

State of Misconsin 2023 - 2024 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4030/1 MDE:skw

# 2023 ASSEMBLY BILL 897

January 4, 2024 – Introduced by Representatives GREEN, SUMMERFIELD, DITTRICH, GUSTAFSON, PALMERI, SCHMIDT, SCHRAA and SINICKI, cosponsored by Senator QUINN. Referred to Committee on Consumer Protection.

AN ACT to amend 97.29 (2) (b) 2. c. and 97.29 (2) (b) 2. e.; and to create 97.29 (1) (he), 97.29 (2) (b) 3. and 97.29 (7) of the statutes; relating to: qualification for exemptions from food product licensing requirements for sale of pickled fruits and vegetables, baked goods, and other shelf-stable food products.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a person is not required to obtain a food processing plant license from the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection to sell food products that the person prepares and cans at home in this state if all of the following apply: 1) the food products are a fruit or vegetable pickled at a certain pH level; 2) the person sells the food products at a community or social event or a farmers' market in this state; 3) the sold food products are labeled with certain information; 4) the person displays a sign at the place of sale stating that the food product is homemade and not subject to state inspection; and 5) the person receives less than \$5,000 per year from the sale of the food product. This bill increases the sales threshold from \$5,000 to \$20,000, adds sesame to a list of ingredients that must be listed by their common name on food labels, and includes in the food processing plant license exemption food products that are nonpotentially hazardous foods. "Nonpotentially hazardous food" is defined in the bill as prepared food that does not require time and temperature control for safety to limit pathogenic microorganism growth or toxin formation. The bill also requires a nonpotentially hazardous food preparer exempt from the food processing plant license whose business makes more than \$2,000 per year to register with and provide contact information to DATCP.

# **ASSEMBLY BILL 897**

For further information see the state fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	<b>SECTION 1.</b> 97.29 (1) (he) of the statutes is created to read:
2	97.29 (1) (he) "Nonpotentially hazardous food" means prepared food that does
3	not require time and temperature control for safety to limit pathogenic
4	microorganism growth or toxin formation.
5	SECTION 2. 97.29 (2) (b) 2. c. of the statutes is amended to read:
6	97.29 (2) (b) 2. c. The person receives less than \$5,000 \$20,000 per year from
7	the sale of the food products.
8	SECTION 3. 97.29 (2) (b) 2. e. of the statutes is amended to read:
9	97.29 (2) (b) 2. e. Each container of food product that is sold is labeled with the
10	name and address of the person who prepared and canned the food product, the date
11	on which the food product was canned, the statement "This product was made in a
12	private home not subject to state licensing or inspection.", and a list of ingredients
13	in descending order of prominence. If any ingredient originates from milk, eggs, fish,
14	crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, wheat, peanuts, <u>sesame</u> , or soybeans, the list of
15	ingredients shall include the common name of the ingredient.
16	SECTION 4. 97.29 (2) (b) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
17	97.29 (2) (b) 3. A person is not required to obtain a license under this section
18	to sell at retail food products that the person prepares at home in this state if all of
19	the following apply:
20	a. The food products are nonpotentially hazardous foods.

2023 - 2024 Legislature

# **ASSEMBLY BILL 897**

1	b. The person sells the food products directly to consumers at the physical
2	address of the business, by delivery, or at a community or social event or a farmers'
3	market in this state.
4	c. The person's business receives less than \$20,000 per year from the sale of the
5	food products.
6	d. The person displays a sign at the place of sale stating the following: "These
7	food products are homemade and not subject to state inspection."
8	e. Each container of food product that is sold is labeled with the name and
9	address of the person who prepared the food product, the date on which the food
10	product was prepared, the statement "This product was made in a private home not
11	subject to state licensing or inspection.", and a list of ingredients in descending order
12	of prominence. If any ingredient originates from milk, eggs, fish, crustacean
13	shellfish, tree nuts, wheat, peanuts, sesame, or soybeans, the list of ingredients shall
14	include the common name of the ingredient.
15	<b>SECTION 5.</b> 97.29 (7) of the statutes is created to read:
16	97.29 (7) Registration and information requirements for nonpotentially
17	HAZARDOUS FOOD PRODUCERS. (a) If a person is exempted under sub. (2) (b) 3. from the
18	license requirement under sub. (2) (a), and the person's business receives more than
19	\$2,000 per year from the sale of nonpotentially hazardous food products, the person
20	shall register with the department and provide to the department, in a manner
21	determined by the department, the following information regarding the person's
22	business associated with the sale of the nonpotentially hazardous food products:
23	1. The name of the business.
24	2. The operator of the business.

- 3 -

2023 - 2024 Legislature

### ASSEMBLY BILL 897

3. The physical address and telephone number of the business and, if available,
 an email address of the business.

- 4 -

- 3 4. A complete list of food products that the business sells to the public.
  - 5. Any other information, as required by the department.

5 (b) The department shall encourage persons to whom the exemption in sub. (2) 6 (b) 3. applies to attend and complete training that is approved by the department 7 concerning the preparation of nonpotentially hazardous foods and to have their 8 recipes and processes reviewed by a person who is knowledgeable about the 9 nonpotentially hazardous food industry and who is recognized by the department as 10 an authority on preparing nonpotentially hazardous foods.

- (c) The department in cooperation with the University of Wisconsin-Madison
  division of extension shall attempt to maximize the availability of information and
  technical services and support for persons who wish to home prepare nonpotentially
  hazardous foods.
- 15

4

### (END)