

CHAPTER 65

MUNICIPAL BUDGET SYSTEMS

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65.01 Application of this chapter. The common council of any city of the 2nd, 3rd or 4th class may by ordinance adopted by three-fourths of all its members accept the provisions of ss. 65.02, 65.03 and 65.04 which when so accepted shall be in full force and effect as to any such city. Except as above provided ss. 65.01 to 65.20 shall apply only to cities of the 1st class.

History: 1977 c. 109.

65.02 Definitions. (1) DEPARTMENT. In this chapter "department" or "departments" means any department, board, commission or other body under the control of the common council which expends city funds or incurs obligations for the city, and unless otherwise expressed refers to the head of such department.

(2) ESTIMATE. The term "estimate" as used in this chapter shall include any written report of or the request of any department setting forth in detail the various sums and purposes it deems reasonably necessary to perform its functions.

(3) BOARD OF ESTIMATES. The board of estimates shall be the mayor, the president of the common council, comptroller, treasurer, city attorney, commissioner of public works and the members of the finance committee of the common council.

(4) PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY. The mayor shall be president of the board and the comptroller shall be the secretary. The secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings of the board and perform such other duties as may be required of him by the board.

(5) BUDGET. The budget shall provide a complete financial plan for the ensuing fiscal year. It shall contain in tabular form:

- (a) A general summary;
- (b) Detailed estimates of all anticipated revenues applicable to proposed expenditures;
- (c) All proposed expenditures;
- (d) A compensation schedule to provide uniform rates of pay for offices and positions in the city service. The total of such proposed expendi-

tures shall not exceed the total of such anticipated revenues.

(6) BUDGET SUMMARY. The budget summary shall itemize the principal sources of anticipated revenues and shall state separately the amount to be raised by property tax, and the proposed expenditures of each department, bureau, board and commission in such manner as to present to the public a simple and clear summary of the detailed estimates of the budget.

(7) ANTICIPATED REVENUES. Anticipated revenues shall be classified as "surplus", "miscellaneous revenues" and "amount to be raised by property tax"; miscellaneous revenues shall be listed by the sources from which such revenues are to be derived.

(8) PROPOSED EXPENDITURES. Separate provision shall be included in the proposed budget for at least:

(a) The administration, operation and maintenance of each department, bureau, board, commission and division thereof, itemized by kind and nature of expenditure as required by the board of estimates.

(b) The number, title and compensation range of each officer, and of each position and the proposed appropriation for the same shall be itemized according to the divisions in each department, bureau, board and commission and shall be incorporated in and published with the rest of the proposed budget.

(c) Expenditures proposed for improvements.

(9) UNIFORM COMPENSATION SCHEDULE. The compensation schedule shall provide for and establish uniform rates of pay for offices and positions in the city service to be in effect for the ensuing fiscal year.

(10) PROPOSED EXPENDITURES; COMPARISON WITH OTHER YEARS. The board of estimates shall direct that there be placed opposite the several items of proposed expenditures for the ensuing year, adequate comparisons with the budgets and expenditures of other years.

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(11) ANTICIPATED REVENUES; COMPARISON WITH OTHER YEARS. The board of estimates shall direct that there be placed opposite the several items of anticipated revenues for the ensuing year, adequate comparisons with the anticipated revenues and receipts of other years.

History: 1971 c. 154.

65.03 Departmental estimates. (1) It shall be the duty of each department to file with the secretary of the board of estimates not later than August 1 of each year on forms approved by the board of estimates an estimate in detail of the department's needs for the ensuing fiscal year, including a statement of any permanent improvements to be made and an estimate of expenditures therefor, and including such information supplied in such form as the board of estimates may direct.

(2) Any department whose funds are not subject to the control of the common council may include in its estimate such sum as it may deem reasonably necessary for a contingent fund for emergency purposes or other purposes which may arise during the year requiring the expenditure of money in addition to the sums provided for the several purposes or for purposes for which no express provision is made in the budget.

65.04 Meetings of board of estimates. (1) MEETING; REPORT OF ESTIMATES. The board of estimates shall meet not later than September 10 of each year. The secretary shall place before the board the reports of estimates filed with him by the departments together with the comptroller's statement of anticipated revenues for the ensuing year and the adequate comparisons with other years as provided in s. 65.02 (5) to (11). The budget summary shall be published forthwith in at least one and not more than 2 daily newspapers having the largest circulation in the city as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, and in the proceedings of the common council; and a copy of the entire proposed budget shall be available for public inspection in the office of the city comptroller.

(2) PROPOSED BUDGET; PUBLICATION OF SUMMARY. From the estimates before it the board shall make and submit to the common council, on or before October 25 each year, a proposed budget setting forth in detail the amounts proposed to be spent by each department and the various purposes therefor and the amounts of money for each purpose it is proposed shall be appropriated by the council. The proposed budget shall comply with s. 65.02 (5) to (11). The budget summary shall be published forthwith in at least one and not more than 2 daily newspapers having the largest cir-

ulation in the city as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, and the proposed budget summary shall be printed forthwith in the proceedings of the common council. If any department fails to file its estimates as herein provided the board shall make a proposed budget for such department specifying the purposes for which and the amount of funds such department may expend.

(3) CHANGES BY BOARD. The board shall not change any sum or purpose of any department which by law is authorized to determine the purposes of its expenditures and the tax to be levied therefor, unless such department by formal resolution shall so determine by an affirmative vote of a majority of its members, when the board shall then make the change and include a certified copy of such resolution with its estimates to be filed with the common council.

(4) CONTINGENT FUND. In addition to the purposes required to be set forth in detail the board may provide a contingent fund for such sum as they may deem reasonably necessary for emergency and other purposes that may arise during the year requiring the expenditure of money in addition to the sums provided for the several purposes, and for purposes for which no express provision is made in the budget.

(5) BONDS; MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES. The board shall also include in its budget the amount of bonds, the purposes therefor, and the required mortgage certificates to be issued during the fiscal year, except such bonds as are authorized to be omitted by express provision of law.

(6) MEETINGS PUBLIC. All meetings of the board shall be public.

(7) PUBLICATION OF NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARINGS. At the meeting of the common council at which the proposed budget is submitted by the board of estimates, the common council shall determine the place and time of a public hearing on the budget which shall be held jointly by the common council and by the board of estimates not less than 10 days after the publication provided in s. 65.04 (2), nor later than November 10. The common council shall cause a notice of the place and time of said hearing to be published as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, which hearing shall be not less than 7 days after the date of the last publication of said notice in at least one and not more than 2 daily newspapers having the largest circulation in the city.

(8) DUTIES OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE. The finance committee of the common council shall submit to the common council as soon after October 25 as may be practicable, but not later than November 20, a report or reports showing the number, title, compensation range of each officer and each position in the city service:

(a) The number, title and compensation range of each officer and each position in the city service and the proposed appropriation for the same recommended for the ensuing year; and

(b) A recommended compensation schedule of uniform rates of pay for offices and positions in the city service.

(9) **DUTIES OF BUDGET SUPERVISOR.** The budget supervisor or the head of the department having responsibility for the preparation or the analyzing of the budget, may be secretary of the board of estimates, if so directed by common council ordinance; he shall not however be entitled to a vote on such board.

History: 1971 c. 267.

65.05 Adoption of budget; changes, how made. (1) The common council, by vote of the majority of all the aldermen, may make such changes in the proposed budget submitted by the board of estimates, and by the finance committee, either as to purposes or amounts for which money may be expended and as to purposes or amounts for which bonds or mortgage certificates may be issued as it may deem best.

(2) The common council shall not change the purposes or amounts provided in the proposed budget as submitted to it for the departments which by law are authorized to determine their expenditures and the taxes to be levied therefor, unless such department by formal resolution adopted by a majority of all its members shall authorize such change, nor shall the common council change the purposes or amounts of the bond or mortgage certificate issues which are required to be issued by law.

(3) When any department, authorized to determine its expenditures and the taxes to be levied therefor, shall authorize a change in its budget by the common council it shall file its resolution authorizing the change with the city clerk at least two days prior to the time fixed by law for the adoption of such budget, and the council shall then make the change in accordance therewith.

(4) The common council, on or before November 20 shall adopt the proposed budget by a majority vote of all the aldermen either as submitted or as changed by the council. It shall not be necessary to refer the budget to a committee of the common council.

(5) The budget submitted by the board to the council as changed by the council within the time therein provided shall constitute the budget of the city for the following year whether or not any formal resolution or motion adopting it has been passed by the common council. Within five days either after its formal adoption by the

council or by operation of law it shall be certified by the city clerk to the mayor for his approval.

(6) If the mayor approves the budget he shall sign it. The mayor shall have power only to disapprove of any item or items therein under the control of the common council and upon disapproving any such item or items he shall return the budget to the clerk with his objections to such items in writing and his reasons therefor.

(7) The common council shall vote on each item disapproved by the mayor separately, and if the mayor's disapproval is sustained it shall affect only the items so disapproved and sustained. The council may thereupon proceed, by an affirmative vote of a majority of the aldermen, to adopt a substitute for the item rejected which shall be separately submitted to the mayor subject to his approval. All items not disapproved by the mayor and sustained by the council shall constitute the budget and be in full force. The budget shall thereupon be filed in the office of the comptroller who shall forthwith have the same printed and made available for general distribution. In case of an obvious error in authorizing any salary or position as provided in s. 65.02 (8) (b), the common council may by a three-fourths vote of all its members correct such error in the period between the adoption of the budget and December 31 inclusive of each year.

(8) The adoption of the budget shall determine the amount of money to be levied upon all taxable property in the city for the ensuing year. The tax levy shall be computed by deducting the surplus and miscellaneous revenues available therefor from the appropriations for expenditures for the ensuing year. The city comptroller shall then certify the necessary taxes to be levied to the tax commissioner who shall calculate the tax rate. Such tax rate shall be the rate of the ensuing tax levy.

(9) The compensation rates of pay and the number of positions established in the budget shall determine the compensation to be paid and the number of positions for the ensuing fiscal year except that additional positions may be established where necessary during the year by resolution adopted by three-fourths vote of all the aldermen.

65.06 Funds, how expended. (1) No money shall be expended and no liabilities incurred by the city or any department unless otherwise specially authorized by law during the fiscal year, in excess of the amounts specified or except as hereinafter provided for any other purpose than as designated therein, provided, however, that whenever a waterworks department of the city desires to make a contract

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extending over a period of more than one year for additions to the plant in excess of the estimated revenue for the year, if in the opinion of the board of estimate there will be money available to meet the payments on the contract as they may come due, then, by a majority vote of the board, they may authorize the comptroller to countersign such contract.

(2) Whenever a department is reimbursed for materials or services furnished, and the funds so received are not by law credited to some particular fund, the department may spend the money so received for the same purpose for which the money was originally appropriated in the budget.

(3) Whenever a department whose funds are subject to the control of the common council shall find it necessary to expend a greater sum than authorized by the budget for such specific purpose, and the department shall find it unnecessary to spend a sum as authorized for some other purpose, the department may request the secretary of the board of estimates to authorize the funds unnecessary for one purpose to be transferred to the purpose for which the greater sum is needed, stating the reasons therefor in writing. The secretary shall immediately submit such request to the mayor who shall call a meeting of the board forthwith at which the board may by a majority vote authorize the change, if the change shall be deemed advisable. Thereupon the secretary shall immediately certify the action of the board to the comptroller and the change shall be made in accordance with the action of the board.

(4) Any department authorized by law to fix its own tax levy may change at a regular meeting or one called for that purpose any appropriation specified in the budget for one purpose which is found unnecessary for that purpose to another purpose which the department shall find necessary to spend a greater sum than specified in the budget for that purpose. The department shall certify its action to the comptroller and the change shall be made accordingly.

(5) No department shall spend a greater sum than is appropriated by the budget for that department except:

(a) Unexpended balances from the proceeds of bonds or mortgage certificates carried over from the preceding year may be expended for the purposes for which the bonds or certificates were issued; and

(b) Any department whose funds are subject to the control of the common council may expend funds for the purpose appropriated by the common council from the contingent fund.

(6) (a) The common council by resolution adopted by a three-fourths vote of all the alder-

men, may appropriate money from its contingent fund for any lawful purpose.

(b) The common council at any time after the adoption of the budget may, by resolution adopted by a majority vote of the members thereof direct the proper officers of any department to expend such sum or sums of money as are specially appropriated out of any specific fund under its control for any of the several purposes enumerated therein. The adoption of such resolution shall be the authority for such department to proceed and expend such specified sum for the purpose as directed therein.

(7) Any department whose funds are not subject to the common council may by vote of three-fourths of all its members appropriate money out of its contingent fund for any purpose for which it is authorized to spend money. Before the department shall spend any such funds it shall certify to the comptroller its action and the purpose for which such sum was appropriated.

(8) Any department charged by law with the construction, extension, operation and maintenance of a waterworks or lighting system or any public utility may spend money from the surplus revenue of such waterworks or lighting system or utility in addition to the sum specified in the budget when deemed necessary to maintain the service, upon being authorized so to do by a three-fourths vote of all the aldermen of the common council, specifying by resolution the purpose for which and the sum appropriated. Before any money shall be so expended a copy of the resolution authorizing it shall be certified to the comptroller.

(9) Unless otherwise specifically provided by law, no municipal bonds other than those provided for in the budget shall be issued during the ensuing fiscal year, except in case of great emergency when necessary to protect the public health or safety, and then only when authorized by the common council by a three-fourths vote of all the aldermen.

(10) The city may expend any money or incur liabilities for any purposes which by law are assessable as benefits against parcels of land or are a legal charge against such parcels of land.

(11) Every officer or employe who shall violate or participate in the violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be personally liable to the city for all loss or damage to the city occasioned thereby.

(12) The adoption of the budget shall be authority for the expenditure by a department for the purposes therein provided and of the amounts assigned to the department thereby and no further action by the common council

shall be necessary to authorize any department to make such expenditures, except that as provided herein it shall not authorize the expenditure of any money from the contingent fund of the common council.

(13) The common council may at any time suspend the expenditure of any fund assigned to any department by the budget which has not been expended or reserved for the payment of indebtedness incurred by the department. Such action by the council shall be by a majority vote of all the aldermen but shall not apply to the funds of a department which determines its own tax levy and whose funds are not subject to the control of the common council.

(14) The adoption of the budget for any year shall not authorize the expenditure of any funds for the succeeding year except for indebtedness incurred during the budget year.

(15) All funds subject to the control of the common council assigned by the budget to a department not expended during the budget year and not reserved for indebtedness incurred during the year shall revert to the general revenues of the city.

(16) All funds of a department not subject to the control of the common council and not expended or reserved for indebtedness shall become a part of the general revenues of such department.

(17) Subsections (13), (14), (15) and (16) shall not apply to the expenditure of funds, the proceeds of bonds or mortgage certificates, nor the surplus revenues of any waterworks or lighting system or municipally owned utility. In establishing the budget format with respect to funds and accounts related to proprietary operations, the common council may authorize accounting procedures which follow the uniform system of accounts authorized by the public service commission in the case of municipal utilities or accepted commercial accounting practices in other instances.

(18) The omission from the budget of any of the following items shall not prevent the placing of the same on the tax roll for the levy and collection of the tax and the payment of the money therefor:

(a) The payment of interest on or the principal of any bonded debt of the city when due;

(b) The payment of principal and interest on mortgages or mortgage certificates when due; and

(c) Funds required to be raised by any mandatory provision of law.

65.07. Power of council to levy taxes. (1)

The common council shall have power to levy

annually a tax upon all the taxable property in the city for the following purposes:

(a) A sufficient general city fund to pay the expenses of city departments, boards and commissions which are subject to the control of the common council; provided that the aggregate amount of such tax shall not exceed 11 mills upon each dollar of the total assessed valuation of the taxable property in the city. The rate of taxation for the purposes enumerated in this paragraph shall be established only by affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all members elected to the common council.

(b) A fund to pay the city's contribution to the firemen's and policemen's pension fund and for any similar fund which may be created by law.

(c) A sufficient permanent improvement fund for any purpose authorized by s. 67.04 (2), 66.51 (1) or 67.12 for which money may be borrowed or bonds issued, and for the initial furniture, fixtures, machinery and equipment required in such new facilities permitted thereunder.

(d) A sufficient sewerage fund to maintain and operate any sewerage disposal plant.

(e) A school operations fund, as constituted and for the purposes specified in s. 119.46.

(f) A school construction fund, as constituted and for the purposes specified in s. 119.48, not exceeding 0.6 mills on each dollar of the assessed valuation of all taxable property in the city.

(g) A school extension fund as provided by law, not exceeding 1.1 mills for 1960 and subsequent years unless such maximum mill tax is increased as hereinafter provided. The maximum mill tax shall be increased to not to exceed six-tenths of a mill for the year 1964 and subsequent years up to 1966, and to not to exceed sixty-five hundredths of a mill for the year 1966 and subsequent years up to 1968, and to not to exceed seven-tenths of a mill for the year 1968 and subsequent years up to 1970, and to not to exceed seventy-five hundredths of a mill for the year 1970 and subsequent years, and such increased taxes for 1964 and subsequent years shall be, based on equalized valuation and shall be levied and collected only if the question of increased levy and collection of such taxes has been submitted to the qualified electors of the city pursuant to law and has been favorably voted by a majority of those voting upon such question, at a regular or special election, as provided in s. 120.61 (3) and (5).

(i) A delinquent tax fund.

(j) A sufficient fund to pay the interest and principal on the funded debt falling due within the year.

(k) A public improvement reserve fund.

(l) A sufficient common council contingent fund.

(m) A sinking fund for school building purposes as provided in ss. 120.10 (10) and 120.56.

(n) The funds established under pars. (c), (i), (k), (o) and (r) may be allowed to accumulate from year to year in the discretion of the common council.

(o) A tax stabilization fund.

(p) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 65.06 (14) and (15), the common council may by resolution authorize the carrying over of unexpended funds which have been appropriated to a department for additional periods not to exceed 3 years from the year in which they were appropriated.

(q) An operating fund which may be carried over by the common council from year to year for the purpose of accumulating sums necessary to purchase buildings, machinery, equipment, and appurtenances thereto required for municipal purposes.

(r) 1. A tax equalization fund under the control of the common council. A levy for the purposes of this fund may be made against all taxable property in the city whenever as the result of any consolidation of a municipality, as defined in s. 345.05, with the city there is included within the city any area subject to taxes levied by any municipality except a county or metropolitan sewerage district at a rate different than that which is applicable for the same purposes in the city other than the consolidated portion thereof. To create such fund the common council may levy a tax in the consolidated area equivalent to the proceeds of a city tax for the same purpose if levied in such area and in addition may levy in such city, including the consolidated area, a tax calculated to produce a sum sufficient to meet the requirements of such other municipality properly certified to such city so as to result in taxation at a uniform rate for such purposes in the city including the consolidated area. Appropriations may be made from such fund to pay certifications of school districts lying wholly or partially in the area consolidated.

2. This paragraph shall apply to any tax levy in a consolidated area on January 1, 1958, and thereafter.

(2) (a) Tax levies of the city in 1981, payable in 1982, and in subsequent years, for city purposes shall not exceed the greater of the maximum allowable levy calculated for the prior year or the actual levy for the prior year, including any portion allowed by referendum, by a greater percentage than the percentage of increase, if any, of the equalized value of all general property assessed in the entire state in 1981 and subsequent years over the equalized

value of all general property assessed in the entire state in 1980 and in subsequent years, respectively, except as provided in pars. (b), (e), (h), (i) and (j) and except that levies for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds and notes issued for an original term of more than one year shall not be affected by this subsection. In determining the levies to be limited by this subsection, an amount equal to principal and interest on general obligation bonds and notes issued for an original term of more than one year included in the prior year's levy shall be excluded from the prior year's levy. In determining levies of 1976 and in subsequent years there shall be an additional exclusion from the prior year's levy of all nonlevy receipts for the retirement of general obligation bonds and notes issued for an original term of more than one year.

(am) Tax incremental finance tax increments paid by any city under s. 66.46 are excluded from city levies for purposes of determining maximum allowable levies under par. (a) unless the tax increments, in whole or in part, revert to the city on termination of a tax incremental district.

(b) In addition to the increase allowed under par. (a), the city may increase its levy for city purposes in the amount that estimated shared revenues distributable to it in the year of the levy under subch. I of ch. 79 exceed the estimated shared revenues distributable to it in the subsequent year. For the 1981 levy, payable in 1982, the estimated shared revenues distributable in the year of the levy shall include the estimates of payments under ss. 70.996 and 79.16 (3), 1979 stats. In this paragraph, "estimated shared revenues distributable" in 1982, 1983, 1984 and 1985 means the net amount indicated on the statement of estimated payments under s. 79.015, as affected by special adjustment repayments under s. 79.085 (3) and repayments of amounts withheld under s. 79.085 (5).

(d) The department of revenue shall make the estimates of 1976, 1977 and 1978 shared taxes referred to in par. (b). It shall notify the city of its 1976 estimate for the city on or before October 24, 1975; and of its 1977 estimate for the city on or before October 22, 1976; and of its 1978 estimate for the city on or before October 21, 1977. The estimates of the department of revenue shall be final.

(dm) The amount of increase allowed under this subsection may be further increased by an amount representing the difference between the amount of surplus funds used to reduce the prior year's levy and the amount of surplus funds available to reduce the current year's levy, if the latter is the lesser.

(e) In any city where the population has increased at a rate greater than the statewide rate of population growth, the amount of increase allowed may be further increased by an amount equal to the previous year's levy divided by the previous year's population multiplied by the difference between the actual city population increase and the amount by which the city's population would have increased if the city's population had increased at the statewide rate of population growth. Population growth shall be measured between the year of levy and the previous year. Population estimates determined under s. 16.96 (2) (c) shall be used in this paragraph.

(em) The amount of the levy allowed under this subsection may be further increased by the following amounts:

1. The amount needed for increased costs of court judgments and out-of-court settlements.

2. The amount needed for increased operating and debt service cost of compliance with written lawful orders by this state, an adjoining state, the United States, or any agency or subdivision thereof, for air and water pollution abatement, solid waste or waste treatment facilities. Copies of such orders shall be filed with the department of revenue.

3. The amount needed for repairing the effects of natural disasters.

4. An amount not to exceed the estimated amount of any decrease in federal general revenue sharing funds from the current year to the following year, if such estimates are available from the U.S. office of federal revenue sharing.

6. The amount needed to defray the unreimbursed costs incurred in assuming ownership of a service or function previously owned and administered by the private sector.

7. The amount needed for increased costs of extending services to newly annexed areas of the city.

8. The cost of any local bridge project for which the city is liable under s. 84.18.

(f) If the city levies taxes in excess of the maximum allowed by this subsection without receiving approval of the electors under par. (g) the excess amount, if it is more than \$100, shall be subtracted from subsequent distributions of shared revenue under subch. I of ch. 79 until fully recovered, and the levy shall be reduced by the amount of the excess, regardless of the amount, in determining the maximum allowable levy for the next year.

(g) If the common council desires to increase its tax levy above the limitations specified in this subsection, it shall publish such intent in a class 1 notice under ch. 985 in the official city newspaper. The question of the proposed increase in levy above the limitations specified in this sub-

section shall be submitted to a referendum at a spring election, general election or special election. If the increase is approved at the referendum, the city may increase its levy above the limitations specified in this subsection and shall notify the department of revenue of such increase, on a form provided by the department.

1. The question presented to the electors shall be in substantially the following form: "Should the common council be authorized to adopt a property tax levy for this year which is in excess of the maximum levy allowed by the state?"

2. The authorization by referendum shall pertain only to the levy next following the referendum.

3. The city clerk shall notify the department of revenue of the result of any such referendum no later than 10 days thereafter.

(h) In the case of the county newly assuming functions formerly performed by the city, the levy of the city shall be reduced by the amount of the unreimbursed expenses that the city formerly incurred in performing those functions. In the case of the city newly assuming functions formerly performed by the county, the levy of the city shall be increased by the amount of the unreimbursed expenses that will be incurred in performing those functions.

(i) The amount allowed under this subsection shall not be applied to cause the general property tax rate to exceed the maximum rate otherwise provided by statute.

(j) If the amount of an assessment is lowered pursuant to s. 70.995 (8) (a) so as to require a refund of property taxes, an amount not to exceed the amount of the refund may be added to the next levy. Any such amount added to the next levy under this paragraph shall be excluded from the base in determining the following levy. If, pursuant to s. 70.995 (8) (d), the town receives property taxes in excess of the levy amount allowed under this subsection, an equivalent amount shall be subtracted from the next levy. Any such amount subtracted from the next levy under this paragraph may be added to the following levy.

(k) The department of revenue may promulgate rules to ensure the implementation of this subsection.

(l) For levies in 1979, the percentage increase provided for under par. (a) shall be the same as that for levies in 1978.

History: 1971 c. 152 s. 38; 1971 c. 154; 1973 c. 90, 333; 1975 c. 39, 80, 200, 224; 1977 c. 113 ss. 4, 6; 1977 c. 203 s. 101; 1977 c. 418 ss. 402 to 407, 929 (42); 1979 c. 34; 1981 c. 20, 61, 93.

See note to 60.18, citing 62 Atty. Gen. 49.

65.10 City officers to pay receipts monthly. Each city officer shall keep an itemized and accurate account of all moneys received

by him in his official capacity for fees, commissions and otherwise, and shall at the end of each month, during his term of office, pay into the city treasury all such money in his hands and file a duly verified copy of his account with the city comptroller, together with a receipt of the city treasurer showing that such money has been paid into the city treasury. Until such account and receipt are so filed, it shall not be lawful for the common council or city officer, to order, draw, countersign or deliver any warrant for the payment of the salary or allowance of any such delinquent officer.

65.20 Executive budget procedures in cities of the 1st class. (1) ALTERNATIVE.

As an alternative to any other budget procedure under this chapter, the common council of any city of the 1st class may, by adoption of a charter ordinance, permanently transfer the duties and responsibilities of the board of estimates relating to the preparation of the proposed budget under ss. 65.02 to 65.06 to the mayor of such city. Any charter ordinance adopted under this section shall provide that:

(a) The functions of the board of estimates relating to the preparation of the city budget are permanently transferred to the mayor who shall prepare the proposed budget and present it to the common council. The budget presented by the mayor shall be called the "executive budget" and its contents shall comply with the requirements of ss. 65.02 to 65.04 in all respects.

(am) Any budget department existing on October 25, 1977 shall be transferred to the office of the mayor. The director and employes of the department shall retain their civil service status.

(b) Each department shall submit to the mayor not later than June 1 of each year on forms approved by the budget director an estimate in detail of the department's needs for the ensuing fiscal year, including a statement of any permanent improvements to be made and an estimate of expenditures therefor, and including such information supplied in such form as the mayor requests.

(c) Any department whose funds are not subject to the control of the common council may include in its estimate such sum as it deems reasonably necessary for a contingent fund for emergency purposes or other purposes which may arise during the year requiring the expenditure of money in addition to the sums provided for the several purposes or for purposes for which no express provision is made in the budget.

(d) The mayor shall hold hearings with respect to departmental requests at the times and places the mayor or the common council, by

ordinance, directs. All hearings shall be open to the public. The mayor shall conduct the hearings in the manner in which the mayor determines best suited to fulfilling the purpose of the hearings. The mayor shall prepare a requested budget summary which shall be published at least once prior to the commencement of the hearings in the newspaper having the largest circulation in the city. A complete copy of the entire requested budget shall be made available for public inspection in the office of the city clerk.

(e) From the estimates before him or her, the mayor shall make and submit to the common council, on or before October 1 each year, a proposed budget setting forth in detail the amounts proposed to be spent by each department and the various purposes therefor and the amounts of money for each purpose it is proposed shall be appropriated by the council. The proposed budget shall comply with s. 65.02 (5) to (11). The proposed budget summary shall be published forthwith in at least one and not more than 2 daily newspapers having the largest circulation in the city as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, and the proposed budget summary shall be printed forthwith in the proceedings of the common council. A complete copy of the entire proposed budget shall be made available for inspection in the office of the city clerk. If any department fails to file its estimates as provided in this section, the mayor shall make a proposed budget for the department specifying the purposes for which and the amount of funds the department may expend.

(f) The mayor may not change any sum or purpose of any department which by law is authorized to determine the purposes of its expenditures and the tax to be levied therefor, unless the department by formal resolution shall so determine by an affirmative vote of a majority of its members. The mayor shall then make the change and include a certified copy of the resolution with its estimates to be filed with the common council.

(g) In addition to the purposes required to be set forth in detail, the mayor may provide a contingent fund for such sum as the mayor deems reasonably necessary for emergency and other purposes that may arise during the year requiring the expenditure of money in addition to the sums provided for the several purposes, and for purposes for which no express provision is made in the budget.

(h) The mayor shall also include in the proposed budget the amount of bonds, the purposes therefor, and the required mortgage certificates to be issued during the fiscal year, except such bonds as are authorized to be omitted by express provision of law.

(i) At the meeting of the common council at which the proposed budget is submitted by the mayor, the common council shall determine the place and time of a public hearing on the budget which shall be held jointly by the common council and by the mayor not less than 10 days after the publication under par. (e), nor later than November 10. The common council shall cause a notice of the place and time of the hearing to be published as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, which hearing shall be not less than 7 days after the date of the last publication of the notice in at least one and not more than 2 daily newspapers having the largest circulation in the city.

(j) All functions of the board of estimates and the budget examining committee not related to the preparation of the proposed budget are transferred to the finance committee of the common council, except that any administrative matter shall be delegated to a budget department existing under par. (am) or by a budget department created under sub. (2).

(k) The operating and corporation budget shall be prepared on a program basis, a performance basis or similar basis. The budget shall be in the technical form prescribed by a budget department existing under par. (am) or by a budget department created under sub. (2).

(2) CREATION OF BUDGET DEPARTMENT BY CHARTER ORDINANCE. If the city council adopts a charter ordinance under sub. (1), the city council may also adopt a charter ordinance which establishes a budget department in the office of the mayor and which defines the department's authority and operational procedures. A charter ordinance adopted under this subsection shall provide that:

(a) The budget director and employes of the budget department shall be selected under civil service rules and procedures. The budget department shall assist in preparing and analyzing the budget and shall be responsible to the mayor.

(b) The budget department shall make special studies, provide budget and management analysis and information and perform any other duties related to the department's functions, as the council determines are necessary.

History: 1977 c. 109.

65.90 Municipal budgets. (1) In this section, "municipality" means each county other than counties having a population of 500,000 or more, each city, excepting cities of the 1st class, village, town, school district, vocational, technical and adult education district and all other public bodies that have the power to levy or certify a general property tax or budget. Every municipality shall annually, prior to the determination of the sum to be financed in whole or in

part by a general property tax, funds on hand or estimated revenues from any source, formulate a budget and hold public hearings thereon.

(2) Such budget shall list all existing indebtedness and all anticipated revenue from all sources during the ensuing year and shall likewise list all proposed appropriations for each department, activity and reserve account during the said ensuing year. Such budget shall also show actual revenues and expenditures for the preceding year, actual revenues and expenditures for not less than the first 6 months of the current year and estimated revenues and expenditures for the balance of the current year. Such budget shall also show for informational purposes by fund all anticipated unexpended or unappropriated balances, and surpluses.

(3) A summary of the budget required under sub. (1) and notice of the place where the budget in detail is available for public inspection and notice of the time and place for holding the public hearing thereon shall be published as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, in the municipality at least 15 days prior to the time of the public hearing except that:

(a) In towns a summary of the budget required under sub. (1) and notice of the time and place of the public hearing thereon shall be posted in 3 public places at least 15 days prior to the time of the public hearing.

(b) Any school district reproducing and providing general distribution within the district of an annual report incorporating a budget summary at least 15 days prior to the annual meeting is exempt from the notice requirements of this subsection.

(c) A common school district, as defined under s. 115.01 (3), shall publish a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, as required under this subsection, at least 10 days prior to the time of the public hearing thereon.

(4) Not less than 15 days or, in the case of common school districts as defined under s. 115.01 (3), not less than 10 days, after the publication of the proposed budget and the notice of hearing thereon a public hearing shall be held at the time and place stipulated at which any resident or taxpayer of the governmental unit shall have an opportunity to be heard on the proposed budget. The budget hearing may be adjourned from time to time. In school districts holding an annual meeting the time and place of the budget hearing shall be the time and place of the annual meeting.

(5) (a) Except as provided in par. (b) and except for alterations made pursuant to a hearing under sub. (4), the amount of tax to be levied or certified, the amounts of the various appropriations and the purposes for such appro-

priations stated in a budget required under sub. (1) may not be changed unless authorized by a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the governing body of the municipality, except that in the case of a city board of education transfers may be authorized by a two-thirds vote of the board for funds under the board's control. Any municipality, except a town, which makes changes under this paragraph shall publish a class 1 notice thereof, under ch. 985, within 10 days after any change is made. Failure to give such notice shall preclude any changes in the proposed budget and alterations thereto made under sub. (4).

(b) A county board may authorize its standing finance committee to transfer funds between

budgeted items of an individual county office or department, if such budgeted items have been separately appropriated, and to supplement the appropriations for a particular office, department or activity by transfers from the contingent fund. Such committee transfers shall not exceed the amount set up in the contingent fund as adopted in the annual budget, nor aggregate in the case of an individual office, department or activity in excess of 10 per cent of the funds originally provided for such office, department or activity in such annual budget. The publication provisions of par. (a) shall apply to all committee transfers from the contingent fund.

History: 1971 c. 40, 154; 1971 c. 211 ss. 77, 124; 1973 c. 224; 1975 c. 224; 1977 c. 418; 1981 c. 203.