

# State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



# **2013 ASSEMBLY BILL 481**

November 1, 2013 – Introduced by Representatives Bies, Berceau, Bernard Schaber, Bewley, Billings, Genrich, Goyke, Hesselbein, Hulsey, Kahl, Kolste, Krug, T. Larson, Mason, Murphy, Ohnstad, A. Ott, Richards, Riemer, Ringhand, Sargent, Spiros, Tittl and Wright, cosponsored by Senators Harris, Carpenter, Hansen, Lehman and Shilling. Referred to Committee on State Affairs and Government Operations.

AN ACT to amend 73.01 (4) (a), 134.66 (4) (a) 1., 139.30 (1m), 139.75 (5d), 139.75 (12), 139.76 (1), 139.78 (1), 139.78 (2), 139.803 (intro.), 139.805 and 139.82 (8); and to create 134.66 (2) (f), 139.75 (4b), 139.75 (9n), 139.75 (14), 139.76 (3), 139.761 and 139.78 (3m) of the statutes; relating to: a minimum tax on tobacco products, placement of cigarettes or tobacco products by retailers, and providing a penalty.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, the excise tax rate on tobacco products sold in this state is 71 percent of the manufacturer's list price to distributors, except that the tax rate on moist snuff sold in this state is 100 percent of the manufacturer's list price to distributors. Under current law, the maximum tax on cigars is 50 cents for each cigar.

This bill increases the tobacco products tax rate on tobacco products, not including moist snuff, to 84 percent of the manufacturer's list price to distributors and eliminates the maximum rate on cigars of 50 cents on each cigar. Under the bill, however, the excise tax rate on tobacco products sold or consumed in this state is the greater of the rate based on the manufacturer's list price or the rate determined as follows:

1. For a package of four cigars, an amount equal to the amount of the cigarette excise tax (cigarette tax) imposed on a pack of 20 cigarettes, and at a proportionate rate for any other quantity.

- 2. For single-unit tobacco products, on each single-use unit, an amount equal to the cigarette tax imposed on one cigarette.
- 3. For any smokeless tobacco product that consists of loose tobacco, including moist snuff, on 1.2 ounces, an amount equal to the cigarette tax imposed on a pack of 20 cigarettes, and at a proportionate rate for any other quantity.
- 4. For any loose tobacco that is intended for smoking, on 0.65 ounce, an amount equal to the cigarette tax imposed on a pack of 20 cigarettes, and at a proportionate rate for any other quantity.
- 5. For any other tobacco product, on each package or container, an amount equal to the cigarette tax imposed on a pack of 20 cigarettes.

Under current law the cigarette tax is 12.6 cents per cigarette (\$2.52 for a pack of 20 cigarettes). Under current law, an inventory tax is imposed on cigarettes held in inventory for sale or resale so that, if the cigarette tax rate increases, the person holding cigarettes in inventory must pay the increase on those cigarettes. The bill creates an inventory tax on tobacco products held in inventory for sale or resale so that, if the tobacco products tax rates increase, the person holding tobacco products must pay the increase on those products.

Under current law, for cigarette tax purposes, a cigarette is defined as any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or any substance other than tobacco. Under the bill, a cigarette is defined as any roll of tobacco weighing not more than 4.5 pounds per thousand that is wrapped in paper or any substance other than tobacco or that is wrapped in any substance containing tobacco that, because of the type of tobacco used in the filter or because of its appearance, size, packaging, pricing, or marketing, is likely to be offered to, purchased by, or consumed by individuals as a cigarette, regardless of how the roll of tobacco is labeled, but not including any roll of tobacco that is wrapped in whole tobacco leaf and does not have a filter.

Under current law, for purposes of the tax imposed on tobacco products, moist snuff is defined as any finely cut, ground, or powdered smokeless tobacco that is intended to be placed or dipped in the mouth. Under the bill, moist snuff is defined as any finely cut, ground, or powdered smokeless tobacco, or blend containing tobacco, that is intended for oral consumption without being lit.

Under current law, a retailer of cigarettes or tobacco products must obtain a license from the city, village, or town in which the sales take place. Current law also imposes certain restrictions on a retailer's sale of cigarettes or tobacco products. This bill creates a new restriction by allowing a retailer to place the cigarettes or tobacco products only in locations that are inaccessible to customers without the assistance of the retailer or the retailer's employee or agent. The bill specifies that an allowable location includes behind the counter or in a locked case. The bill's restriction does not apply to cigarettes or tobacco products sold in a vending machine or at a business where individuals under the age of 18 are prohibited from entering. Current law imposes restrictions on sales from a vending machine that this bill does not affect.

A retailer who violates the bill's restriction is subject to the same penalties that apply to violations of certain restrictions that apply under current law to retailers of cigarettes or tobacco products. Those penalties include: 1) a forfeiture of not more than \$500, if the retailer has committed a previous violation within 12 months; 2) a

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forfeiture of not less than \$200 nor more than \$500, if the retailer has not committed a previous violation within 12 months; and 3) suspension of the retailer's license for a period of time that depends on the number of previous violations committed by the retailer.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**Section 1.** 73.01 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

73.01 (4) (a) Subject to the provisions for judicial review contained in s. 73.015, the commission shall be the final authority for the hearing and determination of all questions of law and fact arising under sub. (5) and s. 72.86 (4), 1985 stats., and ss. 70.38 (4) (a), 70.397, 70.64, and 70.995 (8), s. 76.38 (12) (a), 1993 stats., ss. 76.39 (4) (c), 76.48 (6), 76.91, 77.26 (3), 77.59 (5m) and (6) (b), 78.01, 78.22, 78.40, 78.555, 139.02, 139.03, 139.06, 139.31, 139.315, 139.33, 139.76, 139.761, 139.78, 341.405, and 341.45, subch. XIV of ch. 71, and subch. VII of ch. 77. Whenever with respect to a pending appeal there is filed with the commission a stipulation signed by the department of revenue and the adverse party, under s. 73.03 (25), or the department of transportation and the adverse party agreeing to an affirmance, modification, or reversal of the department of revenue's or department of transportation's position with respect to some or all of the issues raised in the appeal, the commission shall enter an order affirming or modifying in whole or in part, or canceling the assessment appealed from, or allowing in whole or in part or denying the petitioner's refund claim, as the case may be, pursuant to and in accordance with the stipulation filed. No responsibility shall devolve upon the commission, respecting the signing of an order of dismissal as to any pending appeal settled by the department of revenue or the department of transportation without the approval of the commission.

<b>Section 2.</b> 134.66 (2) (f) of the statutes is created to read:
134.66 (2) (f) A retailer may place cigarettes or tobacco products only in
locations that are inaccessible to customers without the assistance of the retailer or
the retailer's employee or agent, including behind the counter or in a locked case.
This paragraph does not apply to cigarettes or tobacco products sold from a vending
machine or at a business where individuals who are less than 18 years old are
prohibited from entering.
<b>Section 3.</b> 134.66 (4) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
134.66 (4) (a) 1. In this paragraph, "violation" means a violation of sub. (2) (a),
(am), $(cm)$ , $or$ $(e)$ , $or$ $(f)$ or a local ordinance which strictly conforms to sub. $(2)$ $(a)$ , $(am)$ ,
(cm), or (e), or (f).
<b>Section 4.</b> 139.30 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:
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**SECTION 6.** 139.75 (5d) of the statutes is amended to read:

by, or consumed by individuals as tobacco for rolling cigarettes.

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139.75 (**5d**) "Moist snuff" means any finely cut, ground, or powdered smokeless tobacco, or blend containing tobacco, that is intended to be placed or dipped in the mouth for oral consumption without being lit, not including any single-unit tobacco product.

**Section 7.** 139.75 (9n) of the statutes is created to read:

139.75 (**9n**) "Single-unit tobacco product" means any tobacco product other than a cigarette or cigar that is is offered in discrete single-use tablets, lozenges, pouches, pills, or other single dose or single unit, or in packages of such single-use doses or units.

**Section 8.** 139.75 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.75 (12) "Tobacco products" means cigars; cheroots; stogies; periques; granulated, plug cut, crimp cut, ready-rubbed and other smoking tobacco; snuff, including moist snuff; single-unit tobacco products; snuff flour; cavendish; plug and twist tobacco; fine cut and other chewing tobaccos; shorts; refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings and sweepings of tobacco and other kinds and forms of tobacco prepared in such manner as to be suitable for chewing or smoking in a pipe or otherwise, or both for chewing and smoking any other product containing, or made or derived from, tobacco that is intended for human consumption, regardless of whether it is chewed, smoked, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, snorted, sniffed, or ingested by other means; but "tobacco products" does not include cigarettes, as defined under s. 139.30 (1m), or any tobacco product that the federal Food and Drug Administration has approved for sale as a tobacco cessation or tobacco dependence product, or for another medical purpose, and that is being marketed and sold solely for the approved purpose.

**Section 9.** 139.75 (14) of the statutes is created to read:

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139.75 (14) "Wet pipe tobacco" means tobacco that is intended for smoking in a pipe and that is not suitable or practical for use in rolling cigarettes because of its moisture content and pricing.

**Section 10.** 139.76 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.76 (1) An Except as provided in sub. (3), an excise tax is imposed upon the sale, offering or exposing for sale, possession with intent to sell or removal for consumption or sale or other disposition for any purpose of tobacco products by any person engaged as a distributor of them at the rate, for tobacco products, not including moist snuff, of 71 84 percent of the manufacturer's established list price to distributors without diminution by volume or other discounts on domestic products and, for moist snuff, at the rate of 100 percent of the manufacturer's established list price to distributors without diminution by volume or other discounts on domestic products. The tax imposed under this subsection on cigars shall not exceed an amount equal to 50 cents for each cigar. On products imported from another country, not including moist snuff, the rate of tax is 71 84 percent of the amount obtained by adding the manufacturer's list price to the federal tax, duties and transportation costs to the United States. On moist snuff imported from another country, the rate of the tax is 100 percent of the amount obtained by adding the manufacturer's list price to the federal tax, duties, and transportation costs to the United States. The tax attaches at the time the tobacco products are received by the distributor in this state. The tax shall be passed on to the ultimate consumer of the tobacco products. All tobacco products received in this state for sale or distribution within this state, except tobacco products actually sold as provided in sub. (2), shall be subject to such tax.

**Section 11.** 139.76 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

139.76 (3) Beginning on the effective date of this subsection [LRB inserts
date], a person who is subject to the tax imposed under sub. (1) shall pay the greater
of the amount determined under sub. (1) or the following:

- (a) For a package of 4 cigars, an amount equal to the amount of the tax imposed under s. 139.31 (1) (a) on a pack of 20 cigarettes, and at a proportionate rate for any other quantity. No cigars with a wholesale price of less than \$1 per cigar may be sold in this state in a package containing fewer than 5 such cigars.
- (b) For single-unit tobacco products, on each single-use unit, an amount equal to the amount of the tax imposed under s. 139.31 (1) (a) on one cigarette. No single-unit tobacco products may be sold in this state in packages containing fewer than 20 single-use units.
- (c) For any smokeless tobacco product that consists of loose tobacco, including moist snuff, or that is otherwise not a product described under par. (b), on 1.2 ounces, an amount equal to the tax imposed under s. 139.31 (1) (a) on a pack of 20 cigarettes, and at a proportionate rate for any other quantity.
- (d) For any loose tobacco that is intended for smoking, including dry pipe tobacco, but not including wet pipe tobacco, on 0.65 ounces, an amount equal to the tax imposed under s. 139.31 (1) (a) on a pack of 20 cigarettes, and at a proportionate rate for any other quantity.
- (e) For any tobacco product other than that listed in pars. (a) to (d), on each package or container, an amount equal to the tax imposed under s. 139.31 (1) (a) on a pack of 20 cigarettes. For purposes of this paragraph, the tax applies to the smallest, discrete package or container in any larger package or container intended for sale to consumers that contains multiple smaller packages or containers.

**Section 12.** 139.761 of the statutes is created to read:

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139.761 Tobacco products inventory tax imposed; procedures. (1)
Inventory tax imposed. On the effective date of any increase in the rates under s.
139.76 (1) and (3), including any increase in the rates calculated under s. 139.76 (3)
resulting from an increase in the rate imposed under s. 139.31 (1) (a), an inventory
tax is imposed on tobacco products held in inventory for sale or resale on which the
tobacco products tax has been paid at the prior rate. Any person who is in possession
of any such tobacco products shall pay the tax imposed under this section. Any
person liable for this tax shall determine the amount of the tobacco products in the
person's possession on the effective date of the increase and shall file a return, and
pay the tax due, on or before the 30th day after the effective date of the increase.

- (2) Inventory tax computation. The tobacco products inventory tax under this section is computed by multiplying the amount of tobacco products held in inventory for sale or resale by the difference between the prior tax rate and the new tax rate.
- (3) ADMINISTRATION. Sections 71.74 (1), (2), (10), (11), (13) and (14), 71.75 (4) to (7), 71.80 (12), 71.82 (2), 71.83 (2) (b) 3., 71.88 (1) (a) and (2) (a), 71.89, 71.90, 71.91 (1) (a) and (c) and (2) to (7), 71.92, 73.01, 73.015 and 73.0301 apply to this section.
- (4) LATE FILING FEE. Any person who fails to file a tobacco products inventory tax return when due shall pay a late filing fee of \$50. A return that is mailed is timely if it is mailed in a properly addressed envelope with postage prepaid, if the envelope is postmarked, or marked or recorded electronically as provided under section 7502 (f) (2) (c) of the Internal Revenue Code, on the due date and if the return is actually received by the department or at the destination that the department prescribes within 5 days of the due date. A return that is not mailed is timely if it is received on or before the due date by the department or at the destination that the department

prescribes. For purposes of this subsection, "mailed" includes delivery by a delivery service designated under section 7502 (f) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (5) Interest on delinquent payments. If any person does not timely pay the tax imposed under this section, that person is liable for interest at the rate of 2 percent per month or fraction of a month from the date on which the tax is due until the date when the tax is paid.
- (6) PENALTY. If any person who is liable for the tax under this section files a false or fraudulent return, that person is also liable, in addition to the tax due, for an amount equal to the amount of tax the person evaded or attempted to evade.

#### **Section 13.** 139.78 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.78 (1) A Except as provided in sub. (3m), a tax is imposed upon the use or storage by consumers of tobacco products in this state at the rate, for tobacco products, not including moist snuff, of 71 84 percent of the cost of the tobacco products and, for moist snuff, at the rate of 100 percent of the manufacturer's established list price to distributors without diminution by volume or other discounts on domestic products. The tax imposed under this subsection on cigars shall not exceed an amount equal to 50 cents for each cigar. The tax does not apply if the tax imposed by s. 139.76 (1) on the tobacco products has been paid or if the tobacco products are exempt from the tobacco products tax under s. 139.76 (2).

#### **Section 14.** 139.78 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.78 (2) On or before the 15th day of each month, every consumer who during the preceding month has acquired title to or possession for use or storage in this state of tobacco products upon which the tax imposed by s. 139.76 (1) and (3) has not been paid shall file a return showing the quantity of tobacco products acquired. At the time when the return is filed, the consumer shall pay the tax.

SECTION 15.	139 78	(3m) of the	e statutes is	created to	read.
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139.78 (3m) Beginning on the effective date of this subsection .... [LRB inserts date], a person who is subject to the tax imposed under sub. (1) shall pay the greater of the amount determined under sub. (1) or the amount determined under s. 139.76 (3).

**Section 16.** 139.803 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.803 Refunds to Indian tribes. (intro.) The department may refund the taxes collected under s. 139.76 (1) and (3) in respect to sales on reservations or trust lands of an Indian tribe to the tribal council of the tribe having jurisdiction over the reservation or trust land on which the sale is made only if all of the following conditions are fulfilled:

**Section 17.** 139.805 of the statutes is amended to read:

139.805 Agreements with Indian tribes. The department may enter into agreements with Indian tribes to provide for the refunding of the tobacco products tax imposed under s. 139.76 (1) and (3). If the department enters into an agreement with an Indian tribe, the agreement may provide for refunding 100% of that tax on tobacco products sold on the tribal reservation to enrolled members of the tribe residing on the tribal reservation and may provide for refunding 50% of that tax on tobacco products sold on the tribal reservation to persons who are not enrolled members of the tribe residing on the tribal reservation.

**Section 18.** 139.82 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

139.82 (8) Each distributor shall collect and remit the excise tax imposed by s. 139.76 (1) and (3) on tobacco products not exempt from the tobacco products tax under s. 139.76 (2), with the reports required to be filed under this section.

#### **SECTION 19. Nonstatutory provisions.**

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(1) of the statutes.

(1) Tobacco products inventory tax. Any person who is in possession of
tobacco products in inventory for sale or resale on the effective date of this subsection
is subject to the tobacco products inventory tax imposed under section 139.761 of the
statutes, as created by this act, based on the difference between the prior tax rate
imposed under section 139.76 (1) of the statutes and the new tax rates imposed under
section 139.76 (1), 2011 stats., as affected by this act, and section 139.76 (3) of the
statutes, as created by this act.
(2) Cigarette inventory tax. Any person who is in possession of tobacco
products in inventory for sale or resale on the effective date of this subsection is
subject to the cigarette inventory tax imposed under section 139.315 of the statutes
for any such tobacco products that are considered cigarettes under section 139.30
(1m) of the statutes, as affected by this act. The calculation of the cigarette inventory

**Section 20. Effective dates.** This act takes effect on the day after publication, except as follows:

tax is based on the difference between the tax rate imposed under section 139.76 (1)

of the statutes, as affected by this act, and the tax rate imposed under section 139.31

- (1) The treatment of sections 73.01 (4) (a), 139.30 (1m), 139.75 (4b), (5d), (9n), (12), and (14), 139.76 (1) and (3), 139.761, 139.78 (1), (2), and (3m), 139.803 (intro.), 139.805, and 139.82 (8) of the statutes takes effect on the first day of the 3rd month beginning after publication.
- (2) The treatment of section 134.66 (2) (f) and (4) (a) 1. of the statutes takes effect on the first day of the 7th month beginning after publication.