in votes and shall count and tabulate the write-in votes. When an
23	electronic voting system is used in which ballots are distributed to electors, before
24	separating the remaining ballots from their respective covering envelopes, the
25	election officials shall examine the ballots for write-in votes. When an elector has

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cast a write-in vote, the election officials shall compare the write-in vote with the 1  $\mathbf{2}$ votes on the ballot to determine whether the write-in vote results in an overvote for 3 any office. In case of an overvote for any office, the election officials shall make a true 4 duplicate ballot of all votes on the ballot except for the office that is overvoted, by 5 using an official ballot of that kind used by the elector who voted the original ballot. 6 and one of the marking devices so as to transfer all votes of the elector except for the 7 office overvoted, to an official ballot of that kind used in the ward at that election. Unless election officials are selected under s. 7.30 (4) (c) without regard to party 8 9 affiliation, the election officials shall consist in each case of at least one election 10 official of each of the 2 major political parties, whenever officials of both parties are 11 present.

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**SECTION 39.** 5.85(5) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 5.85 (5) If the municipality has designated a central counting location to be 14used to count ballots under s. 7.51 (1), the inspectors shall count and deposit the 15paper ballots in the container. The inspectors shall then place the slip made out under sub. (4) in the container. The inspectors shall also place the tally sheet 16 17recording the write-in votes and other votes cast on paper ballots, and all other 18 ballots, or the record of the votes cast on an electronic voting system where no ballots are distributed to electors, in the container and shall thereupon immediately seal the 19 20 container with an adhesive seal provided by the municipal clerk for the purpose in 21such manner that the seal completely covers the opening in the container, and each 22of the inspectors shall sign the seal. The "Defective Ballots" envelope, and "Original 23Ballots" envelope each shall be securely sealed and the flap or end thereof of each  $\mathbf{24}$ signed by the inspectors and returned to the central counting location with the box for return of the ballots, enclosed ballots and returns. Thereupon, the municipal 25

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clerk or 2 of the election officials shall forthwith and by the most direct route
transport the container and envelopes to the central counting location designated by
the municipal clerk. Unless election officials are selected under s. 7.30 (4) (c) without
regard to party affiliation, the election officials shall consist in each case of at least
one election official of each of the 2 major political parties, whenever officials of both
parties are present.

 $\mathbf{7}$ 

**SECTION 40.** 5.90 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 5.90 and amended to read:

8 **5.90 Recounts.** Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, recounts of 9 votes cast on at an election in which an electronic voting system is used shall be 10 conducted in the manner prescribed in s. 9.01. Except as provided in sub. (2) and s. 11 9.01 (1) (b) 8s., if the ballots are distributed to the electors, the board of canvassers 12shall recount the ballots with using automatic tabulating equipment. The unless the 13 petitioner, a candidate at the election, or an elector who voted in a referendum that 14is the subject of a recount files a written demand for the board of canvassers to recount the ballots, or the ballots from a specified ward or polling place, by hand, in 15which case the board of canvassers shall recount those ballots by hand. If automatic 16 17tabulating equipment is used, the board of canvassers shall test the automatic 18 tabulating equipment to be used prior to the recount as provided in s. 5.84, and then the official ballots or the record of the votes cast shall be recounted on the automatic 19 20 tabulating equipment. In addition, the board of canvassers shall check the ballots 21for the presence or absence of the initials and other distinguishing marks, shall examine the ballots marked "Rejected", "Defective" and "Objected to" to determine 2223the propriety of such labels, and shall compare the "Duplicate Overvoted Ballots" 24and "Duplicate Damaged Ballots" with their respective originals to determine the correctness of the duplicates. If electronic voting machines are used, the board of 25

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1	canvassers shall perform the recount using the permanent paper record of the votes
2	cast by each elector, as generated by the machines.
3	<b>SECTION 41.</b> 5.90 (2) and (3) of the statutes are repealed.
4	<b>SECTION 42.</b> 5.91 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
5	amended to read:
6	5.91 (6) The voting device or machine permits an elector in a primary election
7	to vote for the candidates of the recognized political party of his or her choice, and
8	the automatic tabulating equipment <del>or machine</del> rejects any ballot on which votes are
9	cast in the primary of more than one recognized political party, except where a party
10	designation is made or where an elector casts write–in votes for candidates of more
11	than one party on a ballot that is distributed to the elector.
12	<b>SECTION 43.</b> 5.91 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	5.91 (7) It permits an elector to vote at an election for all persons and offices
14	for whom and for which the elector is lawfully entitled to vote; to vote for as many
15	persons for an office as the elector is entitled to vote for; to vote for or against any
16	question upon which the elector is entitled to vote; and it rejects all choices recorded
17	on a ballot for an office or a measure if the number of choices exceeds the number
18	which an elector is entitled to vote for on such office or on such measure, except where
19	an elector casts excess write-in votes <del>upon a ballot that is distributed to the elector</del> .
20	<b>SECTION 44.</b> 5.91 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	5.91 (9) It prevents an elector from voting for the same person more than once
22	for the same office, except where an elector casts excess write-in votes <del>upon a ballot</del>
23	that is distributed to the elector.
24	SECTION 45. 5.91 (18) of the statutes is repealed.
25	<b>SECTION 46.</b> 5.91 (19) of the statutes is created to read:

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3

5.91 (19) It requires the use of an individual printed ballot that is distributed
 to the elector.

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**SECTION 47.** 5.94 of the statutes is amended to read:

4 5.94 Sample ballots; publication. When an electronic voting system 5employing a ballot that is distributed to electors is used, the county and municipal 6 clerk of the county and municipality in which the polling place designated for use of 7 the system is located shall cause to be published, in the type B notices, a true 8 actual-size copy of the ballot containing the names of offices and candidates and 9 statements of measures to be voted on, as nearly as possible, in the form in which they 10 will appear on the official ballot on election day. The notice may be published as a 11 newspaper insert. Municipal clerks may post the notice if the remainder of the type 12B notice is posted.

13 SECTION 48. 6.15 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23, is
14 amended to read:

156.15 (3) PROCEDURE AT POLLING PLACE. An eligible elector may appear at the polling place for the ward or election district where he or she resides and make 16 17application for a ballot under sub. (2). Except as otherwise provided in this 18 subsection, an elector who casts a ballot under this subsection shall follow the same procedure required for casting a ballot at the municipal clerk's office under sub. (2). 19 20 The inspectors shall perform the duties of the municipal clerk, except that the 21inspectors shall return the cancellation card under sub. (2) (b) to the municipal clerk 22 and the clerk shall forward the card as provided in sub. (2) (c) if required. Upon 23proper completion of the application and cancellation card and verification of the 24proof of identification and proof of residence, whenever required, as provided in sub. (2) (bm), the inspectors shall permit the elector to cast his or her ballot for president 25

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1	and vice president. The elector shall mark the ballot and, unless the ballot is utilized
2	with an electronic voting system, the elector shall fold the ballot, and deposit the
3	ballot into the ballot box or give it to the inspector. The inspector shall deposit it
4	directly into the ballot box. Voting machines or ballots Ballots utilized with
5	electronic voting systems may only be used by electors voting under this section if
6	they permit voting for president and vice president only.
7	<b>SECTION 49.</b> 6.80 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	6.80 (1) VOTING BOOTH OR MACHINE USE. Only one individual at a time is
9	permitted to occupy a voting booth <del>or machine</del> , except that an elector who is a parent
10	or guardian may be accompanied by the elector's minor child or minor ward, and an
11	elector who qualifies for assistance under s. 6.82 (2) may be assisted as provided in
12	that subsection.
13	<b>SECTION 50.</b> 6.80 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	6.80 (2) (a) Upon receiving his or her ballot and without leaving the polling
15	place, the elector shall enter an unoccupied voting booth <del>or machine</del> alone to cast his
16	or her vote, except as authorized in sub. (1). An elector may use or copy an unofficial
17	sample ballot which may be marked in advance of entering the polling place, but an
18	elector may not use or bring into the polling place any ballot printed upon paper of
19	the type required or utilized for official ballots at that polling place.
20	<b>SECTION 51.</b> 6.80 (2) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	6.80 (2) (am) In partisan primaries, an elector may vote for a person as the
21 22	6.80 (2) (am) In partisan primaries, an elector may vote for a person as the candidate of the party of the elector's choice, if that person's name does not appear

24 provided on the ballot or the ballot provided for that purpose, or where voting

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machines are used, in the irregular ballot device, designating the party for which the
elector desires such person to be the nominee.

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**SECTION 52.** 6.80 (2) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 6.80 (2) (f) In the presidential preference primary and other partisan primary  $\mathbf{5}$ elections at polling places where ballots are distributed to electors, unless the ballots 6 are prepared under s. 5.655 or are utilized with an electronic voting system in which 7 all candidates appear on the same ballot, after the elector prepares his or her ballot 8 the elector shall detach the remaining ballots, fold the ballots to be discarded and fold 9 the completed ballot unless the ballot is intended for counting with automatic 10 tabulating equipment. The elector shall then either personally deposit the ballots 11 to be discarded into the separate ballot box marked "blank ballot box" and deposit 12the completed ballot into the ballot box indicated by the inspectors, or give the ballots 13 to an inspector who shall deposit the ballots directly into the appropriate ballot 14 boxes. The inspectors shall keep the blank ballot box locked until the canvass is 15completed and shall dispose of the blank ballots as prescribed by the municipal clerk.

16 **SECTION 53.** 6.80 (3) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 6.80 (3) (title) TIME IN BOOTH OR MACHINE.

18 **SECTION 54.** 6.80 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.80 (3) (b) If an elector refuses to leave the booth or machine after being
notified by one of the inspectors that the time has expired, the elector shall be
removed by the inspectors.

22

**SECTION 55.** 6.82 (2) (a) and (b) of the statutes are amended to read:

6.82 (2) (a) If an elector declares to the presiding election official that he or she
cannot read or write, or has difficulty in reading, writing or understanding English
or that due to disability is unable to mark a ballot or depress a button or lever on a

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voting machine, the elector shall be informed by the officials that he or she may have assistance. When assistance is requested, the elector may select any individual to assist in casting his or her vote. The selected individual rendering assistance may not be the elector's employer or an agent of that employer or an officer or agent of a labor organization which represents the elector. The selected individual shall certify on the back of the ballot that it was marked with his or her assistance. Where voting machines are used, certification shall be made on the registration list.

8 (b) The individual chosen shall enter the voting booth or machine with the 9 elector and shall read the names of all candidates on the ballot for each office, and 10 ask, "For which one do you vote?". The ballot shall be marked or the lever or button 11 depressed according to the elector's expressed preference. The individual selected 12 to assist may not disclose to anyone how the elector voted.

13 SECTION 56. 6.82 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

14 **SECTION 57.** 6.96 of the statutes is amended to read:

156.96 Voting procedure for electors voting pursuant to federal court 16 order. Whenever any elector is allowed to vote at a polling place pursuant to a 17federal court order after the closing time provided under s. 6.78, the inspectors shall, 18 before giving the elector a ballot, write on the back of the ballot the notation "s. 6.96". 19 If voting machines are used in the municipality where the elector is voting, the 20 elector's vote may be received only upon an absentee ballot furnished by the 21municipal clerk which shall have the notation "s. 6.96" written on the back of the 22ballot by the inspectors before the ballot is given to the elector. When receiving the 23elector's ballot, the inspectors shall provide the elector with the written voting  $\mathbf{24}$ information prescribed by the board under s. 7.08 (8). The inspectors shall indicate on the list the fact that the elector is voting pursuant to a federal court order. The 25

inspectors shall then deposit the ballot. The ballot shall be counted under s. 5.85 or
7.51 unless the order is vacated. If the order is vacated after the ballot is counted, the
appropriate board or boards of canvassers or the chairperson of the board or his or
her designee shall reopen the canvass to discount any ballots that were counted
pursuant to the vacated order and adjust the statements, certifications, and
determinations accordingly.

SECTION 58. 6.965 of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23, is
amended to read:

9 6.965 Voting procedure for electors presenting citation or notice in 10 **lieu of license or receipt.** Whenever any elector is allowed to vote at a polling place 11 under s. 6.79 (7) by presenting a citation or notice of intent to revoke or suspend an 12operator's license in lieu of an operator's license or driving receipt issued to the 13 elector under ch. 343, the inspectors shall, before giving the elector a ballot, write on 14the back of the ballot the serial number of the elector corresponding to the number 15kept at the election on the poll list or other list maintained under s. 6.79 and the notation "s. 6.965." If voting machines are used in the municipality where the elector 16 17is voting, the elector's vote may be received only upon an absentee ballot furnished by the municipal clerk which shall have the notation "s. 6.965" written on the back 18 of the ballot by the inspectors before the ballot is given to the elector. If the municipal 19 20 clerk receives an absentee ballot from an elector who presents a citation or notice, or copy thereof, under s. 6.87 (4) (b) 4., the clerk shall enter a notation on the 2122 certificate envelope "Ballot under s. 6.965, stats." Upon receiving the envelope, the 23inspectors shall open and write on the back of the ballot the serial number of the 24elector corresponding to the number kept at the election on the poll list or other list maintained under s. 6.79 and the notation "s. 6.965." The inspectors shall indicate 25

on the poll list or other list maintained under s. 6.79 the fact that the elector is voting
by using a citation or notice in lieu of a license or driving receipt. The inspectors shall
then deposit the ballot. The ballot shall then be counted under s. 5.85, or under s.
7.51 or 7.52.

5 6 **SECTION 59.** 6.97 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23, is amended to read:

7 6.97 (1) Whenever any individual who is required to provide proof of residence 8 under s. 6.34 in order to be permitted to vote appears to vote at a polling place and 9 cannot provide the required proof of residence, the inspectors shall offer the 10 opportunity for the individual to vote under this section. Whenever any individual, 11 other than a military elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1) (a), or an overseas elector, as 12defined in s. 6.34 (1) (b), or an elector who has a confidential listing under s. 6.47 (2), 13appears to vote at a polling place and does not present proof of identification under 14s. 6.79 (2), whenever required, the inspectors or the municipal clerk shall similarly 15offer the opportunity for the individual to vote under this section. If the individual wishes to vote, the inspectors shall provide the elector with an envelope marked 16 17"Ballot under s. 6.97, stats." on which the serial number of the elector is entered and 18 shall require the individual to execute on the envelope a written affirmation stating 19 that the individual is a qualified elector of the ward or election district where he or 20she offers to vote and is eligible to vote in the election. The inspectors shall, before 21giving the elector a ballot, write on the back of the ballot the serial number of the 22individual corresponding to the number kept at the election on the poll list or other 23list maintained under s. 6.79 and the notation "s. 6.97". If voting machines are used  $\mathbf{24}$ in the municipality where the individual is voting, the individual's vote may be received only upon an absentee ballot furnished by the municipal clerk which shall 25

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have the corresponding number from the poll list or other list maintained under s. 1 6.79 and the notation "s. 6.97" written on the back of the ballot by the inspectors  $\mathbf{2}$ 3 before the ballot is given to the elector. When receiving the individual's ballot, the inspectors shall provide the individual with written voting information prescribed 4  $\mathbf{5}$ by the board under s. 7.08 (8). The inspectors shall indicate on the list the fact that 6 the individual is required to provide proof of residence or proof of identification under 7 s. 6.79 (2) but did not do so. The inspectors shall notify the individual that he or she 8 may provide proof of residence or proof of identification to the municipal clerk or 9 executive director of the municipal board of election commissioners. The inspectors 10 shall also promptly notify the municipal clerk or executive director of the name, 11 address, and serial number of the individual. The inspectors shall then place the 12 ballot inside the envelope and place the envelope in a separate carrier envelope.

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**SECTION 60.** 7.03 (1) (a) and (d) of the statutes are amended to read:

14 7.03 (1) (a) Except as authorized under this paragraph, a reasonable daily 15compensation shall be paid to each inspector, voting machine custodian, automatic 16 tabulating equipment technician, member of a board of canvassers, messenger, and 17tabulator who is employed and performing duties under chs. 5 to 12. Daily 18 compensation shall also be provided to inspectors and inspector trainees for 19 attendance at training programs conducted by the board and municipal clerks under 20ss. 7.31 and 7.315. Alternatively, such election officials and trainees may be paid by 21the hour at a proportionate rate for each hour actually worked. Any election official 22or trainee may choose to volunteer his or her services by filing with the municipal 23clerk of the municipality in which he or she serves a written declination to accept 24compensation. The volunteer status of the election official or trainee remains

effective until the official or trainee files a written revocation with the municipal
 clerk.

(d) Except as otherwise provided in par. (a), special registration deputies
appointed under s. 6.55 (6), special voting deputies appointed under s. 6.875 (4) and
officials and trainees who attend training sessions under s. 7.15 (1) (e) or 7.25 (5) may
also be compensated by the municipality where they serve at the option of the
municipality.

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**SECTION 61.** 7.08 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 7.08 (1) (d) Promulgate rules for the administration of the statutory 10 requirements for voting machines and electronic voting systems and any other 11 voting apparatus which may be introduced in this state for use at elections. 12 Pursuant to such responsibility, the board may obtain assistance from competent 13 persons to check the machines, systems and apparatus and approve for use those 14 types meeting the statutory requirements and shall establish reasonable 15 compensation for persons performing duties under this paragraph.

16

**SECTION 62.** 7.10 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.10 (6) MUNICIPAL JUDGE; CERTIFIED LIST. If candidates for the office of a
municipal judge who is elected under s. 755.01 (4) file nomination papers in the office
of the county clerk and any municipality served by the judge prepares its own ballots
for voting machines or an electronic voting system, the county clerk shall certify to
the municipal clerk of that municipality the names of the candidates for judge as soon
as possible after the last day for filing nomination papers and after certification by
the county board of canvassers of the results of any primary election.

24 **SECTION 63.** 7.15 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	7.15 (2) (c) With the consent of the county clerk, municipalities may prepare
<b>2</b>	their own ballots whenever <del>voting machines or</del> <u>an</u> electronic voting <del>systems are</del>
3	system is used in elections where candidates for both local offices and national, state
4	or county offices appear on the ballot. This paragraph does not apply to cities under
5	par. (b).
6	<b>SECTION 64.</b> 7.15 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	7.15 (3) BALLOT SUPPLY; SAMPLE BALLOTS. (a) Where voting machines are used
8	<del>or where</del> electronic voting systems are employed, the municipal clerk shall provide
9	at least 2 duplicate sample ballots for each ward in diagram form showing the board
10	or screen inside each voting machine or the front of each ballot as it will appear in
11	the <del>voting machines or</del> booths on election day.
12	(b) Sample ballots and voting machine ballots shall be furnished to the officials
13	in the ward or election district at least one day before each election.
14	<b>SECTION 65.</b> 7.15 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	7.15 (6) SUBSTITUTE BALLOTS. (a) The municipal clerk shall provide substitute
16	paper ballots in substantially the form of the original ballots whenever the necessary
17	original ballots are not delivered to the municipality, are destroyed, are lost or stolen
18	after delivery, are not ready for distribution or the supply is exhausted during polling
19	hours. The municipal clerk may also provide substitute paper ballots, together with
20	ballot boxes and voting booths, whenever <u>a voting machine or an</u> electronic voting
21	system is rendered inoperable by a malfunction which occurs within 24 hours of the
22	time set for opening of the polls. Paper ballots may be cast only in accordance with
23	the procedures prescribed in ss. $6.80(2)$ and $7.37(4)$ .

(b) Upon receiving the substitute paper ballots accompanied by a statement
made under oath by the municipal clerk that the ballots have been prepared and

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1	furnished by the clerk to replace the original ballots which are not available, or to
2	substitute for <u>a voting machine or</u> an electronic voting system which has been
3	rendered inoperable by a malfunction which occurred within 72 hours of the time set
4	for opening of the polls, the election officials shall use the substitute ballots in the
5	same manner as if they had been original ballots.
6	<b>SECTION 66.</b> 7.23 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	7.23 (1) (h) Except as provided in par. (f), ballots <u>at an election</u> may be destroyed
8	no earlier than 14 days before the next regularly scheduled election but in no case
9	earlier than 30 days after any election.
10	<b>SECTION 67.</b> 7.23 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	7.23 (2) If a recount is pending or if the time allowed for filing a recount petition
12	at any election or an appeal or petition for review of any recount determination or
13	decision at an election has not expired, no materials may be destroyed until after the
14	recount is completed and the applicable time period has expired. In addition, if there
15	is litigation pending with respect to a recount at an election, materials may be
16	destroyed and recording units or compartments may be cleared or erased only by
17	order of the court in which litigation is pending. Upon petition of the attorney
18	general or a district attorney or U.S. attorney for the affected jurisdiction, a circuit
19	judge for the affected jurisdiction may order that specified materials not be destroyed
20	or that specified <del>recorders,</del> units or compartments not be cleared or erased as
01	

- 21 otherwise authorized under this subsection until the court so permits.
- 22 SECTION 68. 7.25 of the statutes is repealed.

23 **SECTION 69.** 7.30 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.30 (1) (a) Except as authorized under par. (b), there shall be 7 inspectors for
each polling place at each election. Except as authorized in par. (b), in municipalities

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where voting machines are used, the municipal governing body may reduce the 1  $\mathbf{2}$ number of inspectors to 5. A municipal governing body may provide for the 3 appointment of additional inspectors whenever more than one voting machine is 4 used or wards are combined under s. 5.15 (6) (b). A municipal governing body may  $\mathbf{5}$ provide by ordinance for the selection of alternate officials or the selection of 2 or 6 more sets of officials to work at different times on election day, and may permit the 7 municipal clerk or board of election commissioners to establish different working 8 hours for different officials assigned to the same polling place. Alternate officials 9 shall also be appointed in a number sufficient to maintain adequate staffing of 10 polling places. Except for inspectors who are appointed under par. (b) and officials 11 who are appointed without regard to party affiliation under sub. (4) (c), additional 12officials shall be appointed in such a manner that the total number of officials is an 13 odd number and the predominant party under sub. (2) is represented by one more 14official than the other party.

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**SECTION 70.** 7.37 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.37 (4) BALLOTING PROCEDURE. At polling places which utilize paper ballots or 16 17electronic voting systems in which ballots are distributed to electors, 2 inspectors 18 shall be assigned to take charge of the official ballots. They shall write their initials on the back of each ballot and deliver to each elector as he or she enters the voting 19 20 booth one ballot properly endorsed by each of them. Where paper ballots are used, 21the inspectors shall fold each ballot in the proper manner to be deposited before 22delivering it to the elector. If asked, inspectors may instruct any elector as to the 23proper manner of marking the ballot, but they may not give advice, suggestions, 24express any preferences or make any requests as to the person for whom, the question on which or the ballot on which the elector shall vote. 25

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1	<b>SECTION 71.</b> 7.41 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:
2	7.41 (4m) Any individual may, with reasonable prior notice to a municipal
3	clerk, inspect the area in which ballots relating to an election are stored after the date
4	of that election. This subsection does not authorize an individual to inspect ballots
5	or to require the breaking of seals on ballot bags or containers.
6	<b>SECTION 72.</b> 7.41 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	7.41 (5) The board may promulgate rules that are consistent with the
8	requirements of sub. (2) regarding the proper conduct of individuals exercising the
9	right <u>rights</u> under <u>sub.</u> (1) <u>and (4m)</u> , including the interaction of those
10	individuals with inspectors and other election officials.
11	<b>SECTION 73.</b> 7.50 (2) (hm) of the statutes is repealed.
12	<b>SECTION 74.</b> 7.51 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	7.51 (2) (a) The inspectors shall first compare the poll lists, correcting any
14	mistakes until the poll lists agree. The chief inspector and the inspectors who are
15	responsible for recording electors under s. 6.79 shall verify the correctness of the poll
16	lists after the polls close by each signing their name thereto. Where ballots are
17	distributed to electors, the <u>The</u> inspectors shall then open the ballot box and remove
18	and count the number of ballots therein without examination except as is necessary
19	to ascertain that each is a single ballot. If 2 or more ballots are folded together so as
20	to appear as a single ballot, the inspectors shall lay them aside until the count is
21	completed; and if, after a comparison of the count and the appearance of the ballots
22	it appears to a majority of the inspectors that the ballots folded together were voted
23	by the same person they may not be counted but the inspectors shall mark them as
24	to the reason for removal, set them aside and carefully preserve them. The inspectors
25	shall then proceed under par. (b).

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1	<b>SECTION 75.</b> 7.51 (2) (g) and (h) of the statutes are rep	ealed.
2	<b>SECTION 76.</b> 7.51 (3) (c) of the statutes is repealed.	

3 **SECTION 77.** 7.51 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.51 (6) ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS. The procedure for canvassing of votes cast 4  $\mathbf{5}$ at polling places utilizing an electronic voting system in which ballots are distributed 6 to electors shall follow the procedure for canvassing paper ballots insofar as 7 applicable, and the procedure for canvassing of votes cast at polling places utilizing 8 an electronic voting machine shall follow the procedure for canvassing of mechanical 9 voting machines insofar as applicable, except as otherwise provided in ss. 5.85 to 10 5.89.

**SECTION 78.** 8.50 (3) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 75, 11 12is amended to read:

13 8.50 (3) (c) Notwithstanding ss. 5.37 (4), 5.91 (6) and 6.80 (2) (f), whenever a 14 special partisan primary is held concurrently with the presidential preference 15primary, an elector may choose the party column or ballot in which the elector will 16 cast his or her vote separately for each of the 2 primaries. Whenever 2 or more special 17partisan primaries or one or more special partisan primaries and a partisan primary 18 are held concurrently, the procedure prescribed in ss. 5.37(4), 5.91(6) and 6.80(2)(f) applies. 19

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**SECTION 79.** 8.55 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

218.55 (4) Whenever the clerks of more than one jurisdiction are required under 22 this section to publish the same notice on the same day, they may publish one notice 23only and share the cost under s. 10.07 (1).

24**SECTION 80.** 9.01 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Acts 2575 and 115, is amended to read:

9.01 (1) (a) 1. Any candidate voted for at any election, or any elector who voted 1  $\mathbf{2}$ in an election in which one or more candidates seek office or who voted upon any 3 referendum question at any election, may petition for a recount <u>of that election</u>. The 4 petitioner shall file a verified petition or petitions with the proper clerk or body under 5 par. (ar) not earlier than the time of completion of the canvass following canvassing of any valid provisional and absentee ballots under ss. 6.97 (4) and 7.515 (6) and. 6 7 except as provided in this subdivision, not later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the last meeting day of the municipal or county board of canvassers 8 9 determining the election for that office or on that referendum question following 10 canvassing of all valid provisional and absentee ballots or, if more than one board of 11 canvassers makes the determination, not later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day 12following the last meeting day of the last board of canvassers which makes a 13 determination following canvassing of all valid provisional and absentee ballots. If 14the chairperson of the board or chairperson's designee makes the determination for 15the office or the referendum question, the petitioner shall file the petition not earlier than the last meeting day of the last county board of canvassers to make a statement 16 17in the election or referendum following canvassing of all valid provisional and 18 absentee ballots and not later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day following the day on which the government accountability board receives the last statement from a 19 20 county board of canvassers for the election or referendum following canvassing of all 21valid provisional and absentee ballots.

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**SECTION 81.** 9.01 (1) (a) 2. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

9.01 (1) (a) 2. a. That at the election the petitioner was a candidate for the office
in question or that the petitioner voted in the election for the office in issue or on the
referendum question in issue.

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1	SECTION 82. 9.01 (1) (ag) 1., 1m. and 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2011
2	Wisconsin Acts 75 and 115, are amended to read:
3	9.01 (1) (ag) 1. If the petitioner is a candidate for the office in issue or an elector
4	who voted on the referendum in issue and the difference between the votes cast for
5	the leading candidate and those cast for the <del>petitioner</del> <u>candidate receiving the next</u>
6	highest number of votes or the difference between the affirmative and negative votes
7	cast upon any referendum question is less than 10 if 1,000 or less votes are cast or
8	not more than $0.5\%$ of the total votes cast for the office or on the question if more than
9	1,000 votes are cast following canvassing of all valid provisional and absentee
10	ballots, the petitioner is not required to pay a fee.
11	1m. If the petitioner is a candidate for the office in issue or an elector who voted
12	on the referendum in issue and the difference between the votes cast for the leading
13	candidate and those cast for the petitioner candidate receiving the next highest
14	<u>number of votes</u> or the difference between the affirmative and negative votes cast
15	upon any referendum question is at least 10 if 1,000 or less votes are cast or is more
16	than 0.5% but not more than 2% if more than 1,000 votes are cast following canvasing
17	of all valid provisional and absentee ballots, the petitioner shall pay a fee of \$5 for
18	each ward for which the petition requests a ballot recount, or \$5 for each municipality
19	for which the petition requests a recount where no wards exist.
20	2. If the petitioner is not a candidate for the office in issue, or if the petitioner
21	is a candidate for that office and the difference between the votes cast for the leading

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is a candidate for that office and the difference between the votes cast for the leading candidate and those cast for the petitioner candidate receiving the next highest number of votes or the difference between the affirmative and negative votes cast

 $\mathbf{24}$ upon any referendum question is more than 2% if more than 1,000 votes are cast following canvassing of all valid provisional and absentee ballots, the petitioner shall 25

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pay a fee equal to the actual cost of performing the recount in each ward for which
the petition requests a recount, or in each municipality for which the petition request
a recount where no wards exist.

4 **SECTION 83.** 9.01 (1) (b) 6. to 8. of the statutes are repealed.

5 SECTION 84. 9.01 (1) (b) 8m. and 8s. of the statutes are amended to read:

6 9.01 (1) (b) 8m. Where a voting machine or an electronic voting system is used, 7 and an error in the vote total as shown on the machine or record of votes cast is clearly 8 apparent, the board of canvassers may change the vote total as shown by the machine 9 or system and certify or use a different total to certify a different result than is 10 indicated by the machine or system if there is evidence of a specific malfunction in 11 the machine or system, if the malfunction could reasonably have caused the error, 12and if clear and convincing evidence exists which indicates the exact actual total 13 number of votes cast. The burden of demonstrating that a vote total shown on a 14machine or record of votes cast is incorrect rests with the party seeking to change the 15recorded result on the basis of clear and convincing evidence.

16 8s. If an electronic voting system is used in which ballots are distributed to
17 electors, and the board of canvassers makes a determination of elector intent under
18 s. 7.50, the board of canvassers shall add to the result generated by the automatic
19 tabulating equipment any votes counted by the board of canvassers in making its
20 determination.

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**SECTION 85.** 9.01 (1) (b) 10. of the statutes is amended to read:

9.01 (1) (b) 10. Recounts at polling places utilizing an electronic voting system
 in which ballots are distributed to electors shall be performed in accordance with the
 procedure for recounting paper ballots insofar as applicable, except as provided in
 s. 5.90. Recounts at polling places utilizing electronic voting machines shall be

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performed in accordance with the procedure for recounting votes cast on mechanical
 voting machines, insofar as applicable, except as provided in s. 5.90.

**SECTION 86.** 9.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.01 (2) NOTICE TO CANDIDATES. When the recount concerns an election for an 4  $\mathbf{5}$ office, the clerk or body with whom the petition is filed shall promptly prepare a copy 6 of the petition for delivery to each opposing candidate for the same office whose name 7 appears on the ballot that office other than the petitioner. In a recount proceeding 8 for a nomination to an office at a partisan primary, the clerk or body shall prepare 9 a copy of the petition for delivery to each opposing candidate other than the petitioner 10 for the same party nomination for the same office, to each opposing candidate for the 11 party nomination of each other party for the same office and to each independent 12 candidate qualifying to have his or her name placed on the ballot for the succeeding 13election. A candidate or agent designated by a candidate may personally accept 14 delivery of a copy of the petition. Upon such delivery, the clerk or body shall require 15the candidate or agent to sign a receipt therefor. If a candidate or agent does not 16 personally accept delivery, the clerk or body shall then promptly deliver the copies 17of the petition to the sheriff, who shall promptly deliver the copies of the petition to 18 each candidate at the address given on the candidate's nomination papers, without 19 fee, in the manner provided for service of a summons in civil actions.

20

**SECTION 87.** 9.01 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.01 (3) REPRESENTATION AND OBSERVATION. The petitioner, all opposing
candidates in the election in issue, and all interested persons shall be entitled to be
present in person and by counsel to observe the proceedings.

24 **SECTION 88.** 9.01 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

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9.01 (4) RIGHT TO COMPLETE RECOUNT. Whenever a recount petition for part of 1  $\mathbf{2}$ the wards within a jurisdiction or district, or for part of the municipalities within a 3 district where there are no wards, is filed under this section, the opposing any 4 candidate, or for the office in issue, any voter elector who voted in the election for 5 office in issue, or any other interested party including a municipality if on a 6 referendum question, may similarly file a petition for recount in any or all of the 7 remaining wards or municipalities in the jurisdiction or district. The petition shall be filed not later than 5 p.m. 2 days after the board of canvassers completes the first 8 9 recount. The proper board of canvassers shall reconvene at 9 a.m. on the next 10 business day following the filing of the petition and proceed to recount the ballots in 11 all wards or municipalities specified and to otherwise review the allegations of fact 12contained in the petition. Any errors shall be corrected.

13

**SECTION 89.** 9.01 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

149.01 (6) (a) Within 5 business days after completion of the recount 15determination by the board of canvassers in all counties concerned, or within 5 16 business days after completion of the recount determination by the chairperson of 17the board or the chairperson's designee whenever a determination is made by the 18 chairperson or designee, the petitioner or any candidate, or any elector when for a 19 referendum, aggrieved by the recount may appeal to circuit court. The appeal shall 20commence by serving a written notice of appeal on the other petitioner and on all 21candidates other than the petitioner and all other persons who filed a written notice 22of appearance before each board of canvassers whose decision is appealed, or in the 23case of a statewide recount, before the chairperson of the board or the chairperson's  $\mathbf{24}$ designee. The appellant shall also serve notice on the board if the chairperson of the board or the chairperson's designee is responsible for determining the election. The 25

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appellant shall serve the notice by certified mail or in person. The appellant shall
file the notice with the clerk of circuit court together with an undertaking and surety
in the amount approved by the court, conditioned upon the payment of all costs taxed
against the appellant.

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**SECTION 90.** 9.01 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.01 (7) (a) The court with whom an appeal is filed shall forthwith issue an
order directing each affected county or municipal clerk or board to transmit
immediately all ballots, papers and records affecting the appeal to the clerk of court
or to impound and secure such ballots, papers and records, or both. The order shall
be served upon each affected county or municipal clerk or board, and upon the
<u>petitioner</u> and all other candidates and <u>other</u> persons who filed a written notice of
appearance before any board of canvassers involved in the recount.

**SECTION 91.** 10.01 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 10.01 (2) (b) Type B—The type B notice shall include the relevant facsimile 15ballots and the relevant portions of voting instructions to electors under s. 10.02 for 16 each office or referendum and shall specify the date of the election. In counties or 17municipalities where an electronic voting system in which ballots are distributed to 18 electors is used, the notice shall include the information specified in s. 5.94. The type 19 B notice shall be published once by the county clerks, and for primaries and other 20 elections in municipalities or special purpose districts, once by the clerk of the 21municipality or special purpose district on the day preceding each primary and other election. 22

23

**SECTION 92.** 10.02 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

24 10.02 (2) (c) The facsimile ballots shall follow the voting instructions. The size
25 and style of type and the general display of the facsimile ballots shall be prescribed

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1 by the board and shall conform to the form prescribed by the board under s. 7.08(1) $\mathbf{2}$ (a). The party columns shall not exceed 2-1/6 inches in width and the ballot size may 3 be reduced. Voting machine facsimile ballots shall show a reduced diagram of the 4 front of the voting machine and instructions to electors on how to vote on the 5 machine. If the ballots in the wards or election districts within a county or 6 municipality are identical but for the names of different candidates, districts or 7 seats, the facsimile ballot may show the ballot for one ward or election district, 8 accompanied by a list of candidates, districts and seats to be voted upon in the other 9 wards or election districts.

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### 10

11

**SECTION 93.** 10.02 (3) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23, is amended to read:

1210.02 (3) (a) Upon entering the polling place and before being permitted to vote. 13 an elector shall state his or her name and address. If an elector is not registered to 14vote, an elector may register to vote at the polling place serving his or her residence 15if the elector presents proof of identification in a form specified by law unless the elector is exempted from this requirement, and, if the document presented does not 16 17constitute proof of residence, the elector provides proof of residence. Where ballots are distributed to electors, the The initials of 2 inspectors must appear on the ballot. 18 Upon being permitted to vote, the elector shall retire alone to a voting booth or 19 20 machine and cast his or her ballot, except that an elector who is a parent or guardian 21may be accompanied by the elector's minor child or minor ward. An election official 22may inform the elector of the proper manner for casting a vote, but the official may 23not in any manner advise or indicate a particular voting choice.

SECTION 94. 10.02 (3) (b) 1. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act
23, is amended to read:

1	10.02 (3) (b) 1. The elector shall make a cross ( $\boldsymbol{X}$ ) next to or separately depress
2	the levers or buttons next to each candidate's name for whom he or she intends to
3	vote, or shall insert or write in the name of a candidate.
4	<b>SECTION 95.</b> 10.02 (3) (b) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act
5	32, is amended to read:
6	10.02 (3) (b) 2. At a partisan primary, the elector shall select the party ballot
7	of his or her choice and shall make a cross ( $\pmb{\textit{X}}$ ) next to or depress the lever or button
8	<del>next to</del> the candidate's name for each office for whom the elector intends to vote, or
9	shall insert or write in the name of the elector's choice for a candidate.
10	<b>SECTION 96.</b> 10.02 (3) (b) 3. and 4. of the statutes are amended to read:
11	10.02 (3) (b) 3. When casting a presidential preference vote, the elector shall
12	select the party ballot of his or her choice and make a cross ( $\pmb{X}$ ) next to or depress the
13	button or lever next to the candidate's name for whom he or she intends to vote or
14	shall, in the alternative, make a cross ( $\pmb{\textit{X}}$ ) next to or depress the button or lever next
15	to the words "Uninstructed delegation", or shall write in the name of his or her choice
16	for a candidate.
17	4. At a nonpartisan primary, the elector shall make a cross ( $\pmb{x}$ ) next to $\pmb{\Theta}$
18	depress the button or lever next to the candidate's name for each office for whom he
19	or she intends to vote, or insert or write in the name of his or her choice for a
20	candidate.

SECTION 97. 10.02 (3) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 23,
is amended to read:

23 10.02 (3) (c) In presidential elections, the elector shall make a cross (X) next
24 to or depress the button or lever next to the set of candidates for president and vice

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1	president for whom he or she intends to vote. A vote for candidates for president and
2	vice president is a vote for the presidential electors of those candidates.
3	<b>SECTION 98.</b> 10.02 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	10.02 (3) (d) On referenda questions, the elector shall make a cross ( $\boldsymbol{X}$ ) next

to or depress the button or lever next to the answer which he or she intends to give.
SECTION 99. 10.02 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 10.02 (3) (e) The vote should not be cast in any other manner. If the elector 8 spoils a ballot, he or she shall return it to an election official who shall issue another 9 in its place, but not more than 3 ballots shall be issued to any one elector. If the ballot 10 has not been initialed by 2 inspectors or is defective in any other way, the elector shall 11 return it to the election official, who shall issue a proper ballot in its place. Not more than 5 minutes' time shall be allowed inside a voting booth or machine. Unofficial 1213 ballots or a memorandum to assist the elector in marking his or her ballot may be 14taken into the booth and copied. The sample ballot shall not be shown to anyone so 15as to reveal how the ballot is marked.

#### 16

**SECTION 100.** 10.02 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 10.02 (3) (f) After an official paper ballot is marked, it shall be folded so the 18 inside marks do not show but so the printed endorsements and inspectors' initials 19 on the outside do show. After casting his or her vote, the elector shall leave the voting 20 machine or booth, and where paper ballots are distributed to the electors, deposit his 21 or her folded ballot in the ballot box or deliver it to an inspector for deposit in the box, 22 and shall leave the polling place promptly.

23 **SECTION 101.** 10.06 (3) (am) and (bm) of the statutes are amended to read:

10.06 (3) (am) As soon as possible following the deadline for filing nomination
 papers for any municipal election when there is to be an election for a county or state

office or a county or statewide referendum, but no later than 3 days after such
deadline, the municipal clerk of each municipality in which voting machines or
ballots containing the names of candidates for both local offices and national, state
or county offices are used shall certify the list of candidates for municipal office to the
county clerk if a primary is required, unless the municipality prepares its own ballots
under s. 7.15 (2) (c).

7 (bm) As soon as possible following the municipal canvass of the primary vote 8 or the qualification of the candidates under s. 8.05 (1) (j) when a municipal caucus 9 is held, if there is to be an election for a county or state office or a county or statewide 10 referendum, but no later than 3 days after such date, the municipal clerk of each 11 municipality in which voting machines or ballots containing the names of candidates for both local offices and national, state or county offices are used shall certify the list 1213of candidates for municipal office and municipal referenda appearing on the ballot 14 to the county clerk, unless the municipality prepares its own ballots under s. 7.15 (2) 15(c).

16 **SECTION 102.** 10.06 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 10.06 (3) (e) When electronic or mechanical voting machines or <u>an</u> electronic 18 voting systems in which ballots are distributed to electors are <u>system is</u> used in a 19 municipality at a municipal election, the municipal clerk shall publish a type B 20 notice on the Monday before the election. The notice shall include all offices and 21 questions to be voted on at the election. The cost of this notice shall be shared under 22 s. 5.68 (2) and (3).

23 SECTION 103. 10.07 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 10.07 and amended to
24 read:

1	<b>10.07 Combination of notices; cost.</b> Except as provided in sub. (2) in the case
2	of voting machine ballots, whenever Whenever any county clerk or municipal or
3	school district clerks within the same county are directed to publish any notice or
4	portion of a notice under this chapter on the same date in the same newspaper, the
5	text of which is identical, the clerks may publish one notice only. The cost of
6	publication of such notice or the portion of the notice required shall be apportioned
7	equally between the county and each municipality or school district sharing in its
8	publication.
9	SECTION 104. 10.07 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
10	SECTION 105. 12.13 (2) (b) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:
11	12.13 (2) (b) 6. Intentionally permit or cause a voting machine, voting device
12	or automatic tabulating equipment to fail to correctly register or record a vote cast
13	thereon or inserted therein, or tamper with or disarrange the machine, device or
14	equipment or any part or appliance thereof; cause or consent to the machine, device
15	or automatic tabulating equipment being used for voting at an election with
16	knowledge that it is out of order or is not perfectly set and adjusted so that it will
17	correctly register <u>all ballots inserted therein</u> or record all votes cast <del>thereon or</del>
18	inserted therein on the ballots; with the purpose of defrauding or deceiving any
19	elector, cause doubt for what party, candidate or proposition a vote will be cast or
20	cause the vote for one party, candidate or proposition to be cast so it appears to be cast
21	for another; or remove, change or mutilate a ballot on a voting <del>machine,</del> device or a
22	ballot to be inserted into automatic tabulating equipment, or do any similar act

23 contrary to chs. 5 to 12.

24

**SECTION 106.** 12.13 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	12.13 (3) (f) Before or during any election, tamper with voting machines, voting
2	devices or automatic tabulating equipment readied for voting or the counting of
3	votes; disarrange, deface, injure or impair any such <del>machine,</del> device or equipment;
4	or mutilate, injure or destroy a ballot placed <del>or displayed</del> on a voting <del>machine or</del>
5	device, or to be placed or displayed on any such machine, device or automatic
6	tabulating equipment or any other appliance used in connection with the machine,
7	device or equipment.
8	<b>SECTION 107.</b> 12.13 (3) (j) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	12.13 (3) (j) When called upon to assist an elector who cannot read or write, has
10	difficulty in reading, writing or understanding English, o <del>r is unable to mark a ballot</del>
11	or depress a lever or button on a voting machine, inform the elector that a ballot
12	contains names or words different than are printed or displayed on the ballot with
13	the intent of inducing the elector to vote contrary to his or her inclination,
14	intentionally fail to cast a vote in accordance with the elector's instructions or reveal
15	the elector's vote to any 3rd person.
16	SECTION 108. 12.13 (3) (y) of the statutes is repealed.
17	<b>SECTION 109.</b> 12.60 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	12.60 (1) (a) Whoever violates s. 12.09, 12.11 or 12.13 (1), (2) (b) 1. to 7. or (3)
19	(a), (e), (f), (j), (k), (L), (m), $(y)$ or (z) is guilty of a Class I felony.
20	<b>SECTION 110.</b> 67.05 (3) (a) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:
21	67.05 (3) (a) 7. Whenever the clerks of more than one jurisdiction are required
22	under this section to publish the same notice on the same day, they may publish one
23	notice only and share the cost under s. $10.07 (1)$ .
24	<b>SECTION 111.</b> 120.06 (11) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	120.06 (11) The absentee ballot provisions of ss. 6.84 to 6.89 apply to elections
2	under this section. <del>Voting machines or an <u>An</u> electronic voting system shall be used</del>
3	in any city, village or town lying wholly or partially within a school district
4	conducting an election under this section if the machines or system are required
5	under s. 5.40.

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6

#### **SECTION 112. Initial applicability.**

(1) The treatment of sections 5.90 (1), (2), and (3) and 9.01 (1) (a) 1. and 2. a.
and (ag) 1., 1m., and 2., (2), (3), (4), (6) (a), and (7) (a) of the statutes first applies with
respect to petitions for recounts at elections held after the effective date of this
subsection.

- (2) The treatment of section 7.23 (1) (f) of the statutes first applies to with
  respect to elections held after the effective date of this subsection.
- 13

(END)