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State of Misconsin 2023 - 2024 LEGISLATURE

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2023 ASSEMBLY BILL 538

October 18, 2023 - Introduced by Representatives Sinicki, Shankland, Ohnstad, Neubauer, Haywood, Subeck, Goyke, Conley, Joers, Hong, Stubbs, Cabrera, Doyle, Snodgrass, Shelton, Emerson, Ratcliff, Ortiz-Velez, J. Anderson, Considine, C. Anderson, Moore Omokunde and Palmeri, cosponsored by Senators L. Johnson, Smith, Larson, Hesselbein, Roys, Carpenter, Wirch, Spreitzer and Pfaff. Referred to Committee on Labor and Integrated Employment.

AN ACT to repeal 103.36; to amend 111.322 (2m) (a), 111.322 (2m) (b) and 814.04 (intro.); and to create 103.135 of the statutes; relating to: prohibiting an employer from relying on information about a prospective employee's compensation when making employment decisions or inquiring about a prospective employee's compensation and from restricting an employee's right to disclose compensation information, allowing actions in circuit court, and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill prohibits certain employer conduct related to the compensation information of current and prospective employees.

The bill prohibits an employer from doing any of the following with respect to a prospective employee:

- 1. Soliciting information about the prospective employee's current or prior compensation before making an offer of employment. The bill also repeals a provision that gives employers the right to solicit such information.
- 2. Relying on information regarding the prospective employee's current or prior compensation when determining whether to make an offer of employment or setting compensation when making an offer of employment to that prospective employee.

- 3. Requiring that the prospective employee's current or prior compensation meet certain criteria in order for the prospective employee to be considered for employment.
- 4. Refusing to hire the prospective employee for exercising his or her rights relating to compensation information.

The bill also prohibits an employer from discharging or discriminating against a current employee for disclosing the details of the employee's compensation, discussing the compensation of other employees, asking other employees for details regarding their compensation, or taking certain actions to enforce an employee's rights under the bill.

The bill requires employers to post notices, where notices to employees are customarily posted and on any electronic job posting, regarding employees' and prospective employees' rights under the bill and provides a penalty for an employer's failure to do so.

The bill allows the Department of Workforce Development or an individual who is alleged or was found to have been discriminated against on the basis of compensation information to bring an action in circuit court in addition to or in lieu of filing an administrative complaint.

Under the bill, if the circuit court finds that a defendant has committed an act of discrimination, the circuit court may award back pay and any other relief that could have been awarded in an administrative proceeding. In addition, the circuit court must order the defendant to pay to the individual discriminated against compensatory and punitive damages that the circuit court finds appropriate, except that the total amount of damages awarded for future economic losses and for pain and suffering, emotional distress, mental anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, and other noneconomic losses and punitive damages is subject to the following limitations:

- 1. If the defendant employs 100 or fewer employees, no more than \$50,000.
- 2. If the defendant employs more than 100 but fewer than 201 employees, no more than \$100,000.
- 3. If the defendant employs more than 200 but fewer than 501 employees, no more than \$200,000.
- 4. If the defendant employs more than 500 employees, no more than \$300,000. The bill requires DWD to annually revise these amounts based upon the change in the consumer price index in the previous year, if any positive change has occurred.

Under current fair employment law, an individual who alleges discrimination in employment may file a complaint with DWD seeking action that will effectuate the purpose of the fair employment law, including reinstating the employee, providing back pay, and paying costs and attorney fees.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

Section 1. 103.135 of the statutes is created to read:

- 103.135 Compensation information of employees and prospective employees. (1) Unlawful employer conduct related to prospective employee compensation information. (a) No employer may directly or indirectly do any of the following:
- 1. Subject to par. (b), solicit from a prospective employee or a prospective employee's current or former employer information about the prospective employee's current or prior compensation before making an offer of employment.
- 2. Require that a prospective employee's current or prior compensation meet certain criteria in order for the prospective employee to be considered for employment.
- 3. Refuse to hire or employ or otherwise discriminate against a prospective employee in compensation or in the terms, conditions, or privileges of employment for opposing a practice prohibited under this paragraph, filing or indicating an intent to file a complaint or otherwise attempting to enforce any right under this paragraph, or testifying, assisting, or participating in any manner in any investigation, action, or proceeding to enforce any right under this paragraph.
- 4. Subject to par. (b), notwithstanding the provisions of subch. II of ch. 230 regarding state civil service, rely on information obtained from any source regarding a prospective employee's current or prior compensation when determining whether to make an offer of employment or setting compensation when making an offer of employment to that prospective employee.
- (b) After an employer has offered employment to a prospective employee and the details of compensation have been agreed upon, the employer may obtain the

prospective employee's written consent for the employer to solicit information about, or take action to confirm, the prospective employee's current or prior compensation.

- (2) DISCLOSURE OF COMPENSATION INFORMATION BY EMPLOYEES. (a) An employee may disclose the details of the employee's compensation to anyone and, subject to par. (d), may discuss the compensation of other employees of the same employer and may ask other employees of the same employer for details regarding their compensation.
- (b) Except as provided in par. (d), no employer may interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of the right of an employee to disclose, discuss, or inquire about compensation as provided in par. (a).
- (c) An employer may not discharge or discriminate against an employee in promotion, in compensation, or in the terms, conditions, or privileges of employment for disclosing, discussing, or inquiring about compensation as provided in par. (a), opposing a practice prohibited under par. (b), filing or indicating an intent to file a complaint or otherwise attempting to enforce any right under par. (a), or testifying, assisting, or participating in any manner in any investigation, action, or proceeding to enforce any right under par. (a).
- (d) Subject to s. 19.35, an employer may prohibit a human resources or payroll employee, a supervisor, or any other employee whose job responsibilities require or allow the employee access to other employees' compensation information from disclosing information about any other employee's compensation without that employee's prior written consent.
- (3) Enforcement. Any employee or prospective employee who is refused employment, terminated, discharged, or otherwise discriminated against in violation of sub. (1) (a) or (2) (a) to (c) may do any of the following:

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- (a) File a complaint with the department, and the department shall process the complaint in the same manner that employment discrimination complaints are processed under s. 111.39. If the department finds that a violation has occurred, the department may order the employer to take action to remedy the violation, including reinstating the employee, providing compensation in lieu of reinstatement, providing back pay accrued not more than 2 years before the complaint was filed, and paying reasonable actual costs and, notwithstanding s. 814.04 (1), reasonable attorney fees to the complainant.
 - (b) Bring an action in circuit court under sub. (4).
- (4) CIVIL ACTION. (a) Except as provided in this paragraph, the department or an individual alleged or found to have been discriminated against under sub. (1) or (2) may bring an action in circuit court requesting the relief described in par. (d) against an employer that is alleged or found to have engaged in that discrimination.
- (b) If a petition for judicial review of the findings and order of the department concerning the same violation as the violation giving rise to the action under par. (a) is filed, the circuit court shall consolidate the proceeding for judicial review and the action under par. (a).
- (c) An individual alleged or found to have been discriminated against under sub. (1) or (2) is not required to file a complaint under sub. (3) (a) or seek review under s. 111.395 in order for the department or the individual to bring an action under par. (a).
- (d) Subject to pars. (e) and (f), in an action under par. (a), if the circuit court finds that discrimination has occurred, or if such a finding has been made by an examiner and not been further appealed, the circuit court may order any relief that an examiner would be empowered to order under s. 111.39 (4) (c) after a hearing on a

complaint filed under s. 111.39. In addition, the circuit court shall order the defendant to pay to the individual discriminated against any other compensatory damages and punitive damages under s. 895.043 that the circuit court or jury finds appropriate, plus reasonable costs and attorney fees incurred in the action. If any relief was ordered under sub. (3) (a) or s. 111.395, the circuit court shall specify whether the relief ordered under this paragraph is in addition to or replaces the relief ordered under sub. (3) (a) or s. 111.395. The sum of the amount of compensatory damages for future economic losses and for pain and suffering, emotional distress, mental anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, and other noneconomic losses and the amount of punitive damages that a circuit court may order may not exceed the following:

- 1. In the case of a defendant that employs 100 or fewer employees for each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding year, \$50,000.
- 2. In the case of a defendant that employs more than 100 but fewer than 201 employees for each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding year, \$100,000.
- 3. In the case of a defendant that employs more than 200 but fewer than 501 employees for each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding year, \$200,000.
- 4. In the case of a defendant that employs more than 500 employees for each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding year, \$300,000.

- (e) If the circuit court orders a payment under par. (d) because of a violation of sub. (1) or (2) by an individual employed by an employer, the employer of that individual is liable for the payment.
- (f) 1. In this paragraph, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the federal department of labor.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, beginning on July 1, 2024, and on each July 1 after that, the department shall adjust the amounts specified in par. (d) 1., 2., 3., and 4. by calculating the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the preceding year and the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the year before the preceding year and adjusting those amounts by that percentage difference. The department shall publish the adjusted amounts calculated under this subdivision in the Wisconsin Administrative Register, and the adjusted amounts shall apply to actions commenced under par. (a) beginning on July 1 of the year of publication. This subdivision does not apply if the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the preceding year did not increase over the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the year before the preceding year.
- (5) NOTICE POSTED. (a) Each employer shall provide notice to employees and prospective employees of their rights under this section by doing all of the following:
- 1. Posting, in one or more conspicuous places where notices to employees are customarily posted, a notice in a form approved by the department setting forth employees' and prospective employees' rights under this section.

or 103.64 to 103.82.

	2. Including on each listing for a job vacancy or other employment opportunity
1	that is advertised by email and posting on a website, or other electronic means, a
]	notice that includes all of the following information:
	a. A statement that the employer is prohibited from relying on a prospective
(employee's current or former compensation when determining whether to make ar
(offer of employment or setting compensation or when making an offer of
(employment.
	b. A statement that the employer is prohibited from asking about a prospective
(employee's compensation until after the employer has offered the prospective
(employee employment and they have agreed upon the details of compensation.
	c. A statement that the employer is prohibited from requiring that a
]	prospective employee's current or prior compensation meet certain criteria in order
í	or the prospective employee to be considered for employment.
	d. Information, or a hyperlink to information, regarding prohibited bases of
(discrimination under subch. II of ch. 111.
	(b) Any employer that violates par. (a) shall forfeit not more than \$100 for each
(offense.
	Section 2. 103.36 of the statutes is repealed.
	Section 3. 111.322 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
	111.322 (2m) (a) The individual files a complaint or attempts to enforce any
]	right under s. 103.02, 103.10, 103.11, 103.13, <u>103.135</u> , 103.28, 103.32, 103.34
	103.455, 104.12, 109.03, 109.07, 109.075, 146.997, or 995.55, or ss. 101.58 to 101.599

Section 4. 111.322 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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111.322 (2m) (b) The individual testifies or assists in any action or proceeding
held under or to enforce any right under s. 103.02, 103.10, 103.11, 103.13, <u>103.135</u> ,
103.28,103.32,103.34,103.455,104.12,109.03,109.07,109.075,146.997,or995.55,
or ss. 101.58 to 101.599 or 103.64 to 103.82.
Section 5. 814.04 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
814.04 Items of costs. (intro.) Except as provided in ss. 93.20, 100.195 (5m)
(b), 100.30 (5m), <u>103.135 (4) (d)</u> , 106.50 (6) (i) and (6m) (a), 115.80 (9), 767.553 (4) (d),
769.313,802.05,814.245,895.035(4),895.044,895.443(3),895.444(2),895.445(3),
895.446 (3), 895.506, 943.212 (2) (b), 943.245 (2) (d), 943.51 (2) (b), and 995.10 (3),
when allowed costs shall be as follows:
SECTION 6. Initial applicability.
(1) Employment discrimination damages. This act first applies to acts of
employment discrimination under s. 103.135 committed on the effective date of this
subsection.
(2) Collective Bargaining agreement. This act first applies to an employee
who is affected by a collective bargaining agreement that contains provisions
inconsistent with this act on the day on which the collective bargaining agreement
expires or is extended, modified, or renewed, whichever occurs first.
Section 7. Effective date.
(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 6th month beginning after

(END)